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REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ASSAM

FOR THE YEAR

1899-1900.

00132899

SHILLONG:
PRINTED AT THE ASSAM SECRETARIAT PRINTING OFFICE.
1901.

Price 3s. 9d.] [*Price Two Rupees Eight Annas.*

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CONTENTS.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

		Page
Paragraph 1.	Office of Chief Commissioner ...	i
,, 2.	Political Relations	*ib.*
,, 3.	Tributary States—Manipur ...	ii
,, 4.	Frontier Tribes—	
	Bhutias	*ib.*
	Akas	*ib.*
	Daflas	*ib.*
	Apa Tanangs	*ib.*
	Bor Abors	iii
	Miris, Passi Meyongs, Khamtis and Singphos	*ib.*
	Nagas	*ib.*
	Khasi and Jaintia Hills and Garo Hills	*ib.*
	Lushai Hills	*ib.*
,, 5.	Course of Legislation ...	*ib.*
,, 6.	Weather, Crops, and Prices ...	*ib.*
,, 7.	Vital statistics	iv
,, 8.	Immigration	*ib.*
,, 9.	The tea industry	*ib.*
,, 10.	Trade (foreign)	v
,, 11.	Trade (Inter-Provincial) ...	*ib.*
,, 12.	Finance	*ib.*
Paragraph 13.	Land Revenue	vi
,, 14.	Cadastral Survey	*ib.*
,, 15.	Forests	vii
,, 16.	Excise	*ib.*
,, 17.	Stamps	viii
,, 18.	Income-tax	*ib.*
,, 19.	Registration	*ib.*
,, 20.	Public Works	*ib.*
,, 21.	Railways	*ib.*
,, 22.	Post Office	ix
,, 23.	Telegraphs	*ib.*
,, 24.	Local Boards' Administration ...	*ib.*
,, 25.	Municipalities	*ib.*
,, 26.	Sanitary Improvements ...	x
,, 27.	Dispensaries, Vaccination and Leper Asylum	*ib.*
,, 28.	Civil Justice	*ib.*
,, 29.	Criminal Justice	*ib.*
,, 30.	Police	xi
,, 31.	Jails	*ib.*
,, 32.	Education	xii
,, 33.	Literature and the Press ...	*ib.*

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Office of Chief Commissioner.

THE office of Chief Commissioner of Assam was held throughout the year by Mr. H. J. S. Cotton, C.S.I.

Tours of the Chief Commissioner.

Mr. Cotton left Shillong on the 1st November 1899, and before Christmas toured in the districts of Kamrup, Darrang, Lakhimpur, Sibsagar, and Goalpara. At all district and subdivisional headquarters the usual inspection of Government offices and of buildings constructed since the earthquake was made, and in Darrang a visit was paid to the Charduar rubber plantation. At Dibrugarh the Chief Commissioner met Sir George Luck, Lieutenant-General Commanding Bengal, and visited Margherita, Sadiya, and Bomjur. At the latter place the preparations for the Mishmi expedition were inspected. The Chief Commissioner spent Christmas in Calcutta, and during January and February toured in the Surma Valley and in the Goalpara and Darrang districts. During March the Chief Commissioner made short tours to different parts of the Brahmaputra Valley and finally returned to Shillong on the 31st March 1900.

Visit of His Excellency the Viceroy.

His Excellency the Viceroy, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, accompanied by Her Excellency Lady Curzon, arrived at Dhubri on the 4th March 1900, where he landed for a few minutes and then proceeded up the river. The Chief Commissioner joined the Viceregal Party at Gauhati on the 4th, and the party arrived at the Dibrugarh ghât on the 6th. On the morning of the 7th the Viceroy, after receiving an address from the Dibrugarh planters at the Rehabari railway station, proceeded to Digboi the same day, where the oil-wells were visited. The Viceregal Party left for Margherita the same day, where they visited the various undertakings of the Assam Railways and Trading Company on the 8th March. Tezpur was reached on the 9th, and His Excellency there received and replied to an address from the Hon'ble Mr. Buckingham, C.I.E., on behalf of the tea planters of Assam. The Charduar rubber plantation and the Borjuli tea garden were then visited by His Excellency. Arriving at Gauhati on the 11th, the Viceroy left by the Assam-Bengal Railway for Lumding. Railhead in the Cachar Hills was reached on the 12th, and the party returned to Gauhati on the evening of the same day. A Durbar was held at Gauhati on the 13th March, at which a public address from the people of Assam was presented. The Viceregal Party left for Calcutta on the same day.

Political relations.

2. With the exception of the expedition against the Bebejiya Mishmis, the political relations of the Administration with the frontier tribes were peaceful. Though a small tribe, numbering from 3,000 to 4,000 souls, the Bebejiyas have for many years been a source of anxiety to the Administration, owing to their periodical raids on the British frontier. In November 1893, a party of raiders murdered three Military Police sepoys, who were on patrol near Bomjur outpost; the murderers escaped, and no punishment beyond a blockade was attempted. In May 1899, occurred the ruthless murder of three unoffending Khamtis—British subjects. The raiders further carried off three children and three guns, and it was then decided that a military expedition should be sent into their country to punish the raiders for this and previous outrages. A force of 500 men was collected at Sadiya in November 1899 and placed under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. Molesworth, of the 44th Gurkha Rifles, Mr. F. J. Needham, C.I.E.,

General Summary.

accompanying the force as Political Officer. During the month of January this force visited the villages which had taken part in the raids on British territory. There was no fighting, and practically no opposition, but the natural difficulties were great, and steep passes, dense forests, cold, snow, sleet and rain circumscribed the extent of the operations. The main objects of the expedition were, however, substantially accomplished, and although the murderers, who fled into the forest-clad hills, escaped, the captives and guns were recovered, and the principal offenders severely punished by the occupation and destruction of their villages. One of the murderers was subsequently captured, and after due trial was executed at Sadiya. A large tract of unknown country has been mapped in, and our previous ignorance of the Bebejiya hills and the people has been dispelled.

Tributary States.

3. *Manipur.*—With a seasonable rainfall, the year was, on the whole, prosperous; the crops were good, and the people peaceable and contented. The demarcation of the boundaries of the State was completed by the settlement of the boundary between Manipur and the Lushai Hills, and a frequent source of expense, and often of irritation, has thus been removed. While fixing the boundary, the Political Agent, Colonel Maxwell, took the opportunity to disarm the Kukis and other hill tribes in accordance with the policy which has been established in other hill tracts under the Administration. Under this system one licensed gun is allowed to every ten houses. The total revenue of the State amounted to Rs. 4,00,067, against Rs. 3,45,957 in the preceding year, the increase being principally derived from the new land settlement and the sale of forest timber. The balance to the credit of the State at the close of the year was Rs. 3,04,588, compared with Rs. 2,16,483 at the close of 1898-99. His Highness Raja Chura Chand Singh was with his half-brother throughout the year at the Mayo College, Ajmere, and was very favourably reported on by the Principal for his attention to his studies and his excellent behaviour.

Frontier tribes.

4. *Bhutias.*—There was a falling off in the attendance of Bhutias at the fairs in Kamrup, but both the import and the export trade showed a material increase. In the Darrang district the trade at the fairs showed a decline. The Bhutias appear to be developing a preference for visiting different local bazars, where they hope to drive better bargains than by restricting their transactions to the fairs.

Akas.—Petty rubber trade disputes occur from time to time between Marwari traders, known as Kayas, and the tribes bordering on the Darrang frontier. In April 1899 a party of armed Akas raided a Kaya's gola at Balipara for the purpose of exacting their alleged dues. They were promptly followed up by the Deputy Commissioner, Captain Cole, and ten of the offenders were arrested and fined. To safeguard the interests of both parties, the Chief Commissioner directed that future agreements between the hill people and the rubber-traders should be registered and approved by the Deputy Commissioner, the trader furnishing security for the prompt payment of legitimate claims.

Daflas.—Two coolies, who absconded in 1898 from a tea garden, and had been detained by the Daflas, were brought down by them in February 1900: the coolies were well treated in captivity. In March following five Nepalese rubber-tappers were detained by certain Miri Pathar Daflas, but were liberated through the intervention of a Dafla chief, who is in receipt of *posa* from Government.

Apa Tanangs.—A small party of this tribe visited North Lakhimpur for purposes of trade, and gave no trouble.

Bor Abors.—The blockade was enforced against this tribe throughout the year, though a few tribesmen paid a surreptitious visit to Sadiya. The Political Officer, Mr. Needham, was informed that strict injunctions had been issued by the

principal village, Damroh, that the tribe were to keep on friendly terms with the British Government, and during the Mishmi expedition they remained quiet. General Summary.

Miris, Passi Meyongs, Khamtis, and Singphos.—These tribes gave no trouble during the year.

Nagas.—A coolie of the Makum garden was kidnapped by Nagas of the Gogli village. The Deputy Commissioner, Lakhimpur, visited the village, and as the kidnapping was admitted, the village was fined Rs. 50, the fine being assessed by the chiefs of other villages, who were present. The coolie was also set free. The Nagas on the Sibsagar frontier committed some thefts, but their conduct generally was good. Large numbers seek work on gardens, and maintain friendly relations with the managers. In the Naga Hills district the only occurrence of importance was the tour made by the Deputy Commissioner, Captain Woods, amongst the Sema tribes in the Tizu and Tita Valleys. The country at the head of the Tita Valley had been previously quite unknown: the people, who are well off, resemble in appearance and dress some of the trans-Dikhu tribes, but their language is apparently different. The Deputy Commissioner was well received by the Semas, except at the village of Yatsumi, where he met with some opposition.

Khasi and Jaintia Hills and Garo Hills.—No events of political importance occurred in these hills. In the Khasi Hills, two sardars of Maolong were dismissed for dishonesty and unfitness, and two others were elected in their places.

Lushai Hills.—The rice crop, which is the Lushai's main resource, was a partial failure owing to unseasonable rains, and to the damage done to the crops by rats. The year was a busy one, the most important undertakings being the disarmament of the tribes in the Aijal subdivision, and the final delimitation of the Manipur-Lushai boundary. The disarmament measures resulted in the withdrawal of 572 unlicensed guns: the licensed guns, which number 812, were not interfered with. Although the Lushais did not actively oppose the compulsory surrender of guns, they made every effort to conceal unlicensed weapons, and stoutly denied possession of any, and it required much tact and patience on the part of the Superintendent and his officers to extract the number obtained. It is anticipated that all unlicensed guns will be withdrawn during the course of a couple of years. Considerable progress was made during the year in public works, which for the first time were placed under the Superintendent. There was an advance in education, and the increase in the attendance of Lushais at the dispensaries and hospitals was again very marked.

Course of legislation.

5. During the year the provisions of the Elephants Preservation Act (VI of 1879) were extended to the Garo Hills district, with the exception of so much of the estate of the Bijni zamindars as had been transferred from Goalpara to that district and remained the property of the Bijni zamindars. The provisions of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act (XI of 1890) were extended to the Cantonments of Silchar, Shillong, and Dibrugarh.

Weather, crops, and prices.

6. The rainfall throughout the province was above the average. The outturn of early rice was not good in the Brahmaputra Valley, but late rice yielded a bumper crop. The outturn of tea in Sylhet and Cachar was abnormally large. Other crops generally yielded returns somewhat below the average. On account of the good harvest of late rice, the price was somewhat lower than in the preceding year, but the prices of sugar, *matikalai* (*phaseolus radiatus*) and mustard rose generally in the Brahmaputra Valley.

Vital statistics.

7. There was a marked improvement in the health of the province, the registered death-rate being 31·01 per mille, against 36·18 in 1898. The improvement occurred everywhere except in the Mangaldai subdivision, where *kalá-ázár* still continues to account for many deaths.

General Summary.

The death-rate from cholera declined to 1·66 per mille, or about half the average. A disease known as *mulkipira* or *pet mota*, prevailing in the central portions of the Sylhet district, is, in the opinion of the Principal Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, identical with *kalá-ázár*, and enquiries made since the close of the year establish beyond reasonable doubt that *kalá-ázár* has made its appearance, although with far less than its usual virulence, in the district. There is nothing at present in the condition of affairs to excite alarm, but the Chief Commissioner has decided to depute a special Assistant Surgeon to take the necessary preventive measures, and is circulating widely the recommendations made by Captain Rogers, I.M.S., to arrest the spread of the disease. The birth-rate in 1899 was 35·45 per mille, against 29·49 in 1898, 32·63 in 1897, and 29·45, the average of the ten years ending in 1896. Registration of births continues to be very defective, and the attention of district officers has been directed to the matter.

Immigration.

8. The agricultural prosperity which prevailed in the recruiting districts and the depression of the tea industry account for the diminution in the number of immigrants, which was 31,908, against 49,169 in 1898. Owing to the absence of any incentive to emigration, coolies were generally imported through contractors, and the proportion of women who immigrated was consequently only 47·2 per cent., against 49·4 in 1898. Mainly as a consequence of improved arrangements for the comfort of immigrants on steamers, there was a further decrease in mortality in transit to gardens in the Brahmaputra Valley, the number of deaths being 90, against 133 in 1898, 1,245 in 1897, and 768 in 1896. There were no deaths from cholera in transit among the 2,246 coolies inoculated at Purulia, but 7 died of the disease after arrival on their gardens. Owing to the cheapness of the river route and the excellent arrangements for immigrants on steamers, comparatively little use was made of the Assam-Bengal Railway to convey coolies to the gardens in Cachar, but importation by rail was more popular in Sylhet. The total death-rate amongst coolies in the province was 27·5 per mille, the lowest hitherto recorded. The proportion of gardens on the unhealthy list was only 3·7 per cent., against 6·7 per cent. in 1898 and 14·7 in 1897. The general healthiness of the year and the unusually small proportion of newly-imported labour account for the low death-rate and the small proportion of unhealthy gardens. The total labour force at the end of the year was 636,208, of whom 131,897 were bound by contract under Act I of 1882. Coolies were charged in 115 cases with criminal offences, and there were 95 convictions, and 14,807 coolies deserted, against 17,969 in 1898. The twelve dispensary shelters for sick and destitute coolies and three shelters for able-bodied vagrants continued to be kept up in the Surma Valley, and 335 persons were relieved in them, against 674 in the previous year.

The tea industry.

9. The climatic conditions of 1899 were favourable to the tea industry, and the average outturn was 448lb per cultivated acre, as compared with 396lb in 1898 and 408lb in 1897. The increased outturn was accompanied by a rise from 5 annas to 5 annas 7 pies in the average price per pound in the Surma Valley. The price obtained for Assam Valley tea averaged 6 annas 8 pies, against 6 annas 9 pies in 1898. At the end of the year there were 284,807 acres under mature and 46,344 acres under immature plants, against 275,698 and 50,125 acres, respectively, at the end of the previous year. The total outturn of the province increased from 109,286,995lb to 127,576,168lb, an increase of 16·73 per cent. The total area taken up for tea cultivation was 1,027,779 acres.

Trade (foreign).

10. The total value of the imports during 1899-1900 from Manipur, Hill Tipperah, Bhutan, and the other hill tribes with whom trade was carried on, was Rs. 9,43,471, as against Rs. 7,82,246 in the previous year. The value of the exports to these places was Rs. 4,34,695, against

Rs. 7,18,618 in 1898-99. More than half the whole foreign trade was with Hill Tipperah and nearly one-fourth with Manipur. The Manipur trade in tea-seed has not recovered. *General Summary.*

Inter-Provincial trade.

11. The aggregate value of the trade of Assam with other provinces of British India rose from 865 to 1,016 lakhs of rupees. Imports decreased in quantity by 814,000 maunds and in value by 51 lakhs, or 13·6 per cent. Exports increased in weight by 101,000 maunds, mainly owing to a brisker trade in tea and mustard seed, and in value by 204 lakhs of rupees, or 41 per cent. The quantity of cotton piece-goods and of husked rice imported largely declined. The net amount of rice imported into the Brahmaputra Valley declined by 18 per cent. in consequence of a good harvest of late rice in 1898-99. The aggregate value of the tea exported from the Surma Valley rose by 85 per cent. and of that exported from the Brahmaputra Valley by 43 per cent. The proportion of the total trade of the province carried on with Calcutta was 77·54 per cent., against 71·07 per cent. in the previous year. The chief articles of import were, as in previous years, cotton twist and yarn, cotton piece-goods, husked rice, gram and pulse, kerosine oil, brass and copper, iron and steel, salt, sugar, and tobacco; while tea, oil-seeds, unhusked rice, timber, bamboos, coal and coke, raw jute, and lime were the principal articles exported. The Assam-Bengal Railway carried imports and exports to the weight of 691,208 maunds and the value of Rs. 1,09,95,258, against 848,161 maunds and Rs. 78,03,941, respectively, in 1898-99. Imports declined in quantity and value, but owing mainly to the briskness of the tea trade, there was an increase in the value of exports. The total value of the imports into the Brahmaputra Valley was 194 lakhs of rupees, against 207 lakhs in 1898-99, and of those into the Surma Valley 129 lakhs, against 167* lakhs. The value of the exports from the Brahmaputra Valley aggregated 381 lakhs, against 290 lakhs, and of those from the Surma Valley 312 lakhs, against 220 lakhs.

Finance.

12. The gross revenue under Imperial, Provincial, and Local Funds amounted to Rs. 1,48,80,460, and the gross expenditure to Rs. 2,11,02,074, an increase of Rs. 1,87,027 in receipts, and a decrease of Rs. 24,80,645 in expenditure, compared with the figures for 1898-99. These figures include the receipts and expenditure of the Assam-Bengal Railway, over which the Local Administration exercises no control. The revenue under "Opium" and "Excise" decreased by Rs. 13,847 and Rs. 20,213, respectively, owing to the diminished consumption of opium in the province. Receipts from "Stamps" were Rs. 42,710 less than in the preceding year on account of the good harvest, which reduced the number of loans and lessened litigation. Receipts from "Provincial Rates" rose by Rs. 12,634, and from "Forests" by Rs. 1,69,924, the latter increase being due to the more energetic working of the Goalpara forests, and increased receipts from home and imported rubber, as well as to the profits from the Manipur State forests. An increase of Rs. 15,111 under "Interest" represents the interest on arrears of land revenue due on the lands made over to Government by the Balisira Valley compromise with the Raja of Hill Tipperah. Receipts under the head "Law and Justice" fell by Rs. 10,985 under the heading of fees and magisterial fines. Under the head "Police" there was a decline of Rs. 11,143, principally accounted for by smaller takings from cattle pounds. The traffic receipts of the Assam-Bengal Railway account for the rise of Rs. 1,79,048 in receipts from Railways. The revenue from Civil Works declined by Rs. 54,595. This item was large in 1898-99 on account of compensation paid to the Gauhati Local Board by the Assam-Bengal Railway for a road in Kamrup. Expenditure increased mainly under the following heads:—Land Revenue, increase Rs. 9,767, Forests Rs. 51,778, Police Rs. 12,830, Education Rs. 9,385, Medical Rs. 19,273,

* Revised figure.

General Summary.

Stationery and Printing Rs. 9,324. The principal items of decrease in expenditure were Railways, Rs. 1,84,296, due to a decrease in expenditure on the Cherra-Companyganj State Railway, and in the amount paid as subsidy to the Dibru-Sadiya Railway; Jails Rs. 12,914; Military Works Rs. 63,943, owing to the fact that the Native Infantry barracks at Manipur are approaching completion; and Civil Works Rs. 1,45,384.

The present Provincial Contract came into force on the 1st April 1897 with an opening balance of Rs. 9,43,729. On the 1st April 1899, the balance was Rs. 13,55,345, and the Provincial Revenue for 1899-1900 was Rs. 71,66,162 (including a grant of Rs. 3,75,000, made on account of the transfer of the South Lushai Hills to Assam, and an assignment of Rs. 5,000 on account of the transfer of certain elephant *mahals* to the Khedda Department), as compared with a revenue of Rs. 89,56,874 in 1898-99, including the Lushai Hills grant of Rs. 375,000, and a special assignment from Imperial of 18 lakhs, towards the repair of earthquake damages. The expenditure was Rs. 79,91,050, leaving a balance on the 1st April 1900 of Rs. 5,30,457.

Land revenue.

13. The current demand on account of land revenue for 1899-1900 was Rs. 57,50,308, against Rs. 57,68,099 in the preceding year, a decline of 0·31 per cent. The decrease is, however, only apparent, as in 1898-99 there was a fictitious increase of Rs. 1,37,379 on account of the re-arrangement of the dates of payment of revenue instalments in the Jaintia parganas in Sylhet. In the Surma Valley the demand fell by Rs. 1,11,070 for this reason, while in the Brahmaputra Valley it rose by Rs. 93,211, mainly on account of extensions of cultivation, but partly on account of the assessment of waste land grants at higher rates. The total amount of land revenue collected up to the 31st March 1900 was Rs. 57,60,875, against Rs. 57,87,616 in the preceding year, and the outstanding balance at the close of the year was Rs. 4,80,657, or 7·69 per cent. of the total demand. Of the arrear demand, Rs. 80,350 were reported to be doubtful or irrecoverable; and of this amount, Rs. 40,488 has been remitted in the Nowgong district after the close of the year. The miscellaneous land revenue current demand fell from Rs. 4,35,133* to Rs. 4,19,355, a decrease of 3·6 per cent. The decline was due to the transfer of elephant *mahals* in the Assam Valley to the Khedda Department, to the falling off in demand for waste land grants and to the introduction of a system of leasing limestone quarries in the Khasi Hills, by which the time of payment of royalty was changed. The total demand inclusive of arrears was Rs. 4,44,756; and of this, Rs. 4,20,523 were collected, against Rs. 4,37,196 in the preceding year.

The resettlement of the Cachar district takes effect from the 1st April 1900. In accordance with the rules sanctioned by the Government of India, the *ilam* and other temporarily-settled estates in Sylhet were classified, and the Settlement Officer's rates, as provisionally approved by the Chief Commissioner, have been published since the close of the year. The settlement of the Dhubri town lands for 30 years from the 1st April 1899 was approved by the Chief Commissioner and the Silchar town lands were under resettlement at the close of the year.

Cadastral survey.

14. On the 1st of November 1899 the Imperial Survey Party No. 60 was disbanded and a new system of provincial survey by a small party working under local control was introduced. The necessary professional supervision is supplied by two officers of the Survey Department. In Sylhet, an area of 62·68 square miles of temporarily-settled and disforested land was traversed professionally with a view to cadastral survey. In the Lakhimpur district, an area of 371 square miles omitted from the cadastral survey was professionally traversed and topographically surveyed, and 79 square miles in Goalpara and Lakhimpur were traversed with a view to cadastral survey.

* Revised figures.

A plane-table traverse of detached blocks of temporarily-settled land too small for a professional traverse was carried out in Sylhet by local agency. Cadastral surveys of areas aggregating 52·48 square miles were carried out in the Brahmaputra Valley, and resulted in an increase of over 3,500 acres of cultivated area and of Rs. 2,138 in annual revenue, while the cost was only Rs. 848. An area of 23·20 acres of temporarily-settled and unsettled lands and an "old rule grant" of 2·75 square miles were cadastrally surveyed in Sylhet.

Forests.

15. During the year July 1899 to June 1900 the gross revenue derived from forests was Rs. 5,46,092 and the gross expenditure was Rs. 3,50,506, against Rs. 4,36,752 and Rs. 3,18,118, respectively, in the preceding year. The surplus net revenue was Rs. 1,95,586, or 35·8 per cent. of the gross receipts, against Rs. 1,18,634, or 27·1 per cent., in 1898-99. The increase in profit was the result of the working of the reserves in Goalpara to supply a demand for railway sleepers, increased sales of rubber, and larger receipts from import duty in the Darrang Division, and enhanced profits in the Surma Valley, particularly from the Manipur forests, which are being worked for the State by the Forest Department. An area of 29 square miles of reserve was disforested for the purpose of cultivation, and two areas of 80 and 21 square miles in the Cachar and Darrang Divisions, respectively, were reserved, leaving the total area of reserved forest at the close of the year 3,609 square miles, against 3,537 in the preceding year. Of this area, 635,381 acres were protected from fire, but the measures taken for protection were not so effective as in the year 1898-99, as only 97·6 per cent. of the protected area fully escaped fire, against 99·77 per cent. in that year. The area of the unclassed State forests was 16,453 square miles, against 16,673 square miles in the preceding year: this area is liable to fluctuation from many causes. Experimental tappings were continued in the Charduar rubber plantation over 474 acres containing 6,810 trees, with the result that 4,502lb of cleaned rubber were obtained. The net profit on 4,451lb which were sold in London, after deducting all expenses of packing, tapping, freight, and agents' fees, amounted to Rs. 6,841, or Re. 1-8-7 per lb, against Re. 1-2-3 in 1898-99.

Excise.

16. The total excise demand for 1899-1900 was Rs. 28,38,634, or 1·34 per cent. lower than in 1898-99. There was a decrease in consumption of treasury opium accompanied by an increase in the amount derived from license fees, which appears to indicate that retailers take advantage of their licenses to deal in illicit opium. Measures to check smuggling were under consideration after the close of the year. The revenue demand from opium was Rs. 17,95,457. The price of *ganja* rose during the year, and consumers had recourse to the cheaper qualities of the drug, which pay less duty, with the consequence that, while the amount consumed increased, the revenue diminished to Rs. 3,66,868. The revenue from country spirits increased to Rs. 6,46,189, nearly the whole of which was paid by the immigrant population. The revenue demand from imported liquor and other minor heads of excise amounted to only Rs. 30,120. There was again a slight increase in the number of prosecutions, but the cases were mostly of a petty nature. Of the amount realised in fines, 67·83 per cent. was distributed as rewards to the police and other persons instrumental in detecting the offenders.

Stamps.

17. The gross revenue derived from stamps during 1899-1900 was Rs. 9,27,111; this was less than that of the previous year, when the amount was Rs. 9,67,779, but considerably higher than that of any year before 1898-99. Receipts under the Stamp Act amounted to Rs. 2,38,405, or 25·71 per cent. of the total revenue, and those under the Court-Fees Act to Rs. 6,88,706, or 74·29 per cent. The total expenditure of the Department fell from Rs. 42,649 to Rs. 40,846 and the net revenue from Rs. 9,25,130 to Rs. 8,86,264. Seventy-one prosecutions under the stamp laws were instituted, against 47 in 1898-99. Of 79 persons proceeded against, 71 were convicted.

General Summary.

Income tax.

18. The net receipts from income tax, after deducting charges and refunds, amounted to Rs. 3,24,468, and were higher than in any previous year. These figures do not include the tax on the profits derived from the tea trade, which is levied in Calcutta and London, and the small increase was due to an improvement in trade and better realisation of arrears. The number of persons assessed to income tax rose from 9,410 to 9,459, the incidence of the tax per head of the population being 11 pies. The total cost of collection was Rs. 2,002.

Registration.

19. Twenty-six sub-registry offices were open during 1899-1900, and 40,737 documents were registered, as compared with 44,082 in the preceding year. Of the 40,737 documents registered, 34,864 related to immoveable property (the registration of 4,287 of these deeds being optional), 5,792 to moveable property, and 81 were wills or authorities to adopt. The aggregate value of all the transactions affected by registration fell from Rs. 70,65,497 to Rs. 68,72,745, while the average value of each transaction rose from Rs. 164 to Rs. 173. The receipts of the Department amounted to Rs. 51,295 and the expenditure to Rs. 30,208, leaving a net surplus of Rs. 21,087.

Public Works.

20. The total expenditure on public works amounted to Rs. 37,50,300, distributed as follows:—Imperial Rs. 3,09,884, Provincial Rs. 27,07,894, and Local Rs. 7,32,522, against Rs. 4,87,673, Rs. 29,15,686, and Rs. 7,45,702, respectively, in 1898-99. The greater part of the year's expenditure was, as in the last two years, absorbed in the restoration of buildings and communications damaged by the earthquake.

Railways.

21. The railways and tramways open during the year, excluding the Assam-Bengal Railway, were—the Jorhat State Railway, 2′ gauge, 28·50 miles; the Cherra-Companyganj State Railway, 2′ 6″ gauge, 8·50 miles; the Tezpur-Balipara Tramway, 2′ 6″ gauge, 21·10 miles; and the Dibru-Sadiya Railway, metre gauge, 77·50 miles, exclusive of the Colliery branch line, 8 miles. The Cherra-Companyganj State Railway was closed from the 28th March 1899 and re-opened from 3rd January 1900. It was again closed from 25th March 1900, and a proposal has been submitted to the Government of India to abandon it altogether.

The gross earnings of the Jorhat State Railway for the calendar year 1899 were Rs. 96,488, and the working expenses were Rs. 1,02,433, showing a net loss of Rs. 5,945. The total capital outlay on the open line up to the 31st December 1899 was Rs. 9,31,626. The gross earnings of the Cherra-Companyganj State Railway were Rs. 9,015, and the working expenses amounted to Rs. 43,622, showing a net loss of Rs. 34,607. The total capital outlay on the open line up to the 31st December 1899 was Rs. 3,39,026. The gross earnings of the Dibru-Sadiya Railway, excluding the Colliery branch line, were Rs. 8,59,414, and the working expenses were Rs. 4,09,726, showing a net gain of Rs. 4,49,688. The total capital outlay on the open line up to 31st December 1899 was Rs. 74,56,183.

On 31st December 1899, the Assam-Bengal Railway had 379¼ miles open for traffic, to which were added 35½ miles during the year. The working expenses for 1899 amounted to Rs. 12,96,943, and the gross earnings to Rs. 16,19,647, showing a net gain of Rs. 3,22,704. The capital outlay up to 31st December 1899 amounted to Rs. 5,40,37,036.

Post office.

22. The number of permanent post offices of all kinds in Assam rose from 433 to 443, and of letter-boxes from 388 to 408. Articles received for delivery increased in number from 8,907,095 to 9,953,216, and the aggregate value of Savings Banks deposits rose from Rs. 27,75,674 to Rs. 28,78,477, the average value of each deposit being Rs. 161. The amount

for which money-orders were issued was 98 lakhs of rupees, and orders were cashed for 43 lakhs. During the year 84 lbs. of quinine were sold through the agency of the post office for Rs. 1,747, as compared with 116 lbs. for Rs. 2,920 in 1898-99.

Telegraphs.

23. At the end of the year 1899-1900, there were 2,138 miles of telegraph lines and 4,641 miles of wire in Assam, compared with 2,167 and 4,618, respectively, at the end of the preceding year. Fifteen new offices were opened and 12 offices were closed, leaving 214 open on the 31st March 1900. During the year, 155,493 telegrams were despatched from Government offices, as compared with 151,353 in the previous year. The Indian share of the collections rose from Rs. 1,30,247 to Rs. 1,42,450.

Local Boards' administration.

24. The income of the 19 Local Boards of the province, exclusive of opening balances, amounted to Rs. 11,31,870, against Rs. 11,83,335 in 1898-99. In the latter year a sum of Rs. 52,573 was paid to the Gauhati Board as compensation for a road taken up by the Assam-Bengal Railway. The chief sources of income were Provincial Rates Rs. 6,70,865, Civil Works Rs. 1,02,916, and Pounds Rs. 66,914. The receipts under the last two heads declined, owing, in the case of ferry revenue, to non-realisation of dues, and in the case of pounds to the prevalence of floods and cattle-disease. The gross expenditure amounted to Rs. 11,82,081, or Rs. 7,959 in excess of the previous year, and over Rs. 50,000 in excess of the receipts. Of this amount, 63·10 per cent. was spent on public works, 17·92 on education, 7·90 on medical objects, 3·68 on post offices, and 7·40 on other items of expenditure. The amount expended on village sanitation, including grants of Rs. 10,000 and Rs. 1,000 to the Municipality of Gauhati and the Union of Habiganj by their respective Local Boards for sanitary purposes, was Rs. 73,094. The small amount of money at their disposal made it necessary for Boards to restrict their expenditure mainly to the improvement and maintenance of existing communications and the construction of short feeder-roads from the main roads to the stations on the Assam-Bengal Railway. With the permission of the Government of India, a draft Local Self-Government Regulation and Rules thereunder were published in the *Assam Gazette* for criticism. The criticisms received were under the consideration of the Chief Commissioner at the close of the year.

Municipalities.

25. The number of municipal institutions remained the same as in the preceding year, *viz.*, 9 municipalities, 2 stations, and 3 unions. Their aggregate income, exclusive of opening balances, rose from Rs. 2,24,728 to Rs. 2,71,576. The increase was partly due to revision of assessments and partly to the grant of a contribution from provincial funds to the Shillong Station Committee for general purposes. The incidence of municipal taxation was Re. 1-5 per head, against Re. 1-4-4 in the year 1898-99. The total expenditure rose from Rs. 2,35,867 to Rs. 2,69,379, the heaviest increases being in Gauhati and Shillong on account of expenditure incurred in improving the water-supply and sanitation of those towns.

Sanitary improvements.

26. No sanitary work of importance was undertaken during the year. On sanitary works proper the municipal institutions of the province spent Rs. 1,17,940, or 42·74 per cent. of their actual income, as compared with Rs. 1,11,100, or 42·7 per cent., in the preceding year. The municipalities of Gauhati and Shillong maintain waterworks. The former body purchased a new pulsometer and a pontoon during the year, and a scheme has been prepared for the improvement of the Shillong waterworks, which it is hoped will place the water-supply of that station on a satisfactory footing. The expenditure of Local Boards on sanitation amounted to Rs. 73,094, or 6·46 of their total income, against Rs. 70,571, or 5·96 per cent., in 1898-99. The works under the head of village sanitation consisted chiefly in the construction and repair of wells and tanks.

General Summary.

Dispensaries, Vaccination, and Leper Asylum.

27. In addition to the 108 dispensaries open at the beginning of the year, 7 new dispensaries were opened, leaving 115 open on the 31st March 1900. The average daily number of patients was 3,359, as compared with 3,363 in the previous year. Owing chiefly to the opening of 7 new dispensaries, the attendance increased from 610,267 to 623,803, but the number of persons treated as in-patients declined. The income rose from Rs. 2,40,081 to Rs. 2,43,372. The total number of vaccinations performed (272,265) was larger than in 1898-99, but smaller than in 1896-97 or 1897-98. The lymph used was produced at the Shillong Vaccine Depôt, and was of the usual excellent quality, 98·50 per cent. of the primary and 88·90 per cent. of the secondary operations performed being reported successful. Of the cases verified by Civil Surgeons, 96·81 were found to be successful. The average cost of each successful operation was 1 anna 7 pies, against 1 anna 7½ pies in 1898-99. The number of infants successfully vaccinated was 34·50 per cent. of the number of births registered during 1899. Sixteen patients were under treatment in the Sylhet Leper Asylum, of whom 1 was discharged relieved, 7 left voluntarily, 1 died, and 7 were in the Asylum at the close of the year.

Civil justice.

28. In 1899, 27,335 original civil suits were instituted, or 528 less than in the previous year. Notwithstanding the decline in the number of suits, their aggregate value rose from Rs. 22,47,178 to Rs. 26,30,542, and the average value of each suit from Rs. 80 to Rs. 96. The courts disposed of 27,990 original civil cases, in 62 per cent. of which plaintiffs were successful; in 30·1 per cent. they were unsuccessful, and 7·9 per cent. were compromised. Only 6,114 cases, or 21·8 per cent. of the total number disposed of, were contested. Out of 15,883 applications for execution of decrees disposed of, 5,880 were wholly or partly satisfied, 736 were transferred to other courts, and 9,267 were wholly infructuous. Sixty judgment-debtors were imprisoned, against 62 in 1898. At the beginning of 1899 there were pending before the High Court 48 appeals from original decrees and 139 second appeals, and 14 original and 62 second appeals were preferred during the year. Six original and 58 second appeals were decided, with the result that 52 decisions were confirmed, 2 reversed, 1 modified; 1 dismissed on default, 6 remanded, 1 compromised, and 1 withdrawn. Appeals before District and Subordinate Judges were preferred in 936 cases, or in 27·3 per cent. of the total number of cases in which an appeal lay. Of 749 appeals decided after hearing, 65·4 per cent. resulted in the confirmation of the decision of the lower court, in 10·7 per cent. the decision was modified, in 17·4 per cent. reversed, and 6·5 per cent. of the cases were remanded. The surplus of receipts over expenditure was Rs. 1,69,824.

Criminal justice.

29. During 1899, 31,752 criminal offences were reported, against 32,764 in 1898. The number of offences against property reported fell from 11,714 to 11,126 and the number affecting the human body from 9,552 to 8,751. Of the offences reported, 22,447 were accepted as true, as compared with 23,587 in 1898. In 15,128 cases brought to trial against 24,514 persons, 13,298 persons, or 56·4 per cent., were convicted. Thirty-five cases of murder and 44 of culpable homicide were reported to be true, as compared with 30 and 37, respectively, in 1898. Thirteen persons were convicted of murder, two of whom were executed and 11 transported for life. At the close of the year there were 51 stipendiary Magistrates, and during the year they disposed of 14,161 cases. Three Benches of Magistrates and 17 Honorary Magistrates sitting singly disposed of 594 cases. The average time taken by all classes of Magistrates to dispose of each criminal case was 12·3 days. Witnesses to the number of 45,184 were examined by Magistrates, against 46,522 in the previous year. One hundred and twenty-two cases were tried by Sessions Courts, against 102 in 1898, and 60·9 per cent. of the persons tried were convicted. Forty-eight persons, against

54 in 1898, were tried by jury in the Sessions Court of the Assam Valley. The Judge approved of the verdict of the jury in 40 cases and referred 4 cases to the High Court under section 307 of the Criminal Procedure Code. There were 503 appeals to Sessions Judges and 396 to District Magistrates, against 467 and 322, respectively, in the preceding year, and the orders of the lower court were upheld in respect of 62·6 per cent. of the persons whose appeals were heard. *General Summary.*

30. The sanctioned strength of the Military Police Force of all ranks was the same as in 1898, *viz.*, 3,095, while that of Civil Police rose from 2,430 to 2,465. The Military Police were engaged during the year in the expedition against the Bebejiya Mishmis, in the disarmament operations on the Chin-Lushai border, and as an escort to the Political Agent when engaged in the delimitation of the Manipur-Lushai Hills boundary. Their behaviour is reported to have been satisfactory, and they are steadily improving in drill, discipline, and shooting. Departmental and judicial punishments in the Civil and Armed Civil Police Force showed a satisfactory decrease. Police.

The number of cognizable cases reported fell from 16,417 in 1898 to 15,618. Convictions resulted in 80·4 per cent. of the cases decided, and 85·8 per cent. of the cases reported by the Police were returned as true. Sanction was received during the year to a scheme for the reorganisation of the Civil Police to take effect from the beginning of the year 1900, and it is expected that the reorganisation by improveing the status of investigating officers will add to the efficiency of the force. The total cost of the Military Police was Rs. 9,80,570 and of the Civil Police Rs. 15,84,970.

31. According to the classification of prisons adopted in the Assam Jail Manual issued during the year under review, the prisons at the headquarters of subdivisions and at Tura and Kohima are now called "subsidiary jails," instead of "lock-ups." Including a new subsidiary jail opened at Aijal in April, for which, however, no returns have been received, there were 9 jails and 15 subsidiary jails open in the province. There were no temporary jails during the year. The average daily total convict population increased from 1,439 to 1,491. Of 3,823 persons admitted to jail direct, 166 were women, and 8 were juveniles. An average of 128 persons were daily detained pending trial in Sessions and Magistrates' Courts, as compared with 137 persons in 1898, and the average detention of each prisoner was 16·6 and 10·5 days in Sessions and Magistrates' cases, respectively. Of 1,244 foreigners admitted to prisons during the year, 804 were tea-garden coolies, against 1,335 and 943, respectively, in 1898. In 272 cases the convictions of coolies were under the Assam Labour and Emigration Act, and in 26 under Act XIII of 1859, against 32 and 31 in 1898—a very satisfactory decrease in offences against the Labour Laws. Three hundred and forty-six of the prisoners admitted had been previously convicted. A steady annual decrease continues to take place in the number of escapes from jail. Fourteen persons escaped during the year, 9 of whom, as well as 8 persons who had escaped in previous years, were recaptured. The number of offences committed by convicts increased from 715 to 994. In spite of the attention paid to sanitary matters, the death-rate in jails increased from 36·6 to 48·0 per thousand of the jail population. With a view to check this mortality, the Chief Commissioner directed that in the Sylhet jail extramural labour should be reduced to a minimum with a view to its abolition, and that it should be reduced in the other jails of the province during the hot weather and rains. In the Gauhati jail there were 18 deaths from cholera. The average daily number of prisoners employed on extramural labour fell from 326 to 269. The gross expenditure on prisons fell from Rs. 2,75,871 to Rs. 1,67,883 on account of the decreased outlay on jail buildings; and the average gross expenditure per prisoner from Rs. 174 to Rs. 103. Jails.

General Summary.

Education.

32. There were 3,177 public educational institutions, or 91 more than in the preceding year, and the number of pupils attending them rose from 93,872 to 100,972. There were also 6,656 pupils receiving instruction at private institutions, the total number of pupils in the province being 107,668, or 13·21 per cent. of the population of school-going age, as compared with 12·24 per cent. in the previous year. Of 308 students reading in Arts Colleges in Bengal and Assam, 42 passed the F.A., 16 the B.A., and 2 the M.A. Examinations of the Calcutta University, as compared with 268, 44, 18, and 1, respectively, in 1898-99. Twenty-five students from the Murarichand College at Sylhet entered for the F.A. Examination, and 11 passed—3 in the second and 8 in the third division. Of 178 pupils from the high schools of the province who appeared at the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, 123, or 69 per cent., were successful. The percentage of successes among candidates in general was 59·80. In the preceding year, 170 candidates entered, and 127, or 74·70 per cent., were successful. The law class at Sibsagar was closed, as it ceased to attract students, and there remained 3 such classes open with an attendance of 35, as against 4 classes with an attendance of 56 in 1898-99. The number of girls' schools increased by 5 to 232, and the number of girls attending them rose from 3,716 to 4,034. The number of girls attending boys' schools rose by 402. Ten pupils, against 16 in the preceding year, attended the two industrial schools at the close of the year. Six mechanical apprentice scholarships were offered at the Sibpur Engineering School; there were only four applicants for these, all of whom were awarded scholarships. The four medical scholarships tenable at the Dacca Medical School were discontinued. The total expenditure on public instruction rose from Rs. 6,62,469 to Rs. 7,21,428, of which Rs. 2,84,546, or 39·44 per cent., was covered by receipts from fees and other sources, 30·22 per cent. by contributions from Provincial Revenues, and 29·33 and 1·01 per cent., respectively, represented the proportion of the total expenditure on education incurred by local and municipal bodies. Since the close of the year the school for European and Eurasian children at Shillong has been reopened, and the Berry-White Medical School has been opened at Dibrugarh. The opening of the Gauhati College was postponed to the beginning of the session of 1901.

Literature and the Press.

33. Forty-two works, 25 of which were original publications, were published during 1899-1900, as compared with 37 in the preceding year. The *Paridarsak*, a Bengali newspaper, was revived and published fortnightly in Sylhet from the 1st January 1900, and the *Weekly Chronicle* (in English) and the *Srihatta Darpana*, a monthly in Bengali, were started in Sylhet. The *Silchar*, a fortnightly Bengali journal, continues to be published at Silchar, and the *Assam*, an Assamese weekly with occasional English articles, at Gauhati. The *Eastern Herald* and the *Times of Assam*, two weeklies in English, are published in Dibrugarh. The tone of these papers continued to be moderate.

CONTENTS.

PART IIB.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

CHAPTER I.

PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

		Page
Political—		
Section 1.	Changes in Administration ...	1
„ 2.	Relations with Tributary States and Frontier Affairs	2

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

Section 1.	Surveys	24
„ 2.	Settlements	25
„ 3.	Waste Lands	*ib.*
„ 4.	Government Estates	30
„ 5.	Wards' and Attached Estates ...	31

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

Section 1.	Legislative Authority	32
„ 2.	Course of Legislation	*ib.*
„ 3.	Police	*ib.*
„ 4.	Criminal Justice	43
„ 5.	Prisons	48
„ 6.	Civil Justice	51
„ 7.	Registration...	55
„ 8.	Municipalities	56
„ 9.	Local Boards' Administration ...	62
„ 10.	Military	68

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

Section 1.	Weather, Crops and Prices ...	70
„ 2.	Agriculture and Horticulture ...	73
„ 3.	Forests	77
„ 4.	Mines and Minerals	83
„ 5.	Manufactures	84
„ 6.	Trade—	
	Part I.—Foreign Trade	87
	„ II.—Inter-Provincial Trade ...	90
„ 7.	Public Works	92
„ 8.	Post Office	102
„ 9.	Telegraphs	104

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

		Page
Part I.—	Finance, Imperial Provincial and Local—	
Section 1.	General	105
„ 2.	Provincial Contract ...	111
„ 3.	Local Funds	112
„ II.—	Land Revenue—	
Section. 1.	Land Revenue ...	114
„ III.—	Sources of Imperial Revenue other than land—	
Section 1.	Salt	127
„ 2.	Excise	*ib.*
„ 3.	Stamps	133
„ 4.	Elephants	136
„ 5.	Lac	*ib.*
„ 6.	Rubber	137
„ 7.	The Income Tax Act, II of 1886	138

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

Section 1.	Births and Deaths	142
„ 2.	Immigration and Labour Inspection	144
„ 3.	Medical Relief	164
„ 4.	Lunatic Asylum	165
„ 5.	Leper Asylum	*ib.*
„ 6.	Sanitation	166
„ 7.	Vaccination	167

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

Section 1.	General System of Public Instruction ...	169
„ 2.	Education	*ib.*
„ 3.	Literature and the Press	174
„ 4.	Literary Societies	175
„ 5.	Arts and Sciences	*ib.*

CHAPTER VIII.

ARCHÆOLOGY.

Archæology	... ...	176

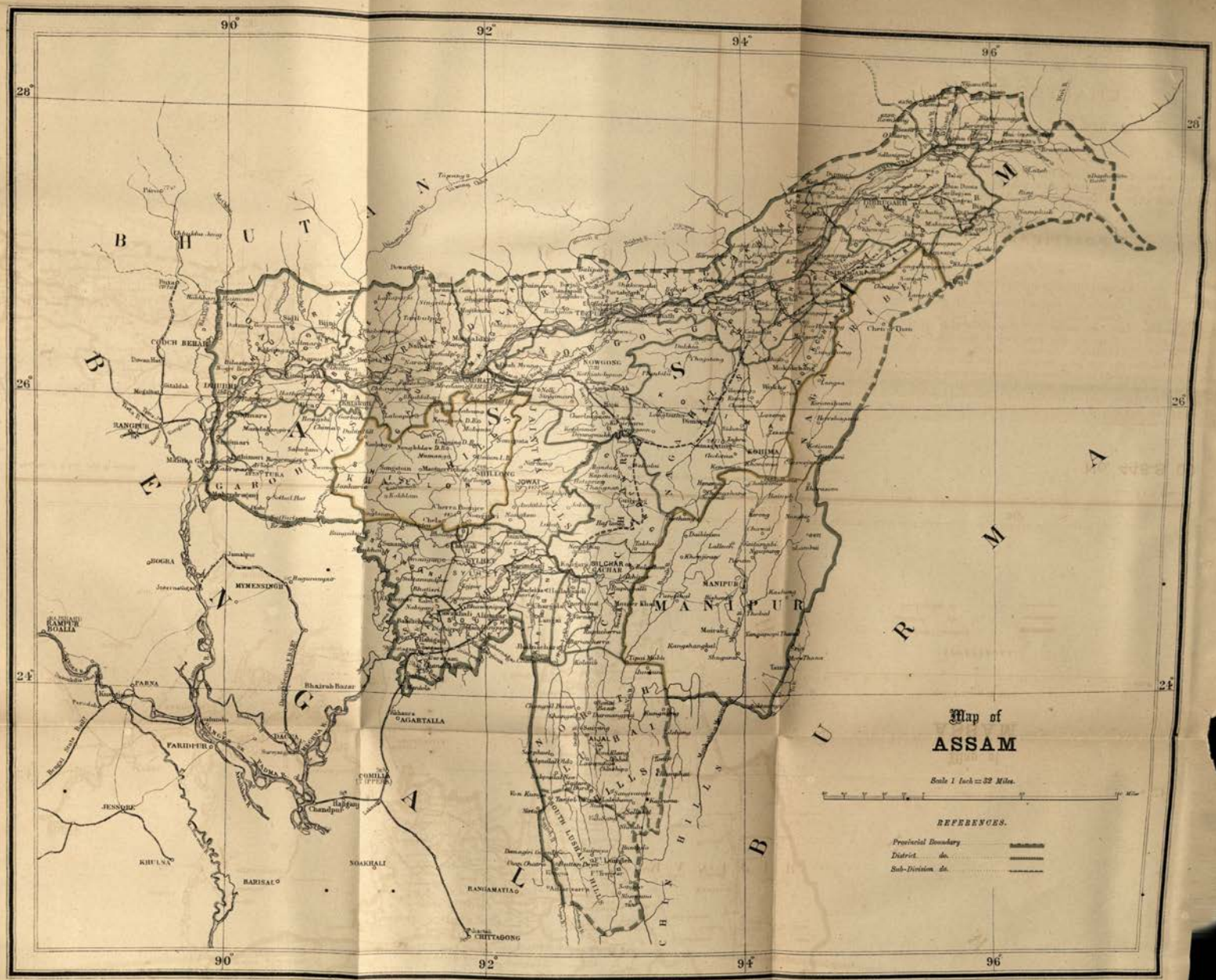
CHAPTER IX.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Section 1.	Ecclesiastical	177
„ 2.	Stationery	*ib.*
„ 3.	Printing	*ib.*

PART IIB.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1899-1900.



Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 00.—11,200.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., *Surveyor General of India, March 1900.*

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR 1899-1900.

CHAPTER I.

Physical and Political Geography.

[For the Permanent Sections, see Part IIA, Chapters I to VII, of the Report for 1892-93, published in a separate form under the title "Physical and Political Geography of Assam."]

POLITICAL.

SECTION 1.

CHANGES IN ADMINISTRATION.

General. The office of the Chief Commissioner was held throughout the year by Mr. H. J. S. Cotton, C.S.I.

Changes in administration.

Administration. 2. By Notification No. 1648J., dated the 29th April 1899 (published in the *Assam Gazette* of the 6th May 1899, Part II, page 297), the police outpost at Chamoria in the Kamrup district, consisting of mauzas Pub-Chamoria and Paschim-Chamoria in its jurisdiction, was abolished, and mauza Pub-Chamoria was transferred to the jurisdiction of the police station at Chaygaon and mauza Paschim-Chamoria to that of the police outpost at Boko in the same district.

By Notification No. 33P.W., dated the 27th May 1899 (published at page 372 of the *Assam Gazette* of the 3rd June 1899, Part II), Fenchuganj was declared to be a place of survey for inland steam-vessels in the Surma Valley.

By Notification No. 2191J., dated the 12th June 1899 (published in the *Assam Gazette* of the 17th June 1899, Part II, page 410), the outposts Bagribari and Fakiragram of Dhubri thana were amalgamated into one outpost with headquarters at Bilasipara.

By Notification No. 2192J., dated the 12th June 1899 (published in the *Assam Gazette* of the 17th June 1899, Part II, page 411), the outposts Bijni and Sidli of Salmara thana, in the Goalpara district, were amalgamated into one outpost with headquarters at Popragaon.

By Notification No. 38P.W., dated the 4th July 1899 (published in the *Assam Gazette* of the 8th July 1899, Part II, page 473), Silchar was declared to be a place of survey for inland steam-vessels in the Surma Valley.

By Notification No. 44P.W., dated the 12th July 1899 (published at page 485, Part II, of the *Assam Gazette* of the 15th July 1899), the formation of a temporary Public Works division, comprising the road from the Bogapani river to the Sylhet plains *viâ* Lakhat and the Cherra-Companyganj State Railway, called the "Sylhet Hill Road Division," with headquarters at Laitlyngkot, was sanctioned.

By Notification No. 49P.W., dated the 26th July 1899 (published at page 519, Part II, of the *Assam Gazette* of the 29th July 1899), the abolition of the Kamrup Public Works division as a separate executive charge and its re-amalgamation with the Khasi and Jaintia Hills Division was notified.

Powers. 3. By Notification No. 2824J., dated the 13th July 1899 (published at page 483, Part II, of the *Assam Gazette* of the 15th July 1899), the imposition by the Commissioners of the Dhubri Municipality in Goalpara of a rate on the annual value of all holdings situated within the municipality not exceeding that prescribed in section 77(*b*) of Act V (B.C.) of 1876 in place of the existing tax under section 77(*a*), was notified.

SECTION 2.

Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.

By Notification No. 3582J., dated the 31st August 1899 (published at page 650, Part I, of the *Assam Gazette* of the 2nd September 1899), the senior Extra Assistant Commissioner at Tezpur was appointed to be a visitor of the Lunatic Asylum at Tezpur, *ex-officio*.

By Notification No. 5286J., dated the 23rd December 1899 (published at page 910, Part II, of the *Assam Gazette* of the 30th December 1899), police officers holding the rank of Sub-Inspector were exempted from the operations of all prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13, 14, 15, and 16 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, other than those referring to cannon, articles designed for torpedo service, war-rockets, and machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.

The Personal Assistant to the Inspector General of Registration was appointed *ex-officio* Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies for Assam by Notification No. 2943G., dated the 30th March 1900 (published at page 155, Part I, of the *Assam Gazette* of the 31st March 1900).

Boundaries.

4. Notification No. 3641J., dated the 29th August 1898, defining the revised boundaries of the Gauhati Cantonment, was cancelled by Notification No. 1344M., dated the 7th April 1899 (published in the *Assam Gazette* of the 15th April 1899, Part II, page 228). A descriptive statement of boundaries and of boundary pillars of the cantonment land at Tezpur was published in Notification No. 3399J., dated the 17th August 1899 (published at page 619, Part II, of the *Assam Gazette*, dated the 19th August 1899).

SECTION 2.

RELATIONS WITH TRIBUTARY STATES AND FRONTIER AFFAIRS.

MANIPUR.

Office of the Political Agent in Manipur and Superintendent of the State.

5. Lieutenant-Colonel H. St. P. Maxwell held the appointment of Political Agent in Manipur and Superintendent of the State throughout the year.

Mr. Hodson, I.C.S., carried on the duties of Assistant to the Political Agent from the 1st April to 14th August, when he was transferred to Sylhet. He returned to Manipur on 3rd November and remained at his post to the end of the year. Babu Raj Kumar Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, was in charge of the Revenue Office of the State throughout the year.

Tours.

6. The Political Agent was on tour for 134 days, as compared with 98 days in 1898-99. Mr Hodson, Assistant to the Political Agent, was away from headquarters for 156 days.

Frontier.

7. The settlement of the boundary between the Manipur State and the Lushai Hills, commencing from near Langlen Hill, where the last pillar of the Manipur-Chin Hills boundary was erected, westward to Tipaimukh, was completed during the year. Since the British administration of the State, the boundary between the State and Burma-Kubo Valley, Burma-Chin Hills, and Assam-Lushai Hills, respectively, has been settled; the boundary between the State and Assam-Cachar and Assam-Naga Hills, respectively, was arranged during the time of previous Rajas. The boundary of the State is now complete, and a frequent source of expense, and often of irritation, has been removed.

Behaviour of hill tribes.

8. The conduct of the hill tribes was satisfactory, and all orders issued to them were immediately carried out. The village of Purum, near the Naga Hills border, made itself objectionable on two occasions: in October it attacked, after due challenge had been sent, the village of Oinam, and the result was a drawn battle, one on each side being killed and some 17 on each side wounded. Purum, being the aggressor, was fined a sum of Rs. 500. Towards the end of the year Purum and a neighbouring village, named Guari, came to blows, but the matter was under enquiry at the close of the year. The Wilong village, not far from Kairong, had a fight between two *khels*, which lasted the best part of a day, and one man was killed and several injured. The erring *khel* was fined and its leader imprisoned. The murderers (Lushais) of two Kukis trading in the Lushai Hills were captured, and in February last two of the three prisoners were hanged at Aijal. The report that in retaliation Manipur Kukis had arrested two Lushais in Manipur territory was on enquiry found to be incorrect. The Kukis on the southern border were visited by the Political Agent in connection with the demarcation of the boundary between Manipur and the Lushai Hills; they supplied with freedom the coolie transport for a camp, containing 3 European officers and 150

SECTION 2.

Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.

sipahis, and cheerfully carried out all orders, though one reason for the visit was the disagreeable duty of disarmament. Each village, which is almost a nation in itself, has its hereditary headman, and through his means all disputes are quickly settled, so that the inhabitants lead peaceful and quiet lives.

Weather, crops, and prices.

9. The following table compares the rainfall of the year, month by month, with that of the four preceding years :

Months.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6
April ...	9·42	6·64	1·44	1·38	6·91
May ...	16·68	5·16	6·96	3·66	8·23
June ...	13·64	10·16	15·46	12·50	19·87
July ...	16·66	13·97	6·82	12·27	17·46
August ...	13·16	7·27	13·76	15·08	21·91
September ...	6·29	8·07	7·82	10·76	9·74
October ...	6·92	...	8·40	6·40	6·92
November ...	0·88	0·52	4·88	...	...
December ...	4·94	...	...	0·24	0·67
January ...	1·46	...	0·92	1·62	0·18
February ...	9·75	0·58	1·52	3·24	2·15
March ...	3·34	5·02	0·88	5·13	6·62
Total ...	97·14	57·39	68·86	72·28	100·66

The rainfall was far above the average, and was 28 inches heavier than in the previous year. It fell at times, however, to meet the requirements of agriculturists, with the result that ploughing was commenced early in the season, and enabled the people short-handed with cattle to cover their fields gradually. This assistance was of some importance later on in June and July, when cattle-disease visited the valley and carried off a great number of plough and other cattle. The rice crop was bountiful, except in the southern portion of the valley, which was flooded in June, July, and August. The price of common rice, which was as low as Re. 1-2 per maund in January 1899, was further reduced to Re. 1 in January 1900; the fall in price was due partly to the demand in the valley having contracted owing to the departure of the rice-eating sipahis of the Gurkha regiment, and their replacement by atta-eaters from up-country; the hill people had also a successful harvest. Peas, sugarcane, and vegetables gave a good outturn, but *matikalai* and wheat were again poor.

Trade and manufactures.

10. Statistics of trade with British India are registered at Jhirighat for traffic with Cachar and Bengal, and at Mao Thana for traffic with Kohima and Assam.

The following tables compare the value of the principal imports into Manipur for the past five years by the Cachar route, and for three years by the Naga Hills route :

By Cachar route.

Articles.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Mineral oil ...	4,405	11,314	24,318	9,862	12,802
Betel-nuts ...	12,944	15,027	26,414	46,674	56,983
Dried fish ...	2,825	9,823	15,367	9,150	5,490
Salt ...	414	1,112	1,889	3,542	2,445
Piece-goods ...	14,347	15,138	27,827	46,157	40,865
Yarn ...	6,575	7,440	6,477	9,900	25,001
Metals ...	2,238	3,338	5,440	10,143	2,098
Miscellaneous ...	11,148	4,401	6,642	14,189	20,374
Total ...	54,896	67,593	1,14,374	1,49,617	1,66,058

SECTION 2.

Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.

By Kohima route.

Articles.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Mineral oil	4,380	7,100	3,445
Betel-nuts	*Nil*	260	335
Dried fish	*Nil*	*Nil*	*Nil*
Salt	745	768	115
Piece-goods	15,848	5,680	12,200
Yarn		16,318	10,550
Metals	3,870	5,645	200
Miscellaneous	26,110	3,24,007	14,130
Total	50,953	3,59,778	40,975

Taking the two routes together, there were increases under Betel-nuts, Piece-goods, and Yarn, and decreases under Mineral oils, Dried fish, Salt, and Metals. The large decrease under Miscellaneous by the Kohima route was due chiefly to the importation in the previous year of silver to the value of Rs. 2,81,600. On the whole, the condition of the people was prosperous, and trade was fairly brisk.

The important exports from Manipur are tea-seed, cattle, dried fish, rice, raw cotton, rubber, and timber. The statistics of value are shown in the following table:

Articles.	Exports to Kohima.	Exports to Cachar.	Total.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Tea-seed	*Nil*	475	475
Cattle	1,475	3,049	4,524
Dried fish	3,570	*Nil*	3,570
Rice	63,750	109	63,859
Raw cotton	*Nil*	483	483
Rubber	*Nil*	3,550	3,550
Timber	*Nil*	40,250	40,250
Miscellaneous	8,446	6,893	15,339
Total	77,241	54,809	1,32,050

In 1897-98 the exports to Cachar were valued at Rs. 71,574, in 1898-99 at Rs. 20,420, and in 1899-1900 at Rs. 54,809. In the first year the export of tea-seed was valued at Rs. 40,570, the second year it was *nil*, and in the year of report it was Rs. 475. The bulk of the seed comes from Burma, and merely journeys through Manipur to reach Cachar. Compared with the previous year, there was again a considerable falling off in the number of cattle exported to Cachar, which was probably due to the serious loss caused by the appearance of a murrain. Dried fish, to the value of Rs. 3,570, was taken to Kohima, and the Naga villages on the road exported Rs. 483 worth of raw cotton to Cachar. The two chief items of export were timber to the value of Rs. 40,250 to Cachar, and rice to the value of Rs. 63,750 to Kohima. Timber, which came from the State forests bordering on the Cachar district, appears for the first time as an export.

11. The following statements furnish details of the revenue and expenditure of the State for 1899-1900, together with corresponding figures for the three preceding years :

Finance.

RECEIPTS.

Heads of Receipt.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Land revenue	1,64,478	1,94,348	1,80,560	2,62,140
2. *Lalup* house-tax	49,822	54,322	49,817	
3. Hill house-tax	55,179	43,318	59,020	55,476
4. Fisheries	14,962	25,282	28,249	31,390
5. Zamindaris	1,646	...	...	...
5(*a*). Stamps	...	1,057	894	...
6. Ferries ...	287	1,040	706	537
7. Salt revenue	11,112	7,150	5,254	8,318
8. Forests ...	1,118	314	2,127	28,266
9. Tea-seeds	4,102	1,200	...	233
10. Law and Justice	5,204	6,003	1,014	999
11. Jail ...	75	114	84	33
12. Excise ...	333	1,061	600	673
13. Kubo Valley compensation	6,270	6,270	6,270	6,270
14. Miscellaneous	4,858	5,230	11,362	5,732
Total ...	3,19,445	3,46,709	3,45,957	4,00,067
Add—Opening balance	...	...	...	2,16,483*
Grand total ...	...	...	...	6,16,550

* Closing balance Rs. 2,16,500 shown in Report for 1893-99 reduced by Rs. 17, owing to expenditure of this amount having been adjusted after the compilation of the report for that year.

EXPENDITURE.

Heads of Expenditure.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Land revenue	28,568	42,277	32,838	25,468
2. Hill house-tax	...	...	...	3,962
3. Salt revenue	...	...	1,185	...
4. Forest	807	787	851	552
5. Tea-seed	342	163	...	201
6. Raja's Civil List	23,639	29,588	38,979	26,375
7. Establishment and contingencies	7,225	8,595	8,000	8,333
8. State works	73,829	75,810	82,900	88,624
9. Police	79,331	58,901	64,476	76,402
10. Jail	6,758	5,166	5,311*	4,401
11. Medical	5,972	6,003	7,080	6,187
12. Education	4,619	4,760	5,565	8,286
13. Postal	4,555	4,567	4,394	4,646
14. Expeditions and tour	4,000	485	199	3,474
15. Tribute	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
16. Miscellaneous	12,527	11,418	3,953	5,051
Total ...	3,02,072	2,98,520	3,05,731	3,11,962
Add—Closing balance	...	...	...	3,04,588
Grand total ..	...	...	...	6,16,550

* Additional expenditure amounting to Rs. 17 adjusted after the compilation of the Report for 1898-99.

The revenue realised amounted to Rs. 4,00,067, against Rs. 3,45,957 in the preceding year, the increases being under the heads Land Revenue, Fisheries, Salt, Forests, Tea-seed, and Excise, and the decreases under the heads Hill house-tax, Stamps, Ferries, Law and Justice, Jail, and Miscellaneous. The anticipated increase of revenue from the new land settlement and forests was fully realised. The expenditure of the year was Rs. 3,11,962, against the budget estimate of Rs. 3,12,200 and an expenditure of Rs. 3,05,731 in 1898-99. The increase occurred under the heads of Hill house-tax, Tea-seed, Establishment and Contingencies, State Works, Police, Education, Postal, Expedition and Tour, and Miscellaneous, while the heads of Land Revenue, Salt Revenue, Forests, Raja's Civil List, Jail, and Medical showed a decrease. The closing balance showed a sum of Rs. 3,04,588 to the credit of the State, compared with Rs. 2,16,483 at the end of 1898-99.

SECTION 2.

Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.

Land revenue.

12. Babu Rajkumar Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, was in charge of the Land Revenue Department throughout the year, and was on tour for 110 days, visiting all parts of the valley. At headquarters he supervised the preparation of the final papers of the settlement, which occupied much time. There was no change in the revenue-collecting staff, except that a few villages from *pannas* Naharup, Ahalup, and Laifam were placed directly under the Sub-Deputy Collector, with a view to introducing a system in which whole villages might agree to accept a revenue *jama* for a fixed period with license to extend cultivation free of assessment.

The total current demand of land revenue was Rs. 2,67,115, compared with Rs. 2,26,114 in 1898-99, and the collections amounted to Rs. 2,58,300, or 96·6 per cent. The tax on houses at Rs. 2 per house in the valley was abolished during the year, and the compounds of all were assessed by actual measurement in the same manner as other classes of land. The rate in the valley is Rs. 5 a *pari*, or annas 10-8 a *bigha*. For 1898-99, the *lalup* house-tax amounted to Rs. 52,312, and the same compounds, assessed by measurement at Rs. 5 a *pari*, totalled Rs. 54,764, or a small increase of Rs. 2,452. In the absence of any measuring staff, the incidence of Rs. 2 a house was a very fair one, so far as the State revenue was concerned. The total receipts from land revenue and house-tax for the last four years are given below:

1896-97. Rs.	1897-98. Rs.	1898-99. Rs.	1899-1900. Rs.
2,14,300	2,48,670	2,30,377	2,62,140

The area relinquished during the year was 1,938 *paris*, carrying a revenue of Rs. 9,690. The low price of rice assisted in throwing out of cultivation the less productive land, and a further inducement to retain only an area of land equal to the demands of the family was the mortality to cattle from the rinderpest which visited the State in June. Fortunately, under stress of circumstances, the people have no objection to plough with cows or female buffaloes. The arrear balance for 1898-99 was Rs. 16,937, of which Rs. 3,840 were realised during the year and the balance remitted, as most of the debtors were either victims of the cholera epidemic or in such straitened circumstances that they were unable to pay. In 1899-1900 the remissions, amounted to Rs. 1,131 only and the arrears to Rs. 7,684.

Expenditure.

13. The expenditure incurred under Land Revenue was Rs. 25,468, as compared with Rs. 28,989 in the previous year.

Revenue case work.

14. Subject to appeal to the Superintendent of the State, the Sub-Deputy Collector decided all revenue cases. The total number of cases for disposal was 4,478, and in all but 199 final orders were issued. The contested cases numbered 138, and all were settled by the Sub-Deputy Collector. Nine appeals to the Superintendent of the State were filed and five were disposed of. The settlement having been completed, this portion of the work of the Sub-Deputy Collector will show a decrease. Transfers of land were freely made in the valley, and were mostly connected with sales.

Survey and Settlement.

15. The final papers of the settlement were prepared and the *pattas* were made ready for distribution. The result of the settlement gave a net increase of Rs. 43,275 as compared with the preceding year.

The Survey School had 34 students on the roll, and 19 boys passed an examination in surveying. Two of the successful candidates were provided for as amins. Of an establishment of 20 amins, 13 were Manipuris and 7 Bengalis.

Hill house-tax.

16. The current demand for the year under hill house-tax amounted to Rs. 55,477 net, representing a gross demand of Rs. 59,175, assessed at Rs. 3 per house on 19,725 houses, as against Rs. 59,679, assessed on 19,893 houses in 1898-99. The decrease of 168 houses is attributed by the village people to deaths, but the more probable reason is the untrustworthiness of the agency employed to collect the information. Of the current demand of Rs. 55,477, a sum of Rs. 48,910 was collected during the year, leaving an arrear balance of Rs. 6,567. Of Rs. 8,869 in arrear at the close of 1898-99, a sum of Rs. 6,566 was collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,303, which is probably irrecoverable. The total collection under this head was Rs. 55,476, as compared with Rs. 59,020 in the previous year.

Fisheries.

17. The year was again favourable to the lessees of fisheries. The take of fish was abnormally large, and throughout the year this important article of diet was cheap. The fisheries were sold for Rs. 31,659, compared

with Rs. 27,849 in 1898-99. With the exception of a small sum of Rs. 269, the full demand of the year was collected.

Stamps.

18. There was no income from stamps, whereas in 1898-99 Rs. 894 were realised. The impressment of stamps by rubber seals was unsatisfactory, as it opened wide the door to forgery; moreover, it was found that most of the revenue was collected in revenue proceedings, encouraged by a low class of touts, who followed the revenue authorities into camp; for these reasons no demand was made on petitions filed in court.

Ferries.

19. The only ferry leased out is that across the Jhiri river. It is managed by the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, half the price bid at auction being paid over to the Manipur State. The share of the State for 1899-1900 was Rs. 537, which was duly realised. In the previous year, the State income from this ferry was Rs. 706.

Salt.

20. The revenue collected from the hill and valley salt-wells amounted to Rs. 8,318, against Rs. 5,254 in 1898-99. At the hill wells, 396 *karais* or salt-pans were employed, which, at the rate of Re. 1 a *karai* per mensem for 10 months of the year, realised Rs. 3,960. The arrear collections were Rs. 100, and the valley wells that are leased brought in a revenue of Rs. 4,258. There was no expenditure under this head.

Forests.

21. Under the management of the Cachar Forest Department, the Jhiri forest belonging to the State produced an income of Rs. 28,230, excluding a 25 per cent. share, which was retained by the supervising establishment. The income for the month of February, amounting to Rs. 1,971, which was received too late to incorporate with the State receipts for the year, would have brought the total income for 1899-1900 to Rs. 30,201—a sum slightly in excess of the estimate. From other forests of the State a sum of Rs. 36 was realised. Rupees 552 were spent in the entertainment of the establishment for protecting the two small reserve forests near Imphal. No timber was removed from these young forests, but they were opened for three months in the year for free removal of minor forest-produce, such as thatching-grass and reeds.

Tea-seed.

22. As a first instalment, 40 maunds of tea-seed were brought into Imphal from the State tea gardens, but on enquiry the Cachar merchants stated there was no demand for seed, so further collections were stopped. The collected tea-seed was sold for Rs. 233, and an expenditure of Rs. 201 was incurred in bringing it into Manipur.

Excise.

23. The only country liquor shop at Imphal was sold by auction for the year for a sum of Rs. 1,010. The lessee died in November, and, no one coming forward to replace him, the shop was closed. The revenue received from this source for the year was Rs. 673, against Rs. 600 in the previous year. Owing to the transfer of the Gurkha regiment from Manipur, the demand for this shop has ceased.

Kubo Valley compensation.

24. This allowance, granted to Manipur in 1834 in settlement of the disputed ownership of the Kubo Valley between Manipur and Burma, is continued by Government to the present Raja; its value, commuted from 500 *sicca* rupees per mensem, is now fixed at Rs. 6,270 per annum.

Miscellaneous receipts.

25. The receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 5,732, against Rs. 11,362 in the previous year. The larger receipts in 1898-99 were due mainly to the sale of some State rice and *dhan*, which had been stacked as a precaution against scarcity, and which item does not appear in the accounts.

General administrative expenditure.

26. The following paragraphs deal with the various branches of the Administration not already treated of under the heads of revenue.

Raja's Civil List.

26*a*. The total expenditure under this head was Rs. 25,503, against Rs. 38,979 in the previous year. The details are as follows:

Mayo College.

	Rs.
Allowance of the Principal and house guardian	5,400
Raja's personal establishment	1,426
Private expenses, including vacation at Mussouri	7,604
Total	14,430

SECTION 2.

Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.

Miscellaneous items.

	Rs.
Maintenance of Raja's family and temples in Manipur	3,888
Pensions to exiles and detenus	4,840
Maintenance of Andaman prisoners	1,758
Contingencies and miscellaneous	1,459
Total	11,945
Grand total	26,375

The cost of the education of the young Raja and his half-brother at the Mayo College increased from Rs. 14,014 in 1898-99 to Rs. 14,430—an increase due to the private expenses being larger. A son of the *ex*-Regent died during the year, and the allowance to the family ceased. The decrease in the total expenditure under this head was due to the expenditure incurred last year in furnishing the Raja's residence in Manipur and to other expenses in connection with his visit to the State.

27. The total expenditure under this head was Rs. 8,333, against Rs. 8,000 in the previous year. The details are as follows:

State establishment and contingencies.

	Rs.
Office establishment of the Superintendent, Manipur State	3,921
Judicial establishment	971
Miscellaneous establishment	2,404
Forms and stationery	639
Contingencies	398
Total	8,333

28. A summary of the principal heads of expenditure on account of State public works is subjoined:

State public works.

Cachar-Manipur Bridle-road.

	Rs.
Repairs to serais and rest-houses	2,740
Repairs to roads	1,400
Construction of, and repairs to, bridges	2,569
Tools and plant	73
Establishment	4,870
Total	11,652

Station and Valley.

Construction of State buildings	6,172
Repairs to State buildings	2,334
Construction of, and repairs to, bridges in Imphal	5,213
Ditto ditto in valley	1,118
Repairs to roads	1,427
Repairs to markets	1,133
Excavation of tanks	21,174
Tools and plant	3,889
Establishment	4,512
Total	46,972

Manipur-Mao Cart-road.

State contribution to repairs	30,000
Grand total	88,624

The establishment on the Cachar bridle-path was increased in order to preserve a better control over the labourers. Most of the work on this road is done by unpaid labour, and in return certain advantages, much appreciated by the hillmen, are granted to them by the State. The road was kept in excellent order throughout the year, and the traffic along it greatly increased. The valley roads are kept in repair by the people, and State expenditure is incurred in the construction of, and repairs to, the more important bridges, serais, and rest-houses. Wheel traffic, which has extended to remote villages in the valley, demands stronger bridges than when human porterage was the only means of carriage, and hence more money is spent every year to meet the change in the mode of transport.

A large amount was spent in improving the water-supply of the town. The terrible mortality from cholera in Imphal during 1898-99 thoroughly impressed the people with the idea that some improvement should be made in their drinking water-supply, and after much discussion it was agreed that suitable tanks should be excavated in different parts of the town. Birds of ill omen in the shape of Brahmin astrologers prophesied another year of bad cholera, and the question was at once settled. Six large tanks were excavated and one existing tank much improved, at a total cost of Rs. 21,174. The abnormally heavy rainfall of the year soon filled up the tanks, which now contain excellent drinking water. The tanks being fenced in and constructed on sanitary principles, the water is pure and uncontaminated. So long as the small household tanks, which are to be found in every compound, contain water, no Manipuri will ever think of going a yard farther to fetch a better class of water, but in years of short rainfall these tanks dry up, and just at the time cholera generally appears, and it will be then that the present tanks will be available for the drinking supply of the people.

(*a*) *Manipur-Mao Cart-road.*

Imperial public works.

29. The road was under the Executive Engineer, and the State, as usual, contributed Rs. 30,000 towards the annual repairs. Being unmetalled during the wet months of the year, and the cart traffic increasing at the same time, it became quite impassable for carts, and almost so for foot-passengers and ponies, and trade was much incommoded. It is proposed in future to close the road to wheel traffic during the rainy season. A new travellers' bungalow was erected at Kairong, and this completes the road, with the exception of a bridge across the Barak at Kairong.

(*b*) *New Kutcherry and Treasury.*

The building was commenced towards the end of the year.

(*c*) *Manipur Cantonment.*

The barracks for the unmarried men and the native officers and the cook-houses attached thereto were completed during 1898-99, but were unoccupied when the year closed. Barracks for the married men, quarter-guard, cells, and bells-of-arms were also erected. One well in the lines was finished, and a second well was almost completed.

Public health and sanitation.

30. Under this head the Political Agent reports—"The year was very healthy until January and February, when influenza spread throughout the State. In the valley, the patients were able to easily shake off the sickness, but in the hills, where the houses are draughty and the people ill-clad and ignorant, the mortality was considerable. Care was taken to watch travellers on the Cachar road, and, if possible, to prevent the entry of cholera and plague into the valley. The previous year's cholera epidemic had so shaken the people, that several times during the year the scare arose that cholera was again a visitor, but fortunately the rumours were incorrect."

Rinderpest, which late in 1898-99 appeared along the cart-road, entered the valley in February, and caused some mortality among cattle, but the heavy rains drove it away before much harm was done. The excessive rainfall of the year was particularly opportune in filling the six new tanks which had been excavated, as also the private tanks in every Manipuri's compound. Conservancy arrangements in the station and cantonments were good, and the incinerators continued to work satisfactorily.

Dispensary.

31. The one dispensary in Manipur is in Imphal. The daily average of out-patients attending it in 1899 was 20·77, against 27·79 in 1898, and of in-patients 9·06, against 8·35. Seventeen major and 262 minor operations were performed. Of the major operations, there were 5 lithotomy cases, and all but one were

SECTION 2. *Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.*

successfully performed, one amputation of the hand, 3 excisions of tumours, 4 women were delivered, and 4 other surgical operations were performed. The decrease in the number of out-patients was due to the extremely healthy year.

Excluding vaccination, the State expenditure under the head "Medical" amounted to Rs. 4,623, compared with Rs. 5,520 in the preceding year, when the expenditure was higher than usual, owing to expenses incurred during the cholera epidemic.

The pay of the Hospital Assistant is borne by Government, which also gives Rs. 650 as a grant-in-aid to the dispensary.

Law and Justice.

32. The courts having jurisdiction in Manipur are—

(1) The Court of the Political Agent.
(2) The Court of the Superintendent of the State.
(3) The Court of the Assistant to the Political Agent.
(4) The *Chirap* Court.
(5) The Courts of the Town and Rural *Panchayats.*

All cases in which British subjects are concerned as accused in criminal cases, or as defendants in civil suits, are disposed of by the Political Agent. In his court on the criminal side, 49 complaints were dealt with, 16 cases proceeding to trial, in which 21 persons were convicted and two acquitted. The only case of a serious nature was one in which a Pathan kicked his servant in the spleen, causing death within half an hour.

On the civil side, 54 suits were instituted, and 8 suits were pending from the previous year. Of the total of 62 suits on the file, all but one were decided. The suits were mostly in connection with loans or shop accounts. The sum of Rs. 608 was realised from the sale of court-fee stamps and credited to Government.

The Superintendent of the State disposes, as an appellate court, of appeals from the decisions of the *Chirap* Court, and, as an original court, of criminal, civil, and miscellaneous cases. Five criminal appeals were preferred during the year, and were decided. Of civil appeals, 51 were instituted and 45 decided. Including the 17 pending cases of the previous year, there were 23 cases pending on 31st March 1900. On the criminal side, the Superintendent of the State, or his Assistant, disposes of all police cases in the valley, and of all criminal cases in which hillmen are concerned.

The annexed table shows the details of offences reported and cases tried in the courts of the Superintendent of the State and his Assistant, cases found false being omitted :

Description of offence.	Number of offences reported.	Cases actually brought to trial.	Persons		
			Acquitted.	Convicted.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Murder	1	...	...	...	...
Culpable homicide	...	...	...	...	...
Hurt or grievous hurt	2	1	3	...	3
Robbery and dacoity	3	2	...	2	2
Theft, house-breaking, etc.	37	19	6	22	28
Cattle theft	19	11	4	17	21
Miscellaneous	27	19	10	46	56
Total	89	52	23	87	110

A hopelessly insane and epileptic Kuki killed his elder brother's two children with an axe, and as at the trial he was unable to understand the proceedings, he was put back. Theft, house-breaking by night for commission of theft, and cattle-lifting are the chief offences in Manipur. Except during the days of Maharaja Marjit, when the punishment for theft was the cutting off of hands and feet, and the offence temporarily died out, the Manipuris have been noted for house-breaking and cattle theft.

The following table shows the work disposed of by the *Chirap* Court and the Town *Panchayat* :

Court.	Appeals				Original cases			
	Pending at the beginning of the year.	Instituted.	Decided.	Remained pending at the close of the year.	Pending at the beginning of the year.	Instituted.	Decided.	Remained pending at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Chirap *Court.*								
Civil	49	62	73	38	84	244	182	146
Criminal	1	2	3	...	5	37	34	8
Panchayat *Court.*								
Civil	...	...	...	...	246	571	407	410
Criminal	...	...	...	...	1	27	25	3

Police.

33. The strength of the State Military Police at the commencement and close of the year is shown below :

	European Officer.	Native Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Sepoys.
Sanctioned strength	1	13	50	338
Strength, 1st April 1899	1	13	50	337
Strength, 31st March 1900	1	13	49	342

The distribution of the force at outposts on 31st March 1900 was as follows :

	Native Officer.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Sepoys.	Total.
Kohima road (three posts)		5	14	19
Cachar road (four posts)		2	15	17
Burma road (two posts)		2	10	12
Shuganu		1	6	7
Tangkul Hills (three posts)	1	3	26	30
Total	1	13	71	85

The discipline of the force was satisfactory. The casualties during the year were 2 deaths, 5 removals for physical unfitness, 2 desertions, and 36 resignations and dismissals for misconduct, or a total of 45 men, compared with 86 in the preceding year. Forty-nine recruits were enlisted during the year. Mr. Hodson commanded the battalion throughout the year, except for the short period he was away on transfer.

The details of expenditure for the past three years are compared below :

	1897-98. Rs.	1898-99. Rs.	1899-1900. Rs.
Pay and travelling allowance of Commandant	33	8,279	10,060
Pay of force	42,601	40,945	42,454
Buildings	5,685	1,800	14,709
Arms and accoutrements	1,096	1,157	839
Clothing	2,817	2,418	1,971
Medical charges	470	240	152
Clerical establishment	600	600	600
Miscellaneous	3,176	6,503	3,131
Pay of Civil Police	2,423	2,534	2,486
Total	58,901	64,476	76,402

Jail.

34. The number of admissions into the State jail during the year was 88 convicts, 182 under-trial prisoners, and 36 civil and political prisoners. The daily average in confinement was 50·04 convicts and 12·14 under-trial prisoners. The number of prisoners confined on the 31st March was 51 convicts and 25 under-trial prisoners, as compared with 45 convicts and 17 under-trial prisoners on the corresponding

SECTION 2. *Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.*

date of 1898-99. The daily average of sick was 2·33, against 3·95 in the preceding year. No deaths among the prisoners occurred during the year. The convicts were employed on road-making, cleaning, and constructing tanks and buildings.

The following table compares the expenditure of the past three years:

	1897-98. Rs.	1898-99. Rs.	1899-1900. Rs.
Buildings	159	...	...
Rations	2,156	2,685	685
Establishment	1,558	1,474	1,358
Clothing	422	540	1,042
Miscellaneous	841	595	1,316
Total	5,136	5,294	4,401

As the convicts were employed in State works during the year, the value of their labour is not shown in the accounts.

Education.

35. At the close of the year there were 14 primary schools and 1 middle-class English school open in Manipur. Of primary schools, 6 are in Imphal, 6 at villages in the valley, and 2 are in the hills. Three new schools, 2 in Imphal and 1 at Foiching in the valley, were opened during the year. The language taught in the primary schools is Bengali. The annexed table gives details of the attendance at the different classes of schools:

Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of scholars on the roll on 31st March 1899.	Number of scholars on the roll on 31st March 1900.	Average attendance for the year.
1	2	3	4	5
Middle English	1	55	50	39·28
Primary	14	809	944	623·12

As compared with the previous year, the number of scholars and the average daily attendance showed a considerable increase. The Johnstone Middle English School, which is aided by Government, was worked on more correct lines than formerly. The primary schools made much progress, and the demand for new schools was larger than the State was in a position to meet. Manipuri parents, who, for the most part, are uneducated, are fast losing the contempt they at first showed to the small amount of education the State is able to impart to their children. A mistress having at last been obtained for the girls' school, the school was opened with 12 pupils in December 1899, and this number increased to 53 at the end of the year. Some ill-disposed person started the report that the girls, as soon as they were able to read and write English, would be sent to England, and for some weeks the attendance at the school remained small; later, however, as truth got the better of the rumour, the numbers increased.

The Revd. W. M. Pettigrew, Missionary to the Tankuls, kindly acted as Honorary Inspector of Schools in the State throughout the year. He visited all the schools three times, and reported favourably on the spread of education in the State. Two inspecting pandits (Manipuris) made regular monthly inspections of the State schools in the valley. The State expenditure on education during the year amounted to Rs. 8,286, as compared with Rs. 5,565 in 1898-99.

Post and Telegraph.

36. Three postal lines are kept up in Manipur, of which two, *viz.*, the line to Kohima in Assam and that to Tammu on the Burma frontier, are maintained by the State. The third to Silchar, which is the main line of communication with India, is maintained wholly by Government. The sale of postage stamps from the treasury amounted to Rs. 6,784, as compared with Rs. 6,221 in 1898-99.

Miscellaneous expenditure.

37. Expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 5,051, against Rs. 3,953 in 1898-99. It includes such expenses as rewards for secret service, furniture for Courts of Justice, assistance to persons in distressed circumstances, entertainment of State guests, etc.

38. The number of licenses for the possession of firearms at the end of 1898 was 27. During the year 3 new licenses were granted and 1 cancelled, leaving 29 licenses on 31st March 1900, of which British subjects held 23 and State subjects 6. During the year 601 firearms, chiefly flintlocks, were recovered from the hill tribes and destroyed. The Kukis on the southern border supplied most of these guns, though in other parts of the district guns were also surrendered.

Firearms.

39. A Trigonometrical Survey party worked on the north-eastern border of the State during the cold season, but with what success was not reported.

Survey of India.

40. Manipur was garrisoned by the headquarters and six companies of the 43rd Gurkhas and two companies of the 44th Gurkhas until January 1900, when they were relieved by the 3rd Bengal Infantry. The garrison is of the normal strength of one regiment. The Kaopum outpost on the Cachar road and the Khongnem-Makhong outpost on the Kohima road were held by detachments from the regiment in Manipur. The Kalanaga outpost on the Cachar road was garrisoned by troops from Silchar. Manipur was visited in December by the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Bengal Army, in January by the Principal Medical Officer, Assam, and in February by the Brigadier-General Commanding the District.

Military.

41. The eldest son, aged about 18 years, of the *ex*-Regent died in Sylhet during the year; no other deaths were reported among the political prisoners and detenus, who live quietly at Sylhet, Brindaban, and Hazaribagh.

Political prisoners.

42. His Highness Raja Chura Chand Singh was absent throughout the year at Ajmere, where he is prosecuting his studies at the Mayo College. Colonel Loch, A.D.C., the Principal of the College, reported very favourably of the attention of the Raja and his half-brother, Raj Kumar Digendra Singh, to their studies and of their excellent behaviour.

The minor Raja.

BHUTIAS.

43. The Bhutias bordering on the Kamrup district were quiet and well behaved during the year.

Bhutias visiting Kamrup.

A guard, consisting of one writer-constable and one constable of the Civil Police, and one havildar and 29 sepoys of the detachment of the 43rd Gurkha Rifles, was stationed at Darranga; and a guard of one writer-constable and one constable of the Civil Police, and one jemadar, one havildar, and 69 sepoys of the 43rd Gurkha Rifles, was stationed at Subankhata during the cold weather of 1899-1900.

The Darranga fair lasted from the 11th of January 1900 to the 27th March 1900, and the fair at Subankhata from the 15th January 1900 to the 25th March 1900; the former was attended by 300 Bhutias, against 800 in 1898-99, and the latter by 400, against 4,000 Bhutias in 1898-99. The figures of attendance are of doubtful accuracy. The Bhutias, it is stated, frequent the fairs in less numbers than in former years, as they prefer to wander about the country, going to local bazars, such as Nalbari and Rangia, and also to Gauhati, where they hope to drive better bargains than by remaining at the Subankhata and Darranga fairs. The trade statistics show that articles to the value of Rs. 10,219 and Rs. 15,436 were imported to, and exported from, the Darranga fair, against Rs. 8,727 and Rs. 10,106 in 1898-99. Articles to the value of Rs. 3,213 and Rs. 3,899, respectively, were imported to, and exported from, Subankhata fair, against Rs. 2,875 and Rs. 2,602 in the year 1898-99. At both fairs the increase in the value of the imports was due to the importation of a larger number of ponies and a greater quantity of caoutchouc, and the increase in the exports to a greater demand for *eri* cloth, cotton-manufactured twist and yarn (European) and piece-goods, and other articles.

44. In the absence of statistics it is uncertain whether the number of Bhutias who came down to the plains in the Darrang district was larger or smaller than in the preceding year. The number of Bhutias who came to Tezpur was almost the same as in the preceding year.

Bhutias visiting Darrang.

The import and export trade at the Udalguri and the Ghagrapara fairs, which is regularly registered, showed a decline as compared with the previous year; the decrease in the value of imports at the Udalguri fair was considerable, and was due to the small number of ponies and sheep brought down for sale. The usual Bhutia *posa*, consisting of Rs. 5,000 in cash and other presents,

SECTION 2. *Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.*

was paid to the Bhutia chiefs on the 20th January 1900, and in return they presented to Government 2 Bhutia blankets, 2 yak tails, 2 cups, 2 pieces of muslin, and a Bhutia pony. All these items were sold at public auction for Rs. 50-12, and the sale proceeds were credited to Government.

The Charduar Bhutia Sat Rajas came into Tezpur on the 23rd February 1900, and were paid their *posa* allowance of Rs. 2,526-7 in cash with other presents. They in return presented Government with three blankets, a Bhutia bag and a yak tail. The Rajas reported that there was no disease or disturbance in their hills. The Thebengia Bhutias came to Tezpur on the 7th March 1900, and received their *posa* allowance, Rs. 145-13-6 in cash, with the usual accompaniment of scarlet broadcloth, etc. They presented in return two blankets, one yak tail, and a few chillies. They reported that there was no disease or disturbance in their hills. The Bhutias who came down to receive *posa* payments were given to understand clearly that they have no longer any "*bohotia*" claims upon any of our plains people, and that there must be no sort of tyranny, oppression, or extortion of money practised against any of our subjects whatever, on pain of stoppage of *posa* payment,

AKAS.

45. The Kapaschor Akas came to Tezpur on the 10th February 1900, and received their *posa* allowance of Rs. 536 in cash. They presented Government with a gold ring, four pairs of bows and arrows, and a *dao*. They reported that there was no epidemic disease or disturbance in their hills.

Kapaschors and Hazarikhoas.

The Hazarikhoa Akas came to Tezpur on the 24th February 1900, and received their *posa* allowance, Rs. 164 in cash, and the usual quantity of scarlet broadcloth. They presented in return 5 blankets and 2 pairs of bows and arrows. They reported that their country was quiet, and that there was no epidemic disease in their hills.

Since the close of the year a forcible entry was made by a party of armed Akas into the *gola* of the agents of Rai Meghraj, Bahadur, at Balipara *hât* for the purpose of exacting their alleged dues on account of rubber tapped in their hills. The Deputy Commissioner of Darrang received a report of the occurrence on the 26th April 1900, the day following the disturbance, and immediately proceeded to the scene with a detachment of the Lakhimpur Military Police. He succeeded in arresting 10 Akas, who were kept under guard, while the Kapaschor Aka Raja, who had already left, was ordered to return. On his return, and after due enquiry, the Akas were fined Rs. 300 for their misconduct. The fine was paid, and the 10 Akas under arrest were released. As the rubber trade led to complications with the hill people, the Officiating Chief Commissioner directed that future agreements between the hill people and the rubber traders should be registered in the office of the Deputy Commissioner, and be subject to his approval, the trader being required to give substantial security for the prompt payment of any claims which may be made and substantiated against him. This, it is hoped, will sufficiently safeguard the interests of the hillmen, and will obviate the need for the reprisals now frequently attempted by them,

DAFLAS.

46. The two coolies from the Dikrai garden, who were still under detention in the hills at the close of 1898-99, were brought down in February 1900 and made over to the manager of the garden. The men had been well treated, and, as far as possible, converted into Daflas. The *gams* by whom the Dikrai coolies had been detained are not entitled to *posa*, and as there was no longer any cause of difference with the hillmen, *posa* was paid up in full to the various persons entitled to receive it. The Daflas contended that the coolies had come to them of their own free will, and had no desire to return; but this story did not agree with that of the Bengalis themselves, who stated that they would rather go back to the garden than return to the hills.

Daflas.

In paragraph 48 of the Assam Administration Report for 1898-99, it was stated that a party of Daflas of the Miri Pathar Chang had carried off three men and a boy, who were in the employment of Mr. Chisholm, with the object of attracting attention to certain grievances that they had against the firm of Rai Meghraj, Bahadur, whose employés had been tapping rubber in the Dafla territory without payment. *Katakis* were sent up to the hills to demand the release of the captives, and on May 6th, 1899, a party of Daflas came down with the missing men and proceeded to lay their complaints against the Kayas before the Deputy Commissioner, Darrang. Their claim was for Rs. 3,500; the Deputy Commissioner awarded Rs. 1,500, and

paid them Rs. 850 in cash, Rs. 150 being deducted as a fine and Rs. 500 being held in deposit against the various articles, including three guns, the property of Mr. Chisholm, which had been carried off and not returned. During the last cold weather the Daflas brought down the guns and the majority of the missing articles, and the balance of the Rs. 500 was made over to them after the value of the property, which was not forthcoming, had been deducted. Further evidence was heard in support of the Daflas' claim for Rs. 2,000, but it was rejected, as it appeared that large capital payments of this nature were not customary in the dealings between the Kayas and the hill tribes.

Towards the end of March 1900 five Nepalese rubber-tappers employed by Kaya agents of the firm of Rai Meghraj, Bahadur, were captured and detained by certain Miri Pathar Daflas, on the plea that they were tapping rubber in Dafla territory which was closed to them. The Nepalese were, however, subsequently restored through the intervention of a Dafla *gam* in receipt of *posa* from Government.

The Superintendent of the Bishnath Tea Company complained that certain Daflas forcibly entered a coolie-house in the Tejalpati garden and stole all the rice in it, and that a batch of 20 or more on their way through the garden to Tezpur with rubber took a goat away from a woman who was leading it along the road; but as he was near at the time the goat was recovered. The Deputy Commissioner enquired into the matter, but found it impossible to identify the persons concerned.

The coolies of the various gardens bordering on the hills have a somewhat unreasonable dread of the Daflas, as it does not appear that they are ever guilty of anything more than occasional petty thefts of this nature, and no instances of acts of violence are on record.

During the year the Dafla Hills were closed, and no passes were issued to cross the Inner Line and tap rubber in the Aka or Bhutia Hills, except to the agents of those persons who had entered into written agreements with the hill chiefs in the presence of the Deputy Commissioner.

The plains Daflas came to Tezpur in February last and received their usual *posa* allowance. The Daflas on the North Lakhimpur frontier behaved well during the year. The Daflas of the Dikrang Valley were equally well behaved, and so, generally speaking, were those of the Ranga Valley. A sum of Rs. 508-5-1 was paid to these Daflas during the year.

Apa Tanangs.

47. It appears from the subdivisional report that last year a village, known as Maichang, situated on the north bank of the Ranga and on the road leading thence to the Apa Tanang valley, was raided by a large party of Apa Tanangs, assisted by some of the wilder Dafla tribes from the inner hills. More recently a similar attack was made on the neighbouring village of Tara, a well-known Dafla chief. Several persons were killed or carried off on both occasions. The object of the raiders is said to have been to punish these villages for assistance rendered to the Apa Tanang expedition of 1897. Not much is known about Maichang, but the Subdivisional Officer believes the allegations to be true as far as Tara's village is concerned. A fort was established at his village in 1897, and Tara himself assisted Mr. McCabe in every way possible. Tara escaped the massacre, and is now residing in the plains at Hatilung.

A few Apa Tanangs came down to North Lakhimpur in the cold weather for purposes of trade.

MIRIS.

Miris.

48. Our relations with the hill Miris were satisfactory. A large party from the village of Silli, across the Komla, requested permission to settle in the plains, and after enquiry were permitted to do so. A sum of Rs. 531-9-8 was paid to the Tarbotia and Panibotia Miris as *posa*.

A complaint was made last year to the Subdivisional Officer by a Kaya trader of Bordoloni that some Saraks stole goods to the value of Rs. 100 from his shop and escaped into the hills. Rupees 249-7-9 was paid to the Saraks as *posa*, Rs. 100 being withheld pending enquiry into the complaint.

Of the two Ghasi Miri captives carried off from Chauldhoa by the hill Ghasis of the Sidang Valley in March 1899, one succeeded in escaping after a few days. The other was detained by a man named Taching, who refused to give him up; and the Political Jemadar who went up to secure his release was obliged to return without him. Owing to the lateness of the season, nothing could be done till the cold weather of 1899-1900. In November 1899,

SECTION 2. *Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.*

the Political Jemadar was again sent up. A Miri *kataki* from Sadiya, named Ranua, accompanied him. The news of the latter's arrival evidently preceded him, for Takom, the headman of the village, met the party before they reached the Sidang and handed over the captive to them. It is reported that Taching, the ringleader in the raid on the Chauldhoa village, was much displeased at the surrender of the captive, and threatened to raid the village again, and also the tea garden of Dirpai on the Subansiri. His threats, however, were considered to be mere empty bluster, and came to nothing. *Posa* amounting to Rs. 28-5-9 due to the Sidang Ghasis for the current year was withheld.

ABORS.

Doba Abors.

49. The number of Doba Abors who came in to receive *posa* was less than in previous years. One Tatum Gam, of Dumjan Abor village in the plains, on being asked why all the Abors did not come in to receive their *posa*, said that they had all flocked to a hill to tap rubber, where previously the residents had not permitted tapping. In November 1899 information was received from the Havildar in charge of the Kathalguri Military Police outpost that three Abors, of the Dumjan Abor village in the plains, had been slightly wounded in a scuffle which took place between the hill and the plains Abors. On enquiry it was found that a widow of the village had been assaulted by her cousin who lived with her. In the meantime some of her relatives living in the hills came to visit her, and on her reporting the conduct of her cousin towards her, they assaulted him. No action was taken as the case was a trifling one. During the year some Doba Abors, of Dijmur, complained that certain Miri contractors had, in defiance of orders, felled *simul* trees for the saw-mills across the Inner Line. On enquiry it was found that the contractors in question had been felling trees indiscriminately in the neighbourhood of Abor villages and other localities where felling was prohibited. Three of the contractors were fined Rs. 25 each.

Passi Meyongs.

50. Large numbers of this tribe visited Dibrugarh, as usual, to make purchases in our bazars, Dibrugarh being more easily reached than Sadiya by this tribe. The Passi Meyong settlers at the head of the Lali paid their poll-tax for 1899-1900, and those who settled on the Poba river returned to the hills. The people of this tribe behaved well.

Bor Abors or Padams.

51. The Bor Abors were under blockade throughout the year, but a few men from Siluk, Dambuk, and Padu slipped into Sadiya during March 1900, and got away again before Mr. Needham had heard of their visit. A deputation of *gams* from Siluk and Dambuk came into Bomjur in December 1899 to see Mr. Needham, and brought in presents of pigs and fowls for the expeditionary force against the Mishmis. They expressed a wish that the Mishmis might be punished as they deserved.

Mr. Needham reports of the Padams:

I do not think the Padams will ask to try conclusions with us again in a hurry, for Damroh has, I am informed, given strict orders to all the villages on this side of the gorge to keep on friendly terms with us. We got within sight of Damroh during the Abor expedition, and the Padams residing there know very well that, if we ever enter their hills again, we shall destroy it, so they are anxious that their relatives residing on this side of the gorge should keep friendly with us. This is, I think, proof positive that the Abor expedition was a success. It is alleged that the Abors are at last about to bring in one out of the two rifles they still have in their possession.

MISHMIS.

Chulikattas and Bebejiyas.

52. In May 1899, a party of Bebejiyas attacked a small Khamti hamlet called Mitaigaon, which lies two or three miles north of Sengsap, killing two adults, wounding two others (one of whom subsequently died), and carrying off three children and three guns. A punitive expedition was sanctioned, and started in December last, enrteing the Mishmi country by one route and returning by the other, which goes through the Chulikatta country. The captives and one gun were recovered, but none of the actual perpetrators of the outrage was captured. The offending tribe had a severe lesson; a large tract of hitherto unexplored country was mapped in; and the Assistant Political Officer gained a knowledge of both Bebejiyas and Chulikattas that must prove of great use both to him and to his successors. A full report on the expedition was submitted to the Government of India. It is reported that, owing to the Mitaigaon outrage and the expedition which followed it, no Chulikattas came into Sadiya during the first part of the year. After the return of the expedition, however,

Mr. Needham invited the whole tribe to come in. As a result of the expedition, Mr. Needham recorded his opinion that the Chulikattas are, as a whole, a well-behaved tribe and anxious to continue on friendly terms with us, and that the Bebejiyas are not as black really as they have hitherto been painted.

Digarus.

53. The Digarus have been well behaved during the year. Some of them again cleared the Bomjur road. Mr. Needham succeeded in getting 80 men as porters for the Mishmi expedition, and they carried supplies from Sadiya to Grambon's village. Mr. Needham reports that he could have got many more, but Colonel Molesworth, who commanded the expedition, was averse to using them beyond Grambon's village. A sepoy accidentally shot a man (a relation of the petty chief Ageson) at Grambon's village, and the relations of the deceased claimed Rs. 1,000 as compensation. Mr. Needham refused to entertain their claim, saying that they could claim nothing. Sixteen Digarus were tried on a charge of tapping rubber in a reserved forest without passes. Thirteen of them were fined Rs. 10 each.

KHAMTIS AND SINGPHOS.

Khamtis.

54. The Khamtis were well behaved throughout the year. A Khamti, called Chaunginam Gohain, of Bhogamur, complained to Mr. Needham that another Khamti, called Ongtha, of the same village, was a *daini*, a man or woman supposed to be in league with evil spirits and able to cause all sorts of evil to any one incurring his or her displeasure. He requested Mr. Needham to have the man removed from the village. Mr. Needham did not attach much weight to Chaunginam Gohain's reasons for suspecting Ongtha of being a *daini*.

Singphos.

55. The behaviour of our Singpho neighbours was good. Ningrusamon died in September 1899, and his son was appointed as Political Jemadar in his place, but he has not the influence that his old father possessed.

In October 1899, a plains Mishmi, called La, of Dirak, complained to Mr. Needham that while his cousin, named Lasam, of Sooka village, was removing with his wife and property to Dirak, a petty Singpho chief, named Wakhret La, whose village lies about half a day's journey above Ningrusamon, having heard of this, had them all waylaid, seized, and carried off to his village, and also wounded Gamkhron, a man who was helping Lasam to remove his goods. The Assistant Political Officer, Sadiya, had the case enquired into by Chowsa Khamti Gohain, and directed Wakhret La to release the captives and return their property, which was done.

The case of the murder of the mauzadar of Buri Dihing, which was mentioned in last year's report, did not progress appreciably. Jauhing Gam was detained in Dibrugarh for six weeks, in the hope that his relatives and adherents would thereby be impelled to bring in Sikan Nangang, the suspected murderer. Jauhing was released under the orders of the Chief Commissioner, and was warned that, unless he produced the murderer, he would be made to feel the displeasure of Government. The Deputy Commissioner visited his village in January and repeated the warning.

NAGAS ON THE LAKHIMPUR AND SIBSAGAR FRONTIERS.

Nagas on the Lakhimpur frontier.

56. During the year a coolie of the Makum garden was kidnapped by Nagas of the Yogli village. He managed, however, to effect his escape, and returned to the garden. In January 1899 the Deputy Commissioner went up to the Yogli village with the District Superintendent of Police and 14 sepoys of the Lakhimpur Military Police. On reaching Yogli he assembled the villagers, and as the kidnapping was admitted, he asked the chiefs of other villages who were present to assess the penalty that should be imposed on the offending village. After some discussion a fine of Rs. 50 was suggested, and he accepted this finding and realised the fine then and there. Subsequently, with the Chief Commissioner's sanction, a sum of Rs. 20 was given as compensation to the coolie who had been carried off. In the course of the Deputy Commissioner's tour, Malo, the so-called Raja of Tikak, informed him that the people of Yogli had sold two coolies to the Rangpang Nagas. This the people of Yogli partially admitted, so the Deputy Commissioner gave them a month in which to get back the captives, and threatened to burn the village if they failed. Within the time allowed one man was sent in and proved to be also a coolie of the Makum garden, who said he had been kidnapped by Nagas. No corroboration of his story could be obtained, and all enquiries have failed to elicit any information regarding two railway coolies said to be held in

SECTION 2. *Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.*

captivity by the Rangpang Nagas. The Deputy Commissioner came to the conclusion that the Yogli people had recently sold only one coolie, the man who was returned by the Rangpangs, and not two, as Malo originally stated.

The enquiry into the alleged wounding of two Borduaria Nagas by Namsangias, mentioned in last year's report, was completed. The case was as follows:—In February 1898 two Borduaria Nagas returned from the plains to the hills by the usual path and stayed for the night in a hut beyond the Inner Line. This hut is said to have been built by the Borduaria Nagas by the side of the path for the convenience of travellers to and from the plains. During the night certain Namsangias entered the hut and wounded the two occupants with *daos*. One man died from the effect of his wounds shortly after his arrival at his village, while the other recovered. The Borduaria Raja in his complaint said that the raid was instigated by a son and a cousin of the Namsangia Raja, and pointed out that such acts would prevent his people coming down to the plains. And, in fact, the number of Borduarias that came down this year to work in the plains has been much less than usual. After considerable delay both the Namsangia and the Borduaria Rajas came in. The complaint was not established, so no action could be taken on it, but the Deputy Commissioner took the opportunity of warning both Rajas that any outrages committed in our territory or on the path leading down to it from the hills would lead to prompt punishment. They were both made to sign an agreement to abstain from such acts in future.

No cases of theft of articles of the Railway Company from Ledo or Tikak were reported during the year. Only one visit of courtesy was paid from the Changnoi Chang.

57. During the last rains several thefts by Nagas occurred, but they were all of a petty nature. The culprits were caught in several cases and punished.

Nagas on the Sibsagar frontier.

Two Kolaboria Nagas in Jorhat lodged a complaint against the chaukidar of the Titabor inspection bungalow that they had been assaulted by him. The accused was punished with a small fine.

The general conduct of the Nagas was satisfactory, and their occasional thefts are of no political importance. Their relations with managers bordering on the Inner Line were friendly, and large numbers came to the plains to seek work and to trade.

NAGA HILLS DISTRICT.

58. As in previous years, political relations were maintained with:

(*a*) The trans-Dikhu tribes.
(*b*) The Semas.
(*c*) The Eastern Angamis.
(*d*) The Manipur State.

59. Our relations with these tribes were friendly throughout the year. During the months of February and March the Deputy Commissioner of the Naga Hills made a lengthened tour amongst these tribes, and was well received everywhere. He crossed the Dikhu on the 15th February, and re-crossed it again below Kansing on the 1st March. He was accompanied by Mr. Noël Williamson, Subdivisional Officer of Mokokchang, and Captain Shakespear, Commandant of the Naga Hills Military Police, was in command of the escort of 100 rifles. He went into the Yagnu Valley and visited the big village of Mozangjami, and after that he visited most of the important villages situated between the valleys of the Yagnu and the Dikhu. Everywhere the Deputy Commissioner and his party were received very well, but raiding and head-taking still prevail on all sides. The biggest raid which was reported was a raid by Yajim on the village of Kamahu. Yajim took sixty heads, mostly women and children. Nearly all the villages are very strongly defended, and on account of the hourly dread of attack, very little cultivation can be done, except in the immediate vicinity of the villages. Many of the smaller villages asked to be taken under British protection, saying that they would willingly pay revenue. Captain Woods made one tour previously amongst these tribes in 1893; since then he noticed that a certain number of the trans-Dikhu people had learnt a little of the Ao language, and one or two had even a smattering of Assamese; this is due to the fact that since his last visit the trans-Dikhu people come over more freely to trade in British territory, and also that probably a good many more British subjects cross the border to trade with them.

(*a*) The trans-Dikhu tribes.

Several petty thefts were committed by Nagas in the vicinity of Bihubor garden on the Sibsagar border, and the Chief Commissioner desired the Deputy Commissioner of the Naga Hills to visit the villages from which the thieves were believed to come, and explain to the people, and the headmen especially, that they could not pillage in British territory with impunity. The Deputy

Commissioner accordingly crossed the Dikhu below Tamlu on the 6th March, and visited the villages of Bor Tâblung Jâklung, Bargaon, Chintâk, Lakmâ, and Kongan. He was well received everywhere. Most of these villages had not been visited for years, and some had not been visited since Lieutenant Holcombe's murder in 1875. He also spent a couple of days in the plains, and marched through some of the frontier tea gardens at the foot of the hills.

60. During the year this tribe was very well behaved, with the exception of a raid committed by the Nâtâmi village. Nâtâmi raided and took the heads of three people of the village of Phuigatumi, in revenge for their having had three children cut up, as they supposed, by Phuigatumi men. On enquiry, the Deputy Commissioner found that one Yemthi, a man of Lechomi, a Sema village situated outside the control boundary, had killed the three children of Nâtâmi in revenge for his father and mother having been killed by Nâtâmi men some time previously. Yemthi was tried and sentenced to seven years' penal servitude: the sentence seems a light one, but taking into consideration that the man belonged to a village outside British territory, where head-taking is freely indulged in, and that he was according to custom bound to revenge the death of his parents, the Deputy Commissioner considered it was sufficient to meet the justice of the case. The headmen of Nâtâmi gave the Deputy Commissioner the names of eight men who were concerned in the murdering of the Phuigatumi people. He ordered them to give up these eight men, failing which their village would be broken up, and they would not be allowed to remain in British territory. As the Nâtâmi headmen failed to give up the men, their village was destroyed. In February, the Deputy Commissioner made a tour amongst the Sema tribes in the Tizu and Tita Valleys. He was well received everywhere amongst the Semas. At the head of the Tita Valley he got into unknown country, and met with opposition from a village called Yachumi. He had to punish Yachumi, but the punishment had an excellent effect. Subsequently, the Yachumi chiefs went into Mokokchang to see the Subdivisional Officer. They said they were very sorry for having opposed the Deputy Commissioner, and they promised a cordial reception when their village was next visited. The tour, with the exception of the Yachumi affair, was a very interesting one ; the country at the head of the Tita Valley is quite unknown and unsurveyed. The people seem to be well off ; and in appearance and dress resemble some of the trans-Dikhu tribes, but their language seems to be different. The villages are large and fairly numerous; little if any rice is grown, the people living on job's-tears and millets. Most of the villages are situated at a very high elevation, and are strongly fortified.

(*b*) The Semas.

61. This tribe was, as usual, very well behaved during the year. With the exception that they do not pay revenue, they are just as much under control as any revenue-paying village. The Deputy Commissioner was unable to tour amongst them, but he hopes to visit them next cold weather, as he intends to open up their country by cutting a good bridle-path through it. He anticipates no difficulty about labour ; and as they do not pay revenue, the path will be cut free of cost. The only expense will be the cost of a few tools. During the year the bridle-path, which runs through part of the Eastern Angami and the Sema political control, was kept in good repair. The bridge over the Keleki was finished and is now open.

(*c*) The Eastern Angamis.

The Deputy Commissioner reports that the whole political control area of the district is now in such an excellent state, that revenue could be taken immediately from the villages without costing Government an extra penny ; also now that he is well acquainted and on friendly terms with the independent tribes bordering on our frontier, the extension of the political control area would be an easy task if undertaken.

62. The following statement shows the number of gun licenses held for the year and the classes of persons by whom they were held :

Arms Act.

Angami.		Lhota.		Kacha-Naga.		Mikirs and plainsmen.		Ao Naga.		Sema.		Rengma.		Kuki.		Total.	
New.	Renewed.	New.	Renewed.	New.	Renewed.	New.	Renewed.	New.	Renewed.	New.	Renewed.	New.	Renewed.	New.	Renewed.	New.	Renewed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	426	...	22	...	63	4	93	5	9	...	17	...	29	...	59	9	718

SECTION 2. *Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.*

There were 727 licensed guns in the district at the close of 1899, as against 814 in the previous year. Nineteen licenses remained unrenewed at the end of the year, and a considerable number of guns, mostly belonging to the Kukis, were confiscated and destroyed. Nine new licenses were granted—4 to plainsmen and 5 to Ao Nagas. During the year 28 cases were instituted under the "Arms Act," as against 34 cases in the previous year. Each case ended in a conviction, and in most cases fines were inflicted, the fines being given as rewards to the informers.

Impressed labour.

63. The following statement shows the number of coolies impressed for one day for the different departments during the year :

Name of Department.	Kohima.	Wokha.	Mokokchang.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
Public Works Department	8,562	12,364	3,210	24,136
Military Police	2,618	1,647	3,430	7,695
Military	110	...	...	110
Telegraph, etc.	4	...	...	4
Civil Department	979	1,145	3,460	5,584
Total	12,273	15,156	10,100	37,529

In addition to the impressed labour detailed above, nearly 300 Naga coolies were recruited for the Bebejiya Mishmi expedition.

KHASI AND JAINTIA HILLS.

Khasias and Syntengs.

64. There was no change in the number of Seims, Sardars, Lyngdohs, or Dollois. No deaths were reported among the Seims. Among Sardars there were three deaths, and one resignation on account of old age and infirmity. U Harik was appointed Sardar of Nonglywai, *vice* U Dor Sing, deceased; U Binai was appointed Sardar of Tymar, *vice* U Shoh, deceased; U Shongkhana was appointed Sardar of Duara Nongtyrman, *vice* U Biha, deceased; and U Luk Sing was appointed Sardar of Nongthymai, *vice* U Jwan, resigned. U Ising and U Bon Rai, Sardars of Maolong, were dismissed in December 1899 for dishonesty and general unfitness. The Deputy Commissioner of the Khasi and Jaintia Hills made a personal enquiry into the complaints that the Sardars had been misappropriating public money, spending it on a civil suit at Sunamganj in which the villagers were not at all interested, and generally mismanaging their affairs. The charges were found to be quite correct, and the dishonest Sardars were removed from office. An election was held at Cherra after due notice, and U Shabin and U Sombad were respectively elected to succeed them. The old Wahadadars U Joydhan, U Wandop, U Shloin, and U Klorkha were re-elected at an election held in January 1900 at Shella.

In the Jaintia Hills the Dolloi of Raliang and the Sardar of Saipung died, and were succeeded respectively, by U Mon Dikhar and U Lala Sardar.

U Klur Sing, Seim of Khyrim, received the censure of the Chief Commissioner for his conduct in failing to assist the police in investigating a murder case in his territory. U Mana Sing, the Seim's agent, who was primarily responsible, was dismissed by the Seim.

The Seims and Sardars were called on to assist in recruiting coolies for the Mishmi expedition, and, on the whole, responded well to the call, especially the Seims of Cherra and Nongstoin.

Arms Act.

65. There were 467 gun licenses in force in the district on the 1st January 1899, of which 4 were transferred to other districts, with the removal of the owners. The owners of 12 guns could not be traced. The remaining 451 licenses were duly renewed. Sixteen gun licenses were received by transfer from other districts, and 12 new licenses were granted during 1899. Thus, there were 479 licenses in force on the 31st December 1899.

During the year, 225¾lbs. of gunpowder were sold by the licensed vendors; and 9 maunds 33 seers of blasting powder, 2 seers of gunpowder, and 4,370lbs. of dynamite, as compared with 21 maunds 25 seers, 1 maund 15 seers, and 2,150lbs., respectively, in 1898, were imported by lessees and permit-holders of limestone quarries.

GARO HILLS.

The Garos.

66. There was nothing of importance to be noticed in connection with the Garos, who behaved well during the year.

Arms Act.

67. The number of gun licenses issued was 677 in 1899, against 668 in the preceding year. Of this number, 106 were Government guns, held mostly by Garo Laskars and Sardars for self-protection when travelling through the jungles on public duty. Two guns, 631½lbs. of gunpowder, and 500 cartridges were sold in the year, while 3 guns and 456½lbs. of gunpowder were sold in the previous year.

LUSHAI HILLS.

Staff.

68. The staff was increased by the appointment of a third Assistant. Mr. A. E. O'Sullivan, Bengal Police, was selected for the post, and arrived in Lungleh on the 24th December 1899. The increase of the local allowance of Assistant Superintendents from Rs. 75 to Rs. 100 per mensem was sanctioned by the Secretary of State.

Major J. Shakespear, C.I.E., D.S.O., was in charge of the district from 1st April to 14th April 1899, and from 16th to 31st March 1900, and Captain Cole, I.S.C., from 15th April 1899 to 15th March 1900.

Disarmament.

69. The behaviour of the Lushais was good; the only event of political importance during the year was the disarmament of the tribes, which was carried out under the orders of the Government of India. It had been reported that the tribes in the Chin Hills had secretly re-armed themselves by purchase of guns from the Lushais and Manipuris, hence the necessity for disarming. The villages along the eastern or Chin border, and a few villages lying on the Manipur border, were visited by small columns of Military Police. Chaprasis were sent to persons known to possess guns, and some of these were confined. The above measures resulted in a total of 572 guns being withdrawn during the year. No interference was made with licensed guns, but the conditions for renewal were more strictly enforced. There are altogether 812 licensed guns in the hands of Lushais in the district, considerably less than the number which might be licensed under the limit of one gun to 15 houses and 25 to a village.

Labour.

70. Owing to heavy calls for the public works entailed by the construction of the Aijal waterworks, which employed 15,000 coolies for one day, of the Lungleh-Aijal road, the Lungleh-Haka road, the Aijal-Falam road, the Survey Party, and the extra transport required by the disarmament operations, the demands for labour were considerable.

One or two chiefs were induced to take up contracts for road widening, and Chuakhanuna, the son of our old enemy Lienpunga, did his ten miles of widening of the Lungleh road in a satisfactory manner. Stated as day counts, the numbers of impressed coolies employed were approximately as follows:

Aijal—			
For Military Police	12,912	coolies for one day.	
„ Survey Party	2,153	do.	do.
„ Public Works	15,014	do.	do.
„ Superintendent, on other miscellaneous works ...	36,399	do.	do.
As punishment for various offences	1,500	do.	do.
Total	67,978	do.	do.
Lungleh—			
For Military Police	2,204	coolies for one day.	
„ Survey Party	748	do.	do.
„ Public Works	35,121	do.	do.
Total for Lungleh subdivision ...	38,073	do.	do.

SECTION 2. *Relations with Tributary States and frontier affairs.*

The corresponding totals for the year 1898-99 were in Aijal subdivision 44,290, and in Lungleh subdivision 59,044.

House-tax.

71. Owing to the disarmament operations it was not possible to count all the villages. Those that could not be counted were assessed at last year's rates. Of 93 villages assessed, 34 were counted and 59 assessed at last year's rates, the total assessment being Rs. 19,634, of which Rs. 17,327 was realised up to the close of the year.

Delimitation of Manipur boundary.

72. Captain Cole met Colonel Maxwell at Tipaimukh, on the 19th January 1900, to fix the boundary between Manipur and the Lushai Hills, and they proceeded together along the border from that place to the Lungleng Hill, where the last pillar of the Chin and Manipur boundary stands. The line chosen was almost entirely along stream beds, and only one pillar was found necessary. The line is practically identical with that settled by Mr. Porteous and Major Shakespear. Three villages, containing 641 houses, were included in the Lushai Hills, which were formerly nominally in Manipur territory.

Public works.

73. This was the first year in which the public works were under the Superintendent, Lushai Hills. Babu Surendra Nath Gupta, Assistant Engineer, was appointed District Engineer and joined on 15th April 1899. The system worked well, and the amount of work completed during the year shows that the change of system has been beneficial.

The expenditure exceeded the budget estimate, but this was due to the desire to complete the water-works before June, to admit of this year's rainfall being caught.

The chief works were—

Name of work.	Expenditure. Rs.	Work done.
1. Water-works	56,990	Excavation, soil stripping, and stone masonry in tank completed. All English stores have arrived.
2. Combined post and telegraph office at Aijal ...	3,261	Stone masonry up to the eaves completed.
3. Superintendent's house and the circuit-house at Aijal	10,209	Completed.
4. Civil Surgeon's bungalow at Aijal	2,666	Masonry built up to the eaves.
5. Aijal-Lungleh road, 1st section	12,866	46 miles opened out, average 5 feet wide.
6. Lungleh-Tenzol road	7,582	The whole of the road from Tenzol to Sikum junction and from Klong to Lungleh has been opened out 5 feet wide.
7. Aijal-Sairang cart-road	9,643	A bridge on 9th mile, 36-feet span on steel posts, 18 feet deep and 8 feet wide, completed. Revetment wall done on 4th and 11th miles.
8. Aijal-Falam road	18,561	10$\frac{3}{4}$ miles opened out to 3 feet.

Police.

74. Major Loch, C.I.E., held command of the Military Police throughout the year: the conduct of the force was excellent, though considerable extra work was imposed on the men by the disarmament operations. The Armed Civil Police took over permanently from the Military Police the outposts at Kolosib, Sairang, and Tenzol, and thus in two years it was found possible to replace 85 sepoys of the Military Police by 25 sepoys of the Civil Police.

Trade.

75. The Superintendent estimated that the value of the trade during the twelve months in the Aijal and Sairang bazars roughly approximated to Rs. 1,15,758, compared with Rs. 1,21,900 in 1898-99. In the Lungleh bazar articles worth Rs. 11,600 were sold and in Demagri articles worth Rs. 29,000.

Transport and supplies.

76. The permanent coolie corps at Aijal, which consists of Sonthals, remained at its usual strength, and 50 Sonthals were enlisted for Lungleh. The corps was employed chiefly on transport work, and occasionally on public works. Owing to the large receipts of rice from the Lushais as payments for house-tax and to the development of private enterprise, it was found possible to break down the monopoly of the contractors, and all Government godowns except those in Lungleh and Kolosib were closed during the year. In all other places, the rations required were obtained direct from the shop-keepers, and in future it will be necessary to contract only for Military Police rations and for supplies for the Superintendent's staff in Lungleh.

77. There were three Government schools in the district—at Aijal, Lungleh, and Demagri. The Welsh Mission also maintained a school at Aijal, at which girls attended for the first time. In the Aijal Government school 72 Lushai scholars were entered on the rolls, and made an average of 44 attendances each. Twenty-five non-Lushai scholars made an average of 154 attendances. In the Mission school, during the first quarter of the year 1900, there was a daily average attendance of 20·4. In Lungleh there were 20 Lushais on the school roll, with an average daily attendance of 8. In Demagri there was an average daily attendance of 6 Lushai and 7 other boys. The teaching at present in all the schools is elementary; reading, writing in Lushai, and simple arithmetic, but a few are learning Hindustani and English.

Education.

78. In both subdivisions the civil cases were of a petty nature; 73 cases in all were filed, 55 were disposed of, and 18 were pending at the close of the year. The corresponding figures for 1898-99 were 85, 58, and 21.

Civil and Criminal Justice. Civil.

79. In paragraph 82 of last year's report reference was made to the numerous land cases which occasioned much trouble, and to the measures taken by the Superintendent to remove causes for dispute. A rough settlement was made, some of the chiefs being given certain areas with well-defined boundaries. The result of the settlement was satisfactory, as only twelve cases were filed during the twelve months, all in the Aijal subdivision, and applications were received from several chiefs to have their boundaries defined.

Land cases.

80. Only two serious crimes were brought to notice, both in the Lungleh subdivision. In one a Gurkhali woman was murdered and her paramour badly wounded; in the other case a Lushai killed his brother in a drunken brawl. In the Aijal subdivision, 35 cognisable and 27 non-cognisable cases were instituted. In the former 42 persons were accused and 28 were convicted. In the latter 27 persons were accused and 23 were convicted. In the Lungleh subdivision 15 cases were instituted. Fourteen were disposed of and one was pending owing to the non-receipt of reply to a communication from the Superintendent, Chin Hills. Of these cases, 6 were of a very petty nature, such as petty theft, assault, etc. Six cases resulted in conviction, one was forwarded to the Assistant Superintendent, Haka, and 8 were struck off for want of evidence.

Criminal cases.

81. The Superintendent reported that Mr. R. A. Boermel, Military Assistant Surgeon and Civil Medical Officer, showed great interest in his work. The number of Lushai patients treated in the five dispensaries and five hospitals in the district increased considerably. Two thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight Lushais were treated in Aijal, being nearly a thousand more than last year and three times as many as in the preceding year. In all, 5,497 Lushais were treated in the several dispensaries and hospitals, of whom, however, only 152 were in-door patients. Three Lushais were employed as Vaccinators, and performed 754 vaccinations. The Hospital Assistants also did 563 vaccinations.

Medical.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of the Land.

SECTION 1.

SURVEYS.

SECTION 1. *Surveys.*

Surveys by professional agency.

82. The Professional Survey Party No. 6, which had been employed in the province since November 1883, was, under the orders of the Government of India, disbanded on the 1st November 1899, and from that date a new system of provincial survey has been introduced. All traverse and topographical work is now carried out by a small party working under local control, the necessary professional supervision being supplied by two officers of the survey department. Cadastral surveys are carried out by local agency on the basis generally of a theodolite traverse.

The survey operations undertaken by the professional survey party during the year consisted of—

SURMA VALLEY.

(1) Traverse survey of *ilam* and other temporarily-settled estates and unsettled lands (including portions of the Longai-Singla reserve forest thrown open for cultivation) in Sylhet, with a view to their cadastral survey by local agency.

(2) Traverse and skeleton boundary survey of certain tea grants in Sylhet.

BRAHMAPUTRA VALLEY.

(3) Traverse and topographical survey of certain riverain areas omitted from cadastral survey.

(4) Traverse survey of certain areas, with a view to their cadastral survey by local agency.

Details of the areas completed by the party during the year under each head are given below:

SURMA VALLEY—SYLHET DISTRICT.

	Sq. miles.
Traverse survey of *ilam* and other temporarily-settled estates, etc., with a view to cadastral survey	11·18
Traverse survey of the disforested portion of the Longai-Singla Reserve with a view to cadastral survey	51·50
Traverse and boundary survey of tea grants	2·26
Total	64·94

BRAHMAPUTRA VALLEY.

Traverse and topographical survey of areas omitted from cadastral survey, Lakhimpur ...	371·40
Traverse with a view to cadastral survey :	
Goalpara	48·10
Lakhimpur	31·35
Total	79·45
Total area traversed	515·79

Traverse survey by local agency.

83. In Sylhet a plane-table traverse of certain detached blocks of *ilam* and other temporarily-settled land, too small for a professional traverse, was carried out by local agency.

Cadastral survey by local agency.

84. A cadastral survey was carried out during the year by local agency in (1) the district of Goalpara on the basis of traverse plots furnished by the Provincial Survey Party, in (2) Darrang on the basis of plots furnished by Survey Party No. 6, and in (3) Sylhet partly on the basis of plots furnished by the Survey Detachment and partly of those prepared by local agency.

(1) In Goalpara an area of 49·91 square miles was surveyed cadastrally, the survey resulting in an increase in cultivated area of 3,500 *bighas* and in annual revenue of Rs. 2,149, while the cost amounted to Rs. 848 only.

(2) An area of 2·57 square miles in the Mangaldai subdivision, which had been traversed by the professional party in 1897-98, was surveyed cadastrally during the year. The survey resulted in an increase in cultivated area of ·11 *bighas*, but the annual revenue demand fell off by Rs. 15, owing to a decrease in the *basti* area.

(3) The cadastral survey of an area of 23·20 square miles of temporarily-settled estates and unsettled lands was carried out in Sylhet. This area, with the 243·84 square miles surveyed up to the close of the season 1898-99, brings the total area surveyed by local agency in the district to 267·04 square miles. Besides this, an "old rule grant," with the area of 2·75 square miles, was surveyed cadastrally with a view to ascertaining whether the clearance conditions had been fulfilled.

SECTION 2.

SETTLEMENTS.

Scope of the section.

85. In this section all settlements are dealt with, except settlements of waste land grants for special cultivation, which are discussed in section 3 of this Chapter, and ordinary settlements of waste land, which consist simply of the application of fixed rates to lands newly taken up for cultivation, and which are dealt with in section 1—Land Revenue, Chapter V of this Report.

Cachar settlement.

86. The rates sanctioned by the Government of India for the reassessment of the Cachar district were published in August 1899, and it was decided that the new settlement should take effect from the 1st April 1900, and should be concluded for a term of fifteen years. The new *pattas* have been distributed since the close of the year.

Resettlement of *ilam* and other temporarily-settled estates in Sylhet.

87. The *ilam* and other temporarily-settled estates in Sylhet surveyed during seasons 1896-97 and 1897-98 were classified during the year according to the rules sanctioned by the Government of India, and the Settlement Officer has, since the close of the year, submitted his report containing proposals as to the rates to be assessed in the resettlement of the area. The rates, as provisionally approved by the Chief Commissioner, have been published.

Settlement of town lands.

88. As stated in paragraph 89 of the previous year's report, the settlement of the Tezpur town was confirmed by the Chief Commissioner during the year under review. The resettlement of the Dhubri town lands was also confirmed for a period of 30 years commencing from the 1st April 1899. Since the close of the year the Settlement Officer has submitted his Note on the resettlement of the Silchar town, and the rates proposed by him have been approved by the Chief Commissioner with certain modifications.

SECTION 3.

WASTE LANDS.

Scope of the section.

89. This section deals only with waste lands taken up for special cultivation, either under the Settlement Rules now in force under the Assam Land and Revenue Regulation, or under rules previously in force for the settlement of such land.

SECTION 3. *Waste Lands.*

Applications under Section I of the Settlement Rules.

90. The number of applications under Section I of the Settlement Rules* was 133, against 229 in the preceding year. The statement below compares the progress made in the disposal of these applications during the past two years :

	1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Number.	Area, in acres.	Number.	Area, in acres.
1	2	3	4	5
Rejected, withdrawn, and struck off	47	11,852	32	15,119
Settled during the year	69	27,138	27*	7,725*
Pending at the close of the year	113	37,400	74	23,286
Total	229	76,390	133	46,130

* This is exclusive of one lease covering 115 acres granted in lieu of a decennial lease at Golaghat cancelled.

Total number of settlements under Section I of the Settlement Rules.

91. The following table gives particulars of the waste land grants settled under Section I of the Settlement Rules (thirty-year leases) during the past two years. It also shows the total number and area of grants in each district settled under these rules, as they stood at the close of the year under report :

District.	1898-99.		1899-1900.		Altogether to the end of 1899-1900, excluding leases resumed and cancelled.	
	Number.	Area, in acres.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Number.	Area, in acres.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cachar	7	2,716	...	...	8	2,785
Sylhet	1	780	4	1,998	132*	85,913
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	2	1,928
Kamrup	1	467	...	...	21	5,661
Darrang	20	9,516	10	1,529	234	71,900
Nowgong	...	...	1	524	79	30,561
Sibsagar	20	6,202	5†	1,165†	251	73,496
Lakhimpur	25	9,319	8	2,624	168	64,414
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	...	...	...	...	3	1,176
Total	74	29,000	28	7,840	898	337,834

* This excludes one grant amalgamated with other grants during the year.

† This includes one lease covering 115 acres, granted in lieu of a decennial lease at Golaghat cancelled.

Auction price realised by the sale of leases.

92. As in the previous year, there was no competition at the auction sales of waste lands during the year under report, and the lands were sold at the upset price of Re. 1 per acre.

* That is, applications for land at favourable rates, *viz.*, a thirty-year lease, a rent-free term, and progressive rates, a premium being paid in the first instance.

MAP ILLUSTRATING THE PERMANENTLY-SETTLED AND THE CADASTRALLY-SURVEYED AREAS OF THE PROVINCE.

Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 00.—11,950.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India, March 1900.

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

Resignations and resumptions.

93. In Sylhet, one modified *ilam* rule grant, as well as a part of another grant, comprising in all an area of 2,086 acres, with a revenue demand of Rs. 2,086 was relinquished. Five New Lease Rule grants, one in Kamrup and four in Nowgong, covering an aggregate area of 742 acres, with a revenue demand of Rs. 559, were either resigned or had their settlements annulled during the year.

Leases brought under assessment.

94. The total number of leases settled under Section I of the Settlement Rules was 898, all of which have come under assessment on the expiry of the revenue-free term, as detailed below :

District.	Number of leases.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4
			Rs.
Cachar	8	2,785	579
Sylhet	132	85,633	61,259
Goalpara	2	360	180
Kamrup	21	3,369	2,902
Darrang	234	56,828	34,138
Nowgong	79	29,854	28,193
Sibsagar	251	62,916	47,035
Lakhimpur	168	51,345	34,582
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	3	1,176	1,156
Total	898	294,266	2,10,024

The revenue demand of these estates for the year shows an increase of Rs. 24,891 over that of the preceding year.

Price of timber.

95. The total demand on account of the price of timber on waste land grants under the Settlement Rules, including arrears, amounted to Rs. 63,163, of which Rs. 36,861 were realised and Rs. 5,820 remitted, leaving an outstanding balance of Rs. 20,482 at the close of the year; the corresponding figures for the previous year were Rs. 60,855, Rs. 26,904, Rs. 682, and Rs. 23,269, respectively.

Settlement of waste lands for tea cultivation under Section III of the Settlement Rules.

96. In Cachar, three applications were received during the year for land for tea cultivation under Section III of the Settlement Rules, which, with the 13 applications pending at the beginning of the year, made 16 applications for disposal. Of these, 13 were disposed of, covering an area of 271 acres, with a maximum revenue demand of Rs. 306.

Waste land taken up in Sylhet under Section III of the Settlement Rules.

97. In Sylhet, no new application was filed during the year for settlement under Section III of the Settlement Rules for land required for special cultivation. Of the 28 cases pending from the previous year, settlements were made in two cases, and 8 cases were struck off or withdrawn, leaving 18 cases undisposed of at the close of the year. Out of these, one case awaits the decision of a boundary dispute with Hill Tipperah, in four the leases are ready for issue, and in one the area applied for, which exceeds 600 acres, is being divided into separate blocks.

SECTION 3.

Waste Lands.

Waste land taken up in the Brahmaputra Valley under Section II of the Settlement Rules.

98. The following statement relates to land taken up in the Brahmaputra Valley districts under Section II of the Settlement Rules for special cultivation :

District.	1898-99.						1899-1900.						Existing at the end of 1899-1900.			
	Number of leases applied for.		Number of leases granted.				Number of leases applied for.		Number of leases granted.				Total number of leases.			
	Periodic.	Annual.	Periodic.	Annual.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Periodic.	Annual.	Periodic.	Annual.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Periodic.	Annual.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
						Rs.						Rs.				Rs.
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	192	319
Kamrup	2	...	2	...	3	6*	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	...	1,501	2,555
Darrang	4	...	8	1	67	132	1	...	6	6	162	360	171	18	11,394	23,672
Nowgong	1	17	1	17	32	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	61	46	3,582	6,748
Sibsagar	24	3	45	9	1,271	2,771	15	...	55	20	602	1,368	785	237	60,276	1,36,320
Lakhimpur	16	...	118	9	2,982	6,786	18	...	13	10	896	2,007	518	80	26,072	59,120
Total	47	20	174	36	4,355	9,752	34	...	74	36	1,660	3,735	1,572	381	103,017	2,28,734

* Revised figure.

There was an increase of 1,660 acres in the area and of Rs. 3,735 in the revenue demand of this class of estates.

Grants under the Rules of 1838.

99. The following statement shows the number, area, and revenue of grants under the Rules of 1838 :

District.	1898-99.			1899-1900.		
	Number.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Rs.			Rs.
Kamrup	2	31	67	2	31	67
Sibsagar	16	5,195	8,847	16	5,194	8,845
Total	18	5,226	8,914	18	5,225	8,912

In Sibsagar, there was a decrease in area of one acre bearing a revenue of Rs. 2 only.

Grants under the Rules of 1854.

100. The statement below gives the details of the grants held under the Rules of 1854 :

District.	Number of grants.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4
			Rs.
Cachar	23	25,926	7,291
Sylhet	3	3,029	852
Kamrup	3	920	259
Darrang	1	293	82
Nowgong	2	469	132
Sibsagar	2	726	204
Total	34	31,363	8,820

The area and revenue of these grants remained the same as in 1898-99.

Commutation of Old Rule grants to fee-simple.

101. The following table shows the Old Rule grants commuted to fee-simple and the amount of purchase-money realised and remaining to be realised on account of such grants in each district:

District.	Number of grants.	Area, in acres.	Government revenue at the time of commutation.	Price of commutation paid, including part-payments for grants sold for arrears.	Price remaining to be paid.
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.	Rs.	
Cachar	67	136,207	6,660	4,66,681	...
Sylhet	1	2,340	...	7,924	...
Kamrup	20	12,527	80	43,430	...
Darrang	15	6,758	347	27,500	...
Nowgong	13	6,120	294	24,263	...
Sibsagar	111	93,767	2,467	3,41,568	...
Lakhimpur	41	30,230	1,229	1,23,610	...
Total	268	287,949	11,077	10,34,976	...

Fee-simple grants.

102. The statement below gives the particulars of fee-simple grants and the amount of purchase-money realised on account of such grants in each district:

District.	Number of grants sold.	Area, in acres.	Price realised		Price remaining to be realised.
			Up to the close of 1898-99.	In 1899-1900.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.		
Cachar	23	9,587	60,150	...	...
Kamrup	17	4,456	19,712	...	...
Darrang	78*	43,445	1,53,024	...	...
Nowgong	42	15,229	74,215	...	...
Sibsagar	51	30,877	3,27,292	...	...
Lakhimpur	102	87,107	3,65,033	...	...
Total	313	1,90,701	9,99,426	...	...

* One *lakhiraj* grant included and 8 grants held for ordinary cultivation excluded.

The area of these grants decreased from 192,459 to 190,701 acres. The decrease is nominal, and is due to correction of the recorded area, chiefly in the Mangaldai subdivision. The explanation of the Deputy Commissioner of Darrang is that the revised areas of these grants, according to the results of cadastral survey, have been shown for the first time against Mangaldai, and hence there is an apparent decrease.

SECTION 4.

Government estates.

Waste land taken up for tea-planting during the past five years and altogether up to the end of 1899-1900.

103. The following statement gives particulars of all waste land grants taken up in the province under different tenures for the cultivation of tea during the past five years and of those existing at the end of the year under report :

Class of tenure.	Number and area of grants taken up in										Total on 1st April 1900.	
	1895-96.		1896-97.		1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.			
	Number.	Area, in acres.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Number.	Area, in acres.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
I.—Thirty-year Lease Rules ...	25	18,529	37	8,421	76	24,240	74	29,000	28	7,840	898	337,834
II.—Leases under the ordinary Settlement Rules of Assam Proper.	182	5,209	251	5,898	139	3,693	210	4,355	110	1,660	1,953	193,017
III.—Ordinary reclamation leases taken for tea-planting in Cachar and Sylhet.	7	781	3	189	9	1,193	13	764	5	271	606	115,138
IV.—Leases under the modified *Ilam* Rules, Sylhet.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	24,231
V.—Grants under Old Rules of 1838 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5,225
VI.— Ditto ditto of 1854 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	31,363
VII.—Grants redeemed	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	263	287,949
VIII.—Fee-simple grants	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	313	190,701
Total	214	24,519	291	14,508	244	29,126	297	34,119	143	9,771	4,150	1,095,458

SECTION 4.

GOVERNMENT ESTATES.

Government estates.

104. Under this section are included petty estates in the districts of Sylhet and Goalpara, which have not been regularly settled for a term of years, and the revenue of which is collected direct from the tenant. The demand, collections, remissions, and balances on their account for the year 1899-1900 were as follow :

District.	Number of estates.	Demand.			Collections.			Remissions.			Balances.		
		Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sylhet	166	817	130	947	724	123	847	...	...	...	93	7	100
Goalpara	1	18	...	18	18	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	167	835	130	965	742	123	865	...	...	...	93	7	100

The increase in the number of estates in Sylhet was due to the addition of certain estates purchased by Government for arrears of revenue. The reduction of assessment of certain *khas* estates on account of decrease of assets accounts for the decrease in the current demand.

SECTION 5.

WARDS' AND ATTACHED ESTATES.

SECTION 5. *Wards' and attached estates.*

105. The only estate under the management of the Revenue authorities during the year was the attached estate of Maulvi Muhammad Ahiya, of which mention was made in the previous year's report. A survey of the estate was undertaken during the year; it will be completed gradually as funds allow. An area of 4,349 acres comprised in nine villages was surveyed, and *chithas* and *jamabandis* are under preparation.

The current demand of the estate amounted to Rs. 25,959, against Rs. 27,621 in the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs. 1,662. The decrease is nominal. It has been ascertained on enquiry that Rs. 1,816 of the current demand and Rs. 10,062 on account of arrear demand had been entered in the accounts before the estate came under the management of the Revenue authorities, without any acceptance from the tenants. Some of them denied their liability, some are not to be found, and some had resigned their holdings before the assessment. The arrear demand on the 1st April 1899 was Rs. 36,759, to which a sum of Rs. 71 was added, making a total of Rs. 36,830. From this Rs. 10,107 (Rs. 10,062 representing the fictitious demand referred to and Rs. 45 representing reductions on account of acquisition of land by Government for public purposes) was deducted, bringing the corrected arrear demand to Rs. 26,723. The total collections amounted to Rs. 20,060 (current Rs. 9,570 and arrears Rs. 10,490), or 38·08 per cent. of the total demand (Rs. 52,682). Rupees 91, or ·16 per cent., were remitted, leaving an outstanding balance at the end of the year of Rs. 32,622. As in the preceding year, many of the *raiyats* objected to pay rent according to the *jamabandis*: some of them even denied the title of the zamindar, and to this is attributable in great measure the unsatisfactory progress made with the realisation of rents. In addition to the collections on account of rent, a sum of Rs. 2,547 was collected as miscellaneous receipts and on account of debts due to the estate recovered during the year. The debts owed by the estate outstanding on 1st April 1899 amounted to Rs. 64,685, to which Rs. 13,211 were added during the year, *viz.*, Rs. 2,631 as interest, Rs. 6,500 new debts, and Rs. 4,080 arrears of *patni* rents, making a total of Rs. 77,896. This total was reduced during the year by Rs. 25,232, or 32·39 per cent., of which Rs. 16,125 were paid by the estate and Rs. 9,107 were remitted by the creditors, leaving a balance of Rs. 52,664 to be liquidated. After defraying all expenses on account of management, maintenance of the proprietors, Government revenue, etc., a balance of Rs. 1,908 was left at credit of the estate at the close of the year.

CHAPTER III.

Protection.

SECTION 1.

LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY.

[BLANK.]

SECTION 2.

COURSE OF LEGISLATION.

SECTION 3. *Police.*

106. The following legislative enactments were extended to the province or to parts thereof in which they had not previously been in force :

Acts extended as notified to be in force.

The provisions of the Elephants Preservation Act, 1879 (VI of 1879), were extended to the whole of the Garo Hills district, with the exception of so much of the estate of the zamindars of Bijni as was transferred to that district from the Goalpara district and was the property of the said zamindars. (Notification No. 2424J., dated the 20th June 1899, published in the *Assam Gazette* of the 24th June 1899, Part II, page 431.)

By Notification No. 464J., dated the 3rd February 1900 (published at page 72, Part II, of the *Assam Gazette* of the 10th February 1900), the provisions of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890 (XI of 1890), were extended to the Silchar, Shillong, and Dibrugarh Cantonments, and the pounds in those cantonments were appointed to be infirmaries for the treatment and care of animals in respect of which offences against section 6 (1) have been committed.

The following Acts of the Governor General in Council came into force during the year 1899-1900 :

Act II of 1899 (The Indian Stamp Act, 1899).
„ VI of 1899 (Indian Contract Act Amendment Act, 1899).
„ IX of 1899 (The Arbitration Act, 1899).
„ X of 1899 (Carriers Act Amendment Act, 1899).
„ XVII of 1899 [Indian Registration (Amendment) Act, 1899].
„ XVIII of 1899 (Land Improvement Loans Act Amendment Act, 1899).
„ XIX of 1899 [Currency Conversion (Army Annual) Act, 1899].
„ XXII of 1899 (Indian Coinage and Paper Currency Act, 1899).
„ XXIII of 1899 (Church of Scotland Kirk Sessions Act, 1899).
„ I of 1900 (Indian Articles of War Amendment Act, 1900).
„ II of 1900 [Transfer of Property Act (IV of 1882) Amendment Act, 1900].
„ III of 1900 (Prisoners Act, 1900).
„ IV of 1900 [Indian Companies (Branch Registers) Act, 1900].
„ V of 1900 (The Whipping Act, 1900).
„ VII of 1900 [Currency Conversion (Army Annual) Act (XIX of 1899) Amendment Act, 1900].

SECTION 3.

POLICE.

107. The table below shows the total strength of the police force of the province as it stood on the 31st December 1898 and 1899 :

Total police force.

	Sanctioned force of all ranks.		Actual force of all ranks.		Cost.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
					Rs.	Rs.
Military Police	3,095	3,095	3,064	3,008	9,54,813	9,56,814
Civil Police (including Armed Civil and Municipal).	2,430	2,465	2,372	2,418	5,60,787	5,74,858
Union Police	15	15	15	15	1,616	1,486
Rural Police	6,757	6,762	6,757	6,762	3,24,472	3,25,553

Map of
ASSAM
TO ILLUSTRATE THE
POLICE REPORT
Scale 1 Inch = 32 Miles.
REFERENCE.
Outposts
Head Quarter Stations
BHUTAN
BENGAL
BURMA
MANIPUR
SILCHAR
CACHAR
SYLHET
JOWAI
SHILLONG
NOWGONG
TEZPUR
DIBRUGARH
SIBSAGAR
KOHIMA
COOCH BEHAR
DHUBRI
RANGPUR
BOGRA
MYMENSINGH
RAMPUR BOALIA
PABNA
FARIDPUR
JESSORE
KHULNA
BARISAL
NOAKHALI
COMILLA
AGARTALLA
RANGAMATIA
CHITTAGONG
SIKKIM
MIRI SLO-NAKPO
AKAHS
DAPHLAS
ZYULAMED
90°
92°
94°
96°
28°
26°
24°

SECTION 3. *Police.*

108. There was no change in the sanctioned strength of the several Military Police Battalions of the province during the year 1899.

Military Police.

The Military Police force of the province was short of the sanctioned strength by 1 Subadar and 86 sepoys. The vacancy in the grade of Subadars was in the Naga Hills Battalion, and was subsequently filled up. Of the 86 vacancies in the grade of sepoys, 66 were in the Lushai Hills Battalion and 20 in the Silchar Battalion. These vacancies were being rapidly filled up, as all battalions have recruiting parties at Purnea.

The drill of all Battalions was good, and discipline was well maintained throughout the year. During the year 1899 the Silchar Battalion was several times brigaded with the Surma Valley Light Horse and the 10th Jats, and on two occasions took part in field days in which these regiments were engaged, earning the favourable notice of General Sir George Luck, who inspected the Battalion. The Lieutenant-General also inspected the Naga Hills Military Police Battalion, and was much pleased with it. This Battalion also on various occasions took part in ceremonial brigade parades and in field days during the year with the 43rd and 44th Gurkha Rifles. The Lakhimpur Battalion was inspected by the General Officer Commanding Assam District and the Chief Commissioner, who were pleased with their inspection. The Chief Commissioner also congratulated the Commandant of the Lakhimpur Battalion on the efficiency of the Battalion. The signalling of the several Battalions was kept up as usual. Out of 4 havildars and 20 sepoys of the Lushai Hills Battalion examined at Silchar in January 1899, 2 havildars and 11 sepoys passed and were granted the usual allowance. No signaller now draws the allowance who has not passed the army examination. There were 2 instructors and 12 sepoys attached to the Lakhimpur Battalion, all of whom, together with two men who were under training, were examined by the Assistant Inspector of Signalling. All were passed as efficient after undergoing the usual tests. In the Naga Hills Battalion, there were 2 havildars and 14 sepoys in receipt of signalling allowance, and 3 sepoys were under instruction. The Signalling Inspecting Officer reported favourably at his inspection on the signallers of this Battalion.

A portion of the arms of the Lakhimpur, Silchar, and Naga Hills Battalions was inspected by the Civil Chief Master Armourer during 1899, when he condemned 139, 50, and 286 rifles, respectively. Steps were taken to replace the arms condemned. The Civil Chief Master Armourer did not consider it necessary to inspect the arms of the Garo Hills and the Lushai Hills Battalions, as the arms of those Battalions are being gradually sent down to the Fort William Arsenal for necessary repairs, and eventually will all be examined. The Government of India has sanctioned the issue of Enfield revolvers to the native officers of the several Military Police Battalions in the province.

There was no change in the system of rationing the several Military Police Battalions of the province.

The total number of men enlisted in the several Battalions during the year 1899 was 289, against 310 in the previous year. The percentage of Gurkhas enlisted was 73·0, against 73·2.

There was an increase of 11 in the total casualties, from 321 to 332, and in the percentage, from 10·5 to 10·6. The increase was shared by all heads, except "Resignations" and "Deaths." The Lushai Hills Battalion showed 35 failures of men to rejoin on expiry of leave, against 19 in the preceding year, which was attributed by the Commandant to the fact that 22 of these men were absent without leave during the year 1898, and, not having turned up, their names were struck off. The remainder 13 failures relate to the year 1899. Increases under head "Dismissals" occurred in the Naga Hills, Silchar, and Garo Hills Battalions. In the Naga Hills Battalion, 3 sepoys were dismissed for disobedience of orders, and 4 sepoys of the Silchar Battalion were dismissed for general bad conduct in the Battalion. There was an increase in the number of "Discharges," which was 24, as compared with 15 in the previous year. The increase was shared by the Naga Hills, Lakhimpur, and the Lushai Hills Battalions. Of the 12 "Discharges" in the Lushai Hills, 10 recruits were declared medically unfit and 2 rejected by the Commandant, as they were of poor physique. There was no desertion from the Naga Hills Battalion. The highest number of desertions was in the Lakhimpur Battalion, *viz.*, 6, against *nil* in the preceding year. Five of these deserted while on recruiting duty and one man while in charge of a sick man whom he was bringing to his home. There was 1 desertion each in the Silchar and Lushai Hills and 2 in the Garo Hills Battalions. The decrease of 39 under the head "Resignations" (*viz.*, 149 in 1898 and 110 in 1899) was mainly due to the decrease in the number of such casualties in the Lushai Hills and the Lakhimpur Battalions. There was also a decrease

SECTION 3. *Police.*

of 5 under the head "Deaths," mainly due to the improved health of the Lakhimpur Battalion. There was a further decrease in the total number of deaths during the year, *viz.*, 38, against 43 in 1898, shared by all the Battalions, except the Naga Hills, where there was an increase of 1. The main causes of deaths in the several Battalions, except the Naga Hills, were phthisis (5), fever (4), diarrhœa (3), cholera (3), and pneumonia (2). Only one death from *kalá-ázár* occurred in the Lakhimpur Battalion.

The proportion of judicial punishments to actual strength was nearly the same in the past two years, *viz.*, ·6 and ·5 in 1898 and 1899, respectively. Departmental punishments also showed a decrease, as compared with the last year, the proportion being 4·6 in 1898 and 3·7 in 1899.

109. The following statement shows details of the sanctioned strength of the Civil, Armed Civil, and Municipal Police forces for the past two years :

Civil, Armed Civil, and Municipal Police.

	Strength.	
	1898.	1899.
Civil Police	1,816	1,830
Armed Civil Police	428	464
Municipal, including Station Police	186	171
Total	2,430	2,465

The proportion of the whole Civil Police force of the province was 1 to 21 square miles and 1 to 2,225 inhabitants. Taking into consideration only the police employed on purely police duty (excluding guards, recruits, and absentees from all causes), the proportion was 1 to 32 square miles and 1 to 3,820 inhabitants. The total police force actually on duty on the 31st December 1899 was below the sanctioned strength by 4 head constables and 29 constables of the Civil Police and one head constable and 12 constables of the Armed Civil Police. The vacancies in the grade of head constables were not filled up in consequence of a proposal to reduce the number of officers of that rank in the re-organisation scheme.

Sanction to the re-organisation of the Civil Police force of the province was received too late to take effect during the year.

110. The discipline of the Civil and Armed Civil Police continued to be satisfactory, but any great proficiency in drill was not to be expected with such small reserves.

Drill and discipline.

There was a decrease of 19 in total casualties, *viz.*, from 317 to 298 in 1899, the percentage falling from 13·4 to 12·9. The decrease was shared by all the heads, except "Discharges," which showed an increase of 4. Of the decrease in casualties, that in resignations was mainly in Darrang, where the number of resignations fell from 36 to 17, while Sibsagar and Sylhet showed a decrease from 21 to 17 and 10 to 5, respectively. The Khasi Hills also showed a decrease of 4, as compared with last year's figures. Of the 41 deaths, more than half were caused by fever, of which the largest number, *viz.*, 14, were in Sylhet alone, which district also showed the largest number of deaths, *viz.*, 15, against 9 in the preceding year. As in last year, there were again 5 deaths from *kalá-ázár*, *viz.*, 4 in Nowgong and 1 in the Khasi Hills. All the four men of Nowgong who died of this disease died at their homes while on sick leave. Cholera caused only 2 deaths during the year.

Departmental punishments slightly decreased, the total number of officers and men punished departmentally during the year being 257 and their percentage to the actual strength of the force 10·7, against 226 and 11·2, respectively, in 1898. There was also a decrease in judicial punishments, the total number of judicial punishments and their percentage to the actual strength of the force during 1899 being 44 and 1·8, respectively, against 52 and 2·2 in the preceding year.

One hundred and sixty-one men were awarded good-conduct stripes, against 181 in 1898; 767 men were wearing stripes at the close of the year 1899, against 680, and 179 men were in receipt of good-conduct allowances, against 176. Altogether a sum of Rs. 10,778 was paid as rewards to the police during 1899, against Rs. 9,533 in the preceding year. Of this amount, Rs. 8,679 were awarded for successful detection of cases under the Excise Laws and the Opium,

Arms, and Gambling Acts, and also in connection with enquiries into the registration of births and deaths, and the balance, Rs. 2,099, was paid for the apprehension of absconded offenders and for good work in connection with the investigation of cases. As in last year, the police of the Lakhimpur district got the highest amount of rewards, *viz.*, Rs. 2,224. The next largest amount of rewards, *viz.*, Rs. 1,616, was paid to the police of the Khasi and Jaintia Hills district. In the districts of Kamrup, Darrang, and Sibsagar, the total amount of rewards exceeded Rs. 1,000.

Rural Police.

111. There was an increase of 14 chaukidars in Goalpara and 1 in Cachar, while Sylhet showed a decrease of 8 chaukidars, as compared with 1898. The total number of chaukidars, however, increased from 6,757 in 1898 to 6,762 in 1899, and the total annual cost rose from Rs. 3,24,472 to Rs. 3,25,553.

Processes served by the police.

112. The following statement gives the number of warrants, summonses, and other miscellaneous orders served by the police during the past three years :

	1897.	1898.	1899.
Warrants	5,249	6,933	8,397
Summonses	9,969	13,728	10,827
Other orders	13,987	13,859	11,081
Total	29,205	34,520	30,305

The total number of processes served during 1899 showed a net decrease of 4,215 over the previous year. Only warrants showed an increase. The decrease in "Summonses" and "Other orders" was in consequence of the Chief Commissioner's orders that only warrants issued under the Criminal Procedure Code should be sent to the police for execution, other processes being served by peons. The net increase in warrants was 1,464, due chiefly to Sylhet. Processes under "Summonses" and "Other orders" considerably decreased, showing a net decrease of 2,901 and 2,778, respectively. The districts showing an increase under "Summonses" were Cachar, Sylhet, Kamrup, and Sibsagar.

Fines.

113. The following statement shows the total amount of fines imposed during, and outstanding at the commencement of, the year 1899, and also the amounts realised, remitted, and left outstanding at the close of the year :

Year.	Imposed during, and outstanding at the commencement of, the year.	Realised.	Remitted.	Outstanding at the close of the year.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1898	1,52,778	1,08,154	7,030	37,594
1899	1,48,875	1,02,624	9,965	36,286

The progress made in the realisation of fines during the past seven years is shown below :

Year.	Imposed.	Realised.	Remitted.	Outstanding.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1893	1,13,442	1,01,577	7,999	26,121
1894	1,00,132	88,945	10,616	26,692
1895	1,15,576	1,03,221	10,046	28,916
1896	1,08,354	94,472	8,961	33,837
1897	1,01,081	89,804	10,852	34,262
1898	1,18,498	1,08,154	7,030	37,594
1899	1,11,280	1,02,624	9,965	36,286

There was a decrease of Rs. 7,218 in the amount of fines imposed during the year. The decrease was shared by all the districts, except Cachar, Sibsagar, and the Hill districts, the largest decrease being in the districts of Sylhet and Goalpara, *viz.*, Rs. 8,430 and Rs. 2,768, respectively; while, on the other hand, the largest increase in the amount imposed as fine was in the Cachar district, where fines were imposed on a large number of accused convicted in a case of rioting. The total amount of fines realised also decreased from Rs. 1,08,154 in 1898 to Rs. 1,02,624 in 1899, and the total amount outstanding at the close of the year was Rs. 36,286, against Rs. 37,594, at the close of the previous year.

Cost of the Department.

114. The total cost of the police, excluding the amount spent on buildings by the Public Works Department, rose from Rs. 15,66,818 in 1898 to Rs. 15,93,857 in 1899, or by Rs. 27,039.

SECTION 3. *Police.*

The table below shows the distribution of the cost:

	1898. Rs.	1899 Rs.
Military Police	9,54,813	9,56,814
Civil and Armed Civil Police	5,60,787	5,74,858
Office of Inspector General of Police	51,218	62,185
Total	15,66,818	15,93,857

Besides the above, the cost of the Union Police, which was met from the Union Funds, and of the Rural Police, which was paid by the villagers, were Rs. 1,486 and Rs. 3,25,553, respectively. All the sub-heads of expenditure, except "Clothing," for the Military Police showed an increase as compared with 1898. The increase took place mainly under the heads "Pay of native officers" and "Pay of sepoys." The increase under the former head was mainly in the Lushai Hills Battalion, and was due to the men drawing pay throughout the year at the increased strength consequent on the amalgamation of the North and South Lushai Hills Battalions. Under the latter, the increase was caused by the drawal of arrear pay and good-conduct pay at higher rates, according to service, by the sepoys of the Military Police Battalions.

There was also an increase in the cost of the Civil and Armed Civil Police, which occurred under all heads of expenditure, except "Arms and accoutrements" and "Miscellaneous." The increase under the head "Pay and allowances" of officers was caused by the addition to the cadre of Assam Police officers of an additional Assistant Superintendent of Police for the Lushai Hills, while the increase in the pay and allowances of subordinate officers and in the pay of constables was due to the increase to the Armed Civil Police forces of the Sibsagar, Darrang, and Sylhet districts. The increase under the sub-head "Cost of free rations" was mainly due to the drawal of free rations by the men of the Civil Police in the Lushai Hills throughout the year, instead of for a part of the year only, as in 1898. The cause of the increase under "Clothing" was due to some districts having had to pay during the year the price of the clothing supplied by the contractor in the previous year, and to the purchase of clothing for the additional men sanctioned for the Armed Civil Police force.

Escapes.

115. The total number of persons who escaped from the custody of the police was 35, against 37 in the previous year. Of the 35 persons, 12 escaped from jails, 8 from police stations and courts, and 15 while in transit. The corresponding figures for 1898 were 7, 7, and 23, respectively.

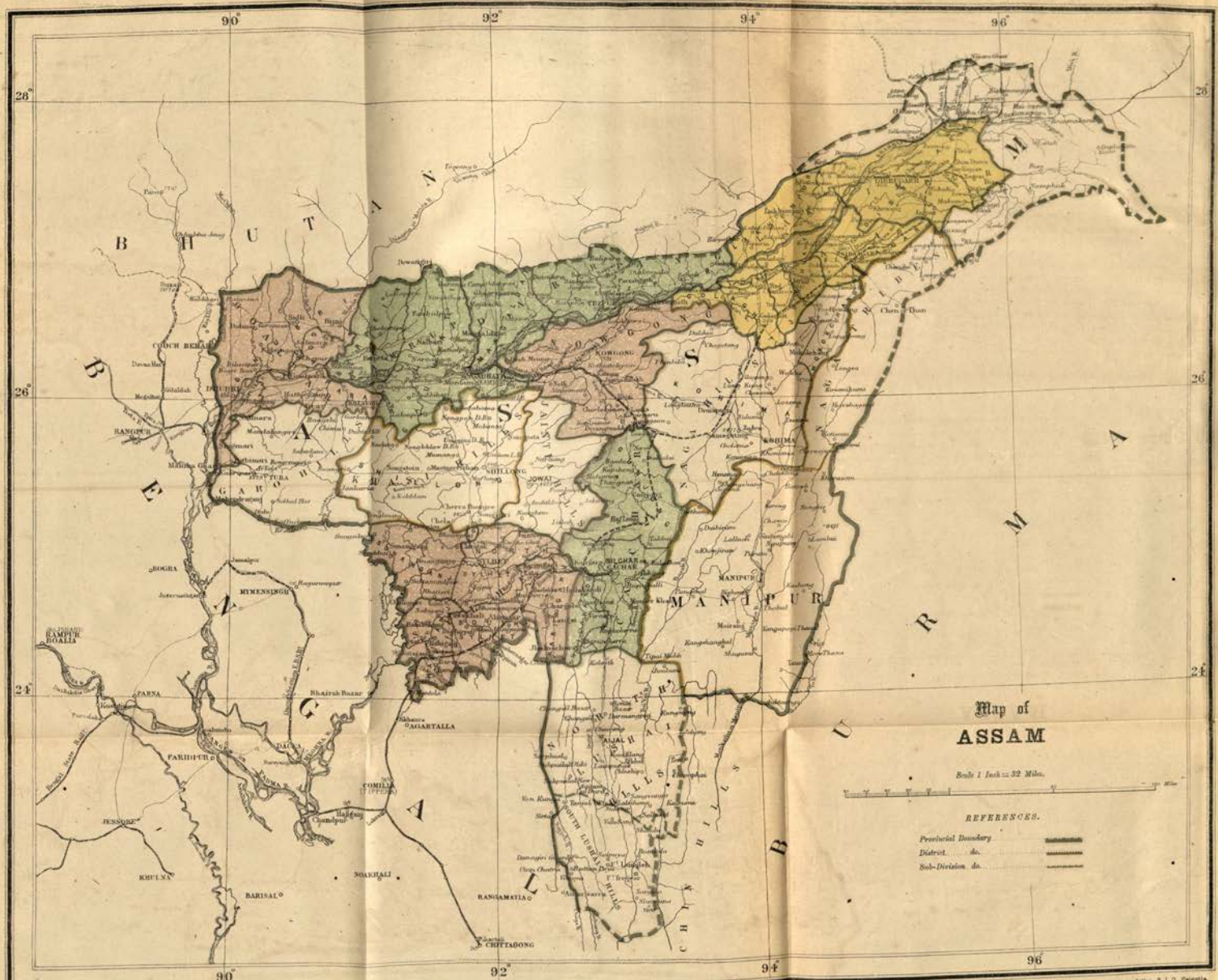
Altogether 25 persons, or 71·4 per cent., were recaptured during the year, against 29 and 78·4, respectively, the figures for the previous year.

Classification of reported cognisable cases.

116. The following statement shows the classification of cognisable cases reported during the last five years:

—	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
I. Offences against the State, etc. ...	693	810	923	1,032	1,103
II. Serious offences against the person ...	783	797	974	1,295	1,269
III. Ditto ditto person and property.	1,836	2,170	1,951	2,249	2,024
IV. Minor offences against the person ...	576	560	638	768	780
V. Ditto ditto property ...	5,307	5,784	6,802	7,952	7,469
VI. Other offences not specified above ...	1,969	1,910	2,041	2,592	2,598
Special laws	532	592	633	529	375
Total	11,696	12,623	13,942	16,417	15,618

MAP SHOWING COGNISABLE CRIME IN ASSAM DURING 1899.



Districts having one case to over 300 and under 500 persons shown in yellow.
Districts having one case to over 500 and under 400 persons shown in green.
Districts having one case to over 400 and under 500 persons shown in red.
N. B.—Hill Districts have not been coloured, as there is comparatively little crime.

No. 448-S. 00.

Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—April 00.—11,500.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., *Surveyor General of India, March 1900.*

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

Cognisable cases reported district by district.

117. In the statement below is shown separately the number of cognisable cases reported in the several districts of the province during the last two years;

	Cases reported. 1898.	Cases reported. 1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
Cachar	1,496	1,365	...	131
Sylhet	5,116	4,955	...	161
Goalpara	1,268	1,284	16	...
Kamrup	1,688	1,799	111	...
Darrang	1,108	1,060	...	48
Nowgong	1,040	839	...	201
Sibsagar	2,585	2,462	...	123
Lakhimpur	1,561	1,449	...	112
Naga Hills	192	110	...	82
Khasi „	126	123	...	3
Garo „	237	172	...	65
Total	16,417	15,618	127	926
		Net decrease ...		799

All the districts, except Goalpara and Kamrup, shared in the decrease in the number of cases reported. The increase in Goalpara was attributed to 23 cases reported under the Cruelty to Animals Act, whereas there had been no such cases in the previous year. The increase in Kamrup was principally due to the increase of cases under Class VI (Other offences not specified above). Under this class alone the number of offences went up from 434 in 1898 to 537 in 1899. The noticeable increase occurred in cases under the Arms, Opium, Municipal, and Railway Acts. Nowgong showed the largest decrease in cases reported. This decrease was attributed partly to the more prosperous condition of the people owing to the better state of crops during the year, as compared with the previous years 1897 and 1898, coupled with the fact that prosecutions under section 211, Indian Penal Code, had been sanctioned readily in the majority of cases declared false. A noticeable decrease in cases reported also occurred in the districts of Sylhet, Cachar, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur. In Sylhet the decrease was under "Offences," "Lurking house trespass," "Cattle theft," and "Criminal breach of trust." The diminution in Cachar as well as in Sibsagar was chiefly under class V (Minor offences against property). The decrease was partly due to the prosperous condition of the people in consequence of the good crops during the year.

Cognisable cases not enquired into by the police.

118. The subjoined statement shows the number of cognisable cases reported to, and not investigated by, the police during the past two years:

—	Number of cases reported to the police. 1898.	Number of cases reported to the police. 1899.	Number of cases not enquired into. 1898.	Number of cases not enquired into. 1899.	Percentage of cases not enquired into to cases reported to the police. 1898.	Percentage of cases not enquired into to cases reported to the police. 1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cachar	1,008	829	27	34	2·7	4·1
Sylhet	2,613	2,502	176	165	6·7	6·6
Goalpara	798	773	121	94	15·2	12·2
Kamrup	756	819	46	87	6·1	10·6
Darrang	506	475	24	31	4·7	6·5
Nowgong	384	356	18	11	4·7	3·1
Sibsagar	1,119	1,123	156	138	13·9	12·3
Lakhimpur	895	839	42	26	4·7	3·1
Naga Hills	82	55	1	1	1·2	1·8
Khasi „	124	121	3	15	2·4	12·4
Garo „	136	126	8	1	5·8	·8
Total	8,421	8,018	622	603	7·4	7·5

SECTION 3. *Police.*

True cases and their proportion to cases reported.

119. The following statement shows the number and proportion of true cases and of cases declared by Magistrates to be false and never to have occurred or to be mistakes of law or fact or non-cognisable :

District.	Number of cases reported, including cases pending from previous year.		Cases accepted as true.		Cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred or to be mistakes of law or fact or non-cognisable.		Percentage of true cases to cases reported.		Percentage of cases in column 4 to cases reported.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cachar	1,542	1,423	1,259	1,163	283	260	81·6	81·7	18·4	18·2
Sylhet	5,340	5,275	4,616	4,418	724	857	86·4	83·8	13·6	16·2
Goalpara	1,308	1,312	1,096	1,101	212	211	83·8	83·9	16·2	16·1
Kamrup	1,772	1,900	1,497	1,655	275	245	84·5	87·1	15·5	12·9
Darrang	1,148	1,130	1,031	1,010	117	120	89·8	89·4	10·2	10·6
Nowgong	1,043	861	933	768	110	93	89·5	89·2	10·5	10·8
Sibsagar	2,654	2,533	2,302	2,251	352	282	86·7	88·9	13·3	11·1
Lakhimpur	1,609	1,479	1,368	1,264	241	215	85·0	85·5	15·0	14·5
Naga Hills	192	115	178	104	14	11	92·7	90·4	7·3	9·5
Khasi ,, ...	126	124	101	114	25	10	80·2	91·9	19·8	8·1
Garo ,, ...	248	184	233	162	15	22	94·0	88·0	6·0	12·0
Total	16,982	16,336	14,614	14,010	2,368	2,326	86·1	85·8	13·9	14·2

Proportion of true crime to population.

120. The number and proportion of true crime to population in the plains districts of the province are shown in the table below. The districts are arranged according to their order of criminality, beginning with the district in which crime was least :

District.	Population.	True crime.	Proportion of true crime to population.
1	2	3	4
Sylhet	2,154,593	4,418	1 to 488
Nowgong	344,141	768	1 ,, 448
Goalpara	452,304	1,101	1 ,, 411
Kamrup	634,249	1,655	1 ,, 383
Cachar	367,542	1,163	1 ,, 316
Darrang	307,761	1,010	1 ,, 305
Sibsagar	457,274	2,251	1 ,, 203
Lakhimpur	254,053	1,264	1 ,, 201
Total	4,971,917	15,630	1 ,, 363

Results of trial of persons arrested and of cases decided district by district (police cases only).

121. The following statement shows for the past two years the results of trial of persons arrested and of cases decided district by district:

District.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.		Percentage of convictions to persons brought to trial.		Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested by police *suo motu*.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested by police by order of Magistrate.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cachar	60·1	55·7	55·4	53·9	70·9	67·0	60·1	52·4	35·4	50·0
Sylhet	74·0	67·5	65·1	58·3	63·3	71·1	64·7	58·1	60·9	55·6
Goalpara	75·5	72·6	67·8	69·9	80·0	84·6	69·9	71·7	100·0	100·0
Kamrup	76·7	67·4	68·7	65·9	82·6	83·6	67·6	67·9	33·3	..
Darrang	76·2	70·5	73·9	68·5	86·4	85·4	76·2	70·4	...	50·0
Nowgong	80·6	78·4	80·2	77·5	85·1	84·6	81·7	78·5	40·0	71·4
Sibsagar	76·1	72·1	75·1	70·9	81·7	86·1	76·0	72·2	100·0	60·0
Lakhimpur	65·5	65·4	70·9	64·5	77·7	83·2	65·6	65·8	...	14·3
Naga Hills	87·2	87·5	87·2	84·0	88·3	93·7	87·2	85·7	...	...
Khasi ,, ...	76·3	64·4	77·6	65·9	88·0	79·7	76·3	72·5	...	...
Garo ,, ...	68·3	55·3	75·8	58·1	69·7	74·6	68·3	55·4	...	...
Total	72·1	68·1	67·6	64·1	80·2	80·4	67·7	65·1	...	...

The provincial percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided showed a very slight rise, while under the first two tests it went down.

Classification of true crime.

122. A classification of true cases during the past two years is given below:

—	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Class I.—Offences against the State ...	866	911	45	...
,, II.—Serious offences against the person...	1,019	1,021	2	...
,, III.— Ditto ditto person and property.	2,000	1,838	...	162
,, IV.—Minor offences against the person ...	693	695	2	...
,, V.— Ditto ditto property ...	6,911	6,603	...	308
,, VI.—Other offences not specified above ...	2,557	2,567	10	...
Special Laws	568	375	...	193
Total	14,614	14,010	59	663
Net decrease	...	...	...	604

There was a decrease in true cases under Classes III and V and under "Special Laws." All other classes showed a slight increase.

Cases investigated by the police *suo motu*.

123. The number of cases investigated by the police *suo motu* fell from 9,680 in 1898 to 9,498 in 1899. The total percentage, however, increased from 57·0 in 1898 to 58·1 in 1899. The only districts which showed any falling off in percentage were Cachar, Sylhet, and the Naga and the Khasi Hills. The decline in Cachar was considerable, the percentages in 1898 and 1899 being 66·8 and 58·4, respectively. This decrease was attributed to an increase of 70 cases in the number of complaints taken up by the Magistrate. Sylhet showed a gradual decline in percentage, the percentages in

SECTION 3. *Police.*

1897, 1898, and 1899 being 52·1, 51·0, and 48·7, respectively, and it had also the lowest percentage amongst the plains districts. The low percentage in the Naga Hills district was explained, as in the previous year, by the fact that the Nagas prefer to go direct to the Magistrate with their complaints, and that a large number of cognisable cases of heinous nature had been taken up by the Magistrates direct. Although the percentage in the Khasi Hills district was lower than in the previous year, it had the highest percentage in the province. The districts which showed a marked improvement in percentage were Goalpara, Nowgong, Lakhimpur, and the Garo Hills.

Prosecutions for false cases.

124. The results were, on the whole, satisfactory. There was improvement as regards prosecutions in really false cases, the percentage of prosecutions to cases declared to be false having risen from 18·2 in 1898 to 22·5 in 1899. The percentage of convictions to persons tried also showed improvement, as compared with the preceding year. In 1898, 101 persons were tried, of whom 49 were convicted, but in 1899, 132 persons were tried, of whom 66 were convicted. Darrang showed the best results, with 17 prosecutions, out of 41 cases declared to be false, but out of the 17 persons tried, only 7 were convicted. Other districts showing improvements were Lakhimpur, Sibsagar, and Nowgong, where prosecutions were undertaken in more than one-fourth of the cases declared false.

Percentage of stolen property recovered.

125. The amounts of property stolen and recovered were less than in the preceding two years, and the provincial percentage of recoveries fell from 30·5 in 1898 to 27·6 in 1899. The districts of Kamrup, Cachar, Garo Hills, and Sylhet were responsible for this decrease in percentage. In all other districts the percentage of recoveries improved.

Anthropometry.

126. One thousand one hundred and eighty-seven finger impression slips were collected during the year, thereby bringing up the total of such slips to 2,351. As regards the identification of local criminals, a great step in advance was made during the year by the publication of a decennial index to the conviction registers of the whole province.

Non-cognisable cases.

127. The total number of non-cognisable cases instituted during the year 1899 decreased by 898. Of the 17,193 cases, 14,359 were instituted by complaint and 2,834 taken up by Magistrates on their own motion or upon information from the police. The number of cases instituted during the past two years is shown, class by class, in the following table:

	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Class I	583	599	16	...
„ II	2	3	1	...
„ III	83	55	...	28
„ IV	7,482	6,626	...	856
„ V	2,310	2,167	...	143
„ VI	2,238	1,915	...	323
Special Laws	5,393	5,828	435	...
Total	18,091	17,193	452	1,350
Net decrease	...	...	...	898

The largest decrease occurred in class IV (Minor offences against the person). All the districts, except the Khasi and the Garo Hills, contributed to the decrease of cases in class IV, each of the districts of Nowgong, Sylhet, Kamrup, Cachar, and Lakhimpur showing a falling off of more than 100 cases. The decrease in cases under class VI (Other offences) occurred chiefly in Kamrup, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur, and that under class V (Minor offences against property) in Lakhimpur, Nowgong, Darrang, and Kamrup. The decrease in non-cognisable cases in Nowgong was attributed partly to frivolous or vexatious complaints being summarily dealt with under section 203, Criminal Procedure Code, and partly to the abnormal floods which occurred

in the southern portion of the district, and which prevented the people to some extent from coming up to headquarters to lay cases before the Magistrates. SECTION *Police.*

The decrease of cases under classes IV, V, and VI in Darrang was accounted for by the fact, that there being a better harvest during the year 1899 than in the previous year of scarcity, people were busily employed in harvesting, and could not spare time to come to court, and consequently settled their disputes by village *panchayats*. The decrease of cases under class VI in Sibsagar was ascribed to high floods during the year.

Increases in cases under "Special Laws" took place in all the districts, except Sylhet, Goalpara, and Kamrup, and were considerable in the districts of Lakhimpur, Cachar, and Darrang, being 181, 137, and 91, respectively. No explanation was given of the increase in Lakhimpur. The increase in Cachar was said to have been mainly caused by a large number of prosecutions under the Cattle Trespass Act and the Rural Police Regulation, and that in Darrang was attributed to desertions of coolies from tea estates for the more profitable work of reaping harvests.

128. The subjoined statement shows the results of non-cognisable cases instituted in the several districts of the province during the past two years:

Results of non-cognisable cases instituted.

District.	Total number of cases instituted during the year, including cases taken up by Magistrates of their own motion.		Number of cases in which process issued.		Number of cases in which the police were employed to make enquiry.		Number of persons who actually appeared before the courts, including those pending from last year.		Number of persons convicted.		Number of persons acquitted.		Percentage of cases in which process issued to cases instituted.		Percentage of cases in which the police were employed to make enquiry to cases instituted.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons who actually appeared.	
	1897.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Cachar ...	1,282	1,329	64	874	24	383	1,028	1,077	468	599	193	178	50·0	65·8	1·9	28·8	45·5	55·8
Sylhet ...	6,365	6,274	1,970	2,155	74	693	4,232	4,043	2,142	2,003	1,068	1,265	31·0	34·3	1·2	11·0	50·6	49·6
Goalpara ...	378	337	328	257	100	53	401	309	154	127	114	61	86·8	76·3	26·5	15·7	38·4	41·1
Kamrup ...	1,636	1,383	935	844	335	250	983	841	496	387	235	240	55·1	61·0	1·8	21·0	50·5	46·0
Darrang ...	1,424	1,322	739	662	6	55	1,189	826	408	290	271	168	51·7	50·1	·4	4·2	34·3	35·1
Nowgong ...	1,487	1,223	650	484	29	20	986	774	478	321	503	450	43·7	39·6	2·0	1·6	48·5	41·5
Sibsagar ...	3,149	3,050	1,827	1,848	2	675	2,326	2,400	1,359	1,337	454	451	58·0	60·6	·1	22·1	58·4	55·7
Lakhimpur ...	2,125	2,027	1,078	1,057	1	166	1,465	1,606	845	918	239	256	50·7	53·1	...	8·2	57·7	57·2
Naga Hills ...	43	35	43	34	...	1	72	44	29	32	9	12	100·0	97·1	...	2·9	40·3	72·7
Khasi „ ...	106	116	72	55	74	59	163	196	97	165	62	30	30·2	47·4	69·8	50·9	59·5	84·1
Garo „ ...	36	82	22	82	5	1	37	115	27	88	10	15	61·1	100·0	13·9	...	73·0	76·5
Lushai „ ...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	25	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	92·6
Total ...	17,091	17,113	8,262	8,352	650	2,396	12,882	12,258	6,503	6,294	3,128	3,128	45·7	48·6	8·0	13·9	50·5	51·3

* The number of non-cognisable cases fell off in all the districts, except Cachar and the Khasi and the Garo Hills, where the increase was slight. The largest decrease occurred in Kamrup, as already explained in the preceding paragraph. There were altogether 15 cases in the Lushai Hills.

The total number of persons who actually appeared before the courts in the several districts during 1899 was 12,258. Of these, 217 were discharged after appearance without trial, and of the 9,422 persons tried, 3,128 were acquitted or discharged and 6,294 convicted.

SECTION 3. *Police.*

129. The following statement shows the details of the non cognisable cases investigated by the police during the past two years :

Police agency in non-cognisable cases.

District.	Number of Indian Penal Code cases enquired into by the police *suo motu* on the assumption that they were cognizable, but on enquiry were found to be non-cognisable.		Number of Indian Penal Code cases enquired into by the police and sent up as cognizable, but transferred by order of a Magistrate to the non-cognisable class.		Number of non-cognisable cases sent up by Magistrate to police for enquiry.		Number of Municipal cases enquired into or sent up by the police.		Number of non-cognisable cases enquired into or sent up by the police under Act V of 1861.		Number of non-cognisable cases enquired into or sent up by the police under any other special laws.		Total of non-cognisable cases enquired into by the police.		Number of cases under section 175 of Act I of 1882 enquired into by the police *suo motu*, or in which the police were employed to transmit deserters to the Magistrate.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Cachar ...	37	47	19	25	24	19	3	4	259	248	...	40	342	383	...	...
Sylhet ...	213	220	74	51	74	4	...	...	119	5	120	413	600	693	3	...
Goalpara ...	46	30	14	13	...	10	...	...	31	...	9	...	100	53	51	34
Kamrup ...	76	72	12	17	9	2	115	145	4	13	119	14	335	290	...	...
Darrang ...	16	38	12	13	86	4	...	...	2	...	3	...	119	55	...	3
Nowgong ...	18	14	8	6	1	...	2	...	126	...	...	...	155	20	...	...
Sibsagar ...	60	71	42	43	2	13	465	530	5	...	...	18	574	675	45	42
Lakhimpur ...	61	56	33	26	1	2	50	69	4	3	...	10	149	166	70	75
Naga Hills ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Khasi „ ...	3	4	...	1	...	...	27	54	...	...	2	...	32	59	...	...
Garo „ ...	4	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	...	...
Total	534	552	214	196	202	55	662	802	550	269	253	522	2,415	2,396	169	154

On the whole, there was a decrease of 281 in the "Number of non-cognisable cases enquired into or sent up by the police under Act V of 1861" and of 147 in the "Number of non-cognisable cases sent up by Magistrates to police for enquiry," and an increase, on the other hand, of 269 in the "Number of non-cognisable cases enquired into or sent up by the police under any other special laws," and of 140 in the "Number of Municipal cases enquired into or sent up by the police." The fluctuations under the other columns of the above statement were slight. The decrease in the "Number of non-cognisable cases sent up by Magistrates to police for enquiry" chiefly occurred in Darrang and Sylhet.

130. The number of offences committed in the Mikir Hills tract, where special rules for the administration of criminal justice are in force, was 12, as compared with 10 in the previous year. Nine of these cases were accepted as true and three complaints were dismissed. Eight cases affecting 12 persons were brought to trial, against eight cases affecting eight persons in 1898-99. One case, which was found to have been committed outside jurisdiction, was transferred to another court. Nine persons were convicted, of whom one was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment, four were fined, and four flogged. The total amount of fines imposed was Rs. 382, of which Rs. 376 were realised, against Rs. 238 and Rs. 276 in the previous year.

Offences committed in the Mikir Hills tract in Nowgong.

SECTION 4.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

131. The most important statistics of the year in respect of the plains districts of the province are compared in the table below with those of the two preceding years (1897 and 1898):

General statistics.

—	1897.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4
Number of offences reported	29,384	32,764	31,752
Proportion of offences reported to population	1 in 169	1 in 152	1 in 156
Number accepted as true	21,773	23,587	22,447
Percentage of cases rejected	23·6	24·4	26·1
Number of cases brought to trial	13,867	15,671	15,128
,, ,, persons under trial	22,005	25,346	24,514
,, ,, ,, convicted	12,646	13,753	13,298
Proportion of persons convicted to population	1 in 393	1 in 362	1 in 374
Number of persons acquitted or discharged	8,643	10,530	10,261
Percentage of convictions	59·4	56·6	56·4
Number of cases decided by District Magistrates ...	578	396	424
Average number per District Magistrate	72	49	53
Number of witnesses examined by District Magistrates ...	1,309, or 167 each	1,178, or 147 each	1,609, or 201 each.
Number of cases decided by stipendiary Magistrates (61 in 1897, 55 in 1898, and 51 in 1899).	12,506, or 205 ,,	14,524, or 264 ,,	14,161, or 277 ,,
Witnesses examined by stipendiary Magistrates	38,626, or 633 ,,	43,382, or 788 ,,	41,502, or 814 ,,
Number of cases decided by Benches of Magistrates ...	171	207	136
Witnesses examined by Benches of Magistrates	724	734	576
Number of cases decided by Honorary Magistrates (17 in 1897, 16 in 1898, and 17 in 1899).	708 or 41 each	387, or 24 each	458, or 27 each.
Witnesses examined by Honorary Magistrates	1,931	1,247	1,497
Total number of witnesses appearing before the Courts of Sessions Judges and Magistrates.	55,955	61,326	61,890
Total number of witnesses examined by Sessions Judges and Magistrates.	43,189	47,239	45,941
Number detained more than one day	9,553	10,010	11,601
Percentage thus detained	22	21	25
Amount of fines imposed (Rs.)	91,648	1,09,482	98,965
,, ,, realised (Rs.)	85,478	1,00,104	89,147
Percentage of realisation	93·3	91·4	90
Number of persons imprisoned	3,474	3,594	3,540
,, ,, fined	8,861	10,233	9,548
,, ,, flogged	401	222	208
,, ,, who appealed	1,449	1,688	2,035
,, ,, in whose case decision appealed against was upheld.	810	996	1,018
Percentage of confirmation	55·9	59	50

132. As compared with 1898, there was a decrease in the Assam Valley districts of 796 in the number of offences reported, of 153 in the number of cases rejected and struck off as false, and of 424 in the number accepted as true.

Offences reported.

In the Surma Valley districts there was a decrease of 216 in the number of offences reported and of 716 in the number accepted as true, and an increase of 595 in the number of cases rejected and struck off as false.

The decrease in the number of offences reported in the districts in the Assam Valley occurred in Nowgong (386), Kamrup (163), Darrang (152), Sibsagar (104), and Lakhimpur (15). Goalpara showed an increase of 24. All these districts showed a decline in the number of offences under the Penal Code and an increase in respect of offences under Special Laws.

SECTION 4. *Criminal Justice.*

Ratio of reported crime to population.

133. The subjoined table compares the ratio of reported crime in each plains district of the province for each 10,000 of the population during 1899 and the two preceding years:

District.	1897.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4
Cachar	61	69	64
Sylhet	45	52	52
Goalpara	33	35	36
Kamrup	41	53	50
Darrang	75	84	79
Nowgong	76	70	59
Sibsagar	109	122	119
Lakhimpur	124	134	133

Cases accepted as true and cases rejected or struck off as false.

134. The number of cases accepted as true in 1899 was 22,447, or 70·6 per cent. of the offences reported, as compared with 23,587, or 71·9 per cent. in 1898, while 9,608, or 30·3 per cent., were rejected and struck off as false, against 9,166, or 27·9 per cent., in the previous year. The proportion of cases rejected and struck off as false was highest in Nowgong (35·5) and lowest, as in the three previous years, in Goalpara (13·3). In Sylhet the proportion was 32 per cent. and in Cachar 31·2 per cent. The total number of cases under the Indian Penal Code returned as true was 14,425, against 15,787 in 1898. The decrease in the Assam Valley districts in the number of cases under the Penal Code returned as true occurred in all the districts, *viz.*, Nowgong (387), Darrang (242), Lakhimpur (179), Goalpara (114), Kamrup (79), and Sibsagar (74). There was an increase in the number of cases under Special and Local Laws in all the districts, except Nowgong, which showed a slight decrease. In the Surma Valley districts there was also a considerable decrease in the number of cases returned as true.

Offences under the Indian Penal Code.

135. The number of offences reported under the Penal Code decreased from 24,368 in 1898 to 22,888. Of the 16,303 persons concerned in 8,818 cases brought to trial during the year, 7,609 were convicted. The annexed statement shows the number of cases accepted as true and the number of persons convicted under some of the chief heads of crime during 1899 and the preceding year:

	Cases returned as true.		Persons convicted.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5
Offences affecting public tranquillity	634	740	1,843	2,122
False evidence	32	35	18	18
Offences affecting public safety	76	80	56	84
Murder	30	35	20	13
Culpable homicide	37	44	56	32
Serious hurt	119	122	99	97
Simple hurt and assault	5,377	4,667	2,116	1,621
Causing miscarriage	1	2	...	...
Rape	10	18	4	5
Theft	3,238	2,840	1,321	1,142
Dacoity	15	12	15	15
Robbery and extortion	59	33	32	27
House-trespass and burglary	1,368	1,276	269	221
Mischief (serious)	302	273	81	64
Offences relating to marriage	216	231	24	40

Of the 13 persons shown as having been convicted of murder during the year, 11 were transported for life and 2 suffered capital punishment.

The largest numbers of murders were reported during each of the last two years from the following districts:

	Cases returned as true,		Persons convicted.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
Sylhet	10	13	4	4
Sibsagar	8	7	8	6
Lakhimpur	6	6	3	2

Cases of murder were reported from all the plains districts in the province. Forty-three persons were concerned in the 13 cases returned as true from Sylhet. Of these, 32 were acquitted, 4 were convicted, and 7 remained under trial at the close of the year.

Cases of culpable homicide were reported from all the plains districts in the province. Of the 77 persons charged with this offence, 12 were acquitted, 32 were convicted, 2 died, and 31 remained under trial at the close of the year.

Cases of dacoity were reported from Goalpara, Lakhimpur, Nowgong, Cachar, and Sylhet. Of the 37 persons charged with this offence, 15 were acquitted, 15 were convicted, and 7 remained under trial at the close of the year. No case of house-trespass resulting in death or serious hurt was reported during the year. Of the total number of persons brought to trial for house-trespass, 221 were convicted, 88 were acquitted, and 46 remained under trial at the close of the year.

Offences under Special and Local Laws.

136. Of the total number of offences, 8,434, reported under Special and Local Laws, 7,473, or 88·61 per cent., was returned as true, as compared with 7,039, or 89·04 per cent., in the preceding year. In the comparative statement below, details are given of the offences returned as true during the past five years:

—	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Arms Act, XI of 1878	577	293	214	299	281
Cattle Trespass Act, I of 1871	1,153	1,142	1,121	1,328	1,174
Workman's Breach of Contract Act, XIII of 1859	900	771	509	637	511
Inland Emigration Act, I of 1882	1,313	1,057	953	765	785
Excise Act, VII of 1878	485	254	194	240	344
Ferries Act, XVII of 1878	180	231	319	177	118
Forest Regulation, VII of 1891	140	117	75	66	98
Gambling Act, III of 1867	8	6	7	18	15
Municipal Acts, V (B.C.) of 1876 and III (B.C.) of 1884 ...	1,458	997	1,188	1,247	1,710
Opium Act, I of 1878	108	85	66	111	114
Police Act, V of 1861	1,220	1,319	1,108	1,357	1,341
Police, Rural Regulation (I of 1883)	331	333	303	264	359
Stamp Act, II of 1899	48	35	51	56	89
Registration of Births and Deaths Act, IV (B.C.) of 1873 ...	101	88	205	170	182
Other Acts	337	368	304	304	361
Total	8,359	7,096	6,617	7,039	7,473

The decrease in the number of cases under the Arms Act occurred in all the districts of the province, except Darrang, Kamrup, and Goalpara. The decrease in the number of infringements of the Artificers' and Workmen's Act occurred chiefly in Cachar (122). There has been a continuous decrease in the number of cases under the Emigration Act since 1897. The decrease during the past year occurred in all the districts of the province, except Lakhimpur and Sibsagar, which showed an increase of 60 and 19, respectively. The decrease in the number of offences under the Cattle Trespass Act, which was most noticeable in Sylhet (125), occurred in all the districts, except Cachar, Lakhimpur, Kamrup, and Goalpara. There was an increase in the number of prosecutions under the Excise Act in the districts of Goalpara (48), Lakhimpur (28), Sibsagar (19), Darrang (18), Nowgong (6), and Kamrup (5). Sylhet and Cachar show a

SECTION 4. *Criminal Justice.*

decrease of 12 and 5, respectively. A further increase occurred in the number of prosecutions under the Municipal Act to which all the districts of the province contributed, except Cachar, which shows a decrease of 5. The increase was most marked in Lakhimpur (260). There was a decrease in the number of cases under the Police Act in the districts of Sylhet (88), Nowgong (58), and Goalpara (29), and an increase in the districts of Kamrup (57), Darrang (46), Lakhimpur (30), Sibsagar (10), and Cachar (5).

The number of persons required to give security under Chapter VIII of the Criminal Procedure Code during the past five years was as under :

	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
Security to keep the peace	346	438*	347	543	252
„ for good behaviour	104	97*	124	80	117

* Revised figures.

Duration of cases decided by Magistrates.

137. The average duration of cases decided by Magistrates of each class in each of the last two years is shown below :

—	Average number of days each case lasted.					
	Assam Valley Districts.		Sylhet.		Cachar.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Honorary Magistrates sitting singly ...	3·6	4·7	15·	40·4	22·9	28·5
Bench of Magistrates	...	...	19·3	31·5	...	...
Stipendiary Magistrates	7·8	8·3	15·7	17·2	27·9	19·2
District Magistrates	9·	9·	13·	46·5	16·8	80·6

Detention of witnesses.

138. Of the total number of witnesses in attendance in Courts of Magistrates, 49,668, or 82·1 per cent., were discharged on the first day, 8,772, or 14·5 per cent., were discharged on the second day, and 1,738, or 2·9 per cent., on the third day. The number of witnesses detained over three days was 312, against 264 in 1898. The largest number of detentions beyond the third day occurred in Kamrup (67). In Cachar, 57 witnesses were detained beyond the third day, in Goalpara and Sylhet 53 each, in Sibsagar 45, in Darrang 20, and in Lakhimpur 17. In the district of Nowgong there has been no such detention since 1896.

Duration of cases committed to the Courts of Session.

139. The following figures show the average duration of cases of persons committed for trial to the Courts of Session in the province for the last two years :

		1898.	1899.
Assam Valley districts		60·1	58·2
Surma „ „	Sylhet	53·62	47·3
	Cachar	81·4	29·8

Ratio of persons convicted by Courts of Session.

140. The proportion of persons convicted to persons committed for trial before the Courts of Session was 60·9 per cent., as compared with 72·1 per cent. in the previous year. In the Assam Valley districts the proportion was lowest in the district of Lakhimpur (53·8). In Cachar the proportion was 57·1 per cent. and in Sylhet 55 per cent.

Fines.

141. The amount of fines imposed by Magistrates was Rs. 97,915, against Rs. 1,09,382 in 1898, and the amount realised, inclusive of arrears, was Rs. 88,681, or 90·5 per cent. of the actual amount imposed during the year, as against Rs. 1,00,004, or 91·4 per cent. in 1898. The decrease in the amount of fines imposed occurred in the districts of Sylhet (Rs. 10,094), Goalpara (Rs. 2,937), Nowgong (Rs. 1,195), and Kamrup (Rs. 482), while the remaining districts of Cachar, Darrang, Lakhimpur, and Sibsagar showed an increase of Rs. 1,790, Rs. 1,170, Rs. 142, and Rs. 139, respectively. The Courts of Session imposed fines to the amount of Rs. 1,050, of which Rs. 466 were realised.

142. The number of sentences of whipping fell to 208, against 222 and 401 in 1898 and 1897, respectively. There was a decrease in the number of sentences of whipping in the districts of Sylhet (31), Nowgong (6), and Kamrup (2), and an increase in the remaining five districts of the province. The increase was most conspicuous in Sibsagar (16).

Whippings.

143. The number of persons who appealed in 1899 was 1,810, or 35·1 per cent. of the total number of those on whom appealable sentences were passed. The corresponding percentage for 1898 was 28·5. The orders of the lower courts were upheld in the case of 1,138, or 62·6 per cent. of the number whose appeals were heard. The percentage in 1898 was 74·1 per cent.

Ratio of appeals to persons having the right of appeal.

The following statement shows in greater detail the results of the appeals decided during the past year:

	Appeals rejected or sentence confirmed.	Sentence reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed or proceedings quashed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.
1	2	3	4	5
Assam Valley districts ... Magistrates' Courts ...	116	54	38	...
Assam Valley districts ... Courts of Session	254	50	75	7
Sylhet and Cachar ... Magistrates' Courts ...	438	67	135	1
Sylhet and Cachar ... Courts of Session	330	91	161	...
Total ... ... Magistrates' Courts ...	554	121	173	1
Total ... ... Courts of Session	584	141	236	7
Grand total	1,138	262	409	8

144. The receipts and charges of the criminal courts in each district of the province for the past two years were as follow:

Receipts and expenditure.

District.	1898.			1899.		
	Receipts.	Charges.	Excess charges over receipts.	Receipts.	Charges.	Excess charges over receipts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	12,716	27,501	—14,785	12,345	25,769	—13,424
Sylhet	78,848	76,419	+ 2,429	68,013	81,819	—13,806
Goalpara	9,654	17,414	— 7,760	8,695	17,008	— 8,313
Kamrup	12,326	15,902	— 3,576	12,968	14,646	— 1,678
Darrang	8,597	23,202	—14,605	8,829	22,240	—13,411
Nowgong	9,590	11,629	— 2,039	7,779	10,813	— 3,034
Sibsagar	18,337	28,217	— 9,880	20,612	29,308	— 8,696
Lakhimpur	15,979	22,242	— 6,265	12,116	24,993	—12,877
Total of Magistrates' Courts	1,64,979	1,91,345	—26,366	1,49,769	1,93,560	—43,791
Total of Courts of Session	1,066	31,181	—30,115	1,588	33,036	—31,448
Grand total	1,66,045	2,22,526	—56,481	1,51,357	2,26,596	—75,239

SECTION 5. *Prisons.*

In the Magistrates' Courts in the Assam Valley districts the excess of expenditure over receipts amounted to Rs. 34,306, as against Rs. 30,988 in 1898. In Cachar there was a deficit of Rs. 12,433 and in Sylhet a surplus of Rs. 2,948. There was an increase in receipts in the three districts, Darrang, Kamrup, and Sibsagar, and a decrease in all the remaining districts of the province. The expenditure incurred rose in Lakhimpur and fell in the remaining districts of the province.

In the Sessions Courts in the Assam Valley districts the receipts were Rs. 356, as compared with Rs. 467 in the preceding year, and in the Sessions Courts in Sylhet and Cachar they amounted to Rs. 1,232 in the past, as compared with Rs. 599 in the previous year. The expenditure in the Assam Valley districts rose from Rs. 13,604 to Rs. 14,059, and that in the Sessions Courts in Sylhet and Cachar from Rs. 17,577 to Rs. 18,977.

The details of receipts in Magistrates' Courts showed a decrease under all heads, except "Miscellaneous," and also those in Courts of Session, except under the head of "Fines." From the details of charges of criminal courts it appears that during 1899 there was an increase under all the heads. The system under which copies of documents required by parties are prepared brought in a surplus to the credit of Government of Rs. 3,048, as compared with Rs. 2,977 realised in 1898. The receipts on account of the service of processes in the criminal courts exceeded the expenditure by Rs. 11,716, as compared with Rs. 13,141, the profit realised in 1898.

SECTION 5.

PRISONS.

145. From the year 1899, the prisons at the headquarters of the several subdivisions of the province and those at Tura and Kohima have been classified as subsidiary jails, instead of as lock-ups as before. A new subsidiary jail was opened at Aijal in the Lushai Hills in April 1899, but no statistics were available of this jail, as the prescribed registers were not kept up. The number of permanent jails and subsidiary jails open at the close of the year was 9 and 15 (including Aijal), respectively. No temporary Public Works jails were maintained during the year.

Number of jails.

146. The total number of prisoners on the 1st January 1900 was 1,561, against 1,563 on the 1st January 1899. The daily average number of all classes of prisoners was 1,624·30, against 1,582·83 in 1898. The total admissions during the year increased from 9,002 in 1898 to 9,015 in 1899. These figures include direct admissions as well as admissions by transfer. The prisons which had the largest daily average population were those of Sylhet (524), Tezpur (246), and Gauhati (239); in no other prisons did the daily average number exceed 73.

Jail population.

The table below gives the important figures relating to the convict population for the past six years :

—	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of convicts in jails and subsidiary jails on the last day of the previous year.	1,131	1,036	855	957	646	561
Admitted direct during the year	4,151	3,948	4,055	3,761	3,910	3,823
„ by transfer	1,247	991	996	1,045	1,253	1,369
Total	6,529	5,975	5,906	5,763	5,809	5,753
Deduct—						
Transferred	1,234	998	1,016	1,060	1,265	1,416
Released	4,162	4,026	3,837	3,967	3,916	3,986
Escaped	23	13	14	18	10	5
Died	72	81	73	66	51	74
Executed	2	2	9	6	6	4
Total discharged	5,493	5,120	4,949	5,117	5,248	5,485
Balance at the end of the year	1,036	855	957	646	561	268
Daily average number of convicts	1,367·35	1,313·13	1,391·59	1,370·97	1,439·34	1,490·99

There was a decrease of 87 in the number of direct admissions during the year. The largest decrease in admissions (127) occurred in the Sylhet jail.

Juvenile offenders.

147. In 1899, 8 juveniles were imprisoned, against 13 in the preceding year.

Female convicts, civil prisoners, and under-trial prisoners.

148. Of the 3,823 convicts admitted direct, 166 were females, against 187 in 1898. The proportion of female to male convicts admitted direct was 4·5 per cent. The number of civil prisoners admitted direct was 77, against 86 in 1898. The total and the daily average number of under-trial prisoners decreased from 3,701 to 3,591 and from 137·79 to 128·34, respectively, as compared with the previous year. The average detention of under-trial prisoners in Magistrates' and Sessions cases was 10·58 and 16·61 days, against 12·18 and 18·40 days, respectively, in 1898.

Foreign convicts.

149. Of the convicts admitted direct, 1,244 were foreigners, of whom 804 were tea-garden coolies. Of these, 272 were imprisoned under Act I of 1882 and 26 under Act XIII of 1859.

Habitual offenders.

150. Three hundred and forty-six reconvicted prisoners were admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of the province during the year, against 292 in 1898. Of these, excluding tea-garden coolies imprisoned under the Inland Immigration Act, 251 were identified by police and jail authorities, against 227 in 1898.

Sentences.

151. Sentences for periods of above three months and not exceeding six months, above six months and not exceeding one year, above one year and not exceeding two years, and above two years and not exceeding five years, increased in number by 5, 61, 19, and 2, respectively. The number of sentences of transportation for life was the same as in 1898, *viz.*, 19. Sentences of simple imprisonment decreased from 76 in 1898 to 71 in 1899. Fourteen convicts escaped from the jails and subsidiary jails, against 23 in 1898. Of the 14 convicts who escaped, 9 were recaptured within the year, 8 convicts who had escaped during the previous ten years were also recaptured.

Jail offences and punishments.

152. Jail offences committed by, and punishments inflicted on, convicts numbered 994 and 1,002, against 715 and 717, respectively, in 1898. Corporal punishments increased from 29 to 37. The percentage of paid warders punished to the total number entertained was 57·63, against 43·10 in 1898.

Mark system and remission of sentences.

153. Three hundred and seventy-three convicts obtained remission of their sentences under the mark rules and were released during the year, against 362 in 1898. The average remission was 25 days in a one-year sentence, and 47, 90, 139, 159, 182, 313, 242, and 316 in sentences not exceeding two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, and ten years, respectively. One hundred and sixty-nine convicts were punished by forfeiture of marks, against 124 in 1898.

The table below shows separately the death-rate for the past two years among convicts in jails and subsidiary jails:

	Death-rate per mille of average strength.	
	1898.	1899.
Jails	36·74	56·69
Subsidiary jails	28·95	12·57
Total	35·43	49·63

In 1899, there were 78 deaths among all classes of prisoners (74 convicts and 4 under-trials), against 58 in 1898. The death-rate per mille of average strength increased from 36·6 in 1898 to 48·0 in 1899, or an increase of 11·4 per mille. Of the 74 deaths among convicts, 32 occurred in the Sylhet jail, 28 in Gauhati, 8 in Tezpur, and 1 in each of the prisons at Silchar, Dhubri, Shillong, Haflong, Sunamganj, and Golaghat. The ratio per mille of average strength of admissions into hospital in the several prisons of the province was 982·0, against 1,185·7 in 1898. The

SECTION 5. *Prisons.*

ratios of admissions to hospitals and daily average sick per mille of average strength for the years 1898 and 1899 are shown below:

	Ratio per mille of average strength			
	Of admissions into hospital.		Of daily average sick.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
Jails	1,015·5	961·9	55·7	46·8
Subsidiary jails	1,884·2	1,070·4	47·5	27·2

There were 1,595 admissions into hospitals, against 1,877 in 1898, and the ratio of daily average sick per mille of average strength 43·14, against 54·1 in 1898.

Employment of convicts.

154. As a result of the larger number of admissions, the average number of convicts under sentence of labour was 1,478·86, against 1,425·96 in the preceding year. Of these, 268·94 were employed by the Public Works Department, municipal bodies and private persons, and 213·98 on manufactures, against 325·92 and 154·17, respectively, in 1898. The total cash earnings on the year's working amounted to Rs. 34,238-10, against Rs. 29,194-12 in 1898, or an increase of Rs. 5,043-14. The amount actually paid into the treasury on account of sale-proceeds of jail-manufactured articles amounted to Rs. 11,365-15-6, against Rs. 9,172-3-5 in the preceding year, or an increase of Rs. 2,193-12-1, which is chiefly due to increased receipts from oil-pressing and bamboo and cane work during the year. The total credits of the manufacture department in 1899 amounted to Rs. 26,786 and the debits to Rs. 16,709, leaving a surplus of Rs. 10,077. The total net earnings from extramural labour fell from Rs. 35,057 to Rs. 32,873.

Expenditure, including the Public Works Department expenditure on buildings.

155. The total expenditure, including Public Works Department expenditure on buildings during the year, amounted to Rs. 1,67,883, against Rs. 2,75,871 in 1898, a decrease of Rs. 1,07,988, chiefly due to smaller expenditure on buildings.

The statement below shows the cost per head of average strength incurred for guarding and maintaining prisoners for the past six years, excluding the cost of buildings:

—	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Dieting	33 4	29 9	24 14	36 15	40 7	33 11*
Establishment	14 11	16 0	15 1	16 3	15 13	15 1
Police guards	11 13	11 13	11 0	13 12	13 1	12 5
Hospital charges	1 11	2 7	3 5	3 11	4 7	3 8
Clothing	5 13	5 9	7 0	4 13	7 15	5 8*
Contingencies	4 5	5 2	5 0	6 1	6 6	7 2
Total	71 10	70 6	66 3	81 5	88 0	77 3

* Excluding dieting charges of civil prisoners.

The total average cost per prisoner, excluding expenditure on buildings, fell from Rs. 88 in 1898 to Rs. 77-3 in 1899. Including the amount drawn from the treasury on manufacturing account, the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,77,880, against Rs. 2,83,876 in 1898, while receipts increased from Rs. 50,794 in 1898 to Rs. 51,645 in 1899. The net cost of the Department amounted to Rs. 1,26,235, or Rs. 77-11-5 per head of average strength, against Rs. 147-4-1 in the preceding year.

SECTION 6.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

General statistics.

156. The details relating to the administration of civil justice in the plains districts of the province, as compared with the two preceding years, are given below:

—	1897.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4
Number of suits instituted	27,781	27,863	27,335
Proportion of suits instituted to population	1 in 177	1 in 176	1 in 179
Number of suits disposed of	28,108	28,136	27,990
Percentage of cases contested	22·1	21·6	21·8
„ „ decided in plaintiffs' favour	59·3	59·5	62
„ „ „ in defendants' favour	32·2	31·4	30·1
„ „ compromised	8·5	9·1	7·9
Value of suits instituted (Rs.)	24,29,822	22,47,178	26,30,542
Average value of each suit (Rs.)	87	80	96
Proportion of suits not exceeding Rs. 50 in value	64·9	63·6	63·7
„ „ „ „ „ 100 „	83·6	81·9	82·3
Average duration of ordinary suits before Munsifs—			
In contested cases (days)	101	104	112
In uncontested cases (days)	50	48	49
Number of suits pending for more than one year	106	153	173
„ appeals filed	799	889	936
Percentage of appeals to appealable orders	23·98	27·27	27·3
Number of appeals disposed of	1,104	1,194	795
„ „ „ on their merits	1,043	1,147	749
„ „ „ in which decision of Lower Court was upheld	725	736	490
Percentage of number of appeals in which decision of Lower Court was upheld	69·5	64·1	65·4

Suits instituted.

157. The total number of original suits instituted throughout the province in 1899 was 27,335, or 528 less than in the previous year. The decrease occurred chiefly in the district of Sylhet. There was an increase of 219 in the number of suits instituted in Cachar. The variations in the other districts were slight.

Value of suits.

158. The aggregate value of suits increased from Rs. 22,47,178 in 1898 to Rs. 26,30,542 in the year under review. The average value of each suit was Rs. 96 against Rs. 80 in the preceding year.

The following statement gives the average value of the suits instituted in the Assam Valley Judgeship and in each of the Surma Valley districts:

	1897. Rs.	1898. Rs.	1899. Rs.
Assam Valley districts	82·0	79·7	89·6
Sylhet	89·2	80·3	78·6
Cachar	96·7	87·5	258·9

Suits disposed of.

159. The number of original suits heard and determined was 27,990, or 146 less than the number heard and determined in the previous year.

SECTION 6. *Civil Justice.*

Of the districts in the Assam Valley, Darrang, Kamrup, Lakhimpur, and Sibsagar showed a decrease of 32, 90, 225 and 14, respectively, in the number of suits disposed of, and Goalpara and Nowgong an increase of 79 and 18, respectively. In Sylhet there was a decrease of 97, and in Cachar an increase of 215.

There was a decrease of 732 in cases withdrawn, compromised, confessed, etc., the Assam Valley districts and Sylhet showing a decrease of 340 and 396, respectively, and Cachar an increase of 4.

There was an increase of 575 in the number of *ex parte* decisions, the Assam Valley districts, Sylhet, and Cachar showing an increase of 64,331 and 180, respectively.

There was an increase of 11 in the number of contested suits decided, the Assam Valley districts and Cachar showing an increase of 12 and 31, respectively, and Sylhet a decrease of 32. The following table shows the proportion of contested cases in these districts:

	Percentage.	
	1898.	1899.
Assam Valley districts	27·6	28·5
Sylhet	19·5	19·4
Cachar	10·1	10·5
Total	21·6	21·8

In the Assam Valley districts the proportion of contested cases was, as in the three previous years, largest in Sibsagar (43) and smallest in Goalpara (13·9). The number of cases decided under the Indian Oaths Act (X of 1873, section 9) was, as in the previous years, larger in Nowgong than in any other district.

Of the total number of contested cases (2,688) decided in the Assam Valley districts, 1,118, or 41·5 per cent., were decided under the summary procedure of Small Cause Courts, and 1,570, or 58·5 per cent., under the ordinary procedure, against 42·1 and 57·9, respectively, in the previous year. In Sylhet, out of 3,202 contested cases, 893, or 27·8 per cent., were decided under the summary procedure, and 2,309, or 72·2 per cent., under the ordinary procedure, against 32·5 and 67·5, respectively, in the previous year. In Cachar, out of 224 contested cases, 68, or 30·3 per cent., were decided under the summary procedure, and 156, or 69·7 per cent., under the ordinary procedure, against 24·8 and 75·2 per cent., respectively, in the preceding year.

Of the total number of suits disposed of during the year, 13,053, or 46·6 per cent., were dealt with under the summary procedure of Small Cause Courts, and 14,937, or 53·4 per cent., under the ordinary procedure, against 12,914 and 15,222, or 45·8 and 54·2 per cent., respectively, in the preceding year.

160. The results of applications for the execution of decrees during the last three years are shown in the following table:

Execution of decrees.

	1897.	1898.	1899.
Number of applications dealt with	17,444	18,316	18,473
„ in which satisfaction was obtained in full ...	2,768	2,975	2,501
„ „ „ „ „ in part ...	3,409	3,563	3,379
Amount realised (Rs.)	4,17,504	4,53,343	4,28,494

As compared with the previous year, there was an increase of 157 in the number of applications for the execution of decrees dealt with, and a decrease of Rs. 24,849 in the amount realised. In 9,267 cases, as compared with 8,940 in 1898, the execution proceedings were wholly infructuous. In 60 cases, in which satisfaction was obtained, the judgment-debtors were imprisoned, in 919 cases the amount was realised by the sale of movable property, and in 968 cases by the sale of immovable property, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 62, 889, and 956, respectively.

In addition to the above, there were 313 cases in which movable property and 306 cases in which immovable property was attached, but subsequently released under section 275 of the Code of Civil Procedure. In 26 cases the immovable property of the judgment-debtor was dealt with under sections 305, 322, or 326 of the Code. In 1,035 cases possession of immovable property was given. Specific performance was enforced in 7 cases and in 12 cases partition was effected under section 265. Against 60 cases in which the judgment-debtors were imprisoned for debt, there were 119 in which they were released after arrest.

161. The average duration of suits, contested and uncontested, before the different grades of civil courts during the past three years is shown in the following table:

Duration of suits.

	Contested.			Uncontested.		
	District Judge.	Subordinate Judge.	Munsifs.	District Judge.	Subordinate Judge.	Munsifs.
	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.
1897	395	192	101	1,057	69	50
1898	523	287	104	184	53	48
1899	309	216	112	268	59	49

The average duration of contested suits before District Judges showed a decrease in 1899. The average duration was the greatest in Sylhet, where it was 14 months and 16 days. In Cachar it came down to 6 months and 2 days from 20 months and 9 days in 1898.

The following table shows the number of appeals instituted and disposed of in the Civil Appellate Courts of Assam during the years 1897, 1898, and 1899, as well as the number pending at the close of each of these years:

	1897.	1898.	1899.
Instituted	799	889	936
Decided	1,104	1,194	795
Pending	715	430	593

As compared with the previous year, there was an increase of 47 in the number of appeals instituted, a decrease of 399 in the number disposed of, and an increase of 163 in the number pending. In institutions, Sylhet showed an increase of 75, the Assam Valley districts and Cachar a decrease of 20 and 8, respectively. In disposals, there was a decrease of 372, 26, and 1 in Sylhet, Cachar, and the Assam Valley districts, respectively. In the number of appeals pending, Sylhet showed an increase of 178 and the Assam Valley districts and Cachar a decrease of 10 and 5, respectively.

On the 31st December 1899, there were 28 appeals on the files of the superior courts of the province, which had been pending for more than a year, as against 36 similarly pending at the end of 1898. Of these 28 appeals, 22 were in the district of Sylhet, *viz.*, 7 before the District Judge, 9 before the Subordinate Judge, and 6 before the Additional Subordinate Judge; the remaining 6 were before the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

The proportion of appeals actually preferred to the 3,428 cases, in which an appeal lay to the Subordinate Appellate Courts, was 27·3 per cent., as compared with 27·27 per cent. in 1898. The highest percentage occurred in Sylhet (31·92).

The table below compares the ratio of appeals to appealable decisions in the two valleys during the past three years:

		1897.	1898.	1899.
Assam Valley districts		24·81	24·02	22·53
Surma " "	Sylhet	23·95	29·73	31·92
	Cachar	17·10	35·78	21·67

Of the 795 appeals disposed of in 1899, 749 were disposed of on their merits. In 490 cases, against 736 in 1898, the decisions of the Lower Courts were confirmed. The results in this respect in the two valleys during the past three years are compared below:

		1897.	1898.	1899.
Assam Valley districts		60·1	61	66·1
Surma " "	Sylhet	72·9	63·6	63·2
	Cachar	80·7	88·3	81·8

162. The figures below represent the surplus of the receipts over the expenditure of the civil courts in Assam during the past five years:

Financial results.

	Rs.
1895	1,51,679
1896	1,46,859
1897	1,38,640
1898	1,70,915
1899	1,69,824

SECTION 6. *Civil Justice.*

The total receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 4,17,795 and the expenditure to Rs. 2,47,971, the figures for the previous year being Rs. 4,22,190 and Rs. 2,51,275, respectively. Both receipts and expenditure decreased. The greatest decrease in receipts was under "Process fees" (Rs. 1,09,229), the other heads showing small increases. Under Disbursements the decrease occurred under "Salaries of judicial officers" (Rs. 1,01,701) and of process-servers (Rs. 33,277), and contingencies and refunds (Rs. 14,843). Compared with 1898, the receipts decreased by Rs. 5,593 and Rs. 4,003 in the Assam Valley districts and Sylhet, respectively, but increased by Rs. 5,201 in Cachar.

The surplus receipts over expenditure in the two valleys during the past two years was distributed thus:

		1898. Rs.	1899. Rs.
Assam Valley districts		57,464	54,392
Surma " "	Sylhet	1,03,374	1,00,061
	Cachar	10,077	15,371
		1,70,915	1,69,824

163. The following abstracts relate to the administration of civil justice in the hill districts:

Civil justice in the hill districts.

Naga Hills.—Two hundred and five civil suits were instituted in 1899, being an increase of 44 over the previous year's figures, due to the institution of a larger number of petty Naga cases. Including 8 cases pending from 1898, the total number of suits was 213, of which 40 were disposed of by the Deputy and 156 by the Assistant Commissioner, one case was transferred to another court, leaving 16 cases pending at the close of the year. The value of the suits instituted decreased from Rs. 10,089 in 1898 to Rs. 7,806 in the year under report, of which 165 cases were for amounts of Rs. 50 and under. Of the 196 suits disposed of in the Naga Hills in 1899, one was decided by arbitration and 14 without trial, 137 were contested and 44 uncontested. The average duration of contested and uncontested suits was in both cases 16 days, as compared with 15 and 41 days, respectively, in the previous year. The number of applications for execution of decrees admitted during 1899 was 49, and 62 were pending at the close of 1898, making a total of 111 for disposal, against 108 in the previous year. Of these, 20 were transferred to other courts and 36 were disposed of, leaving 55 pending on 31st December 1899. The amount realised was Rs. 1,636, against Rs. 3,011 in 1898. The receipts of the civil courts fell from Rs. 1,176 in 1897 and Rs. 931 in 1898 to Rs. 842 in 1899. The estimated charges amounted to Rs. 2,368, as compared with Rs. 1,775 in the previous year.

Khasi and Jaintia Hills.—One hundred and seventy-four cases were instituted in the regular courts and 13 in the village courts (Dollois), against 183 and 21, respectively, in 1898. Of the total number (215) of cases for disposal, 186 were disposed of, and 29 remained pending at the close of the year. The total value of suits instituted in the regular courts amounted to Rs. 30,568, and that of suits before village courts to Rs. 3,786, against Rs. 20,920 and Rs. 12,828, respectively, in the previous year. Seven appeals were filed before the Deputy Commissioner one against the decision of the Subdivisional Officer, Jowai, and 6 against those of the Sub-Deputy Collector, Shillong. In 3 cases were the findings of the Lower Court confirmed, and in 1 reversed. Two cases were remanded for retrial. There were 165 applications for execution of decrees, of which 45 were pending from 1898. In 70 cases, the decrees were wholly or partially satisfied, 12 were transferred to other courts, and 20 cases were wholly infructuous. There remained 63 cases pending at the close of the year. The total receipts from Civil Justice amounted to Rs. 2,756 and charges to Rs. 2,712, against Rs. 2,547 and Rs. 2,104, respectively, in the previous year.

Garo Hills.—In the Garo Hills the number of suits instituted fell from 88 to 78 in the year 1899. There were 83 cases for disposal, including one pending from the previous year, and 4 cases revived. Of these, 73 cases were disposed of, leaving 10 pending at the close of the year, 62 of these suits were disposed of by the Deputy Commissioner, and 11 by the District Superintendent of Police, who has civil powers under the Rules for the Administration of Civil Justice in the Garo Hills. Seventy-seven of the suits instituted in the regular courts were for money or movables of a total estimated value of Rs. 5,576, and the remaining one was a title suit relating to immovable property. The number of applications for execution of decrees was 20, of which 3 were transferred to other courts, 5 were partially satisfied, 9 were wholly

infructuous, and three remained pending at the close of the year. The amount realised was Rs. 70, against Rs. 681 in 1898. The receipts of the civil courts amounted to Rs. 459 and the charges to Rs. 5,176.

Eastern Duars in Goalpara.—In the Eastern Duars, 64 suits were instituted, against 65 in the preceding year. The number of suits for disposal was 75, of which 53 were disposed of, and 22 cases were pending at the end of the year. With the exception of 4 cases, which were tried by regular courts, all the above cases were decided according to the awards of *panchayats*. The total value of suits instituted amounted to Rs. 5,223, against Rs. 5,928 in the previous year. There were 30 applications for execution of decrees, including 6 pending from previous year, of which 18 were wholly or partially satisfied, 15 struck off for default, and 7 remained pending at the end of the year. There were no appeals against the decisions of the lower courts, and no applications for revision during the year.

North Cachar.—The number of suits instituted during 1899 was 361, against 212 in 1898. Including the 10 cases pending at the close of 1898 and 7 revived, the total number for disposal came to 378 cases, of which 376 were disposed of and 2 remained pending at the end of the year. The aggregate value of suits amounted to Rs. 65,833, against Rs. 32,829 in 1898 and Rs. 14,386 in 1897. The average value of each suit was Rs. 182, against Rs. 149 in 1898. The increase was due to the influx of foreign population working on the Assam-Bengal Railway, who frequently have recourse to the civil court to arrange their disputes. The average duration of cases rose from 15 days in 1898 to 17 days. There were 7 appeals, against 3 in the previous year, to the Deputy Commissioner from the decisions of the subdivisional court, of which only 1 was disposed of, in which the judgment of the lower court was upheld, and 7 remained pending at the close of the year. The number of applications for execution of decrees rose from 64 in 1898 to 163 in 1899, and 13 were pending from the previous year. In 78 cases the decrees were satisfied in full and in 21 partly, in 29 the decrees were wholly infructuous, and 32 cases remained pending at the close of 1899. The amount realised was Rs. 16,012, against Rs. 7,745 in 1898. The receipts of the civil court amounted to Rs. 6,214 and the charges to Rs. 5,672; the corresponding figures for the preceding year were Rs. 2,841 and Rs. 4,749.

SECTION 7.

REGISTRATION.

164. The following statement shows the total number of documents of each class registered in the several districts of the province during the past two years:

Registration in 1899-1900.

District.	Immovable property.		Movable property.		Wills.		Powers to adopt other than those conferred by wills.		Grand total.	
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cachar	5,032	5,196	552	573	10	3	...	...	5,594	5,772
Sylhet	29,842	26,432	4,061	4,033	14	10	...	...	33,917	30,475
Goalpara	779	738	92	85	6	8	...	1	877	832
Kamrup	597	539	175	200	21	9	...	...	793	748
Darrang	174	212	102	95	16	11	...	...	292	318
Nowgong	38	43	114	141	9	6	...	...	161	190
Sibsagar	1,287	1,267	432	383	43	27	...	...	1 762	1,677
Lakhimpur	324	379	231	243	4	6	1	...	560	628
Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	90	57	12	13	...	...	...	...	102	70
Garo Hills	1	1	23	25	...	...	...	...	24	27
Total	38,164	34,864	5,794	5,792	123	80	1	1	44,082	40,737

The total number of documents registered fell from 44,082 in 1898-99 to 40,737 in 1899-1900, showing a net decrease of 3,345 documents, or 7·59 per cent., which was principally due to the decrease of 3,442 documents in the district of Sylhet, the heaviest falling off occurring under "Instruments of sale or exchange." The chief reason for this decrease is that, owing to the low price of food-grains throughout the district, there was less occasion than usual for the execution of documents for sale of immovable property.

SECTION 8. *Municipalities.*

Of the 40,737 deeds registered during the year, 34,864, or 85·58 per cent., related to immovable property, against 38,164, or 86·58 per cent., in 1898-99, and 5,792, or 14·22 per cent., to movable property, against 5,794, or 13·14 per cent., in the preceding year, while the number of wills and authorities to adopt was 81, against 124 in 1898-99. Of the 34,864 deeds relating to immovable property, 30,577, or 87·70 per cent., related to transactions, the registration of which was compulsory, as compared with 34,079, or 89·29 per cent., in 1898-99, the decrease of 3,502 being principally in the district of Sylhet. The number of documents relating to immovable property, the registration of which was optional, registered during the year was 4,287, or 12·29 per cent., against 4,085, or 10·71 per cent., in the preceding year. The small increase of 202 deeds which occurred in this class was shared by all the plains districts, except Kamrup and Nowgong. As in previous years, there were but few registrations of wills and authorities to adopt, the largest number registered in any district in 1899-1900 being 27 in Sibsagar.

Aggregate value of property registered.

165. The total aggregate value of the immovable property affected by registration was Rs. 53,75,632 in 1899-1900, against Rs. 55,72,916 in the preceding year, and that of moveable property was Rs. 14,98,129, as compared with Rs. 14,93,841 in 1898-99. The average value of each transaction was Rs. 173, against Rs. 164 in 1898-99.

Average time taken to complete registration.

166. The average time taken to complete registration of a document in 1899-1900 was 1·62 days, against 1·75 days in 1898-99. Twenty-six Sub-Registry offices were in existence. In 7 offices the average time taken to effect registration was longer than in the preceding year, while in the remaining 19 offices it was the same or less.

Documents impounded.

167. Two hundred and forty-three documents of all descriptions, as compared with 227 documents in 1898-99, were impounded by the registering officers on account of their having been written on insufficiently-stamped paper. Under-stamping was attributed to mistake, except in three cases in the district of Sylhet and one in Cachar, in which the persons concerned were prosecuted for evasion of the Stamp Law.

Receipts and expenditure.

168. The total receipts of the Registration Department amounted to Rs. 51,294-14-6, against Rs. 55,252-7-3 in 1898-99, showing a decrease of Rs. 3,957-8-9, or 7·71 per cent. The total expenditure was Rs. 30,207-15-4, as compared with Rs. 30,842-0-11 in 1898-99, showing a decrease of Rs. 634-1-7, or 2·09 per cent., due principally to the decrease in the amount of commission drawn by Sub-Registrars.

Muhammadan Marriage Registration Act.

169. As in the preceding year, registrations of marriage and divorce under the provisions of the Muhammadan Marriage Registration Act, I (B.C.) of 1876, were effected in the district of Sylhet alone. Three hundred and fifty-two marriages were registered during the year, against 382 in 1898-99. There were 50 divorces other than *khulas* registered, against 34 in the preceding year, the number of *khulas* registered remaining the same (67) in both the years. The total number of divorces and marriages registered under Section 26(*b*) of the Act was 24, against 28 in 1898-99. No case of refusal of marriage or divorce by the Marriage Registrars occurred during the year. In 7 cases only the Muhammadan Marriage Registrars were invited to attend the marriage ceremonies of their co-religionists, against 40 cases in the previous year. The total receipts under the Act amounted to Rs. 532-4 in 1899-1900, against Rs. 594-8 in the preceding year, the whole of which was retained by the Muhammadan Marriage Registrars.

Inspection.

170. There was an improvement in the matter of inspection of Sub-Registry offices by the District Registrars, only 4 offices remaining uninspected.

SECTION 8.

MUNICIPALITIES.

Number of municipalities and population.

171. At the close of the year there were, as in the previous year, in Assam three municipalities established under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, six second-class municipalities under Act V (B.C.) of 1876, two stations, and three unions—an aggregate of fourteen municipal institutions with a population of 84,727. The populations within the jurisdiction of the various municipal bodies varied from 14,027 in Sylhet to 2,211 in Golaghat, the figures in all cases being those of the census of 1891.

172. The elective system is in force in six municipalities. Bye-elections took place during the year in Dhubri and Goalpara. The municipalities of Sylhet and Gauhati elected a new Chairman and Vice-Chairman, respectively, and there was no change in Dibrugarh. A general election held in Silchar in February 1900 resulted in the election of 12 members, 10 of whom were members of the retiring body. Only 14·6 per cent. of the persons qualified to vote voted at the election.

Results of elections held during the year.

173. The following table shows the composition of each municipality, station, and union at the close of the year:

Constitution of Committees.

Name of municipality, station, or union.		Number of members.				Race.		Occupation or profession.	
		Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Europeans.	Natives.	Official.	Non-official.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Municipalities	Silchar	2	6	12	20	4	16	7	13
	Sylhet	...	5	10	15	1	14	3	12
	Dhubri	2	...	7	9	2	7	5	4
	Goalpara	1	...	8	9	...	9	3	6
	Gauhati	2	3	5	10	4	6	2	8
	Barpeta	1	7	...	8	...	8	1	7
	Tezpur	2	8	...	10	2	8	6	4
	Nowgong	2	9	...	11	2	9	4	7
	Dibrugarh	1	4	9	14	6	8	5	9
Stations	Sibsagar	2	5	...	7	2	5	2	5
	Shillong	3	6	...	9	4	5	6	3
Unions	Habiganj	1	5	...	6	...	6	3	3
	Jorhat	1	5	...	6	1	5	3	3
	Golaghat	1	5	...	6	1	5	1	5
Total		21	68	51	140	29	111	51	89
Percentage on total		15·00	48·57	36·43	...	20·71	79·29	36·43	63·57

174. One hundred meetings were held, against the same number in the preceding year. Twelve or more meetings were held by the Municipal Committees of Silchar, Sylhet, Goalpara, and Barpeta, but no other committee held more than seven meetings. The Dibrugarh Commissioners held only two meetings, the neglect to hold a larger number being attributed to the delay in notifying the appointment of a new Chairman.

Meetings.

175. In the municipalities of Sylhet, Goalpara, and Nowgong the tax on persons was in force, rates being levied on holdings in all the other municipalities. The maximum assessment on the value of holdings was, as in the previous year, levied in Silchar, Gauhati, and Shillong. The average incidence of taxation for the whole province was 8 annas 6 pies. As in previous years, it was only in Shillong that the incidence was more than one rupee per head of the population. In no other place did it reach 12 annas.

Assessments and taxation.

176. In the Dhubri Municipality, a revision of the list of assessees led to an increase of Rs. 1,720 in the revenue. In Goalpara, the revenue was raised by increasing the assessment on Government buildings, the temporary structures erected after the earthquake having been replaced by permanent buildings. A partial revision of the assessment in Gauhati led to an enhancement of the revenue by Rs. 809, while a revision in Barpeta resulted in a decrease of Rs. 102, the earthquake and floods having caused much diminution in the value of property. In Dibrugarh, the revenue from taxation was raised by Rs. 95

Revision of assessment.

SECTION 8. *Municipalities.*

and that from latrine rate lowered by Rs. 323. The stations of Sibsagar and Shillong and the three unions revised their assessments during the year, in each case enhancing the revenue demand.

177. The table below gives the totals under these heads for the years 1898-99 and 1899-1900 for the whole province, and includes the following rates and taxes:—Taxes on houses and land and persons, and on animals and vehicles, water-rates, and latrine taxes:

Demands, collections, remissions, and outstandings on account of taxes.

Name of municipality, station, or union.	Demands.			Collections.			Percentage of column 5 on column 2.	Percentage of column 6 on column 3.	Percentage of column 7 on column 4.	Remissions.			Percentage of column 13 on column 4.	Outstanding balance.
	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.				Arrear.	Current.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
1899-1900	10,003	97,848	1,07,851	7,241	87,854	95,095	72·39	89·79	88·17	1,296	1,849	3,145	2·92	9,611
1898-99	9,934	93,333	1,03,269	7,912	81,636	89,548	79·65	87·46	86·71	949	2,854	3,803	3·68	9,918

The total demand, current and arrear, was Rs. 1,07,851; and of this, Rs. 95,096, or 88·17 per cent., was realised, as compared with 86·71 per cent. in 1898-99. The realisations were generally better than in 1898-99, the worst result being shown by Goalpara (76·29 per cent.) and Sibsagar (78·98 per cent.). The percentage remitted for the whole province was 2·92, as compared with 3·68 in 1898-99.

178. The following table shows separately the opening balance, the income from all sources, and the expenditure of each municipality, station, and union and of the whole province during 1898-99 and 1899-1900:

Income and expenditure.

Name of municipality, station, or union.		Opening balance.		Income during the year.		Total funds available for expenditure.		Total expenditure.		Closing balance.	
		1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Municipalities	Silchar ...	2,709	4,770	23,267	20,557	25,976	25,327	21,205	21,044	4,770	4,284
	Sylhet ...	16,754	8,516	19,263	17,771	36,017	26,287	27,501	23,925	8,516	2,362
	Dhubri ...	6,917	7,004	10,254	11,624	17,171	18,629	10,166	10,838	7,004	7,791
	Goalpara ...	58	5	5,323	6,342	5,380	6,347	5,375	5,536	5	810
	Gauhati ...	8,913	3,716	40,489	60,191	49,402	63,906	45,686	57,125	3,716	6,781
	Barpeta ...	13,130	12,694	10,335	10,088	23,465	22,782	10,771	8,557	12,694	14,224
	Tezpur ...	98	993	17,844	18,222	17,942	19,215	16,950	18,423	993	792
	Nowgong ...	586	478	11,539	11,065	12,125	11,543	11,648	9,729	478	1,814
	Dibrugarh ...	26	5	34,179	35,944	34,205	35,949	34,200	35,821	5	128
Stations ...	Sibsagar ...	192	299	11,966	12,094	12,158	12,393	11,859	12,079	299	315
	Shillong ...	4,830	655	20,571	48,691	25,401	49,346	24,746	48,131	655	1,215
Unions ...	Habiganj ...	1,982	4,726	7,131	5,404	9,113	10,130	4,386	5,379	4,726	4,751
	Jorhat ...	3,846	5,039	6,534	6,510	10,380	11,549	5,342	7,580	5,039	3,969
	Golaghat ...	1,520	1,522	6,033	7,073	7,554	8,595	6,032	5,212	1,522	3,382
Total		61,561	50,422	2,24,728	2,71,576	2,86,289	3,21,998	2,35,867	2,69,379	50,422	52,618

SECTION 8. *Municipalities.*

The total amount available for expenditure rose from Rs. 2,86,289 to Rs. 3,21,998 and the total expenditure from Rs. 2,35,867 to Rs. 2,69,379, leaving a closing balance of Rs. 52,618, as compared with Rs. 50,422 in the previous year. The large closing balance of the Barpeta Municipality was accounted for in last year's report, but the expenditure of this municipality was very small, falling more than Rs. 2,000 short of the budget provision. The large unexpended balance of Rs. 7,791 in Dhubri consisted entirely of money to the credit of the market fund, which, it is reported, was not required for the market and could not legally be used for any other purpose. The Gauhati Municipality was unable to utilise during the year the whole of the Government loan of Rs. 13,560 for the improvement of the water-supply. The large closing balances at the credit of the unions of Jorhat and Golaghat are being kept in hand with the object of improving the water-supply and drainage of the unions. No steps were taken during the year under report to utilise the large balance of the Habiganj Union. In the case of other municipal bodies there has been an improvement in this respect, but the working balances of Dibrugarh and Sibsagar were again unduly low at the close of the year.

INCOME.

179. The following table shows the revenue derived from taxation proper (that is, tax on persons, houses, and lands, tax on animals and vehicles, tolls on ferries, and conservancy and water-rates, in each municipality, station, and union in 1899-1900 and in each of the four preceding years:

Year.	Municipalities.									Stations.		Unions.			Total.
	Silchar.	Sylhet.	Dhubri.	Goalpara.	Gauhati.	Barpeta.	Tezpur.	Nowgong.	Dibrugarh.	Sibsagar.	Shillong.	Habiganj.	Jorhat.	Golaghat.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1895-96	9,935	26,837	3,532	4,070	18,872	6,858	4,072	2,304	10,853	2,212	15,385	2,686	1,094	1,042	1,00,153
1896-97	9,057	20,665	3,407	3,641	17,898	7,457	3,974	3,334	9,754	2,165	16,145	2,026	1,048	981	1,01,554
1897-98	8,543	16,980	3,677	2,852	16,945	6,591	3,563	3,425	9,824	3,387	10,086	2,078	1,325	900	90,187
1898-99	12,111	17,543	3,586	3,307	20,422	5,812	4,562	3,393	13,306	3,182	15,257	3,244	1,258	879	1,07,763
1899-1900	9,747	16,475	2,927	3,904	24,756	5,835	4,880	2,495	14,172	3,135	17,612	2,777	1,419	1,481	1,11,635
Increase since 1895-96 ...	...	...	...	643	5,884	...	707	191	3,619	943	2,227	91	325	439	11,482
Decrease since 1895-96 ...	188	10,362	605	...	...	1,003	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Percentage of increase ...	...	...	...	15·85	31·18	...	17·36	8·29	34·29	42·63	14·48	3·42	29·70	42·13	11·46
Percentage of decrease ...	1·89	38·61	17·13	...	...	14·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

The total increase, as compared with 1898-99, was Rs. 3,772. In the following municipalities, station, and union the receipts were less than in the preceding year:—Silchar, Sylhet, Dhubri, Nowgong, Sibsagar, and Habiganj. The only considerable increases of taxation were in Gauhati and Shillong.

Tax on houses and lands and on persons.

180. The revenue derived from this source increased by 6·17 per cent. It decreased in five places, the largest falling off being in the municipalities of Silchar and Sylhet. In Silchar the diminution in receipts was attributed to reduction last year of a heavy outstanding balance of Rs. 1,600, while the Sylhet Municipality explained that the reduction of about Rs. 400 in the receipts from this tax was due to a decrease in the population caused by malarial fever. The following municipalities, union, and station considerably increased their income under this head:—Dhubri (Rs. 903), Goalpara (Rs. 502), Gauhati (Rs. 1,153), Golaghat (Rs. 618), Dibrugarh (Rs. 562), and Shillong (Rs. 1,247).

Tax on animals and vehicles.

181. The revenue under this head rose from Rs. 7,890 to Rs. 8,728. The most noticeable increases were in Gauhati (Rs. 540) and Tezpur (Rs. 371).

Tolls on roads and ferries.

182. There are no tolls on roads in the province. The income from ferries fell from Rs. 18,315 to Rs. 16,519. No clear explanation has been given of the decline in revenue from this source in Silchar (Rs. 858) and

SECTION 8. *Municipalities.*

Tezpur (Rs. 308). The decline in Sylhet (Rs. 976) was due partly to delay in collecting the revenue. It has, however, been recovered since the close of the year. Competition raised the revenue under this head in Gauhati by Rs. 400.

Water-rate.

183. Water-rate is levied only in the municipality of Gauhati and the station of Shillong. The aggregate amount of the tax rose from Rs. 12,741 to Rs. 15,038, an increase of 18·02 per cent. In Gauhati the increase was Rs. 1,626 and in Shillong Rs. 671. The increase in the former municipality was accounted for by the assessment of all the new holdings in the town to water-rate and to the increase in the valuation of holdings improved during the year. In Shillong a number of rate-payers began to pay water-rate during the year on the conclusion of the term for which they had paid advances.

Conservancy, including scavenging and latrine rates.

184. As Act V (B.C.) of 1876 does not provide for a latrine tax, the amount realised by the municipalities of Dhubri and Nowgong as payment for cleaning private latrines has been entered as revenue derived from conservancy receipts (other than rates and taxes), and not under this head, as was done last year. There was a general increase in the revenue derived from conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rates). In Gauhati (Rs. 615), it was due to the assessment of new holdings and an increase in the number of private latrines. The increase in Dibrugarh (Rs. 440) was apparently the result of an increase in miscellaneous conservancy receipts, as there was a falling off of Rs. 322 in latrine rates.

Realisations under Special Acts.

185. The only revenue under this head was that derived from pounds. It fell from Rs. 20,414 in 1898-99 to Rs. 18,346 in the year under report.

Revenue derived from municipal property and powers apart from taxation.

186. Under this head are comprised the various sources of revenue, such as fees for markets and slaughter-houses, fines under Municipal and other Acts, etc. The total revenue amounted to Rs. 46,397, as compared with Rs. 42,077 in the preceding year. Of the increase, Rs. 3,262 represents the revenue derived in Dhubri and Nowgong as payment for cleansing private latrines, receipts which were wrongly credited in the previous year as municipal rates and taxes.

Grants and contributions for general and special purposes.

187. Grants made to municipalities from Provincial and Local Funds amounted to Rs. 58,527, against Rs. 49,038 in 1898-99. Of the difference, Rs. 9,299 represents the amount drawn during the year of a special grant of Rs. 13,950 made to the Shillong Station Committee for general purposes.

Miscellaneous.

188. The total receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 4,709, against Rs. 3,773 in the year beore.

EXPENDITURE.

189. The total expenditure in the municipalities, stations, and unions of the province rose from Rs. 2,35,867 in 1898-99 to Rs. 2,69,379 in the year under report, and the closing balance from Rs. 50,422 to Rs. 52,618.

The following table distributes the expenditure for 1899-1900 under its main heads, and compares the totals with those of the preceding year:

Heads of expenditure.	Total expenditure for 1899-1900.	Comparison with 1898-99.		
		Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage of variation.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1. General Administration—				
(*a*) Office establishment, etc.	8,478	231	...	2·80
(*b*) Collection of taxes, etc.	8,252	...	47	0·57
(*c*) „ of tolls	904	...	197	17·89
(*d*) Survey of land	4	...	4	44·44
(*e*) Refunds	183	16	...	9·58

Heads of expenditure.	Total expenditure for 1899-1900.	Comparison with 1898-99.		
		Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage of variation.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
2. Public safety—				
(*a*) Fire establishment, etc.	693	687	...	11,450·00
(*b*) Lighting	8,153	805	...	10·96
(*c*) Police	1,528	...	210	12·09
(*d*) Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes	112	36	...	47·37
3. Public health and convenience—				
(*a*) Water-supply	28,026	6,882	...	32·55
(*b*) Drainage	8,004	...	2,415	23·18
(*c*) Conservancy (including road cleaning and watering) and latrines	82,702	10,554	...	14·63
(*d*) Hospitals and dispensaries	8,482	65	...	0·77
(*e*) Vaccination	917	...	16	1·71
(*f*) Markets and slaughter-houses	6,963	...	586	7·76
(*g*) Pounds	4,331	557	...	14·76
(*h*) Dâk bungalows and serais	275	...	23	7·72
(*i*) Arboriculture, etc.	355	...	89	29·12
(*j*) Registration of births and deaths	329	196	...	146·27
(*k*) Public Works—				
(i) Establishment	7,457	168	...	2·30
(ii) Buildings	5,420	...	1,420	20·76
(iii) Roads	53,985	3,166	...	6·22
(iv) Stores	479	...	406	45·93
4. Public Instruction	7,912	519	...	7·02
5. Contributions for general purposes	641	83	...	14·87
6. Miscellaneous	7,110	1,179	...	19·88
7. Extraordinary and Debt—				
(*a*) Advances	17,684	13,781	...	352·97
Total	2,69,379	38,925	5,413	...
Net increase	...	33,512	...	14·20

General Administration.

190. The expenditure under this head was practically the same as in 1898-99, and amounted to 6·61 per cent. of the total expenditure in the province.

Public lighting.

191. The outlay rose from Rs. 7,347 to Rs. 8,152. A large expenditure was incurred in Silchar in repairing the injuries caused by a hailstorm and in improving the lighting of the town.

Water-supply.

192. The expenditure on capital outlay rose from Rs. 7,368 to Rs. 13,871 on account of the purchase of a new pontoon and pulsometer by the Gauhati Municipality.

SECTION 9. *Local Boards' Administration.*

Conservancy.

193. The total expenditure on conservancy rose from Rs. 72,148 to Rs. 82,703. The Shillong Station Committee purchased twelve iron Horbury's latrines and two carts, and the conservancy arrangements of this town were reported to be adequate.

Vaccination.

194. The expenditure was slightly less than in 1898-99. The number of vaccinations performed was 2,901, of which 2,806, or 96·73 per cent., were reported to have been successful.

Public works.

195. The following table compares the expenditure on public works under the several sub-heads during the past two years:

Year.	Establishment.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1898-99	7,289	6,840	50,819	884	65,833
1899-1900	7,457	5,420	53,985	479	67,341
Increase (+)	+168	— 1,420	+ 3,166	—405	+ 1,503
Decrease (—)					

Public Instruction.

196. Expenditure under this head increased from Rs. 7,393 to Rs. 7,912. The outlay on primary education was Rs. 6,603, against Rs. 5,792 in the previous year.

General remarks.

197. Generally speaking, municipal administration was satisfactory. By the action of the Silchar Municipality a filthy tank in the town has been converted into a useful source of water-supply. This municipality has also improved the lighting of the town and purchased a fire engine. The inhabitants of Barpeta continue to object to vaccination. Since the earthquake this municipalitiy has had much to contend with on account of the destruction of property by annually-recurring floods. Slight outbreaks of cholera in Sylhet, Dhubri, and Habiganj were checked by the timely measures taken by the municipal bodies concerned. It is reported that *kalá-ázár* has practically disappeared from Nowgong town.

SECTION 9.

LOCAL BOARDS' ADMINISTRATION.

Constitution and meetings.

198. The total number of members in the nineteen Local Boards of the province was 373, of whom 59 were officials. Of the non-officials, 171 were nominated and 143 elected. Of the total number, 148 were Europeans and Eurasians and 225 natives of India. The aggregate number of meetings held was 119, or an average of 6·26 per Board. The Goalpara and Barpeta Boards held the largest number of meetings (10 each), the Silchar, North Sylhet, South Sylhet, Habiganj, Sunamganj, Dhubri, Gauhati, Tezpur, Mangaldai, Jorhat, and Dibrugarh Boards held six or more meetings each, while the remaining six failed to reach the prescribed minimum of six meetings during the year. The attendance of members at the meetings held was fairly good, and an average of at least half the number of members per meeting being maintained by all the Boards, excepting those of North Sylhet, Karimganj, South Sylhet, Habiganj, Sunamganj, Dhubri, and Dibrugarh. Eight meetings failed for want of a quorum. Of the 314 non-official members, 10 per cent., the greater number of whom were members of the Karimganj and Dibrugarh Boards, did not attend a single meeting.

199. The European non-official members are elected by the tea industry, and native non-official members are nominated by the Deputy Commissioners, except in the Sylhet, Kamrup, and Sibsagar districts, where a modified system of election prevails. No general elections took place during the year. At a bye-election one of the native seats on the Barpeta Board was keenly contested by three candidates.

Elections.

200. The following statement compares the income and expenditure of the Local Boards under the various heads during 1898-99 and 1899-1900 :

Finance.

INCOME.

	1898-99.	1899-1900.
	Rs.	Rs.
VI.—Provincial Rates ...	6,58,231	6,70,865
XVII.—Police (Pounds) ...	73,243	66,914
XIX.—Education ...	873	377
XXV.—Miscellaneous ...	15,000	17,421
XXXII.—Civil Works ...	1,57,897	1,02,916
Contributions ...	2,34,410	2,33,717
Debt	43,681	39,660
Total	11,83,335	11,31,870

EXPENDITURE.

	1898-99.	1899-1900.
	Rs.	Rs.
1.—Refunds	2,435	3,148
15.—Post Office	42,868	43,411
18.—Administration ...	2,776	2,820
22.—Education	2,06,147	2,11,800
24.—Medical	89,834	93,468
26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	1,745	1,768
30.—Stationery and Printing ...	*Nil*	715
32.—Miscellaneous ...	18,753	23,445
45.—Civil Works	7,47,806	7,45,937
Contributions ...	22,639	14,022
Debt	39,119	41,547
Total	11,74,122	11,82,081

201. The income of the year exceeded the estimates by Rs. 6,921, but, excluding receipts under the head "Debt," was less than the actuals of 1898-99 by Rs. 47,444. The Boards opened the year with a balance of Rs. 2,82,708, and closed it with a surplus of Rs. 2,32,587, the current expenditure thus exceeding the actual income by over Rs. 50,000.

Income of Local Boards.

Income—Local Rates.—The income from local rates, which are collected by Government and not by the Boards, amounted to Rs. 6,70,865, or Rs. 13,466 in excess of the estimates, and Rs. 12,634 in excess of the collections of the previous year. The actuals exceeded the estimated receipts in North Sylhet, South Sylhet, Habiganj, Dhubri, Goalpara, Gauhati, Tezpur, Mangaldai, Golaghat, and Dibrugarh.

Pounds.—Pound receipts, which are also collected by Government, amounted to Rs. 66,914, or Rs. 8,096 less than the estimates and Rs. 6,329 below the actuals of 1898-99, which again were Rs. 2,217 less than the actuals of 1897-98. In Silchar, Hailakandi, North Sylhet, and Sibsagar Sadr, where the farming system has been introduced, there was some increase in the receipts, but there was a considerable falling off in the Nowgong, Darrang, and Kamrup districts, due, it is reported, to floods and the prevalence of cattle-disease.

Provincial grants.—The contributions from Provincial Revenues to Local Funds amounted to Rs. 2,33,717. The Karimganj and Barpeta Boards overdrew their accounts by Rs. 1,690 and Rs. 249, respectively.

Civil Works.—The principal item under this head is ferry revenue, which amounted to Rs. 1,01,368, or Rs. 3,492 less than the estimate and Rs. 1,910 below the actuals of 1898-99. The decrease, as compared with the estimate, is attributed to (i) absence of competition among the bidders at the time of auction, and (ii) default in the payment of ferry revenue.

Expenditure—Refunds and collection charges of Local Rates.—Refunds to the amount of Rs. 504 were made, against an estimate of Rs. 791, and an actual expenditure of Rs. 287 in the previous year. Collection charges payable to Government amounted to Rs. 2,644, the estimate being Rs. 2,926 and the actuals of 1898-99 Rs. 2,148.

Post Office.—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 43,411, or Rs. 1,774 less than the estimates and Rs. 543 more than the actuals of 1898-99. A mail line was opened in Hailakandi during the year. The grants for the Sagarnal post office in South Sylhet lapsed owing to its conversion into an Imperial office. Savings were effected in many cases in the amount paid to dâk-runners and peons and in the expenditure incurred on petty construction and repairs.

SECTION 9. *Local Boards' Administration.*

Education.—The following statement compares the purely local income (*i.e.*, income excluding opening balance and Provincial grant) of the Boards during the past two years, and the proportion of such income spent on education generally, as well as on primary education :

Year.	Local income.	Expenditure		Ratio of Expenditure to local income	
		On education generally.	On primary education.	On education generally.	On primary education.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Silchar	55,349	11,087	9,089	20·21	16·42
Hailakandi	16,121	5,162	5,022	32·02	31·15
North Sylhet	78,531	18,311	14,581	23·32	18·56
Karimganj	63,888	10,697	7,557	16·74	11·82
South Sylhet	51,862	18,948	14,911	36·54	28·75
Habiganj	72,569	17,624	12,129	24·29	16·71
Sunamganj	45,459	10,915	8,078	24·01	17·77
Dhubri	55,764	12,035	7,626	21·58	13·67
Goalpara	31,896	7,411	6,245	23·23	19·58
Gauhati	1,47,672	28,161	24,693	19·07	16·72
Barpeta	19,350	4,995	4,474	25 81	23·12
Tezpur	34,376	6,280	5,652	18·27	16·44
Mangaldai	34,713	7,068	4,944	20·36	14·24
Nowgong	51,219	9,009	7,995	17·59	15·60
Sibsagar	46,536	9,373	7,881	20·14	16·93
Jorhat	53,945	9,410	8,622	17·44	15·98
Golaghat	32,784	6,919	6,609	21·10	20·16
Dibrugarh	44,363	8,859	6,132	19·97	13·82
North Lakhimpur	12,528	3,783	2,938	30·19	23·06
1898-99	9,48,925	2,06,147	1,65,898	21·72	17·49
1899-1900	8,98,153	2,11,800	1,69,325	23·58	18·07

The average proportion of local income spent on education was, for the 19 Boards, 23·58 per cent.—a considerable increase on last year's percentage (21·72). This average was exceeded by eight Boards, South Sylhet and North Lakhimpur spending the largest proportions, *viz.*, 36·64 and 34·47 per cent., respectively. Karimganj, Mangaldai, Sibsagar, and Jorhat failed to spend 20 per cent.,—the minimum proportion laid down by rule. The total number of schools wholly maintained by Local Boards was 1,264, or 3 less than in 1898-99, of which 4 were middle vernacular and the remainder lower primary schools. Of the latter, 167 were for the education of girls. In addition to these, 1,161 schools were on the 31st March 1900 in receipt of aid from Local Funds, of which 79 were middle, 101 upper primary, and 963 lower primary schools for boys, 3 middle and 11 lower primary schools for girls, and 4 were training schools for teachers. The amounts spent on middle vernacular and middle English schools during the year were Rs. 7,063 and Rs. 22,528, respectively. The Gauhati Local Board gave a grant of twenty rupees a month to a female pupil reading at the Dacca Medical School.

Medical.—Local Boards spent Rs. 93,468, or 10·41 per cent. of their local income on medical objects, against Rs. 89,834, or 9·47 per cent., in 1898-99. The highest proportion was spent by the Boards of Nowgong (23·49), Dibrugarh (15·06), South Sylhet (14·49), and Karimganj (13·35). Contributions were made to the Leper Asylum, Sylhet, by the Local Boards in the Surma Valley. The Silchar and Gauhati Boards employed midwives, who were attached to the dispensaries at those places, at a cost of Rs. 400 and Rs. 380, respectively. During the year 7 new Local Board dispensaries were started. The following special items of expenditure were incurred :—The Dibrugarh Board paid Rs. 500 as an annual contribution to the Lady Dufferin Fund, and the

Habiganj Board paid Rs. 2,000 as a special contribution towards the construction of an in-door ward in the Habiganj dispensary.

Sanitation.—The total expenditure incurred by Local Boards on village sanitation was Rs. 73,094, against Rs. 70,571 in 1898-99, and was distributed as follows:

	Rs.
Improvement of water-supply	38,595
Improvement of village sites	5,376
Conservancy of towns and villages	4,726
Other objects	24,397
Total	73,094

The head "Other objects" included a grant of Rs. 10,000 made by the Gauhati Board to the Gauhati Municipality, and a grant of Rs. 1,000 made by the Habiganj Board to the Habiganj Union. The percentage of expenditure incurred under village sanitation on total income for the whole province during 1899-1900 was 6·46. Under standing orders, Local Boards are expected to spend at least 5 per cent. of their estimated income, exclusive of the opening balance, on village sanitation, subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,000, but the Boards of Hailakandi, Barpeta, Tezpur, Nowgong, and North Lakhimpur failed to attain the prescribed minimum. Expenditure on village sanitary works was incurred chiefly on the improvement of the water-supply, some minor drainage-works were also carried out. Thirty-five new tanks and 49 new wells were constructed, and a large number of tanks and wells were cleansed and repaired. The Local Boards of Karimganj and Sunamganj entertained watchmen for the protection of the sources of water-supply. The Goalpara Local Board spent Rs. 674 on the construction of an Abbey filter well as an experimental measure.

Scientific and other Minor Departments.—Of the total sum of Rs. 1,768 spent under this head, Rs. 738 represents the cost of entertaining a Veterinary Assistant under the Dibrugarh Local Board, and Rs. 30 represents the cost of maintaining two up-country bulls obtained through the Civil Veterinary Department, Bengal, by the North Lakhimpur Local Board for breeding purposes. The remaining expenditure consisted of grants made for local *melas* and fairs by the Boards of Habiganj, Sunamganj, Gauhati, and Mangaldai.

Owing to the limited funds at the disposal of the Boards, it has been found necessary to restrict their expenditure generally to the improvement and maintenance of existing communications. The replacement of bamboo bridges by more permanent structures is being carried out, and the roads are being widened and otherwise improved as funds permit. Conservancy at *hâts*, or market-places, and village sanitation, are also receiving attention.

Civil Works.

202. The total expenditure incurred by Local Boards on public works was Rs. 7,45,937, of which Rs. 1,23,978 was expended on works carried out through the agency of the Public Works Department, and the balance, Rs. 6,21,959, on works carried out through the agency of establishments maintained by Local Boards.

The statement below compares the expenditure under the head of Civil Works during the past two years:

Year.	Original Works.				Repairs.				Establishment.	Tools and Plant.	Total.
	Civil Buildings.	Communications.	Miscellaneous Public Improvements.	Total.	Civil Buildings.	Communications.	Miscellaneous Public Improvements.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1898-99	2,525	2,48,723	45,608	2,96,856	2,623	3,55,006	27,549	3,85,178	61,986	1,682	7,45,702
1899-1900	1,361	2,73,429	47,846	3,22,636	2,792	3,32,544	21,733	3,57,069	63,529	2,703	7,45,937
Difference	−1,164	+24,706	+2,238	+25,780	+169	−22,462	−5,816	−28,109	+1,543	+1,021	+235

SECTION 9. *Local Boards' Administration.*

Communications.—Under the Silchar Local Board, the principal works in progress were the raising and improving of the Kalain-Katigora road and the completion of the Sildubi-Rukni road. The work of raising and improving the Scottpur road and the improvement to the Durganagar road, together with the construction of two permanent bridges on the Scottpur road, which are estimated to cost Rs. 5,789, were in the hands of the Public Works Department. Four miles of the Scottpur road were completed and made over to the Board. Work on the two bridges was well in hand at the close of the year. The only important work under the Hailakandi Local Board was the raising and widening of the Burnimukh road, which was completed during the year. The road has been raised above the highest-known flood-level and widened to 12 feet throughout. The North Sylhet Local Board spent Rs. 7,576 in payment for work done by the Public Works Department on the Sylhet-Mukhtapurghat road, whilst the construction of the Jaintiapur-Natwanpur road and the extension of the Sylhet-Lala Bazar road were undertaken by the Board's own agency. Special repairs to the Sylhet-Mukhtapurghat road and annual repairs to the same were carried out by the Public Works Department for Rs. 4,758 and Rs. 2,293, respectively. Compensation for land and some contingent charges, amounting altogether to Rs. 4,837, were paid on account of the road from the Sylhet-Habiganj road to the Biswanath outpost. A further expenditure of Rs. 600 was incurred by the Sunamganj Local Board on the Sunamganj-Pagla road, which was reported as completed in 1898-99, bringing the total cost to Rs. 1,04,437, against an estimate of Rs. 1,01,978. The Board also spent a further sum of Rs. 6,363 on account of compensation for land for the Pagla-Govindganj road, bringing the total expenditure on this work to Rs. 85,747, against an estimate of Rs. 88,577. The Public Works Department undertook the construction of the Boalikhal and Bejurakhal bridges on the Mirpur-Madhabpur road under the Habiganj Local Board on an estimate amounting to Rs. 19,975, and spent Rs. 7,258 on the latter bridge, which was approaching completion at the close of the year. Thirteen out of the 15 bridges on the Jagadishpur-Dharmaghar road were completed by the Board during the year, bringing the total expenditure to Rs. 23,224, against an estimate of Rs. 23,798. Two of the bridges were completed in 1897-98, and materials for the remaining 13 were imported and collected during 1898-99. The only important work under the South Sylhet Local Board was the construction of four iron bridges on the Fenchuganj-Kamalganj road. The work was completed during the year. The Karimganj Local Board incurred further expenditure on the Nilam's Bazar-Shabazpur and Nilam's Bazar-Patharkandi roads, bringing the total expenditure on each road to Rs. 19,414 and Rs. 35,688, respectively. Compensation for land for the former road has still to be paid. The Board also completed the Patharkandi-Barlika pass road and the Kalkali-Defelala road during the year. The Dhubri Local Board spent Rs. 1,621 in the construction of inspection bungalows at Kokrajhar and Bilasipara, and Rs. 7,935 in special repairs to the first section of the Gauripur-Roha road and the Gauripur-Khagrabari road. Work on the second section of the Gauripur-Roha road, which is under the Dhubri Local Board, was continued by the Public Works Department, who erected two new lattice girder bridges, completed a third bridge which was under construction in the previous year, and commenced a screw pile bridge with three spans of 40 feet. The year's outlay was Rs. 12,165, and the total expenditure up to the end of the year was Rs. 1,14,617, against the sanctioned estimate of Rs. 1,17,548. The construction of the third and fourth sections of the Gauripur-Roha road, which are under the Goalpara Local Board, was also in the hands of the Public Works Department, who completed three iron bridges on the third section, and did a small amount of earthwork, etc., on the fourth section at a cost of Rs. 10,117. The total expenditure on both sections amounts to Rs. 60,824, against Rs. 1,06,672 estimated for. Annual repairs and special repairs to earthquake damages on this road were also carried out by the Public Works Department. The Board spent Rs. 6,000 in improving the Lakhipur road. The Public Works Department undertook the construction of a new bridge over the Singrimari river on the Rangamati-Kalaigaon road under the Mangaldai Local Board on an estimate amounting to Rs. 12,063, which also provided for a temporary bridge for the accommodation of traffic until the new bridge is completed. The expenditure incurred in maintaining the temporary bridge since 1896-97, amounting to Rs. 3,959, has been debited to the estimate, leaving Rs. 8,104 for expenditure on the new bridge, which was nearly completed by the close of the year. The Tezpur Board spent Rs. 1,000 in improving the Mansiri road and Rs. 2,400 in sanding the Panibhoral road. The estimate for the latter work, which is being carried out by Mr. Swinley, a tea-planter and a member of the Board, amounts to Rs. 5,067. Two timber bridges on the Belsiri-Balipara road, which were under construction in

1898-99, were completed during the year at a further cost of Rs. 925. The Nowgong Local Board completed the Nonoi bridge in the 8th mile of the Doboka road and three iron-girder bridges of 10-foot span with masonry abutments in section 5 of the Kampur-Salona road. A sum of Rs. 1,338 was expended during the year for metalling the Amlakhi-Salona road. The work of raising and improving the Gohain Ali was completed by the Golaghat Local Board at a further cost of Rs. 1,151, and the improvement of the Sensua and Akar Alis was also in hand during the year. The construction of the additional waterways on the Dhodar Ali was completed by the Public Works Department at a total cost of Rs. 3,364. For the Jorhat Local Board, the Public Works Department continued the construction of the Disoi bridge, and expended a further sum of Rs. 24,045 on the work, which was approaching completion at the close of the year. The construction of the Kakodanga, Kakojan, Dholi, and Namsisu bridges was also made over to the Public Works Department late in the year. The Board started the construction of two small masonry culverts and the reconstruction of the Seleng inspection bungalow. The Assam Company undertook for the Sibsagar Local Board the construction of two bridges over the Mohkhuti Ali and culverts on the Dhodar Ali, and also the raising and improving of the Naga Ali. The North Lakhimpur Local Board spent Rs. 2,336 in raising and improving the Ohat road and the construction of an inspection bungalow at Gagaldubi was started. The Public Works Department completed the Balijan bridge under the Dibrugarh Local Board, and nearly completed the Hugrijan bridge. The improvement of the second section of the Haruhat Ali, which has been continued since 1896-97, was completed.

SECTION 9. *Local Boards' Administration.*

Water communications.

203. The Dibrugarh Local Board spent Rs. 990 in clearing the Dibru river of snags for a distance of 49½ miles. In the Surma Valley, the India General Steam Navigation Company proposed to run a feeder steamer up the river Manu, and their Agent, Mr. Molesworth, cleared the river at a cost of Rs. 1,000, half of which was borne by the Company, the South Sylhet Local Board contributing the balance. The Habiganj Local Board are directing their attention to the subject of the improvement of the navigable *khals* and channels, which abound in the country, and which supply the place of roads during the rains.

Railway feeder roads.

204. The construction of the Salchapra and Bihara feeder roads to the Assam-Bengal Railway was undertaken by the Silchar Local Board on estimates amounting, respectively, to Rs. 350 and Rs. 125. The South Sylhet Local Board spent Rs. 127 in maintaining the feeder roads already constructed. The construction of a feeder road to the Alinagar Railway station of the Assam-Bengal Railway is under contemplation. A road connecting the Shaistaganj Railway station with the main road to Habiganj was undertaken and completed during the year by the Habiganj Local Board. There are six railway stations in Habiganj, *viz.*, Daragaon, Shaistaganj, Shahazi Bazar, Itakhola, Mantala, and Chandura. The main road running through the subdivision has already been connected with the railway stations at Daragaon, Itakhola, and Mantala by feeder roads. The Shahazi Bazar station is being connected with the tea gardens and villages to the south by a feeder road, which is under construction. The first section of the Latu-Jaldhup feeder road was completed by the Karimganj Local Board in the previous year at a cost of Rs. 977. The second section has been administratively sanctioned for Rs. 17,000. It is 4½ miles in length, and passes through heavily-flooded land, as no better alignment could be selected. The road was raised throughout its length during the year. The Dakhinbhag feeder road was also improved during the year. The Gauhati Board spent Rs. 1,211 in the construction of a feeder road from the Digru Railway station to the Amchong-Sonapur road, which was nearly completed by the close of the year. A feeder road from the Khetri Railway station to Ulubam was also commenced, and Rs. 435 were expended on it during the year. The Board intend completing it in 1900-1901. Various sums were spent in keeping other feeder roads in repair.

Railways and Tramways.

205. The Silchar Board has, with the sanction of the Chief Commissioner, permitted the Tarapur Tea Company to lay a private line, about 1½ miles in length, on the Baladhan road, on condition that they widen the road so as to leave 12 feet clear roadway and maintain the same in good order, the Board giving the Company a subsidy of Rs. 70 per mile per annum towards the cost of maintenance.

The usual subsidy of Rs. 5,000 was paid during the year by the Tezpur Local Board to the Tezpur-Balipara Tramway Company, Limited.

SECTION 10.

MILITARY.

SECTION 10. *Military.*

Changes of command and staff.

206. Colonel C. R. Macgregor, C.B., D.S.O., 42nd Gurkha Rifles, who was in temporary command of the Assam District at the beginning of the year, was transferred to Ferozpur as Colonel on the staff, and Colonel C. W. J. Hingston, 10th Jats, assumed temporary command from the 7th April 1899. Colonel Hingston having proceeded on leave to England, the charge of the district devolved upon Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. Molesworth, 44th Gurkha Rifles, from the 17th April. He was relieved on the 29th June 1899 by Brigadier-General C. R. Macgregor, C.B., D.S.O., who continued in command to the end of the year.

Major St. G. L. Steele, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, having proceeded on leave to England, Captain J. Chatterton, 42nd Gurkha Rifles, officiated temporarily from the 6th April. On Captain J. Chatterton being appointed to the charge of the Dibrugarh Military Police Battalion, Lieutenant Strange officiated as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General from the 17th to 20th April, when he was relieved by Captain M. E. Willoughby, 2nd Bengal Lancers. On the 16th November 1899, Captain C. W. Somerset, 12th Khelat-i-Ghilzai Regiment, was appointed to officiate as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General in the room of Captain Willoughby, who proceeded on leave.

The Royal Artillery Officer in charge of the mountain guns, Assam, was withdrawn from the district in June 1899.

Movements of troops.

207. The 42nd Gurkha Rifles, consisting of 8 British officers and 507 native ranks, left Shillong in two detachments on the 16th and 17th September, and embarked from Gauhati for Benares *en route* to Abbotabad on the 23rd September.

The 3rd Bengal Infantry arrived at Shillong in detachments between the 28th September and 11th November 1899, having experienced cholera *en route* from Gauhati.

A detachment of 208 rifles of the 42nd Gurkha Rifles left Shillong on 8th November 1899 for the Mishmi expedition.

The 3rd Bengal Infantry left Shillong in course of relief on 13th December 1899, and arrived at Manipur on the 25th January 1900.

The headquarters and six companies of the 43rd Gurkha Rifles left Manipur on the 26th January 1900, and arrived at Shillong on the 20th March 1900. They were attacked by cholera on the way and lost 5, including Lieutenant-Colonel Barrett, D.S.O.

Bebejiya Mishmi expedition.

208. An expeditionary force under command of Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. Molesworth, 44th Gurkha Rifles, started against the Bebejiya Mishmis on the 25th November 1899.

Troops.

Distribution.	Details of troops.	British officers.	British non-commissioned officers.	Native officers.	Rank and file.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Bengal Sappers and Miners	2	1	2	85
	Mountain guns 2 ...	...	1	2	16 of 44th Gurkha Rifles.
	3rd Bengal Infantry ...	...	...	...	10
500 advanced party.	10th Jats	2	...	4	207
200 supports and lines of communication.	42nd Gurkha Rifles ...	2	...	4	198
200 reserve.	43rd „ „ ...	1	...	2	100
	44th „ „ ...	2	...	4	212
	Military Police ...	2	...	4	204
	Staff officers ...	9	...	...	...

Medical.

Medical.	British officers.	British non-commissioned officers.	Native officers.	Rank and file.
1	2	3	4	5
48 Native field hospital ...	3	1	6	12
56 Native field hospital ...	2	1	4	6

Commissariat.

Two British Warrant Officers.

Two British Non-Commissioned Officers.

One British Non-Commissioned Officer, with coolie corps.

The force returned to Sadiya on the 7th February 1900, and demobilization commenced on the 10th February 1900.

Guards and escorts.

209. On the 18th December 1899 the usual guard of 50 rifles under command of a Native officer was despatched from Manipur to Udalguri. Another detachment left Manipur the same day for Subankhatta and Darranga: strength—1 Native officer and 40 rifles. Of these, the Native officer and 28 rifles went to Subankhatta and the remaining 12 to Darranga. These three detachments were furnished by the 43rd Gurkha Rifles.

Distribution of troops and volunteers.

210. The following was the distribution of troops and volunteers in the province of Assam on the 31st March 1900:

Troops.	Stations.	Strength.			Guns.
		British officers.	Volunteers.	Natives of all ranks.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
District staff	Shillong ...	3	...	...	...
Shillong Volunteer Rifles	Ditto ...	4	38	...	...
43rd Gurkha Rifles	Ditto ...	6	...	624	2
Detachment, 44th Gurkha Rifles	Ditto ...	2	...	192	...
Detachment, 43rd Gurkha Rifles	Udalguri ...	...	...	52	...
Ditto ditto	Subankhatta and Darranga.	...	...	40	...
Assam Valley Light Horse	Assam Valley ...	31	362	...	...
Wing, 10th Jats	Dibrugarh ...	5	...	280	...
Detachment, 10th Jats	Sadiya ...	...	...	72	...
Surma Valley Light Horse	Silchar ...	31	304	...	...
Headquarters, 10th Jats	Ditto ...	6	...	365	...
Detachment, 10th Jats	Kala-naga ...	...	...	27	...
3rd Bengal Infantry	Manipur ...	8	...	765	2
Ditto ditto detachment	Kalingklang ...	...	...	26	...
Ditto ditto ditto	Kaopum ...	...	...	26	...
44th Gurkha Rifles	Kohima ...	6	...	514	2

CHAPTER IV.

Production and Distribution.

SECTION I.

WEATHER, CROPS, AND PRICES.

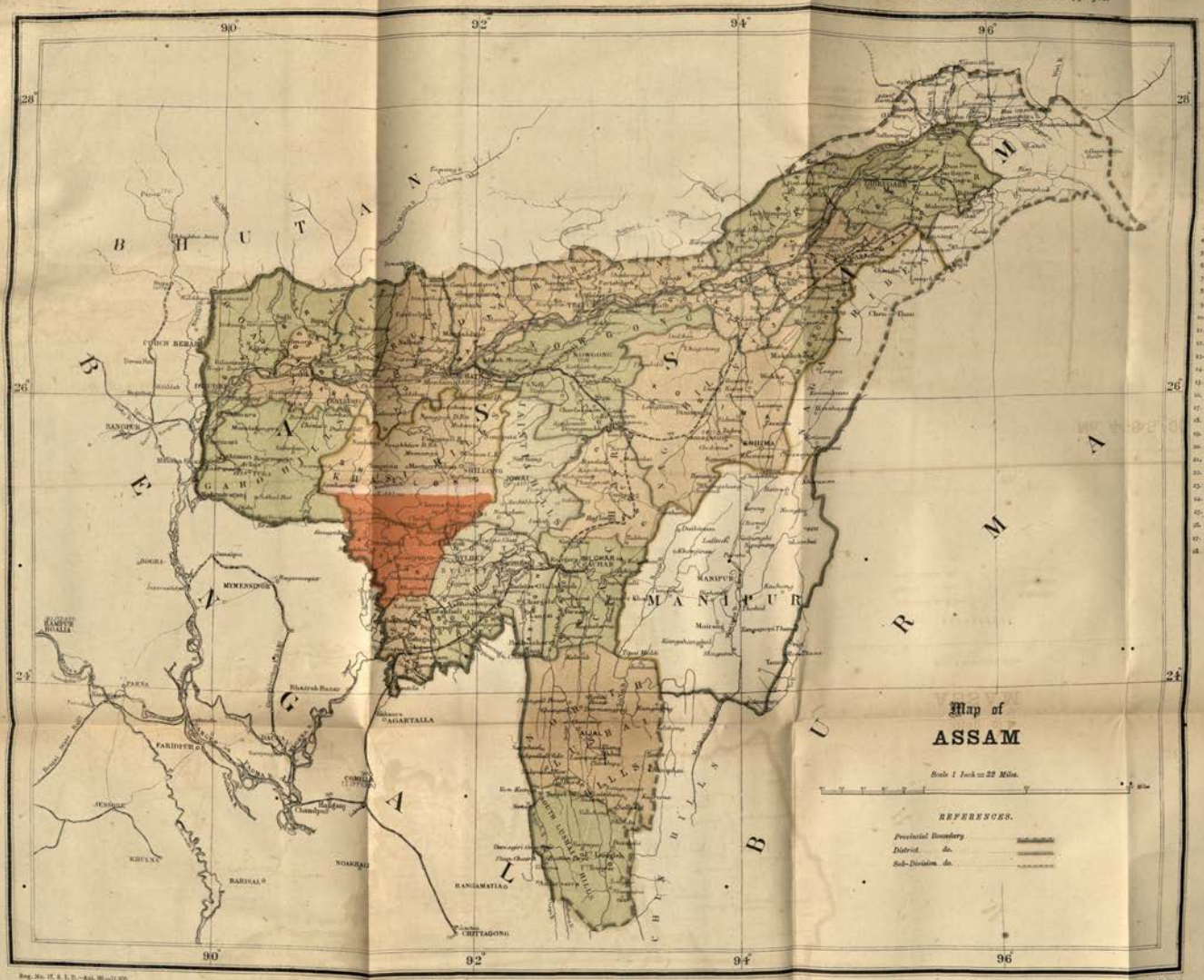
SECTION I. *Weather, Crops, and Prices.*

Rainfall.

211. Taking the province as a whole, the rainfall of 1899-1900 was considerably above that of the previous year, as well as of the average of the preceding five years. It was fairly well distributed. There were frequent showers in April, and in May the rainfall was in excess in the hills and about normal in the plains. Rain fell almost daily throughout the months of June and July. In August and September the rainfall was nearly normal, but the monsoon rains continued up to the end of October. In November the rainfall was in excess of the average, and December, too, was slightly more showery than usual. January and February, on the other hand, were comparatively dry. In March the rainfall was in excess of the normal. The following statement gives the rainfall, in inches, registered at the headquarters of each district and subdivision and at Cherrapunji during 1899-1900, and compares it with that of three years immediately preceding and with the average rainfall of three periods of five years each :

No. of station.	District or subdivisional rain-gauge station.	Average of five years ending 1897-98.	Average of five years ending 1898-99.	Average of five years ending 1899-1900.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1	Silchar	131·10	117·11	112·71	98·37	105·72	81·07	145·02
2	Hailakandi	114·44	107·15	109·78	95·86	101·44	96·99	144·48
3	Haflong	70·93	72·43	78·79	61·96	96·45	70·81	98·20
4	Karimganj	148·02	137·09	136·85	124·48	120·02	118·13	173·28
5	South Sylhet	104·64	98·33	100·21	77·03	113·77	82·04	113·57
6	North Sylhet	156·47	140·54	142·61	128·63	143·55	112·59	186·82
7	Habiganj	96·53	90·13	90·92	89·48	87·77	83·38	94·22
8	Sunamganj	191·00	184·87	197·95	153·07	164·48	194·39	277·74
9	Dhubri	93·84	94·65	98·57	78·13	102·95	93·72	101·44
10	Goalpara	84·65	85·50	85·45	69·79	90·40	90·45	89·68
11	Barpeta	97·25	98·35	95·40	81·50	104·71	89·21	103·79
12	Gauhati	63·84	68·33	69·52	70·85	61·19	72·32	79·04
13	Mangaldai	66·27	68·09	69·35	50·02	92·09	74·32	82·07
14	Tezpur	68·04	69·45	69·49	61·57	66·48	77·32	86·38
15	Nowgong	62·39	62·70	68·80	58·81	55·49	66·56	100·34
16	Golaghat	85·71	89·37	90·48	100·04	102·40	89·66	95·75
17	Jorhat	79·63	80·09	80·14	81·99	92·88	77·72	80·66
18	Sibsagar	99·06	102·05	99·88	92·82	105·72	97·03	90·30
19	North Lakhimpur	129·82	135·46	131·81	118·86	138·80	135 35	147·60
20	Dibrugarh	107·99	118·69	117·60	101·58	103·95	145·93	124·58
21	Mokokchang	92·44	94·81	95·14	91·74	81·52	105·43	103·97
22	Kohima	74·02	71·52	70·82	61·12	58·37	74·88	83·29
23	Jowai	133·13	123·83	136·97	80·26	142·32	125·26	183·59
24	Shillong	77·76	73·23	75·84	54·17	84·96	68·65	82·01
25	Cherrapunji...	399·39	407·95	458·53	308·03	457·45	524·52	632·35
26	Tura	119·49	118·47	119·79	114·75	128·01	129·78	117·39
27	Aijal	...	...	76·58	70·69	74·76	66·77	82·47

MAP ILLUSTRATING THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE RAINFALL IN THE SEVERAL SUBDIVISIONS OF THE PROVINCE OF ASSAM DURING 1899-1900.



Subdivision		Rainfall during 1899-1900.
1. Silchar	...	148·01
2. Hailakandi	...	144·48
3. Haflong	...	98·10
4. North Sylhet	...	180·82
5. Karimganj	...	175·28
6. Maulvi Bazar	...	113·37
7. Habiganj	...	94·77
8. Sunamganj	...	87·74
9. Dhubri	...	101·44
10. Goalpara	...	89·68
11. Gauhati	...	77·04
12. Barpeta	...	113·79
13. Tezpur	...	89·38
14. Mangaldai	...	81·07
15. Nowgong	...	200·34
16. Sibsagar	...	90·30
17. Jorhat	...	82·66
18. Golaghat	...	87·72
19. Dibrugarh	...	104·38
20. North Lakhimpur	...	147·60
21. Kohima	...	83·29
22. Mokokchung	...	107·37
23. Shillong	...	82·01
24. Cherra Punji Police Station		832·34
25. Jowai	...	183·32
26. Tura	...	117·30
27. Aijal	...	81·47
28. Lungleh	...	143·08

EXPLANATIONS.

...ubdivisions in which the rainfall for the year ending 1899-1900 was

75 inches and under 100 inches ...

100 inches and under 150 inches ...

150 inches and under 200 inches ...

200 inches and over ...

Cherrapunji, although a subdivision, is shown separately.

Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 00.—11,000.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India, March 1900.

Litho., S. I. D., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

SECTION I.

Weather, Crops, and Prices

In the Brahmaputra Valley the rainfall was generally (*i.e.*, with the exception of Sibsagar and Dibrugarh) above that of the previous year, of the ten years ending 1898-99, and of the five years ending 1899-1900. It was, on the whole, fairly well distributed; and the year, taken all round, was favourable for agricultural operations and for the tea industry. The late cessation, however, of the rains prevented the usual quantity of land being taken up for cold-weather cultivation, especially in the Nowgong district. In Cachar and Sylhet, taking these districts as a whole, the rainfall was much heavier than that of the preceding year, and the weather was favourable to both tea and rice. The Naga Hills suffered from early rains. In the Khasi and Jaintia Hills the rainfall was excessive, except at Jowai, where it was below the average. At Cherrapunji the total rainfall of the year was 632·35 inches, against 524·52 and 457·45 in the two preceding years, and 458·53 inches, the average of the past five years. In the Garo Hills the weather was seasonable, the rainfall being 117·39 inches, as against 129·78 inches during the previous twelve months.

The list below groups the different subdivisions according to the average rainfall at the headquarters of each for the five years ending 1899-1900:

(1) Below 50 inches—

Nil.

(2) 50 inches and under 75 inches—

Nowgong.
Mangaldai.
Tezpur.
Gauhati.
Kohima.

(3) 75 inches and under 100 inches—

Shillong.
Aijal.
Haflong.
Jorhat.
Goalpara.
Golaghat.
Habiganj.
Mokokchang.
Barpeta.
Dhubri.
Sibsagar.

(4) 100 inches and under 150 inches—

South Sylhet.
Hailakandi.
Silchar.
Dibrugarh.
Tura.
North Lakhimpur.
Karimganj.
Jowai.
North Sylhet.

(5) 150 inches and under 200 inches—

Sunamganj.

(6) 200 inches and over—

Cherrapunji.

A map illustrating the above by colours is annexed.

Storms and floods.

212. In the plains portion of the Garo Hills, floods damaged the crops to a great extent. In Cachar, there were severe gales of wind in April 1899 and March 1900. They did not cause any appreciable damage to the crops, although a few huts and houses were blown down in parts of the district. No high floods occurred during the year in this district. In Sylhet, too, there were no very high floods, though the sudden rise of the rivers in June damaged the *aman* crop rather seriously. The rivers again rose in August and September, but did little damage. The months of April and May 1899 were remarkable for the slightness of the storms so usually prevalent at that season. There were some bad hailstorms, however, in March 1900, which damaged linseed and tea rather seriously, and the stormy season commenced unusually early in that month. In the Brahmaputra Valley a severe hailstorm occurred in Dibrugarh on the 2nd April 1899, and some damage was done to tea and to certain buildings. There were floods which damaged the early rice crop more or less in every district, and interfered seriously with mustard cultivation in certain areas. The floods were exceptionally high in North Gauhati and Barpeta, where they lasted for a considerable time. The highest flood point reached by the Brahmaputra river at Gauhati in 1899 was 29·70 above zero on the 30th June 1899. The flood was the highest on record since 1889. The lowest point registered at Gauhati was 2·05 below zero on the 24th and 25th February 1899.

Harvests.

213. Rice, the staple crop of the Sylhet district, was good in all subdivisions, but, excepting in Habiganj, not so good as in the preceding year. The sudden rise of the rivers in May 1899 injured much of the *aman* crop, which was considerably below the average. *Sail* was a very good crop in Habiganj and South Sylhet, but suffered from insect pests in North Sylhet and Karimganj. In Cachar the outturn of both early and late rice was much above the average. In the Naga Hills the outturn was fair; but in the Jaintia Hills, the extraordinarily heavy downpour during May and June is reported to have

SECTION I. *Weather, Crops, and Prices.*

done some damage to the rice crop. In the Khasi Hills, where very little paddy is grown, the outturn was an average one. In the plains portion of the Garo Hills, the rice crop was greatly damaged by floods. In the Brahmaputra Valley the early rice crop was below the average, owing to damage by floods, but late rice yielded a bumper crop almost everywhere. The abnormal rains, floods, and dampness of the soil retarded the cultivation of mustard and *matikalai* (*Phaseolus radiatus*), and sugarcane suffered from want of rain in the cold weather. In Cachar the outturn of mustard, sugarcane, and pulses was slightly below the average. In Sylhet sugarcane and oil seeds were both fair crops. The outturn of cotton, which is the principal crop grown in the Garo Hills, was slightly less than in the previous year. Jute was indifferent in Sylhet, and was damaged by floods in Goalpara. Owing to the very favourable weather, the outturn of tea in Sylhet and Cachar was abnormally large. The weather was favourable for tea in the Assam Valley also, except in Nowgong, which was the only district in this valley where the outturn was below the average.

214. The average price of common rice at the different district and subdivisional headquarter stations in the Surma and the Brahmaputra Valleys during the past five years is given in the statement below:

Prices.

Station.	Quantity obtainable for Re. 1.				
	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Srs. ch.	Srs. ch.	Srs. ch.	Srs. ch.	Srs. ch.
Cachar	11 6	8 10	6 14	12 4	16 0
Karimganj...	12 5	9 6	9 1	13 4	17 6
South Sylhet	15 11	10 2	10 4	13 14	18 11
North „	15 12	10 1	9 9	11 11	20 0
Habiganj	16 12	10 5	10 3	14 7	19 6
Sunamganj	16 2	9 5	8 5	12 6	18 0
Dhubri	14 5½	9 14	9 1	13 0	16 0
Goalpara	12 15	9 15	8 13	13 11	15 9
Barpeta	16 8	10 6	8 11	14 15	16 0
Gauhati	16 0	10 8	9 1	12 9	15 9
Mangaldai	17 4	13 15	11 7	14 4	18 15
Tezpur	13 0	12 8	8 8	10 12	14 0
Nowgong	10 4	9 7	7 8	10 1	15 5
Golaghat	10 0	9 14	9 6	9 11	10 11
Jorhat	11 4	10 4	8 6	9 12	11 9
Sibsagar	11 5	10 3	9 15	11 5	12 1
North Lakhimpur	12 0	12 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
Dibrugarh	12 6	9 14	8 10	11 2	13 5

In both valleys rice was cheaper than in the previous year, except in the subdivision of North Lakhimpur, where prices remained stationary. The fall in price was due to the good harvest of the late rice crop.

The statement below shows the average prices of *matikalai* (*Phaseolus radiatus*), mustard and raw sugar in the district and subdivisional stations in the Brahmaputra Valley during the last two years:

Station.	*Phaseolus radiatus* (*matikalai*), per maund.		Mustard, per maund.		Raw sugar, per maund.	
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a.	Rs. a. p.
Dhubri	2 0 0	2 8	3 0 0	4 4 0	5 0	5 8 0
Goalpara	2 7 0	2 2	3 4 0	3 10 0	6 1	5 12 0
Barpeta	3 4 0	2 8	2 15 0	3 12 0	6 10	6 8 0
Gauhati	3 1 6	2 5	3 5 5	3 6 3	7 2	7 8 4
Mangaldai	5 0 0	5 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	12 0	13 0 0
Tezpur	4 0 0	4 8	3 8 0	3 12 0	8 0	9 0 0
Nowgong	2 15 8	2 4	3 1 2	3 5 0	8 0	8 12 0
Golaghat	4 3 0	3 8	3 8 0	3 8 0	6 6	6 4 0
Jorhat	2 12 0	3 3	3 1 0	3 4 0	6 8	7 12 0
Sibsagar	3 7 0	2 14	3 5 0	4 1 0	7 7	5 15 0
North Lakhimpur	3 12 0	3 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	6 0	6 0 0
Dibrugarh	2 4 3	2 8	2 5 3	3 8 0	4 2	5 0 0

The price of mustard, *matikalai*, and raw sugar rose over the rates in 1898-99 in almost all the districts of the valley.

SECTION 2.

AGRICULTURE AND HORTICULTURE.

CROP-CUTTINGS.

215. As usual, experiments were made during the year to ascertain the outturn of rice of various kinds and miscellaneous crops. The following statement shows the details of the experiments made in each district:

Results of cuttings.

District.		Paddy.				Sugarcane.	Linseed.	Radish.	*Mung* (*Phaseolus mungo*).	*Til* (*Sesamum*).	Cotton.	*Maithalai* (*Phaseolus radiatus*).	Mustard.	Jute.	Potato.
		Sail or *sali*.	*Ahu* or *aus*.	*Baq* or *aman* and *asra*.	*Sail bura*.										
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cachar.	Number of experiments ...	32	12	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
	Total area cut, in acres ...	10·67	4	1·33	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·67	...	...
	Total crop reaped, in lbs.	18,710	4,994	2,014	...	226	...	...	...	...	...	...	263	...	...
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	1,753	1,244	1,511	...	3,228	...	...	...	...	...	...	392	...	...
Sylhet.	Number of experiments ...	23	2	22	12	17	2	1	...	...	...	...	12	8	...
	Total area cut, in acres ...	7·58	0·63	7·34	3·99	1·21	0·77	0·33	...	...	...	...	4·00	2·65	...
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	12,218	1,062	9,265	8,091	2,827	203	22	...	...	...	...	1,345	2,741	...
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	1,612	1,647	1,262	2,029	2,336	437	67	...	...	...	...	336	1,036	...
Goalpara.	Number of experiments ...	13	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...
	Total area cut, in acres ...	4·33	1·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·67	0·33	...	...
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	8,824	2,543	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	117	...	..
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	2,038	1,522	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	143	354	...	...
Kamrup.	Number of experiments ...	33	20	10	...	3	...	...	1	3	...	4	6	...	...
	Total area cut, in acres ...	1,100	6·67	3·33	...	0·20	...	...	0·33	1·00	...	1·31	2·00	...	...
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	18,253	8,596	3,648	...	411	...	...	86	111	...	315	902	...	...
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	1,659	1,248	1,095	...	2,055	...	..	260	111	...	237	451	...	...
Darrang.	Number of experiments ...	24	20	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	...	...
	Total area cut, in acres ...	8·00	6·67	0·33	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	1·67	0·67	...	...
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	13,758	10,220	588	...	369	...	...	...	...	...	371	379	...	...
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	1,720	1,534	1,782	...	1,845	...	...	...	...	...	222	565	...	...
Nowgong.	Number of experiments ...	36	16	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	8	9	...	...
	Total area cut, in acres ...	12·00	5·33	...	...	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	2·67	3·00	...	...
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	22,946	8,800	...	...	411	...	...	...	...	...	741	1,256	...	...
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	1,912	1,651	...	...	1,522	...	...	...	...	...	278	414	...	...
Sibsagar.	Number of experiments ...	44	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...
	Total area cut, in acres ...	14·66	...	...	...	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	0·33	1·33	...	...
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	19,598	...	...	...	584	...	...	...	...	...	166	565	...	...
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	1,337	...	...	...	2,163	...	...	...	...	...	503	425	...	...
Lakhimpur.	Number of experiments ...	36	14	1	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	21	9	...	...
	Total area cut, in acres ...	12·00	4·67	0·33	...	0·67	...	...	...	...	...	7·00	3·00	...	...
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	21,183	8,878	400	...	1,472	...	...	...	...	...	5,270	2,529	...	..
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	1,765	1,901	1,212	...	2,197	...	...	...	...	...	753	843	...	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills.	Number of experiments ...	100	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
	Total area cut, in acres ...	33·33	14·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·12
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	19,734	6,774	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,242
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	592	484	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,924
Garo Hills.	Number of experiments ...	4	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...
	Total area cut, in acres ...	1·33	5·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·00	...	...	...	...
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	2,501	5,696	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,561	...	...	...	...
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	1,880	1,069	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.	Number of experiments ...	345	147	38	12	42	2	1	1	3	9	41	45	8	12
	Total area cut, in acres ...	114·90	48·97	12·66	3·99	2·89	0·77	0·33	0·33	1·00	3·00	13·67	15·00	2·65	3·12
	Total crop reaped, in lbs. ...	137,725	57,963	15,915	8,091	6,300	293	22	86	111	1,561	6,959	7,356	2,741	12,242
	Average per acre, in lbs. ...	16,268	12,400	1,257	2,029	2,250	437	67	260	111	...	509	490	1,036	3,924

SECTION 2. *Agriculture and Horticulture.*

Besides the above, a very large number of experiments in various crops were, as in the preceding year, carried out by supervisor kanungos and mandals in the districts of Kamrup Darrang, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur, where the mauza-book has been introduced. A number of experiments in *sali* and *ahu* was made by the same agency in the temporarily-settled parts of Goalpara, where the mauza-book has not been introduced. The results of these have, however, been kept distinct from those of experiments made by officers of higher ranks, and the details have not been included in the present statement.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPERIMENTS.

Experimental Farm.

216. One of the objects of the Experimental Farm at Upper Shillong is to cultivate improved varieties of potatoes and rice grown by the Khasias, and during the year attention was specially devoted to the attainment of this object. A few other crops also were tried. The details of the experiments made are given below.

Potatoes.

217. The best results were obtained from Nainital seed, which gave an outturn of over nine-fold. During March 1900, over two acres were planted with the following varieties:

Nainital.	Flour Ball.
Magnum Bonum.	Triumph.
Abundance.	Harbinger.
Windsor Castle.	Early Regent.

The total cost of cultivation, excepting cost of seed, was Rs. 319.

Paddy.

218. The experiments in the cultivation of paddy were made with four varieties of Sikkim paddy and the ordinary low-land Khasi paddy. Paddy was partly sown broadcast and partly transplanted, but was killed by frost. Rice cultivation at the elevation of the farm is impossible, as the climate is too cold.

Oats.

219. An area of 12 poles was sown with two English varieties of oats (Lamb's Chester and White Tartarian). The crop came up vigorously and grew luxuriantly, but the yield of grain was exceedingly poor. The result confirms the experience of the previous year, that oats and other cereals cannot be successfully grown. Oats, however, can be grown as a fodder crop.

Root crops.

220. Six kinds of root crops were grown for cattle food, *viz.*, beet, mangel, turnip, swede, country carrot, and *sohphlang*. Turnips suffered from rot; the others did well. The rates of yield per acre were—

	Mds.
Carrot	140
Sohphlang	$25\frac{3}{4}$
All others	215

The roots were used for feeding the farm cattle. The excessive rainfall at the farm does not injure root crops, which grow very well here.

Lucerne.

221. The cultivation of lucerne has not been successful. The crop sown in the autumn of 1898, after making excellent growth during the spring, was attacked by blight as soon as the rain set in. The soil of Upper Shillong is not suited to lucerne, which grows best on a dry well-drained calcareous soil.

Tobacco.

222. Five kinds of tobacco were sown in March 1899. The seedlings were not ready for transplantation till June. The area planted was 10 poles. The plants grew very vigorously, but showed no signs of maturing even at the end of October, when, owing to frosts setting in, the still green crop had to be taken in.

Linseed.

223. Two crops of linseed were sown, one in April 1899 and the other in March 1900. The first crop, though sown about two months later than the proper seed time, grew well, but remained green throughout the rains, producing a succession of pods which absorbed moisture and exuded mucilage. The climate of the Khasi Hills is not suited to this crop.

Maize, Khasi pulse, and pumpkin.

224. The only other crops grown at the farm were maize, Khasi pulse, and pumpkin. The maize and Khasi pulse were grown for fodder. The pumpkins were used for cattle food during the winter.

225. The experiment in making silage was again successful. The pit used last year was filled with 264 loads of wild grass and 3¼ maunds of green Khasi pulse in the second week of September. The silo was opened early in December, and its contents were used for feeding the farm cattle until the middle of March. The silage was of better quality than in the previous year. The total cost incurred on the silo was Rs. 43-12-0.

Silage.

226. The farm nursery now contains numerous rooted seedlings and cuttings of apple, pear, and plum. The climate of the Khasi Hills is, however, not suited to the cultivation of these fruit trees, as the fruits never ripen.

Fruit trees in the farm.

227. The farm now possesses 41 head of cattle, which are kept mainly for the manure, which is absolutely essential for the cultivation of the poor soil of the farm. The receipts from the sale of milk amounted to Rs. 507-13-9, and, after deducting the cost of feeding, wages of cowherd, silo, and other expenses, there remained a net profit of Rs. 98. The Khasi cow is a very poor milker, the average yield of milk being one seer a day.

Dairy.

Receipts and expenditure.—The total receipts from the farm during the year amounted to Rs. 228-6-9, which includes the net profit of the dairy, but excludes the price of the seeds supplied by the farm, which is estimated at about Rs. 112. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 2,326-4-4, made up as follows :

	Rs.	a.	p.
Farm Superintendent's pay	480	0	0
Cost of cultivation	948	13	4
Silo	43	12	0
Seeds	205	7	6
Manure and Bordeaux mixture	279	11	8
Appliances	53	3	0
Cost of sheds	60	0	0
Cost of feeding plough cattle	110	8	6
Purchase of four cows and one bull	142	0	0
Miscellaneous	2	12	4
Total	2,326	4	4

Including the dairy, the total cost of the farm during the year under report amounted to Rs. 2,692-5-10 and the receipts to Rs. 507-13-9.

228. In March 1900, 18 maunds and 10 seers of seed-potatoes from the stock of the Experimental Farm at Upper Shillong were distributed, at the recommendation of the Deputy Commissioner, Khasi and Jaintia Hills, to seven Seims and Lyngdohs of the district. The Subdivisional Officer, Mokokchang, and the Superintendent of the Shillong Jail were each supplied with 2 maunds of potatoes for experimental purposes.

Seed distribution.

229. There is little of interest to add to the account given in last year's report of the cultivation of sisal hemp on Dauracherra garden. The sisal plants continue to thrive and multiply, and there are now 25,000 seedlings in nurseries. A valuation of £42 sterling per ton has been received on a sample sent to London. Mr. Hunter has commenced to clear fibre with machinery, but some time must elapse before he will be in a position to report results. The experiment in the cultivation of rhea referred to in last year's report was given up, as the land was found to be unsuitable.

Sisal hemp and rhea.

230. Babu Debeswar Gossain, an Assamese gentleman, has been conducting for some years an interesting experiment in the cultivation of sugarcane in Golaghat. The Assistant Director of Agriculture inspected the cultivation in November 1899. Improved methods of cultivation are followed in the farm, and the business has proved profitable to the proprietor. Mr. Mati Lal Haldar, a Bengali tea-planter, has also

Sugarcane.

SECTION 2. *Agriculture and Horticulture.*

been experimenting with sugarcane and Egyptian cotton in the Monai tea estate in the Tezpur subdivision. The Assistant Director of Agriculture visited his farm in February 1900. Several varieties of sugarcane were under trial, among which a thick black kind (Bengali Black Bombay) was found to grow best. The Egyptian cotton was, however, a failure, the soil on which it had been planted being too sandy and poor to give a profitable outturn.

Fruit trees.

231. The citron plantation at Therriaghat was cleared during the year of sand and refuse deposited by the floods of 1898. About 1,600 citrons were made over in October to the Civil Surgeon, Shillong. The Principal Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, Assam, having expressed the opinion that the citrons possess no medicinal properties, it is proposed to abandon the plantation. The *lichi* and mango grafts planted in the compound of the Nongpoh dâk bungalow are reported to be dead. The Deputy Commissioner, Khasi and Jaintia Hills, started a small fruit plantation during the year at Umsawriang in the Barpani Valley. In all, 46 trees were planted, and are reported to be flourishing, with few exceptions.

CATTLE-BREEDING AND VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT.

Cattle-disease.

232. The statement below shows the number of deaths among cattle reported from the several districts of the province during the past two years, and the causes to which they are attributed:

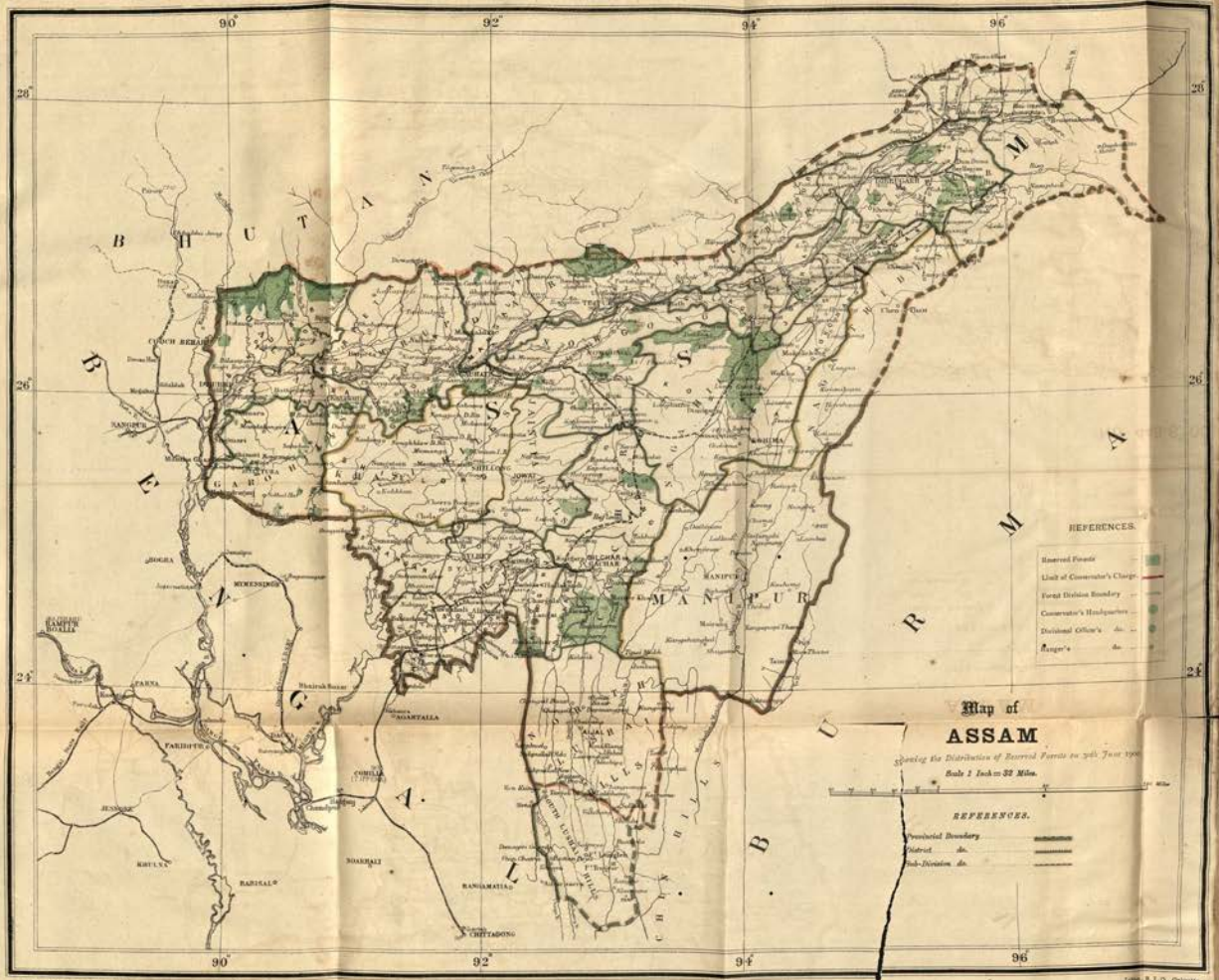
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10	
District.	Rinderpest.		Foot-and-mouth disease.		Swelling of mouth and throat.		Diarrhœa, dysentery and cholera.		Anthrax.		Catarrh.		Other diseases.		Total.		Estimated value of cattle.	
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
																	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	21	95	184	138	356	556	1,594	469	7	...	...	21	49	193	2,211	1,472	41,009	16,253
Sylhet	5,753	3,550	2,434	3,611	11,110	5,946	8,024	4,375	41	86	926	1,110	12,031	12,720	40,319	31,398	3,18,218	2,87,468
Goalpara	760	1,366	3,238	3,437	1,206	1,616	1,216	768	329	267	1,008	642	12,947	6,301	20,704	14,397	89,110	84,835
Kamrup	4,558	1,569	10,039	8,684	5,863	8,260	9,288	9,226	...	239	...	...	8,902	10,627	38,670	38,605	2,93,768	2,92,019
Darrang	875	1,249	782	2,521	246	706	664	2,346	101	46	22	137	2,489	5,089	5,119	12,094	35,644	1,07,524
Nowgong	487	589	3,658	4,146	1,273	2,212	670	4,633	...	...	...	...	2,059	1,873	8,147	13,453	65,176	1,07,624
Sibsagar	1,350	978	1,380	2,207	1,747	1,494	9,055	3,914	181	259	75	284	4,299	7,397	22,087	16,533	2,46,820	1,42,084
Lakhimpur	4,961	...	128	396	...	74	461	164	3	...	...	...	2,517	802	8,070	1,436	80,700	14,360
Naga Hills*	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,200	...	18,000	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills...	...	...		147	...	26	83	900	...	...	...	...	...	45	83	1,118	1,148	11,606
Garo Hills*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	22,765	9,396	21,863	25,287	21,801	20,890	32,255	26,795	662	897	2,031	2,194	45,293	45,047	146,679	130,506	11,89,593	10,64,373

* Information not available.

There was a decrease in the number of deaths during the year, as compared with the previous year, in all districts, except Darrang, Nowgong, and Khasi and Jaintia Hills. The increase in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills was due to statistics being collected for a larger area. Foot-and-mouth disease, diarrhœa, dysentery, and cholera were prevalent in an epidemic form in the Darrang district. The floods in Nowgong caused much sickness among cattle owing to want of pasturage. The decrease in the number of deaths is most noticeable in Lakhimpur, where, as reported by the Deputy Commissioner, the services of the veterinary assistant employed by the Local Board were most useful.

In 1899, 16,811 cattle were reported to have been killed by wild animals and 199 by snakes, against 16,266 and 257, respectively, in the preceding year.

Of the five Government breeding bulls maintained at Silchar, Haflong, Sylhet (Jaintia), Naharjan tea estate (Sibsagar), and Shillong, the one at Silchar died on the 25th December 1899.



REFERENCE TO FORESTS IN ASSAM.

Division.	Range.	Number and Name of Forest.	Area on 30th June 1900. Acres.	Square Miles.
GOALPARA.	Goma	1 Goma	16,780	26
	Western	2 Dipu	170,567	266
		3 Chirang	149,443	234
	Eastern	4 Bengtol	14,335	22
		5 Bhuiswar Hill	6,180	9
		Total	357,310	558
GARO HILLS.	Northern	1 Jenai	8,640	13
		2 Chima and Bangoli	9,078	14
		3 Dhora	5,760	9
		4 Dilma	1,190	2
		5 Raja Simla	4,608	7
		6 Bilik	2,560	4
		7 Dambu	4,454	7
		8 Songsar	8,005	13
		9 Dengrai	2,048	3
		10 Siwangiri	2,880	4
	Southern	11 Dil	1,280	2
		12 Rewak	2,280	4
		13 Rangsir	1,280	2
		14 Bagmara	10,240	16
		15 Angratoli	31,744	49
	Western	16 Dura Hill	6,080	9
		17 Dobagiri	960	1
		18 Tura	960	1
KAMRUP.	Bogra	19 Barjuli	1,280	2
		20 Jajur	832	1
		21 Sampathar	640	1
		22 Barabhita	1,280	2
		23 Gendua	1,280	2
		24 Barchala	1,408	2
		25 Mangalkhal	384	1
		26 Sarania Hill	576	1
		27 Khaloduri	768	1
		28 Garobhita	640	1
		29 Tamulmari	896	1
		30 Ghorapota	192	1
		31 Ghatbhar Hill	640	1
		32 Singhri Dikandura Hill	6,528	10
		33 Dumduma	256	1
		34 Simla Hill	512	1
		35 Mibella	2,304	4
		36 Chhargaon	2,816	4
	Kahi	37 Kahi Plantation	3,968	6
		38 Pantan	23,552	37
		39 Mayang	4,800	8
		40 Bordua	16,128	25
		41 Matiakhar	2,560	4
	Rani	42 Kawaring	3,072	5
		43 Jara	1,024	2
		44 Rani	11,008	17
	North-Eastern	45 Hajo	192	1
		46 Durrangs	5,440	9
KHASI AND JAINTIA HILLS.	Shillong	51 Riat Khasis	367	1
	Jowai	52 Saipung	25,600	40
		Total	63,800	100
NOWGONG.	Pathar-kandi	53 Langai and Singla	63,800	100
CACHAR.	Sonai	54 Upper Sil	13,360	21
		55 Lower Sil	24,320	38
		56 Barak	44,032	69
		57 Dwar	4,480	7
	Sonai & Mariani	58 Inner Line	218,880	342
	Mariani	59 Matabari	51,200	80
	Sonkosh	60 Langting Mupa	51,200	80
SIBSAGAR.	Western	61 Sonakosi	16,768	27
	Central	62 Kholahat	15,848	25
		63 Bokalong	8,320	13
		64 Dobcha	28,672	45
		65 Nidoorapar	4,032	6
		66 Jongthong	8,640	13
	Eastern	67 Nimai	6,912	11
		68 Dili	8,832	14
		69 Kakrakata Hill	3,456	5
DARRANG.	Western	70 Khalingdoar	17,777	27
		Nagri Hill	5,120	8
	Central	71 Bhamaragiri	5,888	9
		72 Kerameri	6,400	10
	Eastern	73 Chardoar	77,404	121
		74 Balipara	36,352	57
		75 Nowdoar	25,480	40
GOLAGHAT.	Golaghat	76 Mikir Hills	37,840	60
		77 Kaloni	3,840	6
		78 Upper Dalgurung	5,120	8
		79 Lower Dalgurung	5,120	8
		80 Nambor	146,118	228
		81 Dipha	40,448	63
		82 Borpora	18,560	29
		83 Dayang	62,272	97
	Jorhat	84 Dwar	6,400	10
		85 Bolongapar	2,880	4
		86 Abhaipur	18,432	29
	Sibsagar	87 Sola	1,728	3
		88 Panidihingia	19,200	30
		89 Dirai	11,263	18
LAKHIMPUR.	North Lakhimpur.	90 Sheuabeah	3,180	5
		91 Koldoia	11,626	18
		92 Dibru	36,160	56
	Dibrugarh	93 Jokai	11,892	18
		94 Dhingiakhi	13,747	21
	Mishmi	95 Jagun	24,063	38
		96 Upper Debing	91,637	144

A. S. P. O. (Rev.) No. 308—633—11-11-1901.

Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 31.—11,300.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India, March 1901.

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

SECTION 3.

FORESTS.

Area of State forests.

233. The total area of State forests at the close of the year was 20,062 square miles, including 3,609 square miles of reserved forests and 16,453 square miles of unclassed State forests, as compared with 3,537 and 16,673 square miles, respectively, at the commencement. An area of 101 square miles was added to the reserved forest, whilst 29 square miles were disforested for cultivation. The area of unclassed State forests is subject to yearly variations and calls for no remark.

Forest settlements.

234. The following forests, notified under section 5 of the Forest Regulation, were finally declared as reserves:

The Langting Mupa reserve in Cachar	... 80	square miles.
Additions to the Charduar reserve in Darrang	... 21	„ „
Total	... 101	„ „

The area undergoing settlement during the year was 105 square miles. Of this area final proposals were sent up for the Barail reserve in Cachar, but were returned for revision, with the object of excising some of the several villages situated within its proposed boundaries, and thus lessening the cost of compensation awarded for disturbance to the occupiers of these lands.

Demarcation.

235. The total length of all boundaries at the close of the year was 2,612 miles, including 1,148 miles of artificially-marked boundaries, as compared with 2,488 miles and 1,145 miles, respectively, of the previous year. A length of 1,145 miles of artificially-marked boundary was cleared and 4,613 boundary mounds were repaired at a total cost of Rs. 2,580, or Rs. 2-4-6 per mile, as compared with Rs. 2,217 or Re. 1-15-8 per mile expended on similar work of the previous year.

Surveys.

236. An area of about 26 square miles of unclassed State forests in Lakhimpur was surveyed during the year, with a view to constitute it as a reserved forest.

Working-plans.

237. In Goalpara, the plan allowed of 7,792 acres being opened in the five different circles, and of 5,683 *sâl* trees being removed, subject to sylvicultural requirements. Of the above, only 5,856 acres were worked over, and only 1,768 trees were felled and removed. Three out of the five open areas were worked by purchasers, who removed only 1,443 out of an estimated possible 4,017 trees, as they declined to take any of the inferior stock, even at reduced rates; and the remaining areas having been taken up for departmental working towards the close of the season, had only partly been worked over when the year closed. But, besides the areas prescribed by the plan for the year, several of the old coupes, which remained unexploited to their full extent, were again worked over and yielded as many as 3,257 *sâl* trees, whilst two coupes in the Guma circle, which strictly belong to the years 1900-01 and 1902-03, were worked over, departmentally, in advance, for convenience of sleeper work, and yielded 899 *sâl* trees. Altogether, therefore, 5,924 *sâl* trees were felled during the year under report, as detailed below:

	Sâl trees.
From areas appointed under plan for the year	... 1,768
„ coupes of former years (1893-94, 1895-96, 1896-97, 1897-98, and 1898-99) ...	... 3,257
„ „ worked in advance (1900-01 and 1902-03)	... 899
Total	... 5,924

132 trees, other than *sâl*, were felled and removed under the plan.

In the Garo Hills, the Darugiri forest remained closed, but the working of the Dambu forest, according to the plan, was leased under agreement for three years, in which time the lessee is permitted to remove all the trees allowed by the plan to be felled up to the end of the working period, the minimum felling girth being raised from 4½ to 5 feet. Out of an estimated number of about 4,000 trees available for exploitation, the lessee felled 344 trees, and owing to the bad state of the road, was not able to remove all the outturn obtained from this small number.

SECTION 3. *Forests.*

Communications and buildings.

238. The following table compares the expenditure incurred during the past two years on roads and buildings:

Division.	Roads.				Buildings.		Other works.		Total.	
	1898-99.		1899-1900.		1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Miles.	Rs.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Direction ...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	10	...
Cachar ...	25	190	25	197	1,526	942	146	187	1,862	1,326
Sylhet ...	...	...	...	...	749	614	97	54	846	668
Goalpara ...	...	563	...	251	1,743	2,318	248	235	2,554	2,804
Kamrup ...	22	375	74	1,097	4,954	925	125	166	5,454	2,188
Darrang ...	5	3,711	3	4,414	7,265	2,506	574	184	11,550	7,104
Nowgong ...	...	...	...	...	934	780	118	187	1,052	967
Sibsagar ...	95	178	89½	166	947	668	79	52	1,204	885
Lakhimpur ...	9	58	9½	61	2,690	1,136	121	162	2,869	1,359
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	...	...	...	...	49	125	...	...	49	125
Garo Hills ...	24	1,158	...	63	455	1,488	74	93	1,687	1,644
Total	180	6,233	201	6,249	21,322	11,502	1,582	1,320	29,137	19,071

The principal new work on road-making was the construction of three miles of cart-road on the Charduar plantation at a cost of Rs. 2,261. Under "Buildings" the principal new works were the erection of substantial houses for subordinate establishment in the Goalpara and Garo Hills divisions.

Forest offences.

239. The new cases taken into court were 102, as compared with 91 in the previous year. Sixteen cases were pending at the commencement of the year. Of these 118 cases, 109 cases were disposed of by the court. Ninety cases involving 319 persons resulted in convictions and 19 cases (98 persons) in acquittals, the cases convicted being 82·6 per cent. of those disposed of, as compared with 82·9 in the previous year and 78·0 per cent. in 1897-98. The number of cases compounded was 246, as compared with 248 in 1898-99.

Fire protection.

240. Special arrangements were made to protect 635,381 acres, of which 619,890 acres, or 97·6 per cent., were successfully protected for an expenditure of Rs. 11,381, or an average cost of Rs. 11-12-0 per square mile, as compared with 643,608 acres saved in the previous year at a cost of only Rs. 8-10-9 a square mile. Certain special conditions relating to labour difficulty tended to largely increase expenditure in Goalpara, Darrang, and Nowgong. The incidence of cost on the protected forests was still further raised by the fact that a smaller area was saved, 15,491 acres having been burnt, as compared with 1,453 acres in the previous year.

There were in all twenty fires, extending over 15,491 acres. Three of these, aggregating 9,642 acres, took place in the Goalpara division, and were caused by fire entering the forests by crossing exterior fire lines. Two fires over an area of 5,090 acres were caused accidentally by people passing through the forests in the Kamrup division. None of the remaining fires were of any great magnitude.

Grazing.

241. Out of a total of 3,609 square miles, 2,674 square miles, or 74 per cent. of the reserved forests, were closed to all animals for the whole year, 916 square miles were open to all animals other than browsers, and 19 square miles were open to animals of all kinds. Unclassed State forests, as a whole, were open to grazing in all districts. In the reserved forests, 938 animals grazed on payment of Rs. 463, and 3,177 grazed without cash payment. In unclassed State forests, 21,972 cattle grazed on payment of fees amounting to Rs. 10,667, and the cattle that grazed free are estimated at 302,676, the value of this free grazing being Rs. 87,136.

Artificial reproduction.

242. The regular plantations, which alone are of any importance in Assam, are situated in Kamrup and Darrang divisions. During the year Rs. 11,846 were spent under this head, of which Rs. 11,806 were incurred on regular plantation work and Rs. 40 on cultural operations. The receipts from this source were Rs. 8,331, of which all but a small amount of Rs. 41 was obtained from the experimental rubber tappings in Charduar carried out in 1898-99. In Kamrup no new work was undertaken, and the area of 367 acres, principally of rubber and teak, remained as in previous years. In Darrang the rubber plantation area, which at commencement of the year contained 1,748 acres, was increased to 2,304 acres during the year by the addition of 556 acres.

Experimental tappings.

243. During the season under report, tapping operations in the Charduar plantation were continued over compartments 5, 6, 7, and 8, while a few trees in compartment 3 and the whole of compartment 4 were tapped for the second year in succession. Briefly, 474 acres, containing 6,810 trees, were operated on, with the result that 4,502lb of clean rubber were obtained, of which 4,451lb were sent to London for sale and 51lb distributed to several officers as samples or for experiment. The rubber sent to London, after deducting all charges on account of tapping, packing, freight, and agent's fees, realised Rs. 6,841, or Re. 1-8-7 per lb, as compared with Re. 1-2-3 per lb obtained in the former year. Messrs. McLeod & Co., through whom the sale was effected, reported that it was the finest stuff ever seen in London from Assam.

Charduar was visited during the year by His Excellency the Viceroy, who inspected part of the plantation, examined the tapping operations, and saw the method of preparing and packing the clean rubber for market.

Exploitation of major forest produce. Selection fellings.

244. Selection fellings in the proper sense of the term were only carried out in the Goalpara division and in some of the reserves of the Garo Hills, where the forests are worked under plans. In other districts purchasers were allowed to select the largest trees available, of 4½ feet girth and over. All trees were marked before felling. The number of trees felled during the past two years by departmental agency and by purchasers under this rough selection method are compared in the following table:

	1898-99.								1899-1900.							
	Felled by Government agency.		Removed under trade licenses.			Removed under free licenses.			Felled by Government agency.		Removed under trade licenses.			Removed under free licenses.		
	Sál trees.	Others.	Number of licenses.	*Sál* trees.	Other trees.	Number of licenses.	*Sál* trees.	Other trees.	*Sál* trees.	Other trees.	Number of licenses.	*Sál* trees.	Other trees.	Number of licenses.	*Sál* trees.	Other trees.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Reserved forests ...	3,126	11	594	3,394	4,266	91	60	1,169	3,994	106	743	4,950	3,587	168	...	235
Unclassed State forests.	128	2	1,406	660	23,818	223	...	853	1	...	1,758	1,732	22,389	44	...	981
Total	3,254	13	2,000	4,054	28,084	314	60	2,022	3,995	106	2,501	6,682	25,976	212	...	1,216

Exploitation of minor forest produce: (1) extraction of fodder, and (2) grazing.

245. Grazing in Assam was practically granted free of payment to all owners of cattle, except professional breeders or dairymen. The extensive area of 16,453 square miles of unclassed State forests were available for grazing, and the total receipts collected from this source was only Rs. 10,667, as compared with Rs. 15,217 of the previous year. A further sum of Rs. 463 was collected on account of grazing allowed in reserved forests.

SECTION 3. *Forests.*

Yield of the year.

246. The outturn of timber, fuel, and bamboos from State forests was as follows:

Class of forests and agency of exploitation.	Timber.		Fuel.		Bamboos.
	Traders and consumers.	Waste land lessees.	Traders and consumers.	Waste land lessees.	Traders and consumers.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	No.
From reserved forests	946,440	...	226,828	...	1,328,720
„ unclassed State forests	6,803,621	245,397	8,892,970	259,031	24,462,246
Total	7,750,061	245,397	9,119,798	259,031	25,790,966
By Government agency	129,096	...	16,993	...	26,210
„ purchasers	6,886,905	...	4,231,064	...	23,337,821
„ waste land lessees	...	245,397	...	259,031	...
„ free grantees	734,060	...	4,871,741	...	2,426,935
Total	7,750,061	245,397	9,119,798	259,031	25,790,966
Total, 1899-1900	7,995,458		9,378,829		25,790,966
„ 1898-99	8,874,266		11,499,351		26,073,206
	—878,808		—2,120,522		—282,240

There was a decrease under all the heads—Timber and fuel removed by *gurkati* permit-holders in the Garo Hills and by free grantees are calculated by means of factors that are supposed to give misleading results. If these calculations were eliminated from the figures of the two years, the outturn would be 3,195,000 cubic feet and 2,768,500 cubic feet, respectively, for 1898-99 and 1899-1900, and indicate a *minus* difference against the year under report of 426,500 cubic feet, more than half of which fell under the head of "Timber removed by waste land lessees," owing to fewer valuation bills having been paid up and completed during the year, as compared with the preceding one. The remaining deficit of 190,000 cubic feet was accounted for by shorter sales of timber and fuel from the forests of Cachar, Sylhet, Sibsagar, and the Khasi and Jaintia Hills.

Outturn of minor produce.

247. The value of bamboos and other minor produce, including the duty on foreign rubber, removed from the State forests, was Rs. 4,69,547.

Free grants of timber and fuel.

248. The table given below compares the quantities of timber and fuel granted free of payment for the past two years:

Division.	Free grants, exclusive of grants to waste land grantees.		Increase or decrease.	Value.	
	1898-99.	1899-1900.		1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	29,982	35,568	+ 5,586	482	577
Sylhet	1,287,608	1,301,972	+ 14,364	20,831	20,840
Goalpara	444,156	406,606	— 37,550	9,661	12,769
Kamrup	519,533	450,572	— 68,961	12,064	9,908
Darrang	538,158	547,828	+ 9,670	20,252	17,915
Nowgong	359,211	292,879	— 66,332	9,078	6,791
Sibsagar	1,097,476	904,273	— 183,203	31,685	26,267
Lakhimpur	854,245	796,647	— 57,598	25,365	22,291
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	801,600	612,800	— 188,500	13,477	9,575
Garo Hills	246,596	256,656	+ 10,060	3,877	4,071
Total	6,178,565	5,605,801	— 562,764	1,46,772	1,31,004

Financial results.

249. The following table shows the revenue and expenditure of the last five financial and forest years:

—	Revenue.	Expenditure.		Surplus.	Percentage of surplus to gross revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Financial.					
1895-96	4,25,033	A. 1,16,168 B. 1,69,969	2,86,137	1,38,896	32·7
1896-97	4,36,443	A. 1,07,966 B. 1,74,050	2,82,016	1,54,427	35·4
1897-98	3,84,816	A. 86,430 B. 2,02,401	2,88,831	95,985	24·9
1898-99	3,98,174	A. 1,11,016 B. 1,94,349	3,05,365	92,809	23·4
1899-1900	5,68,098	A. 1,56,513 B. 2,00,631	3,57,144	2,10,954	37·1
Average for five years	4,42,513	...	3,03,899	1,38,614	31·3
Forest year.					
1895-96	4,04,482	A. 1,15,979 B. 1,73,344	2,89,323	1,15,159	28·5
1896-97	4,40,936	A. 1,00,050 B. 1,82,141	2,82,191	1,58,745	36·0
1897-98	3,70,778	A. 88,536 B. 1,97,610	2,86,146	84,632	22·8
1898-99	4,36,752	A. 1,20,624 B. 1,97,494	3,18,118	1,18,634	27·1
1899-1900	5,46,092	A. 1,51,978 B. 1,98,528	3,50,506	1,95,586	35·8
Average for five years	4,39,808	...	3,05,257	1,34,551	30·6

The gross revenue of the forest year was Rs. 1,09,340 and the expenditure Rs. 32,388 in excess of the figures for the previous year, while the surplus showed an increase of Rs. 76,952, and the percentage of this head to gross revenue increased from 27 to 35. The increase in revenue of Rs. 1,09,340, as compared with that of the previous year, was obtained from the following sources:

	Rs.
Reserved forests	+ 74,740
Unclassed State forests	+ 6,367
Timber valuation of waste land grants	— 14,374
Shared forests	+ 30,182
Foreign timber and other produce	+ 12,425
Net difference	+1,09,340

SECTION 3. *Forests.*

The following table compares the total figures of revenue under the main budget heads for the past two years:

Budget heads.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Difference of last two years.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Timber and other produce removed from forests by Government agency.	16,794	28,898	95,655	+ 66,757
II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers. (*a*) Traders ...	2,41,692	2,69,893	2,79,850	+ 9,957
(*b*) Waste lands	35,520	43,918	29,544	— 14,374
III.—Drift and waif wood and confiscated forest produce.	12,098	8,393	5,787	— 2,606
IV.—Revenue from forests not managed by Government.	26,528	48,218	86,789	+ 38,571
V.—Miscellaneous	38,146	37,432	48,467	+ 11,035
Total	3,70,778	4,36,752	5,46,092	+ 1,09,340

The receipts of the year under report were considerably better under all heads, except II (*b*) and III. The increase under head I was due to extensive sleeper operations successfully carried out in Goalpara, and that under IV to the opening of the Manipur State forests in Cachar, and the stimulus given to the export of rubber in Cachar, Darrang, and Lakhimpur by the rather sudden and considerable rise in Calcutta prices. The receipts under II (*b*) "Valuations on waste land grants" exhibited a falling off of Rs. 14,374, owing to a large number of bills having been appealed against by the grantees and remaining outstanding at the close of the year.

The following table compares the revenue and expenditure and the surplus or deficit of each division for the last two years:

Division.	Revenue.			Expenditure.			Surplus or deficit.		
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Difference in 1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Difference in 1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Difference in 1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Direction	12	207	+ 195	33,342	28,785	— 4,557	— 33,330	— 28,578	+ 4,752
Cachar	88,858	1,12,150	+ 23,300	27,964	52,331	+ 24,367	+ 60,894	+ 59,827	— 1,067
Sylhet	47,185	50,378	+ 3,193	16,350	17,100	+ 750	+ 30,835	+ 33,278	+ 2,443
Goalpara	51,475	1,21,942	+ 70,467	63,587	82,202	+ 18,615	— 12,112	+ 39,740	+ 51,852
Kamrup	40,454	38,121	— 2,333	33,022	28,159	— 4,863	+ 7,432	+ 9,962	+ 2,530
Darrang	47,740	66,952	+ 19,212	49,762	45,181	— 4,581	— 2,022	+ 21,771	+ 23,793
Nowgong	9,105	7,971	— 1,134	13,233	12,371	— 862	— 4,128	— 4,400	— 272
Sibsagar	25,813	19,663	— 6,250	16,196	16,879	+ 683	+ 9,617	+ 2,684	— 6,933
Lakhimpur	82,433	85,114	+ 2,681	26,739	27,448	+ 709	+ 55,694	+ 57,666	+ 1,972
Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	5,853	5,450	— 403	4,552	4,520	— 32	+ 1,301	+ 930	— 371
Garo Hills	37,824	38,236	+ 412	33,371	35,530	+ 2,159	+ 4,453	+ 2,706	— 1,747
Total	4,36,752	5,46,092	+ 1,09,340	3,18,118	3,50,506	+ 32,388	+ 1,18,634	+ 1,95,586	+ 76,952

In Cachar, there was a decrease of Rs. 1,067 in surplus, as compared with the previous year, resulting from a falling off in timber outturn from Government forests, owing to the opening of the Manipur State forests. In Sylhet, the increase in surplus was owing to the *bonâ fide* development of trade on Government forests. In Goalpara, the surplus of Rs. 39,740 was in consequence of sleeper operations successfully carried out during the year under report. In Kamrup, the increase of Rs. 2,530 in surplus was owing to reduction of expenditure. In Darrang, where there was a deficit of Rs. 2,022 as in 1898-99, there was a surplus of Rs. 23,793, chiefly resulting from an increase of receipts under rubber sales and import duty. In Sibsagar, the falling off of Rs. 6,933 was owing to smaller sale of timber removed by purchasers and to several timber bills for timber on waste lands remaining outstanding at the close of the year. The surplus of Rs. 1,972 in Lakhimpur was principally due to larger amount of revenue collected under the head of import duty on foreign rubber. Restricted sales of timber in Khasi and Jaintia and Garo Hills resulted in smaller surpluses than in the previous year.

SECTION 4.

MINES AND MINERALS.

Lime-quarries.

250. There are 34 recognised lime-quarries in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, which is the only district in the Province in which any revenue is derived from limestone. Three quarries have been leased for a term of years at a fixed annual revenue, and five were worked under the permit system. No operations were carried on in the remaining 26, except at Maostoh, which is worked by the proprietors. Some of the quarries are owned by the Seims or by the people, and under treaty rights they receive one-half of the revenue. The proprietors' share of revenue amounted to Rs. 8,099, against Rs. 13,196 in the previous year. The Government share of revenue from the quarries leased at a fixed rental was, as in the previous year, Rs. 5,250, and that from those worked under the permit or royalty system amounted to Rs. 6,837, against Rs. 15,948 in 1898-99. The quantity of limestone exported was 1,776,689 maunds, against 1,312,732 maunds in 1898-99.

Coal-mines and mineral oils.

251. In Lakhimpur the Assam Railways and Trading Company extracted 247,228 tons of coal, against 211,554 tons in 1898-99. The quantity extracted from the Namdang and Tirap mines, for which no royalty is payable, was 68,303 tons, as compared with 47,118 tons in the previous year. From the Ledo and Tikak mines, on which royalty is levied at 3 annas a ton, 178,925 tons were extracted, against 164,436 tons in 1898-99. The total surface rent paid by this Company was Rs. 366 and the royalty Rs. 33,548, against Rs. 30,832 in 1898-99.

The Assam Company, of Nazira, Sibsagar, extracted from the quarries at Telphoon 24,835 maunds (or 912·30 tons), and from those near Geleki, within the jurisdiction of the Naga Hills district, 917 maunds (or 33·69 tons) of coal during the year, against 28,826 maunds (or 1,058·91 tons) and 4,931 maunds (or 183·13 tons), respectively, in the preceding year. Royalty is realised on the quantity of coal quarried at 4 annas per ton. The coal obtained from Telphoon is reported to be of excellent quality, but operations were considerably handicapped owing to the ignition of one of the seams during last rains through spontaneous combustion. The Naga Hills concession has had to be permanently abandoned, as sufficient coal has not been found there to warrant any further expenditure. No seam was struck during the five or six years during which operations were carried on.

In the Khasi and Jaintia Hills Rs. 400 was realised on account of ground rent in respect of a tract of land covered by a prospecting license for coal granted to Mr. G. L. Garth.

There was no change in the revenue demand (Rs. 5,500) on account of the mineral oil concessions in Lakhimpur, which now consists only of surface rents. The Assam Railways and Trading Company extracted 616,275 gallons of oil, against 555,204 gallons in 1898-99.

Mineral concessions.

252. Both limestone and coal are known to exist in the North Cachar Hills. In the year under report, a license to explore for minerals in the Borail range was issued to Messrs A. Spicer and R. Spicer, of Cachar. A license was issued to Mr. G. L. Garth to prospect for coal, tin, copper and iron in an area of about 13 square miles, between the Bogapani river and Tharia-Cherrapunji road in the Khasi Hills.

SECTION 5.

MANUFACTURES.

SECTION 5. *Manufactures.*

253. The only manufacture of importance in the province is that of tea. The total number of tea gardens at the end of 1899 was 815, against 818 in the previous year. The following statement gives details of the changes that took place during the year 1899:

Gardens opened and closed. Extensions and relinquishments.

District.	Number of gardens newly opened.	Number of gardens				Increase or decrease.
		Closed.	Amalgamated with other gardens.	Abandoned.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cachar	...	1	2	...	3	—3
Sylhet	...	1	4	...	5	—5
Darrang	9	...	1	...	1	+8
Nowgong	...	...	...	1	1	—1
Sibsagar	1	6	1	...	7	—6
Lakhimpur	4	...	...	...	...	+4
Total	14	8	8	1	17	—3

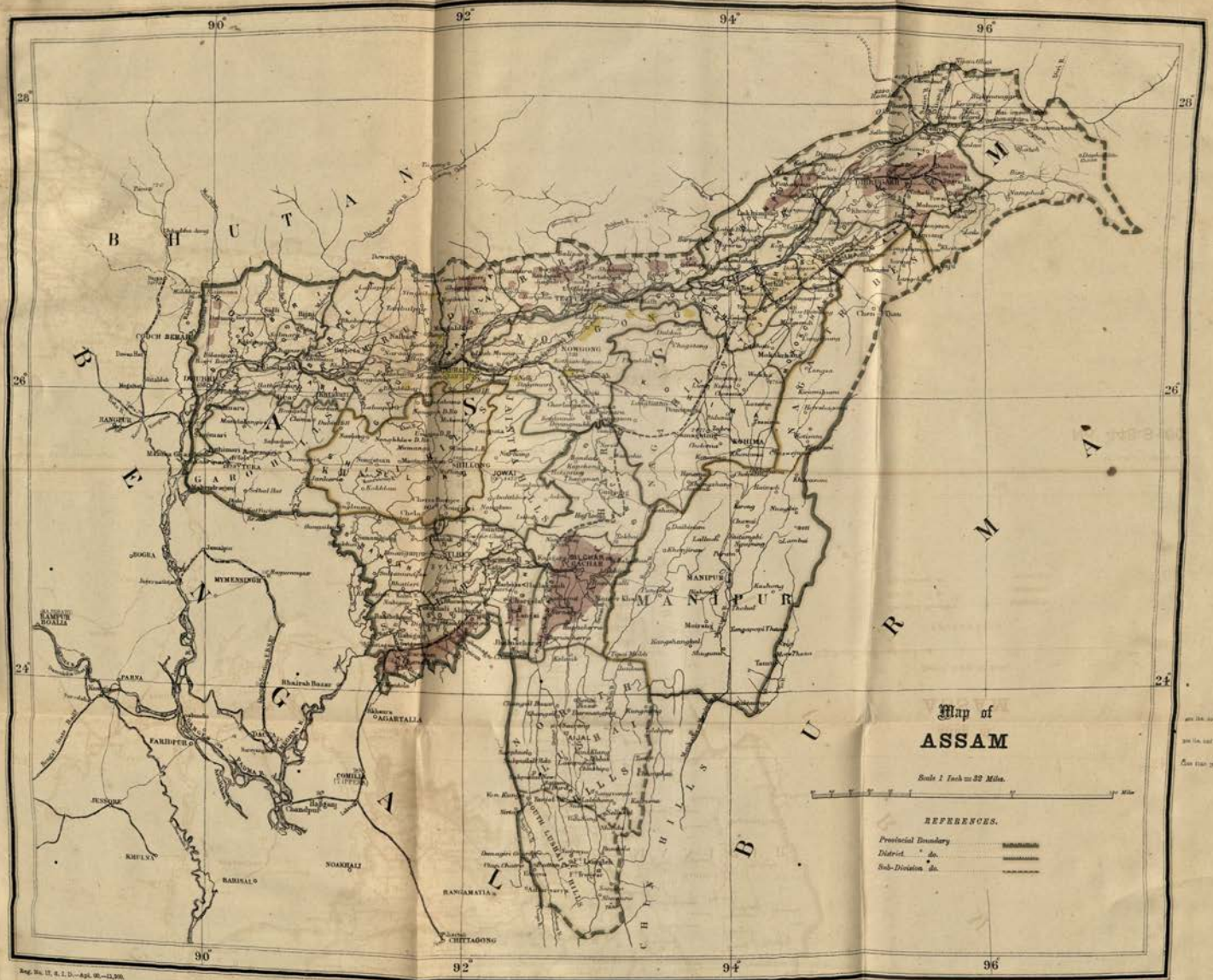
The number of gardens opened during the year was 14, against 15 in 1898. Eight gardens were closed, against 13 in the previous year. Eight gardens were amalgamated with other gardens, against 6 in 1898, and one garden was abandoned.

254. The statement given below compares the number of gardens in each district and their area for the past two years; it also shows the total area of all lands held by tea-planters in 1899:

Number and area of gardens and area of all lands held by tea-planters.

District.	Number of tea gardens.		Increase or decrease.	Total area of tea gardens, in acres.		Increase or decrease.	Total area of all lands held by tea-planters in 1899, in acres.
	1898.	1899.		1898.	1899.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Cachar	190	187	—3	270,831*	272,892	+ 2,061	282,169
Sylhet	138	133	—5	141,128	138,058	— 3,070	224,607
Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	1	1	...	100	100	...	100
Goalpara	3	3	...	852	852	...	852
Kamrup	23	23	...	17,788	17,735	— 53	25,553
Darrang	90	98	+8	112,063	133,024	+ 20,961	135,517
Nowgong	50	49	—1	49,851	48,012	— 1,839	51,392
Sibsagar	173	167	—6	238,108	237,024	— 1,084	269,934
Lakhimpur	150	154	+4	172,837	180,082	+ 7,245	211,532
Total	818	815	—3	1,003,558*	1,027,779	+24,221	1,201,656

*Revised figures.



Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 00.—12,300.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India, March 1900.

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

The figures in columns 5 and 6 represent the area, cultivated and uncultivated, included in existing tea gardens, on whatever tenure held, estates on which no tea was actually cultivated being excluded. In column 8 is shown the total area of all estates occupied by tea-planters, including those on which no tea was actually cultivated. The increase of 20,961 acres in the area of tea gardens in the Darrang district was partly due to the opening of new gardens and partly to the fact that more accurate statistics were furnished for the year under review than those that were given in previous years. In Cachar, figures were revised during the year, and the increase of area is only apparent, but in Lakhimpur, the increase was the result of the opening of new gardens.

Area under mature and immature plants and total area of tea gardens.

255. The following table gives the area under mature and immature plants and the total area of tea gardens during the last fifteen years:

Year.	Under mature plants.	Under immature plants.	Total area under tea.	Total area of tea gardens.
1	2	3	4	5
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1884	158,158	31,694	189,852	913,476
1885	159,876	37,634	197,510	921,891
1886	170,138	33,855	203,993	934,134
1887	177,900	33,179	211,079	950,171
1888	188,329	28,347	216,676	955,499
1889	196,689	30,560	227,249	100,665
1890	200,658	30,380	231,038	994,497
1891	208,407	33,416	241,823	996,746
1892	213,525	33,667	247,192	1,044,984
1893	221,368	35,257	256,625	1,042,277
1894	229,316	39,480	268,796	1,054,992
1895	234,909	41,105	276,014	995,787
1896	247,655	44,254	291,909	968,895
1897	263,489	47,337	310,826*	1,014,018*
1898	275,698*	50,125*	325,823*	1,003,558*
1899	284,807	46,344	331,151	1,027,779

*Revised figures.

Area under tea cultivation in each district.

256. The following statement compares the total area under tea cultivation in each district for the past two years:

District.	Total area under mature and immature plants. 1898.	1899.	Increase or decrease.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Cachar	62,189*	60,542	— 1,647
Sylhet	71,660	71,936	+ 276
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	30	30	...
Goalpara	465	595	+ 130
Kamrup	4,196	3,818	— 378
Darrang	38,773	41,469	+ 2,696
Nowgong	12,871	12,520	— 351
Sibsagar	75,945	76,797	+ 852
Lakhimpur	59,694	63,444	+ 3,750
Total	325,823*	331,151	+ 5,328

* Revised figures.

SECTION 5. *Manufactures.*

The areas under tea in Darrang and Lakhimpur were 6·9 and 6·2 per cent., respectively, in excess of the areas under tea in those districts in 1898. The variations in the other districts, except in Cachar, where the fall in the price of tea, combined with a bad outturn in 1898, led to much restriction of cultivation, call for no remarks.

Total outturn of the province.

257. The total outturn of tea during the year was 127,576,168lbs., against 109,286,995 lbs. in 1898, an increase of 18,289,173lbs. The following table compares the figures furnished by the Indian Tea Association and the figures of the trade returns with those reported by the Deputy Commissioners in their Annual Tea Reports:

Source of information.	1898.			1899.		
	Brahmaputra Valley.	Surma Valley.	Total.	Brahmaputra Valley.	Surma Valley.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
Outturn according to Indian Tea Association.	63,672,660	46,318,992	109,991,652	64,224,841	60,630,424	124,855,265
Outturn according to Annual Tea Reports.	63,755,751	45,531,244*	109,286,995*	66,691,353	60,884,815	127,576,168
Exports according to Trade Returns.	57,175,570	33,963,840	91,139,410	56,267,712	44,405,074	100,672,786

* Revised figures.

Outturn by districts.

258. The statement below shows the outturn of tea in each district for the past two years:

District.	Rate of outturn per acre.		Total yield.		Increase or decrease.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
Cachar	380*	486	21,113,787*	27,004,294	+ 5,890,507	+ 27·90
Sylhet	412	535	24,413,457	33,876,521	+ 9,463,064	+ 38·76
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	133	133	4,000	4,000	...	...
Goalpara	371	467	152,000	210,016	+ 58,016	+ 38·17
Kamrup	173	201	685,794	716,169	+ 30,375	+ 4·43
Darrang	398	416	12,449,724	14,562,247	+ 2,112,523	+ 16·97
Nowgong	333	291	3,872,525	3,288,192	— 584,333	— 15·09
Sibsagar	380	380	24,415,389	25,056,608	+ 641,219	+ 2·63
Lakhimpur	450	461	22,180,319	22,858,121	+ 677,802	+ 3·06
Total	396	448	109,286,995*	127,576,168	+18,289,173	+ 16·73

* Revised figures.

The table in paragraph 56 above shows that the cultivated area of the province expanded in 1899 by 5,328 acres, or 1·6 per cent. The increase of 16·73 per cent. in outturn was therefore almost entirely attributable to the fact that the weather of 1899 was favourable to successful tea cultivation. The contiguous districts of Nowgong and Sibsagar were not so favoured in this as the other great tea-producing districts, and have helped to reduce the average increase of outturn for the province. Nowgong was the only district in which the average outturn declined.

Yield per acre.

259. The yield per acre for the Surma Valley, the Brahmaputra Valley, and for the whole province according to the district returns is shown below:

	1898. lbs.	1899. lbs.
Surma Valley	397*	512
Brahmaputra Valley	396	402
For the whole province	396	448

* Revised figures.

260. In the following statement showing the import and export of tea-seed for the past two years the figures are reproduced from the returns of Rail and River-borne Trade :

Tea-seed.

	Imports.		Exports.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Surma Valley	331	120	1,882	1,295
Brahmaputra Valley	8	152	3,728	3,928
For the whole province	339	272	5,610	5,223

Thirty maunds of tea-seed were returned as imported from Manipur, against 10 maunds in the previous year, and 1,484 in 1897. The cause of decline in importations of Manipur seed was explained in last year's report.

261. As in previous years, the information furnished by the District Officers under the head of prices is of little value. The average price per pound of tea, as furnished by the Secretary to the Indian Tea Association, is shown below :

Prices.

	1898.	1899.	
	As. p.	As. p.	
Surma Valley teas	5 0	5 7	per pound.
Brahmaputra Valley teas	6 9	6 8	„ „

The rise in the average price obtained for Surma Valley tea is all the more gratifying, as it was accompanied by a very large increase in outturn.

262. The outturn of the saw-mills reported for 1899 is compared below with that of 1898 :

Saw-mills.

	1898.	1899.
	No.	No.
Tea boxes, large	88,175	82,025
Ditto, medium	...	24,538
Ditto, small	46,628	25,496
Ditto, unspecified	345,562	427,456
	C. ft.	C. ft.
Scantlings, etc.	56,500	39,200

The aggregate value of the outturn was Rs. 5,95,372, against Rs. 4,91,469-9 in the preceding year.

263. The brick and pipe works of the Assam Railways and Trading Company, Limited, at Ledo in the Lakhimpur district gave an output of 1,170,216 bricks and pipes of various kinds valued at Rs. 29,898.

Brick and pipe works.

The outturn of this Company's Railway workshops at Dibrugarh and Margherita amounted in value to Rs. 1,43,280.

SECTION 6.

TRADE.

PART I.—FOREIGN TRADE.

264. Trade was carried on with the following foreign tribes and countries during the year :

Countries and tribes.

(1) Bhutan.
(2) Towang.
(3) Aka and Dafla tribes.
(4) Abor, Khamti, Miri, and Naga tribes.
(5) Manipur.
(6) Hill Tipperah.

265. No change was made during the year in the manner of registering the trade statistics or in the number and position of registering stations.

SECTION 6. *Trade.*

The following table gives the total foreign trade of Assam for three years :

Year.	Imports.			Exports.			Total.		
	Quantity.		Value.	Quantity.		Value.	Quantity.		Value.
	Mds.	No.	Rs.	Mds.	No.	Rs.	Mds.	No.	Rs.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1897-98	35,833	7,046,379	6,70,600	33,155	14,846	3,03,236	68,988	7,061,225	9,73,836
1898-99	69,868	6,077,772	7,82,246	38,582	28,581	7,18,618	108,450	6,106,353	15,00,864
1899-1900	77,816	6,064,803	9,43,471	45,017	27,831	4,34,695	122,833	6,092,634	13,78,166

Total foreign trade.

266. The total value of the trade showed a falling off, as compared with the figures for the preceding year, 1898-99. The decrease was mainly due to the fact that during the year 1898-99 treasure to the value of Rs. 2,81,600 was exported to Manipur, out of which Rs. 1,20,000 was consigned to the State treasury, but no treasure was exported to that State during the year 1899-1900.

Proportion of trade with each frontier tribe.

267. The proportion which the value of the trade with each country or tribe bore to the total value of the trade registered during the year, is shown in the table below :

Countries.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4
Bhutan	6·1	5·9	8·5
Towang	5·4	5·5	2·6
Aka and Dafla Hills	3·4	6·1	8·5
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	7·2	4·5	6·5
Manipur	19·2	38·7	22·5
Hill Tipperah	58·7	39·3	51·4
Total	100	100	100

Main imports.

268. The articles which formed the bulk of the import trade are given in the statement below :

Names of articles imported.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Horses, ponies, and mules	12,141	46,861	15,293
Cattle	41,172	37,237	4,524
Sheep and goats	2,512	7,042	5,499
Canes and rattans	10,467	18,344	13,135
Caoutchouc	93,742	1,42,683	2,39,242
Cotton, raw	51,946	67,449	57,155
Rice, husked	1,458	41,920	66,896
Lac, stick, and other kinds	233	206	200
Salt	2,181	947	3,072
Til or jinjili	24,324	16,480	25,702
Tea-seed	25,800	...	475
Wax	5,709	8,985	7,672
Timber	1,83,239	2,01,562	2,85,644
Bamboos	1,18,778	1,03,977	1,09,979
Blankets	10,998	9,474	6,635

Horses, ponies, and mules were imported mainly from Bhutan and Towang. The imports returned under this head from Towang were abnormally high, and were probably incorrect.

Cattle were imported from Bhutan, Towang, and Manipur. There were no imports of cattle from Bhutan and Towang during the year. The apparent non-importation of cattle from Bhutan was attributed to defective registration. The decrease in the import from Manipur was due to the serious loss of cattle incurred by Manipuris in the murrain of the year under report.

Canes and rattans, timber, and bamboos were chiefly imported from Hill Tipperah. There was a decrease under canes and rattans, but an increase in the import of bamboos. The import of timber showed a decrease in quantity, but an increase in value.

Caoutchouc.—There was a considerable increase in the imports of this article from all foreign countries, due chiefly to improved registration.

Raw cotton came chiefly from Hill Tipperah and Manipur. The import under this head showed a decline.

Rice, husked, has been imported in considerable quantity from Manipur since the opening of the Golaghat-Manipur cart-road.

The *salt* imported was rock-salt, brought into Assam by the Bhutias and other hill tribes on the north. The import showed an increase during the year.

Til or jinjili was chiefly imported from Hill Tipperah. The increase in the import of this article during the year was probably due to the good outturn of this crop in Hill Tipperah.

Tea-seed is imported from Manipur. The trade in this article has not regained its former position.

Chief exports.

269. The chief exports from Assam are enumerated in the list below :

Names of articles exported.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cotton, twist and yarn (European)	12,248	27,563	33,255
„ piece-goods („)	37,256	61,990	57,496
Gram and pulse	6,302	6,616	8,023
Rice, husked	9,578	11,407	9,112
„ unhusked	4,863	3,370	2,895
Brass and copper	10,877	25,407	22,881
Iron	5,012	14,072	11,961
Mineral oils	28,695	20,895	20,913
Opium	10,318	2,994	908
Fish, dry	23,806	20,471	18,044
Salt	14,842	16,256	19,662
Silk, raw	5,424	6,221	13,267
Manufactured silk	24,605	62,404	33,183
Betel-nuts	27,944	49,470	60,733
Tobacco	8,011	8,390	10,948

Cotton twist and yarn, and piece-goods.—Most of the cotton-goods exported go to Manipur. There was a decrease in value of the European piece-goods exported to that State, but an increase in quantity. The export to Manipur of twist and yarn (European) has been gradually increasing, as the necessary articles of apparel are manufactured in the handlooms of the country from imported yarn, which is reported to have almost entirely replaced the home-spun twists.

There was an increase in the export of *mineral oils* to Manipur.

The export of *betel-nuts* to Manipur increased during the year, partly owing to the enhanced price obtained in the market, but mainly to meet the increased demand.

PART II—INTER-PROVINCIAL TRADE.

SECTION 6. *Trade.*

Total trade of the province.

270. The total value of imports into the province was 323 lakhs of rupees. The value of imports decreased by 13 lakhs of rupees in the Brahmaputra Valley and by 38 lakhs in the Surma Valley. This decrease was due to the diminished imports of cotton piece-goods, cotton twist and yarn, husked rice, sugar, and salt. The total value of exports was 693 lakhs of rupees, or 41 per cent. more than in the previous year. The increase in the value of exports from the Brahmaputra Valley was 91 lakhs of rupees and from the Surma Valley 113 lakhs. Out of the total increase of 204 lakhs of rupees, no less than 192 lakhs came from the increased exports of tea. The only other article of which exports increased to any extent was mustard seed (4 lakhs of rupees). Imports decreased in quantity by 814,000 maunds and exports increased by 101,000 maunds.

The quantities and values of the principal articles imported into Assam during the years 1898-99 and 1899-1900 were—

Imports.

	1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value. Rs.	Quantity, in mds.	Value. Rs.
Cotton twist and yarn	24,231	10,72,699	19,397	7,25,579
„ piece-goods ...	134,711	85,05,812	101,117	63,76,023
Rice not in the husk ...	1,324,405	41,38,765	728,392	22,76,224
Gram and pulse ...	592,361	14,79,861	513,459	14,09,502
Kerosine oil ...	252,168	10,71,713	258,950	11,00,537
Brass and copper ...	11,456	4,70,952	6,448	2,85,213
Iron and steel ...	150,479	8,25,199	184,141	10,93,131
Salt ...	603,721	18,86,631	564,878	16,94,634
Sugar, refined ...	83,919	7,55,305	48,003	4,50,102
„ unrefined ...	305,307	14,49,065	273,978	14,17,800
Tobacco ...	168,304	10,42,143	152,510	10,03,429

Cotton piece-goods.—There was a decrease of over 19 lakhs in the value of imports. The total value of imports was nearly 123 lakhs in 1896-97, since which year there has been a continuous decrease in the quantity and value of imports. The decrease occurred principally in the Surma Valley, where the year 1896-97 was exceptionally prosperous, owing to the very good harvests of late rice in 1896 and the high prices obtained for the large quantities of rice (in the husk) exported. Owing to this prosperity, the imports of cotton piece-goods in 1896-97 were considerably greater than in any previous year since trade statistics have been compiled. The decrease of 14 lakhs in the value of the imports into the Surma Valley during the year was probably partly due to the much lower price of rice in the husk. The decrease of 5 lakhs in the value of imports into the Brahmaputra Valley counterbalances a somewhat larger increase in the value of imports in the preceding year.

Rice, husked.—Imports decreased by 596,000 maunds. The value of imports fell by 18½ lakhs. The imports into the Surma Valley amounted to 46,323 maunds only, or less than a tenth of the imports of the preceding year. The imports into the Brahmaputra Valley decreased by 18 per cent. on account of a good harvest of late rice in 1898-99.

Gram and pulse.—There was a decrease in the imports into the Brahmaputra and Surma Valleys, amounting to 5 per cent. of the imports of the preceding year. The area under pulses in 1898-99 increased in both valleys, and the crop was better than the poor crop of 1897-98.

Kerosine oil.—Imports into the Brahmaputra Valley increased, while imports into the Surma Valley decreased, the net result being a slight increase, due to ordinary fluctuations.

271. The quantities and values of the principal articles exported from Assam during the years 1898-99 and 1899-1900 were—

Exports.

	1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value. Rs.	Quantity, in mds.	Value. Rs.
Tea ...	1,082,931	3,27,58,660	1,239,136	5,20,13,712
Oil-seeds ...	585,765	19,13,352	718,311	25,39,775
Rice in the husk ...	1,241,077	24,82,154	1,393,257	17,41,571
Timber ...	817,714	24,53,142	876,860	13,15,290
Bamboos ...	672,324	10,21,934	1,079,818	11,44,608
Coal and coke ...	2,819,863	14,09,931	1,708,427	8,54,213
Jute, raw ...	198,912	7,21,056	167,914	7,55,613
Lime ...	1,210,143	8,44,074	1,468,164	6,45,992
Teaseed ...	5,050	4,49,450	5,074	3,84,355
Raw cotton ...	39,018	2,24,353	38,840	2,25,758
Oranges ...	14,741	1,53,463	33,862	2,01,221
Caoutchouc ...	3,307	2,48,025	2,503	1,88,100

Tea.—The quantity of tea exported increased by 155,205 maunds, and its value by 193 lakhs of rupees. The quantity exported from the Surma Valley increased by 33 per cent. and that exported from the Brahmaputra Valley by 3 per cent. Owing to the very favourable weather in 1899, the outturn of tea in Sylhet and Cachar was abnormally large, and prices were higher than in 1898.

Oil-seeds.—The value of exports increased by 6¼ lakhs of rupees. The increase was partly due to the higher prices of mustard, linseed and til-seed. Exports of mustard seed rose in value from 15½ lakhs of rupees in the preceding year to 19½ lakhs, but the quantity exported was still less than in the years preceding the earthquake of June 1897, as there was a large decrease in the area under mustard in the Assam Valley districts, due to the abandonments of land in the riverain tracts of the Goalpara, Kamrup and Nowgong districts, and of the Mangaldai subdivision owing to the damage caused by the earthquake and the subsequent heavy floods. Almost the whole of the export of mustard-seed goes from the Brahmaputra Valley, less than 3 per cent. being exported from the Surma Valley. The exports of linseed were entirely from the Surma Valley, where the quantity exported has risen very rapidly during the last few years. The increase in the value of exports was 38 per cent. The area under linseed has increased largely in Sylhet district. The exports of til-seed from the Brahmaputra Valley fell off greatly owing to the decrease of its cultivation, due to the causes which brought about a decrease of the cultivation of mustard-seed. The value of exports fell from Rs. 3,15,940 in 1896-97 to Rs. 71,917 in the year under report. The exports from the Surma Valley increased during the year.

Rice in the husk.—The quantity exported increased by 152,180 maunds, but owing to a fall in price the value of the exports fell by over 7 lakhs of rupees. The exports were almost entirely from the Surma Valley, only 12,566 maunds being exported from the Brahmaputra Valley. The fall in price greatly affected the aggregate value of this export, which was 43 lakhs of rupees in 1897-98.

Timber, bamboos.—Nearly the whole of the timber was exported from the forests of Kamrup, Goalpara, and Garo Hills districts, in the Lower Assam block. The timber exported from the Surma Valley was only 1 per cent. of the total. The value of exports increased by Rs. 88,721. Bamboos are exported almost entirely from the Surma Valley, and chiefly from the Sylhet block. The value of exports increased by over a lakh of rupees.

Coal.—The value of exports decreased by 5½ lakhs of rupees. The large decrease in the quantity exported was probably due to the exceptionally large exports of the preceding year.

Jute.—The quantity of jute exported was 15 per cent. less than in 1898-99, but owing to the rise of price its value rose by Rs. 34,557. Owing to the indifferent crop, the quantity of jute exported from the Surma Valley was less than a fourth of the quantity exported in 1898-99. The quantity exported from the Brahmaputra Valley remained about the same as in the preceding year. No less than 95 per cent. of the total quantity exported came from the Lower Assam block, and almost entirely from Goalpara district. The cultivation of jute seems to have diminished greatly since the earthquake of 1897.

Lime.—The quantity increased by 20 per cent., but was still less than in the years preceding the earthquake, on account of the difficulty of the removal of limestone from the quarries in the Khasi Hills.

Tea-seed.—The quantity exported increased very slightly; but owing to a considerable fall in price the value decreased by Rs. 65,000. The exports from the Brahmaputra Valley increased, while those from the Surma Valley decreased to nearly a corresponding extent. The falling off in the demand was probably due to the opening out of fewer new gardens owing to the low prices ruling for tea during the last few years.

Raw cotton.—There was a slight decrease in the quantity exported and a slight increase in its value. The exports from the Brahmaputra Valley decreased owing to the cotton crop of 1898-99 in the Garo Hills being much below the average. The exports from the Surma Valley increased by nearly half owing to the good cotton crop in Hill Tipperah. About a third of the total quantity exported came from the Surma Valley and two-thirds from Lower Assam.

Oranges.—The exports were more than double those of 1898-99, but below those of 1896-97 and preceding years. The orange groves at the foot of the Khasi Hills have not yet made good the damage caused by the floods which succeeded the earthquake.

Caoutchouc.—The value of exports decreased by 30 per cent. Nearly the whole of the exports came from Upper Assam. The exports have fallen off very greatly since 1895-96.

The proportion of the trade carried on with Calcutta was 77·54 per cent., against 71·07 per cent. in 1898-99.

SECTION 7. *Public Works.*

272. The Assam-Bengal Railway carried imports and exports to the weight of 691,208 maunds and the value of Rs. 1,09,95,258. Imports by the Assam-Bengal Railway decreased by 34 per cent. in quantity and 23 per cent. in value. The decrease in the value of imports was 6¼ lakhs of rupees, and was entirely due to the very large decrease in imports of husked rice, the value of which diminished by nearly 11 lakhs of rupees. The value of exports increased from 45 lakhs of rupees to 84 lakhs of rupees, owing to the large increase of the exports of tea, the value of which rose from 43 lakhs of rupees to 84 lakhs of rupees. There were slight increases in the quantities of raw cotton, jute and til-seed carried by railway, which, however, are not large. The quantities of cotton piece-goods, coal, and provisions imported have steadily increased since the Assam-Bengal Railway was opened.

Rail-borne trade.

River-borne trade.—The proportion of the river-borne trade carried by boat amounted to 10·46 per cent. in the Brahmaputra Valley and 40·37 per cent. in the Surma Valley. There was a decrease in the proportion carried by boat in both valleys, due in the Brahmaputra Valley to the smaller proportions of the imports of sugar and tobacco and exports of mustard seed, jute and raw cotton carried by boat, and in the Surma Valley to the much larger exports of tea by steamer, and the smaller proportions of imports of salt, sugar and kerosine oil carried by boat.

Road traffic.—The traffic between Bengal and Assam was registered by the police at Sidli on the Northern Trunk road and at Lakhipur on the Southern Trunk road. The road traffic is almost entirely confined to the importation of cattle, sheep and ponies, which are brought by road in the cold weather, chiefly from Behar. The total value of the imports was Rs. 1,33,628.

Direction of trade.—Almost all the trade of Assam is with Calcutta and Bengal (excluding Calcutta). The trade with provinces other than Bengal is less than 1 per cent. of the whole. The greater part of the trade is with Calcutta, which sent 69 per cent. in value of the imports and took 81 per cent. in value of the exports. Bengal (excluding Calcutta) sent 30 per cent. in value of the imports and took 18 per cent. in value of the exports.

Local trade.—Statistics of the trade between the different blocks are only available for the rail-borne trade between Sylhet and Cachar and between Sylhet and Khasi and Jaintia Hills. The total exports from Sylhet to Cachar amounted to 46,990 maunds. The most important article of export was rice not in the husk, of which 19,368 maunds were exported, against 1,415 maunds in the previous year. Sylhet district is able to supply Cachar with all the rice it requires, but hitherto its large surplus of rice has been exported in the husk to Bengal, while rice not in the husk has been imported in large quantities. Some of the articles exported from Sylhet to Cachar were probably imports from Bengal forwarded to Cachar. The imports to Sylhet from Cachar amounted to 11,490 maunds. The trade between Khasi and Jaintia Hills and Sylhet, which is carried by the Therria-Companyganj State Railway, is almost entirely confined to lime exported from the quarries of the Khasi Hills.

SECTION 7.

PUBLIC WORKS.

273. The total expenditure on public works was Rs. 37,50,300, and the following abstract shows how this expenditure was distributed under the several major heads :

Abstract of the expenditure of the year.

	Rs.
Imperial.	
Military Works	2,64,205
Civil Works	45,679
Total Imperial Works	3,09,884
Provincial.	
Civil Works	25,16,633
Railways	1,91,261
Total Provincial	27,07,894
Local	7,32,522
Grand total of expenditure	37,50,300

274. The following table shows in detail the establishment charges for the year under report and the expenditure by divisions on Imperial, Provincial, and Local works supervised by this establishment:

Distribution of outlay on works and establishment charges.

Division.	Cost of establishment.	Expenditure on works and repairs, excluding cost of establishment, suspense, and tools and plant.				Percentage of establishment to outlay.
		Imperial.	Provincial.	Local.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Direction and Accounts	1,08,850	...	...	...	...	...
Cachar	29,994	35,445	59,836	57,142	1,52,423	19·67
Sylhet	49,236	1,875	2,30,032	1,86,692	4,18,599	11·76
Lower Assam	53,103	1,076	1,55,374	82,213	2,38,663	22·25
Sylhet Hill Road	14,876	...	3,02,213	...	3,02,213	4·92
Central Assam	60,398	1,332	1,16,434	80,467	1,98,233	30·46
Upper ,, ...	66,775	17,866	2,05,061	2,03,346	4,26,273	15·66
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	77,493	42,533	5,86,241	64,020	6,92,794	11·18
Naga Hills	49,859	7,208	1,60,945	...	1,68,153	29·65
Manipur	45,966	1,38,146	53,429	...	1,93,575	23·74
Civil Officers	...	...	22,057	...	22,057	...
Lushai Hills	18,025	3,360	1,61,633	...	1,64,993	10·92
Total	5,74,575	2,48,841	20,55,255	6,73,880	29,77,676	19·29

275. The following statement shows the actual Provincial and Local expenditure on public works (including railways) from the year 1882-83, the year from which the first provincial contract commenced:

Provincial and Local expenditure.

Year.	Expenditure on Civil Works, excluding Lushai expenditure.			Expenditure on Railways.								Grand total Public Works expenditure (columns 4 and 12).	Remarks.
				Jorhat State Railway.			Cherra-Companyganj State Railway.			Subsidy to Dibru-Sadiya Railway.	Total net Railway expenditure (columns 7, 10, and 11).		
	Provincial.*	Local.*	Total.*	Capital.	Revenue, net.†	Total.	Capital.	Revenue, net.†	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1882-83 ...	5,13,776	9,08,252	14,22,028	12,274	...	12,274	16,019	...	16,019	...	28,293	14,50,321	
1883-84 ...	4,69,813	11,10,658	15,80,471	1,06,056	...	1,06,056	60,185	...	60,185	...	1,66,241	17,46,712	
1884-85 ...	5,79,000	9,58,216	15,37,210	2,78,369	3,421	2,81,790	2,10,109	...	2,10,109	58,019	5,49,918	20,87,128	
1885-86 ...	4,73,566	7,34,938	12,08,504	61,963	6,046	68,015	2,39,821	...	2,39,821	1,00,434	4,08,270	16,16,774	
1886-87 ...	6,16,173	9,58,937	15,78,110	1,02,516	14,654	1,17,170	1,15,676	21,349	1,37,025	1,04,556	3,58,751	19,36,861	
1887-88 ...	5,52,888	9,15,698	14,68,586	54,161	14,731	68,892	1,03,536	24,961	1,28,497	1,06,106	3,03,495	17,72,081	
1888-89 ...	5,94,353	8,70,524	14,64,877	34,906	— 2,571	32,335	16,203	14,962	31,165	1,04,752	1,68,252	16,33,144	
1889-90 ...	6,82,480	8,76,426	15,58,906	11,345	1,852	13,197	8,219	14,371	22,590	1,04,657	1,40,444	16,99,350	
1890-91 ...	11,43,705	4,74,062	16,17,767	11,874	— 4,011	7,860	4,012	2,040	6,082	1,01,130	1,15,072	17,32,839	
1891-92 ...	10,49,895	5,19,046	15,68,941	2,725	— 3,113	— 388	23	— 438	— 415	1,00,700	99,897	16,68,838	
1892-93 ...	12,61,196	6,13,235	19,14,255	37,319	— 11,461	25,853	4,458	— 960	3,508	1,00,404	1,29,770	20,44,025	
1893-94 ...	14,70,926	7,06,202	22,61,136	21,843	— 14,348	7,495	695	— 3,231	— 2,536	1,00,423	1,05,382	23,66,518	
1894-95 ...	12,59,632	7,59,015	20,85,317	8,270	— 14,442	— 6,178	2,430	— 4,413	— 1,983	1,00,537	92,376	21,77,693	
1895-96 ...	13,27,714	7,54,088	20,81,802	10,197	6,021	16,218	308	339	647	1,00,604	1,17,469	21,99,271	
1896-97 ...	15,58,649	7,44,947	23,03,596	66,332	27,823	94,165	— 7,970	361	— 7,609	1,00,749	1,87,295	24,90,891	
1897-98 ...	22,62,338	7,21,225	29,83,563	7,020	14,761	21,781	— 4,643	65,189	62,546	1,01,838	1,84,165	31,57,731	
1898-99 ...	25,34,932	7,45,702	32,80,634	15,476	— 5,853	9,623	410	1,00,766	1,01,176	1,01,909	2,12,708	34,93,342	
1899-1900	23,58,046	7,45,937	31,03,983	3,774	12,522	16,296	— 287	37,559	37,269	40,094	93,659	31,97,642	

Lushai expenditure on Civil Works ... Rs.
Ditto ditto ... 39,824
Ditto ditto ... 84,008
Ditto ditto ... 66,667
Ditto ditto ... 69,349
Ditto ditto ... 77,508
Ditto ditto ... 1,00,023
Ditto ditto ... 67,506
Ditto ditto ... 1,79,340

* The statement does not include Civil Works under the Civil Officers. † *i.e.*, gross expenditure *minus* gross earnings.

SECTION 7. *Public Works.*

Taking the whole expenditure on Provincial Civil Works and Railways, and excluding expenditure in the Lushai Hills, which is shown separately in the column of remarks of the preceding statement, it will be seen that the expenditure during 1899-1900 amounted to Rs. 31,97,642, against Rs. 34,93,342 in the previous year.

Civil Works under Civil Officers.

276. The expenditure on Civil Works under Civil Officers is not given in the statement. The following shows what this expenditure has been in the past ten years:

Year.	Provincial.			Local.	Grand total.
	Expenditure, excluding Lushai.	Lushai expenditure.	Total Provincial expenditure.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1890-91	18,111	...	18,111	1,587	19,698
1891-92	25,103	...	25,103	270	25,373
1892-93	20,758	...	20,758	539	21,297
1893-94	20,926	26,159	47,085	3,139	50,224
1894-95	22,834	25,400	48,234	16,798	65,032
1895-96	56,857	24,192	81,049	17,717	98,766
1896-97	62,607	9,783	72,390	504	72,894
1897-98	1,02,308	10,020	1,12,328	678	1,13,006
1898-99	61,624	...	61,624	2,105	63,729
1899-1900	88,127	*Nil*	88,127	2,355	90,482

The expenditure on public works in the Lushai Hills, as shown in this and the preceding statement, may be noticed. This expenditure commenced in the year 1892-93, and was distributed between the Public Works Department and Civil Officers as shown below:

	Under Public Works Department.	Under Civil Officers.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1892-93	39,824	...	39,824
1893-94	84,048	26,159	1,10,167
1894-95	66,667	25,400	93,067
1895-96	69,348	24,192	93,540
1896-97	77,508	9,783	87,291
1897-98	1,00,023	10,020	1,10,043
1898-99	67,506	...	67,506
1899-1900	1,79,340	*Nil*	1,79,340

Local Boards' expenditure.

277. The expenditure of the Local Boards during the year, as compared with the budget grant under the main budget heads, was as follows:

Local Funds.

Heads.	Budget grant.	Outlay.	Unexpended.	Excess expended.	Net amount unexpended.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Original Works	4,40,090	3,22,636	1,17,454	...	...
Repairs	3,28,208	3,57,069	...	28,861	...
Establishment	67,652	63,529	4,123	...	...
Tools and Plant	4,050	2,703	1,347	...	...
Total	8,40,000	7,45,937	1,22,924	28,861	94,063

Details of the above budget grants and expenditure by Local Boards.

Board.	Original Works.							Repairs.							Establishment.				Tools and Plant.			
	Budget grant.	Expenditure.						Budget grant.	Expenditure.						Budget grant.	Expenditure.	Unexpended.	Excess expended.	Budget grant.	Expenditure.	Unexpended.	Excess expended.
		Civil Buildings.	Communications.	Miscellaneous Public Improvements.	Total.	Unexpended.	Excess expended.		Civil Buildings.	Communications.	Miscellaneous Public Improvements.	Total.	Unexpended.	Excess expended.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Silchar	21,759	...	13,423	3,155	16,578	5,181	...	18,410	...	15,223	141	15,364	3,046	...	4,447	4,111	336	...	110	10	100	...
2. Hailakandi ...	16,043	...	15,562	462	16,024	19	...	8,500	13	8,381	819	9,213	...	713	2,582	2,437	145	...	70	30	40	...
3. North Sylhet ...	22,301	...	22,886	3,219	26,105	...	3,804	23,690	185	20,360	2,891	23,436	254	...	3,531	3,914	...	283	300	244	56	...
4. Sunamganj ...	6,819	...	8,849	1,137	9,986	...	3,167	16,975	74	11,818	730	12,622	4,353	...	2,540	2,517	23	...	...	201	...	201
5. Habiganj ...	43,460	303	28,086	4,721	33,110	10,350	...	11,492	78	10,178	416	10,672	820	...	3,630	3,354	276	...	60	53	7	...
6. South Sylhet ...	20,912	...	7,423	2,574	9,997	10,915	...	18,800	125	15,529	1,012	16,666	4,134	...	3,115	2,880	235	...	20	346	...	326
7. Karimganj ...	30,782	...	26,203	1,343	27,546	3,236	...	17,137	449	20,248	1,682	22,379	...	5,242	3,462	3,731	...	269	300	108	192	...
8. Dhubri	33,465	...	15,266	3,758	19,024	14,444	...	13,150	399	24,938	478	25,815	...	12,665	4,620	4,256	364	...	350	275	75	...
9. Goalpara	27,309	...	16,437	1,869	18,306	9,003	...	11,684	51	18,080	898	19,029	...	7,345	2,992	2,927	65	...	70	227	...	157
10. Barpeta	1,764	1,058	406	1,374	2,838	...	1,074	11,709	148	9,281	495	9,924	1,785	...	2,334	2,369	...	35	200	199	1	...
11. Gauhati	10,000	...	3,621	10,579	14,200	...	4,200	43,750	125	33,888	3,044	37,057	6,693	...	4,847	4,648	199	...	240	35	205	...
12. Mangaldai ...	12,683	...	8,727	3,014	11,741	942	...	18,642	153	18,860	371	19,384	...	742	3,517	3,601	...	84	100	94	6	...
13. Tezpur	17,391	...	5,095	232	5,327	12,064	...	18,300	...	24,328	781	25,109	...	6,809	4,220	3,932	288	...	780	34	746	...
14. Nowgong ...	...	...	4,249	196	4,445	...	4,445	10,512	268	13,327	866	14,461	...	3,949	3,082	3,055	27	...	200	22	178	...
15. Golaghat ...	17,702	...	11,741	2,293	14,034	3,668	...	11,350	74	11,384	185	11,643	...	293	2,756	2,531	225	...	...	5	...	5
16. Jorhat	50,897	...	40,325	3,138	43,463	7,434	...	14,574	277	10,826	1,275	12,378	2,196	...	3,971	3,502	469	...	150	86	64	...
17. Sibsagar	28,821	...	18,335	1,189	19,524	9,297	...	26,532	90	33,180	2,154	35,424	...	8,892	4,148	3,229	919	...	300	200	100	...
18. North Lakhimpur ...	23,772	...	5,155	—652	4,503	19,269	...	10,710	23	12,461	1,064	13,548	...	2,838	2,878	2,433	445	...	300	...	300	...
19. Dibrugarh ...	54,985	...	21,610	4,245	25,885	29,100	...	22,385	260	20,254	2,431	22,945	...	630	4,993	4,102	890	...	500	534	...	34
Deduct—Amount to accord with the figures in the Budget Estimate.	—778	...	...	...	...	—778	...	— 24	...	...	...	...	— 24	...	—12	...	—12	...	...	...	...	...
Total	4,40,090	1,361	2,73,429	47,846	3,22,636	1,34,144	16,690	3,28,208	2,792	3,32,544	21,733	3,57,069	21,257	50,118	67,652	63,529	4,894	771	4,050	2,703	2,070	723

SECTION 7. *Public Works.*

Changes in divisions and *personnel*.

278. Rao Sahib Pandit Matadin Sukul, Executive Engineer, held charge of the Cachar Division throughout the year, except for the period from 1st to 15th April 1899 and from 7th May to 7th June 1899, when Rai Preonath Ghose, Bahadur, and Mr. Bolinarayan Borrah, Executive Engineers, respectively, held charge.

Messrs. Bolinarayan Borrah and T. H. Jewett, Executive Engineers, held the respective charges of the Sylhet and Lower Assam Divisions during the year under report. Rai Brij Mohanlal, Bahadur, Executive Engineer, held charge of the Central Assam Division throughout the year, except for 18 days, that is, from 19th May to 5th June 1899, during which period he was absent on leave, and Mr. A. P. Mullick, Assistant Engineer, acted for him in addition to his own duties as Subdivisional Officer, Mangaldai subdivision.

Mr. G. S. Morley, Executive Engineer, first grade, held charge of the Upper Assam Division throughout the year.

Mr. C. P. Walsh, Assistant Engineer, first grade, took over charge of the Khasi and Jaintia Hills Division from Mr. G. K. Watts, Executive Engineer, first grade, on the 4th April 1899, and held it until 4th July 1899, when he was relieved by Mr. W. McM. Sweet, Executive Engineer, first grade, who was in charge during the remainder of the year. The Kamrup Division was abolished as a separate charge and amalgamated with the Khasi and Jaintia Hills Division with effect from the 16th July 1899. Mr. J. B. Godfrey, Temporary Engineer, was attached to the division during the year up to the 28th October 1899. Mr. M. S. Dhody, Apprentice Engineer, joined the division on the 24th July 1899, and remained attached to it during the remainder of the year.

The Naga Hills Division was in charge of Mr. D. J. Clancey, Executive Engineer, second grade, up to 5th March 1900, after which date Mr. J. W. Pritchard, Sub-Engineer, held charge up to the end of the year.

Mr. E. J. Mitchell, Executive Engineer, second grade, held charge of the Manipur Division until the 20th February 1900, when he left on furlough for 18 months, after making over charge of the division to Mr. D. J. Clancey, Executive Engineer, second grade. Mr. Clancey, however, held charge only up to the 5th March 1900, after which Mr. H. Langhorne, Supervisor, first grade, held charge up to the end of the year. On the amalgamation of the North and South Lushai Hills, Babu Surendra Nath Gupta, Sub-Engineer and Honorary Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, was, with the sanction of the Government of India, appointed District Engineer of the Lushai Hills under the Superintendent, Lushai Hills, in whose control all public works in that district are vested. He arrived at Aijal on the 24th April, and has been in charge of public works since that date.

A temporary division, called the Sylhet Hill Road Division, comprising the road from the Bogapani river to the Sylhet plains *viâ* Laitlyngkot, and the Cherra-Companyganj State Railway, was formed with effect from the 5th July 1899. Mr. C. P. Walsh, Assistant Engineer, was placed in charge and continued to hold charge until its amalgamation with the Khasi and Jaintia Hills Division on the 5th April 1900.

IMPERIAL MILITARY WORKS.

Buildings.

279. The most important work under this head was the Manipur cantonment scheme, on which Rs. 1,14,367 were expended during the year. Six double quarters for native officers, six barracks for married sepoys, and twelve half-company barracks were completed, as were also the gun porters', sweepers' and followers' barracks, six cook-houses, each to serve two companies, and fifty-two moveable latrines. Work on the quarters for the British officers and on three wells was also in progress. As the original estimate will be exceeded, a revised estimate is under preparation. In the Khasi and Jaintia Hills Division the following buildings in the Native Infantry lines at Shillong, which were destroyed by the earthquake of the 12th June 1897, and have been under reconstruction, were completed during the year and handed over to the military authorities for occupation :—District Staff Office, Quarter Guard, Native Infantry Hospital, Armourer's Shop, Quartermaster's Stores, Magazine, and Dispensary.

IMPERIAL CIVIL WORKS.

Post and Telegraph buildings.

280. In the Cachar Division, a sum of Rs. 4,542 was expended in increasing the accommodation in the Silchar Post office and constructing a shed for the clerks. In the Khasi and Jaintia Hills Division, Rs. 2,570 were expended

in the construction of a combined Post and Telegraph office at Cherrapunji. The construction of the Shillong Telegraph office was also taken in hand, and Rs. 3,592 were expended on it, against an estimate of Rs. 8,375. A sum of Rs. 2,982 was expended during the year in erecting the plinth and collecting materials for the office building of the Superintendent of Telegraphs at Shillong, the estimate for which amounts to Rs. 10,325. Permanent out-houses with corrugated iron roofs were constructed for the Shillong Post office at cost of Rs. 7,016.

The Post office at Manipur was completed during the year under report at a total cost of Rs. 6,084. The year's outlay amounted to Rs. 2,077.

The masonry work of the building intended for a combined Post and Telegraph office at Aijal was completed at a cost of Rs. 3,260. The work is being carried out by Major Loch, Commandant, Military Police, Lushai Hills.

281. A sum of Rs. 31,000 was expended during the year on the Naga Hills section of the Nichuguard-Manipur road.

Communications.

PROVINCIAL WORKS.

BUILDINGS.

282. A sum of Rs. 31,549 was expended during the year in the construction of the new Government House at Shillong. The total expenditure to date amounts to Rs. 56,707, against an estimate of Rs. 1,53,425. Furniture was also supplied during the year at a cost of Rs. 6,674, and some alterations and improvements to the present buildings were carried out at a total cost of Rs. 2,805. Out-offices for the Deputy Commissioner's residence at Sylhet were completed during the year, bringing the total cost of the residence to Rs. 18,923, which includes Rs. 1,500 on account of compensation for land. The work was completed and the building was occupied during the year. A residence for the Civil Subdivisional Officer at Sunamganj was constructed during the year at a cost of Rs. 8,182. It replaces the old building, which was destroyed by the earthquake of 1897. A sum of Rs. 6,245 was expended in the construction of a residence for the Subdivisional Officer, North Lakhimpur. The work could not be completed owing to its having been started late in the year. The estimate amounts to Rs. 7,634.

Residences for the Local Administration and Government officials.

The old thatched roof bungalow at Dibrugarh occupied by the Executive Engineer having been destroyed by fire, a rough estimate amounting to Rs. 7,273 for a new building with a corrugated iron roof was approved, and work to the extent of Rs. 1,047 carried out during the year.

A residence for the Civil Subdivisional Officer at Jowai to replace the one destroyed by the earthquake was completed during the year at a cost of Rs. 6,424. A further expenditure of Rs. 3,135 was incurred on the residence for the Commissioner, Assam Valley Districts, at Gauhati, bringing the total cost of the work to Rs. 26,537, and the building was completed and occupied during the year. The residence of the District Superintendent of Police at Gauhati was also completed at a further cost of Rs. 10,110, and a total expenditure of Rs. 11,928. At Aijal a residence for the Civil Surgeon was under construction during the year, and Rs. 2,656 were expended on it, and the combined residence for the Political Officer and circuit-house at Aijal was completed at a total cost of Rs. 35,700, of which Rs. 10,209 were expended during the year. These last two works were carried out by the Superintendent, Lushai Hills, with his district staff from the funds allotted for public works in the Lushai Hills.

283. Five blocks of buildings for the Civil Secretariat Press were under construction during the year. The total expenditure to the end of March 1900 was Rs. 72,477, of which Rs. 68,050 were expended during the year. The revised estimate for these buildings amounts to Rs. 1,33,348. Iron record-racks were provided during the year in the record-rooms of the Civil Secretariat, Shillong, at a cost of Rs. 17,113, against an estimate amounting to Rs. 20,831. The work was in progress at the close of the year.

Secretariat Offices.

A block of bath-rooms for the European clerks of the Secretariat office and three blocks of latrines for the clerical establishment and menials were under construction on an estimate amounting to Rs. 5,761. The Comptroller's office at Shillong was provided with wooden record racks at a cost of Rs. 1,423.

SECTION 7. *Public Works.*

Deputy Commissioner's and subdivisional courts and circuit-houses, tahsil kutcherries, etc.

284. The foundations of the Deputy Commissioner's court buildings at Sylhet were completed during the year under review, and a portion of the brick walls in the superstructure was in hand. The total expenditure to 31st March 1900 was Rs. 58,722, of which Rs. 53,418 were expended during the year. The estimate amounts to Rs. 1,69,187.

The rebuilding of the subdivisional court-house at Goalpara was completed at a total cost of Rs. 13,916, against an estimate of Rs. 14,000. The circuit-house at Goalpara was also completed during the year.

The Deputy Commissioner's court-house at Nowgong was completed at a total cost of Rs. 25,105, and the circuit-house at that station was also completed for Rs. 5,077.

The subdivisional court-house at Mangaldai was completed for Rs. 4,230, of which Rs. 529 were expended during the year under review.

The floors of the treasury building at Nowgong, which had sunk during the earthquake, were raised and the building improved at a cost of Rs. 1,507.

A further expenditure of Rs. 9,574 was incurred during the year in completing the Deputy Commissioner's court-house at Shillong, the total cost being Rs. 28,143. The building was occupied before the close of the year. A building to accommodate the Political Agent's office, kutcherry, and treasury at Manipur was under construction during the year on an estimate of Rs. 15,965, and Rs. 8,455 were expended on it.

Six tahsil offices were under construction during the year at Hailakandi, Gwineghat, Kalaigaon, Golaghat, Dibrugarh, and Kamalpur. Four of these were completed, and two remained incomplete at the close of the year, *viz.*, the Hailakandi and Golaghat tahsil buildings. The latter building will also accommodate the Local Board's office.

Judge's courts.

285. A sum of Rs. 19,331 was expended in collecting materials for the reconstruction of the Judge's court building at Sylhet, which was destroyed by the earthquake. The estimate for the new building amounts to Rs. 61,965. Actual construction was, however, stopped pending settlement of the question of site, and it has been finally decided to rebuild on the old site.

Public Works Department buildings.

286. The Executive Engineer's office building at Sylhet was completed during the year at a total cost of Rs. 7,744.

The Executive Engineer's office building at Tezpur was provided with a corrugated iron roof and other improvements carried out at a cost of Rs. 2,475. The work was incomplete at the close of the year.

Jails.

287. In the Silchar jail the reconstruction of one of the wards, which was seriously damaged by a storm, and the extension and improvement of the solitary cells were undertaken and nearly completed by the close of the year. The reconstruction of the jail buildings at Sylhet was continued from the previous year on a revised estimate amounting to Rs. 1,62,522. The total expenditure on this work up to 31st March 1900 was Rs. 1,05,438. Temporary jail buildings were constructed at Dhubri for Rs. 2,547. The total amount expended on the Mangaldai lock-up well up to the 31st March 1900 was Rs. 1,592. The well was sunk to the full estimated depth of 40 feet. Certain additions and alterations were carried out in the lock-up buildings at Aijal at a cost of Rs. 1,457.

Police.

288. An office at Shillong for the Inspector General of Police and Jails was commenced during the year, and Rs. 13,423 were expended on it, against an estimate of Rs. 23,324.

A new police hospital was constructed at Sylhet to replace the one destroyed by the earthquake at a cost of Rs. 7,811. Materials were collected for the construction of certain police buildings at Maulvi Bazar at a cost of Rs. 3,427, against an estimate amounting to Rs. 7,465. Three cook-sheds, providing accommodation for 30 men, were constructed for the police station at Sylhet at a cost of Rs. 1,462. Thana buildings at Paniri and Tezpur in the Darrang district were also under construction during the year. A bungalow for the European subadar attached to the Military Police Battalion at Dibrugarh was constructed at a cost of Rs. 3,601. Two masonry wells and two latrines were also constructed in the Military Police lines at that station, and five married men's barracks were well in hand by the close of the year. The expenditure on the barracks was Rs. 4,565. The wells and latrines cost Rs. 1,258 and Rs. 1,648, respectively. The sadr thana buildings at Gauhati were reconstructed during the year at a cost of Rs. 6,973.

One bachelors' and one married men's barracks in the Military Police lines at Kohima were completed during the year at a total cost of Rs. 3,014. This work was carried out by the Military Police, but paid for by the Public Works Department. Police barracks and head constables' quarters at Sairang and Aijal in the Lushai Hills were constructed during the year for Rs. 1,400 and Rs. 3,000, respectively.

Educational buildings.

289. A sum of Rs. 1,220 was expended on the construction of a temporary building to accommodate the boys of the Nowgong high school, the original building having been dismantled owing to the serious damage it received during the earthquake of 1897.

A high school building at Shillong was sanctioned during the year at an estimated cost of Rs. 16,644, and work to the extent of Rs. 7,728 was carried out in constructing the masonry plinth and collecting materials for the superstructure.

An estimate amounting to Rs. 45,123 was sanctioned during the year for the construction of a College at Gauhati, and construction was started and pushed on vigorously. The expenditure at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 18,796, up to which time the plinth was completed, nearly all the materials collected and the superstructure commenced.

Medical.

290. Plague camps were erected at Itakhola on the Assam-Bengal Railway for the inspection of passengers by railway at a cost of Rs. 2,852. The female ward in the lunatic asylum at Tezpur was thoroughly completed during the year, bringing the total outlay to Rs. 8,545. Materials for the construction of a *post-mortem* house in the compound of the Berry-White Medical School at Dibrugarh were collected, but construction was not commenced. A new charitable dispensary, with accommodation for in-door patients, was built at Shillong at a cost of Rs. 11,723, and Rs. 5,044 were expended in the construction of a bovine vaccine depôt at that station.

The Berry-White Medical School at Dibrugarh was completed during the year under review, but final payment was deferred pending the disposal of certain claims put forward by the contractor. Funds for this building were bequeathed by the late Brigade-Surgeon John Berry-White, formerly Civil Surgeon of Dibrugarh.

A charitable dispensary was constructed at Silchar at a total cost of Rs. 9,065, of which the Local Board and the Municipality contributed Rs. 1,500, the remainder having been met from Provincial Funds.

Forest Department buildings.

291. The Forest office building at Sylhet was completed during the year at a total cost of Rs. 2,414. The building is on the site of the old Magistrate's court, some of the materials of which were utilised for the new buildings.

Miscellaneous public improvements.

292. The masonry dam across the valley to re-form the Ward Lakes, Shillong, was completed during the year at a total cost of Rs. 47,509, of which Rs. 22,804 were expended during the year under report. The boat-house on the lake was straightened and repaired at a cost of Rs. 786, and the fountains restored for Rs. 459.

A jetty and embankment were constructed at Gauhati to facilitate the landing of His Excellency the Viceroy at a cost of Rs. 1,338.

Flood damages to the Dehing *bund* were repaired at a cost of Rs. 3,882.

The Aijal water-supply scheme was well in hand at the close of the year, up to which time the expenditure amounted to Rs. 84,818, of which Rs. 56,990 were expended during the year under report. The revised estimate for this work amounts to Rs. 1,41,287.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Assam Trunk road.

293. The Juria bridge in the 54th mile of this road was nearly completed during the year under report. An estimate amounting to Rs. 18,706 was sanctioned for the construction of a lattice girder bridge on screw piles over the Bolbola river, in the 80th mile, on the site of the old timber bridge, which collapsed during the earthquake, and Rs. 13,072 were expended during the year in the collection of materials and other preliminary arrangements. The total expenditure on the Gara bridge in the 107th miles which is being reconstructed, was Rs. 11,695. Two of the central pier piles and a portion of the two main girders of the east span of the old bridge, which was hopelessly buried in sand, had

SECTION 7. *Public Works.*

to be abandoned and replaced by new iron work from Calcutta. The estimate for this bridge amounts to Rs. 13,816. The Dudnai bridge, which was commenced in December 1897, was completed and opened to traffic in February 1900 at a total cost of Rs. 29,823. The bridge is 160 feet in length, made up of 4 spans of 40 feet each. A further expenditure of Rs. 31,100 was incurred during the year in the reconstruction of the Krishnai bridge, which collapsed during the earthquake, bringing the total expenditure to Rs. 19,537, against an estimate of Rs. 26,722. The reconstruction of the Kukurmara bridge over the river of that name was also completed during the year under report at a total cost of Rs. 14,309, of which Rs. 4,618 were expended during the year. Materials for rebuilding the bridge over the Kalbagh river in the 14th mile of the road west of Gauhati were purchased during the year at a cost of Rs. 2,116. The estimate for this bridge amounts to Rs. 4,807. A further expenditure of Rs. 4,284 was incurred in the manufacture of bricks and on iron work for the new bridge over the Duriajan, but as the existing bridge is likely to last for a year or two longer with proper repairs, the construction of the new bridge has been postponed for the present. Six small unserviceable timber bridges were replaced during the year by semi-circular masonry culverts at a cost of Rs. 2,767. The metalling of the incomplete portions of the road from Dibrugarh to Lahwal was completed during the year at a further cost of Rs. 2,568, bringing the total to Rs. 9,631.

North Trunk road.

294. The bridging of the North Trunk road east of Tezpur between Gohpur and the boundary of the Darrang district was continued during the year. Nineteen out of the twenty bridges have been completed and opened to traffic, and only one bridge of two spans remains to be built. The year's expenditure was Rs. 1,823, and the total to the end of March 1900 Rs. 61,344, against an estimate of Rs. 63,085. The bridging of the portion of the above road between Helem and Gohpur was also nearly completed. Out of 16 bridges provided for in the estimate, only one of 3 spans remained incomplete. The total expenditure to the end of the year was Rs. 37,825, of which Rs. 4,187 represent the year's outlay. The estimate amounts to Rs. 41,8[illegible]7. A revised estimate amounting to Rs. 27,472 has been sanctioned for the bridging of the North Trunk road west of Tezpur, between Dhekiajuli and Orang, which it is expected will be completed in 1900-1901. The total expenditure on this work up to 31st March 1900 was Rs. 26,327. The work of raising and improving the North Trunk road from Gabru to Dumnichouki, damaged by the earthquake, was completed at a total cost of Rs. 16,945, against a sanctioned estimate of Rs. 17,005. The sunken portions of the Jagi road were also raised at a total cost of Rs. 7,591.

The Noa Nadi and Diaphong bridges, which were under construction during the previous year, were completed during the year under report, the total cost having amounted to Rs. 5,005 and Rs. 4,330 for each bridge, respectively. The Sukansuti bridge, in the 36th mile of the North Trunk road east of Tezpur, was completed during the year at a total cost of Rs. 5,444, of which Rs. 1,399 were expended during the year.

The old iron bridge with timber superstructure over the Behali river, in the 40th mile of the North Trunk road east of Tezpur, consisting of 10 spans of 11 feet each, having been seriously damaged by floods in July 1899, an estimate amounting to Rs. 8,310 was sanctioned for a new bridge to replace it, and Rs. 4,329 were expended during the year in the collection of materials.

A sum of Rs. 1,996 was expended in collecting materials for a bridge over the Mora Bhorelli, for which an estimate amounting to Rs. 8,419 was sanctioned in March 1900.

Gauhati-Shillong cart-road.

295. The reconstruction of the bridges on the Gauhati-Shillong cart-road damaged by the earthquake was continued during the year under report. The total expenditure up to the close of the year was Rs. 50,089, of which Rs. 10,044 represents the year's expenditure. The Umran and Umsumer bridges on the Gauhati-Shillong cart-road were also improved during the year for Rs. 6,029.

Hailakandi road.

296. The Raffinagar khal bridge was completed during the year.

Cachar Trunk road.

297. The replacement of the two temporary spans of the Sutrakhal bridge by permanent structures was completed during the year under report. A diversion road in the 46th mile was also completed, although land compensation was not paid for fully.

Maulvi Bazar-Manumukh road.

298. A sum of Rs. 15,632 was expended during the year in constructing masonry bridges on the Maulvi Bazar-Manumukh road in the Sylhet Division. The road is now complete in every respect, and its total cost will

probably amount to Rs. 74,600, including Rs. 16,473 on account of land compensation, which was not fully paid for during the year.

Companyganj-Salutikar road.

299. The Telikhal, Gudarbhanga, and Bilajur iron bridges, which were destroyed by the earthquake, were taken in hand and nearly completed, the year's expenditure being Rs. 29,942.

Balajan-Kachugaon road.

300. The Mornoi bridge on the Balajan-Kachugaon road was nearly completed during the year.

Road from Habiganj to Madna.

301. A sum of Rs. 6,052 was paid during the year on account of compensation for land for this road.

Jaipur road.

302. The improvement of the first and second sections of the Jaipur road were continued during the year. The second section was completed. The expenditure of the year on both sections was Rs. 3,570.

Amlapati road, Dibrugarh.

303. The unmetalled portions of the Amlapati road under the Dibrugarh Municipality were metalled during the year at a cost of Rs. 12,091. The work was carried out by the Municipality from funds provided by the Public Works Department.

Wokha-Golaghat road.

304. The Doyang bridge No. 2 in the Naga Hills Division was completed during the year at a further cost of Rs. 9,406, and a total expenditure of Rs. 22,377, against an estimate of Rs. 22,370. A further expenditure of Rs. 1,919 was incurred during the year on the construction of the portion of the road between Gorungajan and Gilladhari Ali, which was completed with the exception of the Nowjan bridge.

Nigriting road.

305. This road was completed during the year at a further cost of Rs. 1,268.

Road from the Bogapani river to the Sylhet plains *viâ* Laitlyngkot.

306. The construction of the road from the Bogapani river to the Sylhet plains *viâ* Laitlyngkot was formed into a separate division in July 1899. At the close of the year, the road had been excavated to an average width of 16 feet from the 13¼ mile-post of the old Shillong-Cherra cart-road, where it takes off, up to the 17th mile near Laitlyngkot. The bridge over the Umtyngar river in the 14th mile, a span of 50 feet, consisting of stone masonry abutments with a steel pin truss superstructure, trough plate and concrete flooring, was practically completed, and two arched masonry bridges, each of 10 feet span, were in progress. From Laitlyngkot to Lyngkerdem, a distance of about 14 miles, excavation was commenced over an aggregate length of 9 miles to an average width of 10 to 12 feet. Between Lyngkerdem and Wahmylliem, a distance of 14 miles, excavation was commenced in a few places, aggregating 2 miles to a width of 16 feet in the average. From Wahmylliem to the end of the road, where it reaches the plains at the Wahmawkilla river, a distance of about 14 miles, excavation was commenced over an aggregate length of 3 miles to an average width of 16 feet. The expenditure on the work, including the cost of certain inspection bungalows, amounted to Rs. 3,40,536, of which Rs. 2,84,368 were expended during the year. The reconstruction of the bridge over the Bogapani river, in the 13th mile of the Shillong-Cherra road, was nearly completed during the year, up to the end of which Rs. 16,709 were expended, against an estimate of Rs. 20,974.

Aijal-Lungleh road.

307. The Aijal-Lungleh road (Aijal-Tenzol section) has been widened throughout to 5 feet, with the exception of the second to the sixth mile, and about 1,000 yards of rock in the 30th mile in the Muifang range. The portion between Thangliana and Tenzol was traced and cut out. A small stone inspection bungalow with iron roof has been erected at Thangliana at a cost of Rs. 2,953. A small suspension bridge is necessary to replace the temporary bridge over the Lao stream. The expenditure on this section of the road was Rs. 12,866.

The Lungleh-Tenzol section, with the exception of the portions between the 16th and 30th miles, has been widened to 5 feet. Two bridges are still required, one over the Klong and the other over the Bomvat. There is at present a ferry over the former and a temporary bridge over the latter stream. Rupees 7,582 were expended on this section. The original estimates for these sections have been exceeded and revised estimates are under preparation.

Aijal-Falam road.

308. Work on the Aijal-Falam road has been vigorously pushed on. The line selected is north of Mr. Knight's original trace, and is that surveyed by Major Loch during the rains in 1899. The total distance to the Tuichang

132899

SECTION 8. *Post Office.*

is 62 miles, *i.e.*, 8 miles shorter than Mr. Knight's trace. From the Tuichang to Champhai Mr. Knight's trace is followed, and from Champhai to the site selected on the Tyao river in consultation with the Burma Government for a bridge, a new road has been traced. The total distance from Aijal to the Tyao is 1,080 feet short of 106 miles. Of this length, 11¾ miles have been cut out to 5 feet and 92 miles to 3 feet, and, with the exception of some rocky portions, where blasting is necessary, and the bridges over the rivers, the road is passable for mule traffic. The amount expended on the work was Rs. 18,561.

Aijal-Sairang road.

309. Work on the Aijal-Sairang road was confined principally to the building of stone revetment walls and the bridging of a dangerous chasm with iron girders. The year's expenditure was Rs. 9,643.

Dák and inspection bungalows.

310. The inspection bungalows at Fakirganj, Patakata, and Sankosh in the Lower Assam Division were completed during the year under report, and three others at Chapaguri, Garubhasa, and Patgaon were under construction. Three inspection bungalows at Dhekiajuli, Bhorelli, and Roha in the Central Assam Division were also completed, one at Basona on the Jagi road was nearly completed, and materials for another at Dolgaon were collected during the year.

Permanent inspection bungalows at Laitlyngkot, Lyngkerdem, and Wahmylliem on the road from the Bogapani river to the Sylhet plains were practically completed by the end of the year, and a semi-permanent building was erected at Wahmawkilla.

The dák bungalows at Shillong and Umsning were completed during the year. The total cost of the former was Rs. 16,242 and of the latter Rs. 4,620.

RAILWAYS.

Jorhat State Railway.

311. The *chur* line, which had been closed on 2nd May 1899, was re-opened on the 26th November of the same year.

Two breaches on the line between Gosaigaon and Potiagaon were caused by the floods of 1899, which were the highest on record. This necessitated the opening of a temporary station at Potiagaon, whence traffic had to be transhipped and carried on by boats to Gosaigaon, a distance of about a mile. The breaches were sufficiently repaired on 19th October 1899 to allow of the safe passage of the trains.

Cherra-Companyganj State Railway.

312. This line was seriously damaged by a heavy flood of the Therria river in March 1899. No attempt was made to re-open the line until the rain had ceased in October 1899, when repair operations were taken in hand, and goods traffic was resumed on the 3rd January 1900. It is anticipated that the line will have to be abandoned eventually owing to the extreme susceptibility of the country to floods caused by the changes in the courses of the neighbouring rivers after the earthquake.

Dibru-Sadiya Railway.

313. The construction of the Dehing bridge was practically completed during the year.

The mean mileage of the Dibru-Sadiya Railway during 1899 was 77·50 miles.

The gross earnings of the Railway increased from Rs. 7,81,414 in 1898 to Rs. 8,59,414, or by Rs. 78,000, and the working expenses decreased from Rs. 4,98,936 in 1898 to Rs. 4,09,726, or by Rs. 89,210.

The total output of coal from the Assam Railways and Trading Company's mines during the year 1899 was 224,816 tons, against 198,962 tons in 1898.

Tezpur-Balipara Railway.

314. A new permanent station building at Tezpur is being erected at an estimated cost of Rs. 9,000.

The gross earnings were Rs. 95,156 and the working expenses Rs. 69,001, the net earnings being Rs. 25,155, which gives a percentage of 5·51 on the total capital outlay.

SECTION 8.

POST OFFICE.

Imperial post offices.

315. The number of Imperial post offices increased from 268 to 276. Ten new offices were added to the list, new offices being opened at Jokai, Doolahat, Dekumukh, Behubar, Halem, Lalchand, Thakurbari, Diphu, Rangapahar, and Rosekandi. Two offices were closed, *viz.*, Hatikhali and Rowmari.

316. The number of district post offices remained the same as in the preceding year, *viz.*, 65. No district post offices were opened or closed, and none was transferred to the Imperial list during the year.

District post offices.

317. The number of combined offices was 104, as compared with 102 in the preceding year, two new offices being opened.

Combined offices.

318. Imperial letter-boxes, which are erected in outlying parts and cleared at intervals, increased from 336 to 353, and district letter-boxes from 52 to 55.

Letter-boxes.

319. The number of Imperial village postmen employed at the close of the year was 224, of Imperial postmen 176, of district village postmen 82, and of district post men 2. The numbers employed in the previous year were 219, 171, 82, and 2, respectively. The net result was an addition of ten men.

Postmen.

Savings Banks.

320. There was an increase of 3·7 per cent. in the total balance at the credit of depositors.

321. The increase in the number of orders issued was 33·7 per cent., and in amount ·04 per cent. Payments increased 6·4 per cent. in number and 4·2 per cent. in value.

Money-orders.

322. The number of postal selling agencies for quinine decreased from 331 to 327. The value of the quinine sold during the year was Rs. 1,747, against Rs. 2,920 in 1898-99, the quantity of quinine represented by this amount being 84 lbs. and 5,880 grains. The number of articles received for delivery through post offices increased by 11·7 per cent. over the number in the previous year.

Miscellaneous.

The following statement compares the operations of the Postal Department during the years 1898-99 and 1899-1900:

Number of Imperial post offices.		Number of district dâk offices.		Number of Imperial village postmen.		Number of district village postmen.		Number of district postmen.		Number of Imperial postmen.		Combined post and telegraph offices.		Letter-boxes.			
														Imperial.		District.	
1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
268	276	63	63	219	224	82	82	2	2	171	176	102	104	336	353	52	55

Approximate number of articles received for delivery in post offices in Assam Circle.		Savings Banks accounts remaining open on 31st March.				Money-orders.							
		1898-99.		1899-1900.		Issues.				Paid.			
						1898-99.		1899-1900.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
1898-99.	1899-1900.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
8,907,095	9,953,216	17,682	27,75,674	17,826	28,78,477	473,258	98,15,225	632,792	98,19,434	129,857	41,46,456	138,208	43,24,304

SECTION 9.

TELEGRAPHS.

SECTION 9. *Telegraphs.*

323. The total mileage of lines and wires on the 31st March 1900 amounted to 2,138 and 4,641, respectively. Twenty-three miles of wire were added during the year and 29 miles of lines deducted. This reduction in post mileage is due to the transfer of the wires from certain lines along roads to the posts along the alignment of the railway and the dismantlement of the posts along the roads. Fifteen new offices were added and 12 closed, the number of offices open on the 31st March 1900 being 214. Of the new offices opened, 3 were Government (Rosekandi and Letekujan were opened as combined post and telegraph offices, and Borpathar office closed on 4th December 1899 was re-opened on the 16th March 1900 on being guaranteed against loss), 7 were Railway offices and 5 belonged to the class "Not open for paid telegrams." Of the 12 offices closed, one was Government, one Railway, and the remaining 10 were of the class "Not open for paid telegrams." The following construction works were carried out during 1899-1900 :

(1) Constructing a loop from Rosekandi junction to Rosekandi.
(2) Constructing a temporary Branch line from Numaligarh to Letekujan.
(3) Adding an extra wire along the Assam-Bengal Railway from Lumding to Mupa.
(4) Dismantling road line and shifting wire to Railway line from Dimapur to Nazira.
(5) Adding through wire from Badarpur to Harangajao.
(6) Constructing a line from Borkola to Daloo.

The number of telegrams despatched from Government offices was 155,493, or 4,140 more than the number despatched in 1898-99. The Indian share of the collections amounted to Rs. 1,42,450, against Rs. 1,30,247 in the preceding year.

CHAPTER V.

Revenue and Finance.

PART I.—FINANCE.

SECTION 1.

GENERAL.

FINANCE.—IMPERIAL, PROVINCIAL, AND LOCAL.

IMPERIAL, PROVINCIAL, AND LOCAL.

324. The receipts and expenditure of the province during 1898-99 and 1899-1900 were as follow: FINANCE. *Imperial, Provincial, and Local.*

Receipts.

1898-99.				Heads of Accounts.	1899-1900.				Total of 1899-1900 compared with that of 1898-99.	
Imperial.	Provincial.	Local.	Total.		Imperial.	Provincial.	Local.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	A.—PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2,34,119	65,18,227	...	62,84,108	I.—Land Revenue	15,57,287	47,23,245	...	62,80,532	...	3,576
4,56,324	...	...	4,56,324	II.—Opium	4,42,477	...	...	4,42,477	...	13,847
2,42,649	7,27,949	...	9,70,598	IV.—Stamps	2,31,972	6,95,916	...	9,27,888	...	42,710
21,62,841	7,20,946	...	28,83,787	V.—Excise	21,47,681	7,15,893	...	28,63,574	...	20,213
...	...	6,58,230	6,58,230	VI.—Provincial Rates	...	...	6,70,864	6,70,864	12,634	...
1,61,811	1,61,810	...	3,23,621	VIII.—Assessed Taxes	1,63,412	1,63,411	...	3,26,823	3,202	...
1,99,087	1,99,087	...	3,98,174	IX.—Forests	2,84,049	2,84,049	...	5,68,098	1,69,924	...
27,692	27,692	...	55,384	X.—Registration	25,700	25,700	...	51,400	...	3,984
50,100	...	...	50,100	XI.—Tributes	50,100	...	...	50,100	...	...
30,66,385	83,55,711	6,58,230	1,20,80,326	Total A.—Principal Heads of Revenue	49,02,678	66,08,214	6,70,864	1,21,81,756	1,85,760	84,330
				B.—INTEREST.						
...	505	...	505	XII.—Interest	14,238	1,378	...	15,616	15,111	...
...	505	...	505	Total XII.—Interest	14,238	1,378	...	15,616	15,111	...
				D.—RECEIPTS BY CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.						
...	1,08,325	...	1,08,325	XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law.	...	97,340	...	97,340	...	10,985
...	44,491	...	44,491	XVIB.—Law and Justice—Jails ...	...	46,187	...	46,187	1,696	...
...	1,24,960	74,857	1,99,817	XVII.—Police	...	1,20,405	68,269	1,88,674	...	11,143
...	138	...	138	XVIII.—Marine	...	41	...	41	...	97
...	47,449	875	48,324	XIX.—Education	...	51,225	377	51,602	3,278	...
...	11,496	...	11,496	XX.—Medical	...	8,118	...	8,118	...	3,378
...	315	85,285	85,600	XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments.	...	228	81,346	81,574	...	4,026
...	3,37,174	1,61,017	4,98,191	Total D.—Receipts by Civil Departments	...	3,23,544	1,49,992	4,73,536	4,974	29,629

FINANCE.

Imperial, Provincial, and Local.

Receipts—continued.

1898-99.				Heads of Accounts.	1899-1900.				Total of 1899-1900 compared with that of 1898-99.	
Imperial.	Provincial.	Local.	Total.		Imperial.	Provincial.	Local.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3.	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
				E.—MISCELLANEOUS CIVIL RECEIPTS.						
12,163	4,197	...	16,360	XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation.	10,307	5,290	...	15,597	...	763
3,575	1,747	...	5,322	XXIII.—Stationery and Printing ...	3,021	1,861	...	4,882	...	440
1,594	36,087	15,000	52,681	XXV.—Miscellaneous	834	15,541	17,421	33,796	...	18,885
17,332	42,031	15,000	74,363	Total E.—Miscellaneous	14,162	22,692	17,421	54,275	...	20,088
				H.—RAILWAYS.						
14,22,065	1,00,541	...	15,22,606	XXVI.—State Railways (Gross Receipts).	16,04,000	97,654	...	17,01,654	1,79,048	...
14,22,065	1,00,541	...	15,22,606	Total H.—Railways	16,04,000	97,654	...	17,01,654	1,79,048	...
				K.—BUILDINGS AND ROADS.						
4,222	...	...	4,222	XXXI.—Military Works	4,314	...	...	4,314	92	...
...	98,273	1,57,897	2,56,170	XXXII.—Civil Works	...	98,658	1,02,917	2,01,575	...	54,595
4,222	98,273	1,57,897	2,60,392	Total K.—Buildings and Roads ...	4,314	98,658	1,02,917	2,05,889	92	54,595
				ADJUSTING HEADS.						
...	22,639	...	22,639	Contribution from Local to Provincial	...	14,022	...	14,022	...	8,617
...	...	2,34,411	2,34,411	Ditto from Provincial to Local	...	...	2,33,712	2,33,712	...	699
...	22,639	2,34,411	2,57,050	Total adjusting Heads	...	14,022	2,33,712	2,47,734	...	9,316
45,10,004	89,56,874	12,26,555	1,46,93,433	Grand total	65,39,392	71,66,162	11,74,906	1,48,80,460	3,84,985	1,97,958

Expenditure.

				A.—DIRECT DEMANDS ON THE REVENUE.						
8,182	10,570	287	19,039	1.—Refunds and Drawbacks ...	11,158	15,360	504	27,022	7,983	...
30,167	...	...	30,167	2.—Assignments and Compensations...	37,697	...	...	37,697	7,530	...
...	10,03,981	...	10,03,981	3.—Land Revenue	...	10,13,748	...	10,13,748	9,767	...
9,470	28,411	...	37,881	6.—Stamps	8,854	26,562	...	35,416	...	2,465
4,681	1,560	...	6,241	7.—Excise	5,569	1,856	...	7,425	1,184	...
...	...	2,148	2,148	8.—Provincial Rates	...	...	2,643	2,643	495	...
974	975	...	1,949	10.—Assessed Taxes	1,001	1,001	...	2,002	53	...
1,52,683	1,52,683	...	3,05,366	11.—Forests	1,78,572	1,78,572	...	3,57,144	51,778	...
15,346	15,346	...	30,692	12.—Registration	15,177	15,177	...	30,354	...	338
2,21,503	12,13,526	2,435	14,37,464	Total A.—Direct Demands on the Revenue.	2,58,028	12,52,276	3,147	15,13,451	78,790	2,803

Expenditure—continued.

1898-99.				Heads of Accounts.	1899-1900.				Total of 1899-1900 compared with that of 1898-99.	
Imperial.	Provincial.	Local.	Total.		Imperial.	Provincial.	Local.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
				B.—INTEREST.						
...	444	...	444	13.—Interest on ordinary debt ...	...	484	...	484	40	...
360	...	...	360	14.—Interest on other obligations ...	404	...	...	404	44	...
360	444	...	804	Total B.—Interest	404	484	...	888	84	...
				C.—POST OFFICE, TELEGRAPH, AND MINT.						
...	5,739	42,867	48,606	15.—Post Office	...	6,135	43,411	49,546	940	...
...	5,739	42,867	48,606	Total C.—Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint.	...	6,135	43,411	49,546	940	...
				D.—SALARIES AND EXPENSES OF CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.						
56,509	2,85,976	2,776	3,45,261	18.—General Administration ...	59,938	2,84,216	2,776	3,46,930	1,669	...
...	6,07,081	...	6,07,081	19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	...	6,10,217	...	6,10,217	3,136	...
...	1,28,579	...	1,28,579	19B.—Law and Justice—Jails ...	...	1,15,665	...	1,15,665	...	12,914
...	16,47,725	933	16,48,658	20.—Police	...	16,60,584	904	16,61,488	12,830	...
...	69,754	...	69,754	21.—Marine	...	67,774	...	67,774	...	1,980
...	2,01,380	2,06,147	4,07,527	22.—Education	...	2,05,112	2,11,800	4,16,912	9,385	...
16,098	...	...	16,098	23.—Ecclesiastical	20,706	...	...	20,706	4,608	...
...	2,32,304	1,29,317	3,61,621	24.—Medical	...	2,54,430	1,26,464	3,80,894	19,273	...
...	2,07,778	...	2,07,778	25.—Political	...	2,01,592	...	2,01,592	...	6,186
...	12,131	58,088	70,219	26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments.	...	12,261	53,217	65,478	...	4,741
72,607	33,92,708	3,97,261	38,62,576	Total D.—Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments.	80,644	34,11,851	3,95,161	38,87,656	50,901	25,821
				E.—MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES.						
9,338	...	...	9,338	27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	8,223	...	...	8,223	...	1,115
875	1,04,852	...	1,05,727	29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions.	914	99,716	...	1,00,630	...	5,097
...	1,22,537	...	1,22,537	30.—Stationery and Printing ...	...	1,31,097	764	1,31,861	9,324	...
8,413	37,934	20,923	67,270	32.—Miscellaneous	17,212	38,953	23,006	79,171	11,901	...
18,626	2,65,323	20,923	3,04,872	Total E.—Miscellaneous Charges ...	26,349	2,69,766	23,770	3,19,885	21,225	6,212
				G.—CONSTRUCTION OF RAILWAYS.						
...	15,885	...	15,885	37.—Construction of Railways ...	...	3,488	...	3,488	...	12,397
...	15,885	...	15,885	Total G.—Construction of Railways ...	...	3,488	...	3,488	...	12,397
3,13,096	48,93,625	4,63,486	56,70,207	Total carried over	3,65,435	49,44,000	4,65,489	57,74,914	1,51,940	47,233

FINANCE.

Imperial, Provincial, and Local.

Expenditure—concluded.

1898-99. Imperial.	1898-99. Provincial.	1898-99. Local.	1898-99. Total.	Heads of Accounts.	1899-1900. Imperial.	1899-1900. Provincial.	1899-1900. Local.	1899-1900. Total.	Total of 1899-1900 compared with that of 1898-99. Increase.	Total of 1899-1900 compared with that of 1898-99. Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
3,13,096	48,93,625	4,63,486	56,70,207	Total brought forward	3,65,425	49,44,000	4,65,489	57,74,914	1,51,940	47,233
				H.—RAILWAY REVENUE ACCOUNT.						
13,70,359	1,95,453	...	15,74,812	38.—State Railway Expenses ...	12,33,000	1,47,732	...	13,80,737	...	1,94,080
62,363	...	...	62,363	39.—Guaranteed Companies ...	...	...	...	...	...	62,363
...	1,01,909	...	1,01,909	40.—Subsidised Companies ...	...	40,094	...	40,094	...	61,815
15,611	...	...	15,611	41.—Miscellaneous Railway Expenses...	20,000	...	...	20,000	4,389	...
14,57,333	2,97,362	...	17,54,695	Total H.—Railway Revenue Account	12,53,000	1,87,826	...	14,40,826	4,389	3,18,258
				K.—BUILDINGS AND ROADS.						
3,27,240	...	...	3,27,040	44.—Military Works	2,63,097	...	...	2,63,097	...	63,943
1,53,018	26,64,062	7,47,807	35,64,887	45.—Civil Works	45,699	26,25,512	7,48,292	34,19,503	...	1,45,384
4,80,058	26,64,062	7,47,807	38,91,927	Total K.—Buildings and Roads ...	3,08,796	26,25,512	7,48,292	36,82,600	...	2,09,327
				N.—CAPITAL OUTLAY ON RAILWAYS.						
1,20,08,840	...	...	1,20,08,840	48.—State Railways	99,56,000	...	...	99,56,000	...	20,52,840
1,20,08,840	...	...	1,20,08,840	Total N.—Capital Outlay on Railways	99,56,000	...	...	99,56,000	...	20,52,840
				ADJUSTING HEADS.						
...	2,34,411	...	2,34,411	Contribution from Provincial to Local	...	2,33,712	...	2,33,712	...	699
...	...	22,639	22,639	Ditto from Local to Provincial	...	...	14,022	14,022	...	8,617
...	2,34,411	22,639	2,57,050	Total adjusting Heads	...	2,33,712	14,022	2,47,734	...	9,316
1,42,59,327	80,89,460	12,33,932	2,35,82,719	Grand total	1,18,83,221	79,91,050	12,27,803	2,11,02,074	1,56,329	26,36,974

	1898-99. Receipts.	1898-99. Expenditure.	1898-99. Net receipts + or expenditure —.	1899-1900. Receipts.	1899-1900. Expenditure.	1899-1900. Net receipts + or expenditure —.	1899-1900 compared with 1898-99. Increase of revenue.	1899-1900 compared with 1898-99. Decrease of revenue.	1899-1900 compared with 1898-99. Increase of expenditure.	1899-1900 compared with 1898-99. Decrease of expenditure.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—(*a*) Principal Heads of Revenue...	1,20,80,326	14,37,464	+1,06,42,862	1,21,81,756	15,13,451	+1,06,66,305	1,01,430	...	75,987	...
II.—Departmental Heads—										
(*b*) Interest	505	804	— 299	15,616	888	+14,728	15,111[2]	...	84	...
(*c*) Post Office, etc.	...	48,606	— 48,606	...	49,546	— 49,545	...	...	940	...
(*d*) Civil Department... ...	4,98,191	38,62,576	—33,64,385	4,73,536	38,87,656	—34,14,120	...	24,655	25,080	...
(*e*) Miscellaneous	74,363	3,04,872	— 2,30,509	54,275	3,19,885	— 2,65,610	...	20,088	15,013	...
(*g*) Construction of Railways ...	...	15,885	— 15,885	...	3,488	— 3,488	...	...	...	12,397
(*h*) Railway Revenue Account ...	15,22,606	17,54,695	— 2,32,089	17,01,654	14,40,826	+ 2,60,828	1,79,048	...	...	3,13,869
(*k*) Buildings and Roads ...	2,60,392	38,91,927	— 36,31,535	2,05,889	36,82,600	— 34,76,711	...	54,503	...	2,09,327
(*n*) Capital Outlay on Railways...	...	1,20,08,840	—1,20,08,840	...	99,56,000	— 99,56,000	...	...	...	20,52,840
Adjusting Heads	2,57,050	2,57,050	...	2,47,734	2,47,734	...	...	9,316	...	9,316
Total Departmental Heads ...	26,13,107	2,21,45,255	—1,95,32,148	26,98,704	1,95,88,623	—1,68,89,919	1,94,159	1,08,562	41,117	25,97,749
Grand total	1,46,93,433	2,35,82,719	— 88,89,286	1,48,80,460	2,11,02,074	— 62,23,614	2,95,589	1,08,562	1,17,104	25,97,749

I.—Principal Heads of Revenue.

FINANCE.

Imperial, Provincial, and Local.

Receipts.

	Rs.
1898-99	1,20,80,326
1899-1900	1,21,81,756

The aggregate (Imperial, Provincial, and Local) figures for 1899-1900 showed a net increase of Rs. 1,01,430 as compared with those for 1898-99. The increase occurred under Provincial Rates, Assessed Taxes, and Forest, but was counterbalanced by small decreases under the other heads. The more important variations under individual heads are explained below:

Opium ... ... Decrease Rs. 13,847

This was due to a decrease in the quantity of opium consumed in 1899-1900, in which year the total sale of opium from treasuries was 40¾ maunds less than that in 1898-99.

Stamps ... ... Decrease Rs. 42,710

The falling off was Rs. 28,122 under Court-fee Stamps and Rs. 12,546 under commercial and other stamps, and was due mainly to a decrease in the number of loans contracted and in litigation owing chiefly to abundance of food-grains in Cachar and Sylhet.

Excise ... ... Decrease Rs. 20,213

There was a decrease of Rs. 46,000 under "Gain on sale proceeds of excise opium" due to decrease in the quantity of opium consumed; but this was counterbalanced by an increase of Rs. 26,000 under "License and distillery fees," which was mainly due to successful settlements and keen competition under "Country spirits."

Provincial Rates ... ... Increase Rs. 12,634

This was due to collection of larger amounts of land revenue in the Assam Valley districts and Cachar.

Forest ... ... Increase Rs. 1,69,924

This was due to the development of the departmental timber work in Goalpara and to larger collections from rubber.

Expenditure.

Direct Demands on the Revenue.

	Rs.
1898-99	14,37,464
1899-1900	15,13,451

As compared with 1898-99, there was a net increase of Rs. 75,987, which occurred mainly under "Refunds and Drawbacks," "Assignments and Compensations," "Land Revenue" and "Forest."

The increase under "Refunds and Drawbacks" was due to increased refunds of land revenue and excise revenue, and that under "Assignments, etc.," to larger payments of *posa* allowances to frontier hill tribes.

The increase under "Land Revenue" occurred under "Land Records and Agriculture," but there were decreases under the other heads. Under "Land Records and Agriculture" there was an increase of Rs. 30,000 under "Kanungo establishment," partly owing to large payments of arrears of mandals' pay, and partly to the fact that the establishment is being brought up to its sanctioned scale. This excess was reduced by the decrease caused by the transfer of the Superintendent of Land Records and his establishment to "Survey and Settlement" on the formation of the Provincial Survey Detachment. The net figure under "Survey and Settlements," however, shows a decrease owing to the reduction and subsequent abolition of the settlement establishment in Cachar, and partly also to the reduction in the field establishment of the *Ilam* settlement of Sylhet under "Charges of District Administration." There were decreases under "Salaries of officers" and "Purchase of land for public purposes" under "General establishment," the former due to leave vacancies, and the latter to the fact that a large amount of compensation was paid in 1898-99 for land taken up in the Sylhet town.

The increase under "Forests" was due partly to more expensive departmental timber operations having been undertaken and to larger payments having been made to the Manipur State on account of its share of the receipts for the State forests worked by the Forest Department, and partly to larger payments having been made on account of the promotion of Forest officers and subordinates.

II.—Departmental Heads.

Receipts.

FINANCE.

Imperial, Provincial, and Local.

		Rs.
Total Revenue *less* principal heads	1898-99	26,13,107
	1899-1900	26,98,704

As compared with 1898-99, there was an increase of Rs. 85,597 under these heads. The increase is due to an improvement of Rs. 1,81,935 in the gross traffic receipts of the Assam-Bengal Railway, the net total of the other heads showing a decrease of Rs. 96,338. The more important variations under individual heads are explained below:

Interest ... ... Increase Rs. 15,111

Of this, Rs. 14,238 represents the interest on arrears of land revenue in respect of the Balisira Hills about which there was a dispute, and Rs. 827 recovered by book-transfer from the Shillong Municipality on account of arrear interest on loans written off.

Law and Justice—Courts of Law ... ... Decrease Rs. 10,985

The decrease occurred under "General fees, fines and forfeitures," mainly under "Magisterial fines" (Rs. 5,749), owing apparently to decreased litigation.

Police ... ... Decrease Rs. 11,143

This was due to a falling off in the cattle pound receipts, to less fines having been inflicted on chaukidars (village police) in Sylhet and Cachar, and to less recoveries on account of value of police clothing.

Miscellaneous ... ... Decrease Rs. 18,885

This is due mainly to a falling off in the receipts and an increase in the payments of lapsed deposits.

Railways ... ... Increase Rs. 1,79,048

This is made up of an increase of Rs. 1,81,935 in the gross traffic receipts of the Assam-Bengal Railway and a decrease of Rs. 2,887 in the Provincial Railway receipts.

Civil Works (Buildings and Roads) ... ... Decrease Rs. 54,595

Of this, Rs. 50,400 occurred in the Public Works receipts of the Local Boards, and the balance under "Provincial" due to a decrease in ferry receipts owing mainly to want of competition among bidders and default in payment of revenue by lessees.

Adjusting heads... ... ... Decrease Rs. 9,316.

In 1898-99 Rs. 22,639 was recovered from certain Local Boards on account of the special Provincial contributions made to recoup the deficit balances with which they closed their accounts for 1897-98. In 1899-1900 Rs. 14,022 only was recovered on that account, which accounts for the decrease under Provincial; and the large special Provincial contributions made for the above reason in 1898-99 caused the decrease under Local in 1899-1900.

Expenditure.

		Rs.
Total expenditure *less* direct demands on the revenue	1898-99	2,21,45,255
	1899-1900	1,95,88,623

As compared with the previous year, there was a decrease of Rs. 25,56,632 under these heads, which was composed of a decrease of Rs. 21,94,810 in the imperial expenditure on the Assam-Bengal Railway adjusted on the books of the Government Examiner, and a decrease of Rs. 3,61,822 under other heads. The more important differences are explained below:

Law and Justice—Jails ... ... Decrease Rs. 12,914

This occurred under "Dietary charges"—"Rations."

Police ... ... Increase Rs. 12,830

This is composed of an increase of Rs. 24,000 under "District Executive Force" counterbalanced by a decrease of Rs. 11,000 under "Special Police." The increase under the former head occurred under several heads due to ordinary fluctuations, and the decrease under "Special Police" occurred chiefly under "Compensation for dearness of provisions" owing to cheapness of food-grains.

Education ... ... Increase Rs. 9,385

This occurred partly under "Direction" due to the appointment of the Director of Public Instruction having been vacant for a short time in 1898-99, and partly owing to larger payments of "Grants-in-aid" to "Lower Primary Schools"—Local.

Medical ... ... Increase Rs. 19,273

Expenditure incurred in connection with the plague and increase in the number of Assistant Surgeons during 1899-1900 caused the increase under this head.

Stationery and Printing ... ... Increase Rs. 9,324

About half of the increase is due to an increase in the cost of stationery supplied from Central Stores and the remaining half to increased work in the Secretariat Press having necessitated larger expenditure on "Piece-work staff" and "Overtime allowances."

Miscellaneous ... ... Increase Rs. 11,901

The increase is due partly to certain heavy remittances sent out of the province and partly to unfavourable results in transactions under "Lapsed deposits."

Railways ... ... Decrease Rs. 1,84,296

This represents a decrease in the railway expenditure adjusted on the books of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Assam. There was a decrease of Rs. 63,360 under the Cherra-Companyganj State Railway revenue due to much heavier expenditure having been necessitated in 1898-99 on account of severe damage caused to the line by floods. The Dibru-Sadiya Railway accounts for a decrease of Rs. 61,815, due to improvement in the Company's earnings owing to which the amount which had to be paid to the Company as subsidy was small.

Military Works ... ... Decrease Rs. 63,943

The decrease is principally due to less expenditure on the work "Providing accommodation for permanent garrison of the Native Infantry at Manipur," which is approaching completion.

Civil Works ... ... Net decrease Rs. 1,45,384

This is made up of an increase of Rs. 26,752 in the expenditure adjusted on the civil books, and decrease of Rs. 1,72,136 in the expenditure adjusted on the books of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts. The Government of India sanctioned the writing off of certain loans to the Shillong Municipality, with the interest accrued thereon, amounting to Rs. 10,499, and the Local Administration sanctioned an extra grant of Rs. 20,000 to the same municipality to enable it to restore its water-works, etc., damaged by the earthquake of the 12th June 1897 and to pay off a debt due to the Public Works Department. These caused the increase under "Public Works in charge of Civil Officers." The diminished outlay by the Public Works Department was partly due to less expenditure in 1899-1900 on the Nichuguard-Manipur Road and partly to the fact that in 1898-99 the expenditure on buildings damaged by the earthquake was very high.

Adjusting heads ... ... Decrease Rs. 9,316

This has been explained under "Adjusting heads"—"*Receipts.*"

SECTION 2.

THE PROVINCIAL CONTRACT.

325. The present contract is for five years from the 1st April 1897, and the result of the last three years' working is as follows:

	Rs.
Balance on 1st April 1897	9,43,729
Provincial revenue, 1897-98	71,61,804
	81,05,533
Provincial expenditure, 1897-98	76,17,602
Balance on 1st April 1898	4,87,931
Provincial revenue, 1898-99	89,56,874
	94,44,805
Provincial expenditure, 1898-99	80,89,460
Balance on 1st April 1899	13,55,345
Provincial revenue, 1899-1900	71,66,162
	85,21,507
Provincial expenditure, 1899-1900	79,91,050
Balance on 1st April 1900	5,30,457

This represents (within a few thousands of rupees) the accumulated provincial balance on 1st April 1900, and shows that after the working of three years, the balance was reduced by Rs. 4,13,272, after taking into account (1) the special earthquake assignments of 26 lakhs (8 lakhs in 1897-98 and 18 lakhs in 1898-99); (2) the assignment of Rs. 7,50,000 made in 1898-99 and 1899-1900 on account of the transfer of the South Lushai Hills; and (3) the assignment of Rs. 5,000 in 1899-1900 for allotment of certain elephant *mahals* in Assam to the Khedda Department.

The provincial revenue and expenditure for 1899-1900 fell short of that of 1898-99 by Rs. 17,90,712, and Rs. 98,410, respectively, the decrease in revenue being due to the special earthquake assignment of 18 lakhs received in 1898-99. The details of the decrease in revenue as well as the decrease in expenditure have been shown in the attached statements and explained in the foregoing section.

SECTION 3.

LOCAL FUNDS.

SECTION 3. *Local Funds.*

326. The receipts and charges of Incorporated Local Funds are shown under the head Local in the general statement of the accounts of the province given on page 105. The following statement distinguishes between Local Boards, the Inland Labour Transport Fund, and the District Chaukidari Reward Fund (Goalpara and Sylhet):

—	Receipts.											
	1898-99.				1899-1900.				1899-1900 compared with 1898-99, increase+, decrease—.			
	Local Boards.	Inland Labour Transport Fund.	Village Police, Local.	Total.	Local Boards.	Inland Labour Transport Fund.	Village Police, Local.	Total.	Local Boards.	Inland Labour Transport Fund.	Village Police, Local.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Provincial Rates ...	6,58,230	...	...	6,58,230	6,70,864	...	...	6,70,864	+12,634	...	...	+12,634
Post Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Police	73,243	...	1,614	74,857	66,914	...	1,355	68,269	— 6,329	...	—259	— 6,588
Education	875	...	...	875	377	...	...	377	— 498	...	...	— 498
Medical	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Minor Departments ...	...	85,285	...	85,285	...	81,346	...	81,346	...	—3,939	...	— 3,939
Stationery and Printing.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	15,000	...	...	15,000	17,421	...	...	17,421	+ 2,421	...	...	+ 2,421
Civil Works... ...	1,03,537	...	...	1,03,537	1,01,397	...	...	1,01,397	— 2,140	...	...	— 2,140
Contributions ...	2,34,411	...	...	2,34,411	2,33,712	...	...	2,33,712	— 699	...	...	— 699
Total	10,85,296	85,285	1,614	11,72,195	10,90,685	81,346	1,355	11,73,386	+ 5,389	—3,939	—259	+ 1,191

—	Expenditure.											
	1898-99.				1899-1900.				1899-1900 compared with 1898-99, increase+, decrease—.			
	Local Boards.	Inland Labour Transport Fund.	Village Police, Local.	Total.	Local Boards.	Inland Labour Transport Fund.	Village Police, Local.	Total.	Local Boards.	Inland Labour Transport Fund.	Village Police, Local.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Refunds and Drawbacks	287	...	...	287	504	...	...	504	+ 217	...	...	+ 217
Provincial Rates ...	2,148	...	...	2,148	2,643	...	...	2,643	+ 495	...	...	+ 495
Post Office	42,867	...	...	42,867	43,411	...	...	43,411	+ 544	...	...	+ 544
General Administration.	2,776	...	...	2,776	2,776	...	...	2,776	...	...	...	...
Police	...	...	933	933	...	...	904	904	...	...	— 29	— 29
Education	2,06,147	...	...	2,06,147	2,11,800	...	...	2,11,800	+ 5,653	...	...	+ 5,653
Medical	89,834	39,483	...	1,29,317	93,468	32,996	...	1,26,464	+ 3,634	— 6,487	...	— 2,853
Minor Departments ...	1,745	56,343	...	58,088	1,768	51,449	...	53,217	+ 23	— 4,894	...	— 4,871
Superannuation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stationery and Printing.	...	...	...	...	764	...	...	764	+ 764	...	...	+ 764
Miscellaneous ...	18,754	2,169	...	20,923	21,090	1,916	...	23,005	+ 2,336	— 253	...	+ 2,083
Civil Works ...	2,105	...	...	2,105	2,355	...	...	2,355	+ 250	...	...	+ 250
Contributions ...	22,639	...	...	22,639	14,022	...	...	14,022	— 8,617	...	...	— 8,617
Total ...	3,89,302	97,995	933	4,88,230	3,94,601	85,361	904	4,81,866	+ 5,299	—11,634	— 29	— 6,364

SECTION 3. *Local Funds.*

The receipts and expenditure of the Excluded Local Funds of the province for the two years 1898-99 and 1899-1900 were as follow:

Receipts.

—	1898-99.					1899-1900.					1899-1900 compared with 1898-99, increase +, decrease −.				
	Municipal, Union, Station, and Town Funds.	Cantonment Funds.	Assam Williamson Education Fund.	Other Funds, Shillong Station Loan Sinking Fund.	Total.	Municipal, Union, Station, and Town Funds.	Cantonment Funds.	Assam Williamson Education Fund.	Other Funds, Shillong Station Loan Sinking Fund.	Total.	Municipal, Union, Station, and Town Funds.	Cantonment Funds.	Assam Williamson Education Fund.	Other Funds, Shillong Station Loan Sinking Fund.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Land Revenue ...	...	190	...	...	190	...	75	...	...	75	...	− 115	...	...	− 115
Assessed Taxes ...	1,08,187	1,400	...	...	1,09,587	1,15,015	1,466	...	...	1,16,481	+ 6,828	+ 66	...	...	+ 6,894
Interest ...	...	...	3,816	...	3,816	...	...	3,816	...	3,816	...	...	...	...	...
General Administration.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Police	23,438	1,899	...	...	25,337	21,028	2,020	...	...	23,048	− 2,410	+ 121	...	...	− 2,289
Education ...	513	...	...	...	513	605	...	...	...	605	+ 92	...	...	...	+ 92
Medical ...	1,495	...	...	...	1,495	400	...	...	...	400	− 1,095	...	...	...	− 1,095
Minor Departments	31,969	808	...	...	32,777	33,612	665	...	...	34,277	+ 1,643	− 143	...	...	+ 1,500
Miscellaneous ...	16,162	7,709	12	...	23,883	18,149	5,595	33	...	23,777	+ 1,987	−2,114	+21	...	− 106
Public Works ...	51,539	...	...	...	51,539	51,118	...	...	...	51,118	+ 421	...	...	...	+ 421
Loans from Government.	...	...	...	...	...	13,560	...	...	...	13,560	+13,560	...	...	...	+13,560
Total	2,33,307	12,006	3,828	...	2,49,141	2,53,491	9,821	3,849	...	2,67,161	+21,026	−2,185	+21	...	+18,862

Expenditure.

—	1898-99.					1899-1900.					1899-1900 compared with 1898-99, increase +, decrease −.				
	Municipal, Union, Station, and Town Funds.	Cantonment Funds.	Assam Williamson Education Fund.	Other Funds, Shillong Station Loan Sinking Fund.	Total.	Municipal, Union, Station, and Town Funds.	Cantonment Funds.	Assam Williamson Education Fund.	Other Funds, Shillong Station Loan Sinking Fund.	Total.	Municipal, Union, Station, and Town Funds.	Cantonment Funds.	Assam Williamson Education Fund.	Other Funds, Shillong Station Loan, Sinking Fund.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Refunds and Drawbacks.	167	...	...	...	167	182	...	...	...	182	+ 15	...	...	...	+ 15
Interest ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
General Administration.	18,979	803	...	...	19,782	19,087	831	...	...	19,918	+ 108	+ 28	...	...	+ 136
Police	5,131	1,060	...	...	6,191	6,214	411	...	...	6,625	+1,083	− 649	...	...	+ 434
Education ...	7,632	...	2,976	...	10,608	8,521	...	2,839	...	11,360	+ 889	...	− 137	...	+ 752
Medical ...	9,580	...	...	...	9,580	9,580	300	...	...	9,880	...	+ 300	...	...	+ 300
Minor Departments	1,24,592	8,322	...	...	1,32,914	1,34,249	8,026	...	...	1,42,275	+9,657	− 296	...	...	+9,361
Superannuation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	9,785	156	600	...	10,542	8,981	352	600	...	9,933	− 805	+ 196	...	...	− 609
Public Works ...	67,587	1,204	...	...	68,791	64,068	777	...	...	64,845	−3,519	− 427	...	...	−3,946
Total	2,43,454	11,545	3,576	...	2,58,575	2,50,682	10,697	3,439	...	2,65,018	+7,428	− 848	− 137	...	+6,443

The aggregate receipts of the Municipal, Station, Union, and Town Funds were Rs. 21,026 better than in 1898-99, due chiefly to an increase of Rs. 6,894 under Assessed Taxes and the loan of Rs. 13,560 granted by Government to the Gauhati Municipality.

On the expenditure side there was an increase of Rs. 7,428. The Gauhati Municipality alone shows an increase of Rs. 11,000.

The aggregate transactions of all Excluded Local Funds during 1899-1900 resulted in a surplus of Rs. 2,143.

II.—LAND REVENUE.

SECTION I.

FINANCE.

Land. Revenue.

Number of permanently-settled estates.

327. The number of permanently-settled estates on the revenue roll at the end of the year was 49,900, against 40,911 on the 31st March 1899, the decrease being due to the purchase by Government of eleven estates in Sylhet at sales for arrears of revenue, and their transfer to the class temporarily settled. In Goalpara and the Garo Hills, the only other districts with a permanent settlement, there was no change in the number of such estates.

Number of temporarily-settled estates.

328. The total number of temporarily-settled revenue-paying estates on the roll at the close of the year was 779,078, against 771,684 at the close of 1898-99. The details of each district are given below:

Division.	District.	Number of estates. 1898-99.	Number of estates. 1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage of Increase.	Percentage of Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Surma Valley ...	Cachar	12,031	12,189	158	...	1·31	...
	Sylhet	47,586	48,241	655	...	1·38	...
Brahmaputra Valley	Goalpara	19,390	19,484	94	...	0·48	...
	Kamrup	175,067	173,510	...	1,557	...	0·89
	Darrang	122,258	123,803	1,545	...	1·26	...
	Nowgong	131,671	126,367	...	5,304	...	4·03
	Sibsagar	184,040	190,410	6,370	...	3·46	...
	Lakhimpur	72,273	77,625	5,352	...	7·41	...
Hill districts ...	Naga Hills	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	1,740	1,847	107	...	6·15	...
	Garo Hills	5,627	5,601	...	26	...	0·46
	Total	771,684	779,078	14,281	6,887	...	...
	Net increase	...	...	+ 7,394		+ 0·96	

Current demand.

329. The current land revenue demand of the province fell off from Rs. 57,68,099 in 1898-99 to Rs. 57,50,308 in 1899-1900, showing a decrease for the first time since 1882-83. The decrease amounted to Rs. 17,791, or 0·31 per cent. The following table gives details for each district:

District.	Permanently-settled estates. 1898-99.	Permanently-settled estates. 1899-1900.	Temporarily-settled estates. 1898-99.	Temporarily-settled estates. 1899-1900.	Total. 1898-99.	Total. 1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage of Increase.	Percentage of Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Cachar	...	...	3,58,877	3,60,965	3,58,877	3,60,965	2,088	...	0·58	...
Sylhet	3,66,041	3,65,323	5,31,029	4,18,589	8,97,070	7,83,912	...	1,13,158	...	12·61
Total Surma Valley	3,66,041	3,65,323	8,89,906	7,79,554	12,55,947	11,44,877	2,088	1,13,158	...	...
Net decrease	...	...	...	...	...	...	—1,11,070		—8·84	
Goalpara	11,411	11,411	97,143	1,01,231	1,08,554	1,12,642	4,088	...	3·49	...
Kamrup	...	...	12,77,431	12,86,351	12,77,431	12,86,351	8,920	...	0·70	...
Darrang	...	...	7,02,940	7,20,966	7,02,940	7,20,966	18,026	...	2·56	...
Nowgong	...	...	5,81,601	5,79,562	5,81,601	5,79,562	...	2,039	...	0·35
Sibsagar	...	...	13,13,316	13,51,439	13,13,316	13,51,439	38,123	...	2·90	...
Lakhimpur	...	...	4,97,561	5,23,654	4,97,561	5,23,654	26,093	...	5·24	...
Total Brahmaputra Valley ...	11,411	11,411	44,69,992	45,63,203	44,81,403	45,74,614	95,250	2,039	...	...
Net increase	...	...	...	...	...	...	+93,211		+2·08	
Naga Hills	...	...	10	10	10	10	...	...	...	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	...	...	8,597	9,251	8,597	9,251	654	...	7·61	...
Garo Hills	12	12	22,130	21,544	22,142	21,556	...	586	...	2·65
Total Hill districts	12	12	30,737	30,805	30,749	30,817	654	586	...	...
Net increase	...	...	...	...	...	...	+68		+0·22	
Grand total	3,77,464	3,76,746	53,90,635	53,73,562	57,68,099	57,50,308	97,992	115,783	...	...
Net decrease	...	...	...	...	...	...	—17,791		—0·31	

The decrease, however, was apparent only, as in 1898-99 there was a fictitious increase of Rs. 1,37,379 in the Jaintia Parganas in Sylhet, due to the alteration of the date of the second instalment of revenue. If this amount be left out of consideration, the land revenue demand would show an increase of Rs. 1,19,588, or 2·07 per cent.

In the Brahmaputra Valley, there was an increase of Rs. 93,211 over the demand of the preceding year. In Nowgong, there was a derease of Rs. 2,039, while the demand of the other districts of the valley increased by Rs. 95,250. The following statement gives details of the increase and decrease in each district and of the variations in the demand of the different classes of estates:

District.	Estates annually settled at full rates (*khiraj*).	Estates periodically settled at full rates (*khiraj*).	Estates settled at half rates (*nasf-khiraj*).	Special settlements.	Town lands.	Waste land settlements.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Goalpara ...	+ 3,338	...	...	— 46	+ 796	...	+ 4,088
Kamrup ...	+ 32,345	— 23,997	— 576	+ 181	+ 80	+ 887	+ 8,920
Darrang ...	+ 7,273	+ 3,882	...	+ 9	+ 2,107	+ 4,755	+ 18,026
Nowgong ...	— 6,955	+ 4,295	...	+ 323	— 67	+ 365	— 2,039
Sibsagar ...	+ 25,426	+ 194	...	+ 1	— 42	+ 12,544	+ 38,123
Lakhimpur ...	+ 9,549	+ 11,290	— 12	+ 825	— 121	+ 4,562	+ 26,093
Total	+ 70,976	— 4,336	— 588	+ 1,293	+ 2,753	+ 23,113	+ 93,211

In Goalpara, the revenue demand increased by Rs. 4,088 owing to extensions of cultivation, chiefly by immigrants from other areas. In Kamrup, there was a decrease (Rs. 23,997) in the revenue demand of estates periodically settled at full rates. It was, however, more than counterbalanced by an increase (Rs. 32,345) under the head of Estates settled annually at full rates, the increase being due to extensions of cultivation and reclassification. Nowgong is the only district in the Brahmaputra Valley which shows a decrease, due entirely to the climatic conditions of the year. In the three other districts of the valley the increase was due chiefly to extensions of cultivation, and partly to the assessment of waste land grants at higher rates.

Arrear demand.

330. The arrear demand on 1st April 1899, as shown in the previous year's report, was Rs. 4,53,712. Subsequent additions and reductions increased this figure to Rs. 5,00,302, details of which are given below:

District.	Arrear demand as reported on 1st April 1899.	Changes made in the arrear demand in consequence of further enquiries made after 1st April 1899.		Arrear demand on 1st April 1899 as finally ascertained.
		Additions.	Reductions.	
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	17,420	676	163	17,933
Sylhet	95,447	45,595	2,456	1,38,586
Goalpara	12	186	...	198
Kamrup	49,797	1,629	...	51,426
Darrang	38,745	344	...	39,089
Nowgong	1,39,223	50	...	1,39,273
Sibsagar	76,477	577	...	77,054
Lakhimpur	32,886	152	...	33,038
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	47	...	...	47
Garo Hills	3,658	...	...	3,658
Total	4,53,712	49,209	2,619	5,00,302

FINANCE.

Land Revenue.

331. The total demand, collecti ons, remissions, and balances of each district are given in the following statement:

Total demand, collections, remissions, and balances.

District.	Total demand, including arrears.	Collections.	Remissions.	Balances.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	3,78,898	3,65,346	...	13,552
Sylhet	9,22,498	8,14,630	3,592	1,04,276
Goalpara	1,12,840	1,12,076	7	757
Kamrup	13,37,777	12,73,277	2,057	62,443
Darrang	7,60,055	7,31,013	1,126	27,916
Nowgong	7,18,835	6,00,192	343	1,18,300
Sibsagar	14,28,493	13,15,355	249	1,12,889
Lakhimpur	5,56,692	5,18,357	857	37,478
Naga Hills	10	10	...	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	9,298	9,289	...	9
Garo Hills	25,214	21,330	847	3,037
Total	62,50,610	57,60,875	9,078	4,80,657

The total demand, including corrected arrears, was Rs. 62,50,610. Of this amount, Rs. 57,60,875, or 92·16 per cent., were realised during the year, against 92·58 per cent. in the preceding year; Rs. 9,078, or 0·15 per cent., were remitted, against 0·16 per cent. in 1898-99, leaving a balance of Rs. 4,80,657, or 7·69 per cent. of the total demand outstanding at the close of the year. The percentage of total collections to the current demand of the year was 100·18, against 100·34 in 1898-99. The current demand of the year was Rs. 57,50,308, of which Rs. 54,08,201, or 94·05 per cent., were realised. Of the arrear demand of Rs. 5,00,302, Rs. 3,52,674, or 70·49 per cent., were realised. In Cachar, the balance outstanding at the close of the year showed a slight decrease, as compared with the preceding year. In Sylhet, the bulk of the arrears occurred in the Jaintia Parganas, and is attributed to the alteration of *kist* dates and to the low price of paddy. In the Brahmaputra Valley, of the total demand of Rs. 49,14,692, inclusive of arrears, Rs. 45,50,270, or 92·59 per cent., were collected before the close of the year. In 1898-99, the collections were 92·84 per cent. of the demand. The balance outstanding at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 3,59,683, or 7·32 per cent. of the total demand, against Rs. 3,37,140, or 6·95 per cent., at the end of 1898-99. Of this, Rs. 80,350, towards which Nowgong contributed Rs. 70,021, were reported as doubtful or irrecoverable, and since the close of the year a large portion (Rs. 40,488) of this amount has been remitted.

Remissions.

332. Remissions were allowed to the extent of Rs. 9,078, against Rs. 10,216 in the preceding year. In Sylhet Rs. 3,592 were remitted, mainly owing to certain estates in Jaintia not having been traceable by the late cadastral survey, and to the loss sustained by the raiyats in consequence of the earthquake of June 1897. In the Brahmaputra Valley, Rs. 4,639 were remitted, *viz.*, Rs. 7 in Goalpara, Rs. 2,057 in Kamrup, Rs. 1,126 in Darrang, Rs. 343 in Nowgong, Rs. 249 in Sibsagar, and Rs. 857 in Lakhimpur. The remissions were on account of deaths and desertions, annulments of settlement, and similar causes. A sum of Rs. 847 was remitted in the Garo Hills as irrecoverable in consequence of deaths and desertions.

333. The following table compares the current demand of miscellaneous land revenue under each head with that of the preceding year :

Current demand of miscellaneous land revenue.

Sources of miscellaneous land revenue.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage of Increase.	Percentage of Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
(1) Elephants—						
(*a*) License fees	9,250	12,955	3,705	...	40·05	...
(*b*) Royalty	21,500	16,350	...	5,150	...	23·95
Total Elephants	30,750	29,305	3,705	5,150	...	...
Net Decrease	...	...	—1,445		—4·70	
(2) Fisheries	1,41,036	1,55,886	14,850	...	10·53	...
(3) Poll-tax	8,930	9,087	157	...	1·76	...
(4) House-tax	1,48,285*	1,49,988	1,703	...	1·15	...
(5) Lime-quarries	20,802	13,161	...	7,641	...	36·73
(6) Stone-quarries	...	225	225	...	100·00	...
(7) Coal-mines and mineral oil	37,448	40,104	2,656	...	7·09	...
(8) Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue	27,679	7,130	...	20,549	...	74·24
(9) Survey fees	11,772	5,692	...	6,080	...	51·65
(10) Mutation and registration fees	...	101	101	...	100·00	...
(11) Other miscellaneous items not specified above...	8,431	8,676	245	...	2·91	...
Grand total	4,35,133*	4,19,355	23,642	39,420	...	...
Net Decrease	...	...	—15,778		—3·63	

* Revised figures.

The total revenue demand of the year was Rs. 4,19,355, against Rs. 4,35,133 in 1898-99, showing a net decrease of Rs. 15,778, which occurred chiefly under the heads Elephants, Lime-quarries, Sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue, and Survey fees.

In receipts from elephants there was an increase of Rs. 3,705 under the head License fees, but a decrease of Rs. 5,150 under Royalty, the net result being a decrease of Rs. 1,445 The revenue from license fees increased chiefly in Goalpara and the Khasi Hills, where the elephant *mahals*, which had been allowed rest in 1898-99, were worked during the year. The decrease under the head Royalty occurred chiefly in Cachar, no hunting operations having been undertaken in that district during the year. Compared with 1897-98, the revenue from elephant *mahals*, including royalty on elephants, shows a large decrease during the past two years (Rs. 17,269 and Rs. 18,714). This is due to the surrender of the undermentioned elephant *mahals* to the Khedda Department in exchange for the elephant reserves* in the Cachar and the Sylhet districts, the whole or portions of which have been thrown open for cultivation :

* Panisagar reserve and Inner Line reserve in Cachar.
Langai and Singla reserve in Sylhet.

Mahals Nos. 1, 2, and 3 in Kamrup.
„ „ 1 to 5 in Nowgong.
Mahals Nos. 1 to 5 in Sibsagar.
„ „ 1 „ 4 in the Naga Hills.
The whole of the Jaintia Hills (two *mahals*).

The fishery receipts showed an increase of Rs. 14,850. Of this, Sylhet accounted for an increase of Rs. 6,636 obtained by the resettlement of certain fisheries, and the Brahmaputra Valley for the remainder, due largely to an increase of Rs. 5,590 in Kamrup, owing to the fisheries in that district, which were damaged by the earthquake three years ago, having been since improved by high floods. Poll-tax increased by Rs. 157. In Sylhet there was an increase of Rs. 211, due mainly to the assessment of certain Tipperah *punjis* in the Balisira Hills, which were for the first time assessed during the year, in accordance with the terms of a compromise entered into between the Government and the Raja of Hill Tipperah in the Balisira case; while there was a decrease of Rs. 54 in the Lakhimpur district owing to the substitution of land revenue assessment for poll-tax in certain Miri villages. The increase of Rs. 1,703 under house-tax was

FINANCE. *Land Revenue.*

chiefly due to the tax having been raised from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per house in the area recently transferred from the Naga Hills to the Nowgong district, so as to bring it in conformity with the rest of the district, and to a portion of the area transferred to the Sibsagar district having been brought under assessment during the year. Lime-quarries are worked only in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills. The decrease is apparent only, and is not due to any falling off in the lime trade, as the exports of the year were in excess of those of the preceding year, but to the introduction of a lease system for a term of twenty years in the case of three of the lime-quarries, by which the time of payment of royalty has been altered from the month of October preceding the export season to the central export season itself. Under stone-quarries the increase was obtained from a resettlement of the Lakroh stone-quarries in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills. The increase under coal-mines and mineral oil occurred mainly under the head Royalty on coal, and was due to the fact that the Assam Railways and Trading Company extracted 178,925 tons of coal, against 164,436 tons in 1898-99, from the Ledo and Tikak mines. The quantity exported from the Namdang and Tirap grants, on which they are not required to pay royalty, but only a surface rent, was 35,293 and 33,010 tons, respectively, against 26,873 and 20,245 tons in the previous year. There has been no change in the revenue demand on account of mineral oil, which at present consists only of surface rents on the concessions. The Company extracted 616,275 gallons of mineral oil from their wells, against 555,204 gallons in 1898-99. The four upper districts of the Brahmaputra Valley are mainly responsible for the large decrease of receipts under sale of waste land leases and redemption of land revenue, which is attributed to the depression of the tea industry, and by some to the natural re-action after the unusually large number of applications in late years. The survey fees fell off mainly in the Brahmaputra Valley, owing to the smaller number of applications for waste land received during the year. There were no receipts under the head Mutation and registration fees during the preceding year. The sum of Rs. 101 received during the year represents the amount credited into the treasury in the Goalpara district, instead of being paid by court-fee stamps by applicants for mutation of names in the register of *la-khiraj* estates. The head Miscellaneous includes partition fees, fees on account of gold-washing licenses, sale-proceeds of ivory, sale-proceeds of cadastral maps, and some other minor items. The increase was chiefly due to the sale of the new cadastral maps in the Cachar district.

Arrear demand.

334. The arrear demand at the close of 1898-99 was shown to be Rs. 22,973, but the figure was subsequently corrected to Rs. 25,401, as shown in the statement below:

Sources of miscellaneous land revenue.	Arrear demand as reported on 1st April 1899.	Changes made in arrear demand in consequence of further enquiries made after 1st April 1899.		Arrear demand on 1st April 1899 as finally ascertained.
		Additions.	Reductions.	
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. License-fees for catching elephants	741	...	100	641
2. Royalty on elephants	6,900	...	400	6,500
3. Fisheries	10,552	...	203	10,349
4. Poll-tax	545	303	...	848
5. House-tax	4,235	681	...	4,916
6. Miscellaneous	...	2,147	...	2,147
Total	22,973	3,131	703	25,401

Total demand, collections, and balances.

335 The total demand on account of miscellaneous land revenue, including arrears, was Rs. 4,44,756, of which Rs. 4,20,523, or 94·55 per cent., was realised, Rs. 1,172, or 0·26 per cent., remitted, and Rs. 23,061, or 5·19 per cent., remained outstanding at the close of the year, as compared with Rs. 22,973, or 4·95 per cent., at the close of 1898-99. The current demand was Rs. 4,19,355, of which Rs. 3,99,755, or 95·42 per cent., was realised. Of the arrear demand of Rs. 25,401, an amount of Rs. 20,768, or 80·13 per cent, was realised during the year. The proportion of the total collection (current

and arrear) to the current demand was 101·38 per cent. Details for each district are given in the following statement :

District.	Demands.	Collections.	Remissions.	Balances.	Percentage of		
					Collections.	Remissions.	Balances.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Cachar	25,460	25,025	...	435	98·29	...	1·71
Sylhet	76,946	62,925	961	13,060	81·78	1·25	16·97
Goalpara	11,048	11,048	...	...	100·00	...	...
Kamrup	19,652	18,639	4	1,009	94·85	0·02	5·13
Darrang	11,141	11,141	...	...	100·00	...	...
Nowgong	25,621	24,100	45	1,476	94·06	0·18	5·76
Sibsagar	46,845	42,951	162	3,732	91·69	0·35	7·97
Lakhimpur	70,032	69,732	...	300	99·57	0·43	0·43
Naga Hills	63,786	63,080	...	706	98·89	...	1·11
Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	53,223	51,085	...	2,138	95·98	...	4·02
Garo Hills	41,002	40,797	...	205	99·50	...	0·50
Total	4,44,756	4,20,523	1,172	23,661	94·55	0·26	5·19

Remissions.

336. During the year a sum of Rs. 961 was remitted in Sylhet, of which Rs. 945 was on account of fishery revenue remitted owing to losses sustained by the lessees of certain fisheries, which had deteriorated. The balance (Rs. 16) represented the amount of poll-tax remitted, the defaulters having no property. In Kamrup Rs. 4 was remitted under the head House-tax. In Nowgong and Sibsagar Rs. 45 and Rs. 162, respectively, were remitted under Fishery.

Annual settlements at full rates in the Brahmaputra Valley.

337. The following statement showing the number, area, and revenue of estates assessed at full rates in the Brahmaputra Valley during the years 1898-99 and 1899-1900 :

District.	1898-99.				1899-1900.				Increase or decrease in revenue.
	Number of estates.	Area settled, in acres.	Average area in each estate.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area settled, in acres.	Average area in each estate.	Revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
				Rs.				Rs.	Rs.
Goalpara (Eastern Duars) ...	19,092	67,584	3·54	94,722	19,183	70,365	3·66	98,060	+ 3,338
Kamrup	99,614	170,002	1·71	3,88,097	100,844	176,751	1·75	4,20,442	+32,345
Darrang	75,739	119,398	1·58	2,99,751	76,560	122,316	1·59	3,07,024	+ 7,273
Nowgong	90,912	133,437	1·47	3,15,681	84,348	128,635	1·52	3,08,726	— 6,955
Sibsagar	94,938	136,412	1·44	3,28,949	101,410	146,775	1·45	3,54,375	+25,426
Lakhimpur	45,668	79,241	1·73	1,80,503	48,244	83,839	1·74	1,90,052	+ 9,549
Total	425,963	706,074	1·65	16,07,703	430,589	728,681	1·69	16,78,679	+70,976

FINANCE. *Land Revenue.*

There was an increase of 24,204 acres in the total area settled at full rates (excluding town lands) as detailed below:

District.	Acres.
Goalpara	+ 2,781
Kamrup	— 90
Darrang	+ 4,654
Nowgong	— 3,052
Sibsagar	+ 10,515
Lakhimpur	+ 9,396
Total	+ 24,204

The causes of increase and decrease in each district have been explained in paragraph 329 of this report. In Goalpara, the number and area of estates settled and the revenue demand on these estates show an increase, due chiefly to migrations from other areas. In Kamrup, while there was a satisfactory increase in the number and area and in the revenue demand of estates settled annually, there was a decrease in those of periodically settled, the net result being an increase in revenue and a slight decrease in area. The decrease in periodically-settled estates is reported to be due to lands rendered unculturable by the earthquake and the floods of 1897 having been relinquished by raiyats who migrated elsewhere. Nowgong is the only district which, on the whole, shows a decrease, the area taken up under annual leases having seriously diminished, owing to the late rains having interfered with mustard cultivation. Darrang shows a slight, and Sibsagar and Lakhimpur a healthy, expansion of cultivation with substantial increases in settled area.

338. The statement below shows the number, area, and revenue of periodic or decennial leases at full rates in each district at the end of 1898-99 and 1899-1900:

Periodic settlements at full rates in the Brahmaputra Valley.

District.	1898-99.				1899-1900.				Increase or decrease in revenue.
	Number of estates.	Area, in acres.	Average area in each estate.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area, in acres.	Average area in each estate.	Revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
				Rs.				Rs.	Rs.
Goalpara (Eastern Duars) ...	1	192	192	319	1	192	192	319	...
Kamrup	72,139	260,442	3·61	7,24,473	69,332	253,603	3·66	7,00,476	—23,997
Darrang	45,722	129,175	2·82	3,54,129	46,479	130,911	2·82	3,58,011	+ 3,882
Nowgong	39,887	78,377	1·96	2,28,962	41,129	80,127	1·95	2,33,257	+ 4,295
Sibsagar	86,828	336,172	3·88	9,24,841	86,712	336,324	3·88	9,25,035	+ 194
Lakhimpur	25,622	99,704	3·89	2,64,190	28,374	104,502	3·69	2,75,480	+11,290
Total	270,199	904,062	3·34	24,96,914	272,027	905,659	3·33	24,92,578	— 4,336

339. The statement below shows for each district of the Brahmaputra Valley the number, area, and revenue of estates assessed at half rates during the years 1898-99 and 1899-1900 :

Nisf-khirai holdings in the Brahmaputra Valley.

District.	Settled for one year.						Settled for ten years.						Up to what year settled.	Settled for twenty years.					
	Number of estates.		Area, in acres.		Revenue.		Number of estates.		Area, in acres.		Revenue.			Number of estates.		Area, in acres.		Revenue.	
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.		1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					Rs.	Rs.					Rs.	Rs.						Rs.	Rs.
Kamrup ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,966	1,973	150,681	150,506	1,51,547	1,50,971		...	...	...	...	...	...
Darrang ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	77	77	13,171	13,171	8,885	8,885		14	14	17,876	17,876	8,768	8,768
Nowgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	24	5,382	5,382	4,444	4,444	1902-3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	344	344	4,991	4,991	3,414	3,414		...	...	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur ...	1	1	50	39	60	46	29	29	1,240	1,243	1,741	1,743		...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1	1	50	39	60	46	2,440	2,447	175,465	175,293	1,70,031	1,69,457	...	14	14	17,876	17,876	8,768	8,768

District.	Total.								Increase or decrease in area.	Increase or decrease in revenue.
	Number of estates.		Area, in acres.		Assessed area, in acres.		Revenue.			
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.		
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
							Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Kamrup	1,966	1,973	150,681	150,506	150,681	150,506	1,51,547	1,50,971	—175	—576
Darrang	91	91	31,047	31,047	21,943	21,943	17,653	17,653	...	...
Nowgong	24	24	5,382	5,382	5,382	5,382	4,444	4,444	...	...
Sibsagar	344	344	4,991	4,991	4,991	4,991	3,414	3,414	...	...
Lakhimpur	30	30	1,290	1,282	1,290	1,282	1,801	1,789	—8	—12
Total	2,455	2,462	193,391	193,208	184,287	184,104	1,78,859	1,78,271	—183	—588

The slight decrease in area, as well as in revenue, is due to resignations in Kamrup, and apparently also to alterations of area on the results of resurvey in Lakhimpur.

FINANCE.

Land Revenue.

340. The following statement shows the number, area, and revenue of estates settled on special terms in the Brahmaputra Valley :

Special settlements in the Brahmaputra Valley.

	1898-99.			1899-1900.			Increase or decrease in revenue.	Rates at which settled.
	Number of estates.	Area settled, in acres.	Revenue.	Number of estates.	Area settled, in acres.	Revenue.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	
Chota Guma	17	764	549	16	702	511	— 38	*Basti* at Re. 1-8, *rupit* at Re. 1-2 *faringati* at 9 annas, and fallow at 3 annas per acre.
Latka	23	219	507	22	216	495	— 12	*Basti* at Re. 1-2 and *rupit* at 12 annas per *bigha*.
Goalpara *chur*	1	675	18	1	675	18	...	Sold by public auction.
Ditto hill	1	3	4	2	6	8	+ 4	8 annas per *bigha*.
Total Goalpara	42	1,661	1,078	41	1,599	1,032	— 46	
Chamua, Barpeta	1	472	1,361	1	475	1,372	+ 11	At ordinary rates.
Jalukbari *khat*, Gauhati... ...	1	274	336	1	274	410	+ 74	Ditto.
Phatasil *khat*, ditto	1	541	220	1	541	239	+ 19	Ditto.
North Gauhati	359	314	1,942	365	330	2,019	+ 77	At Rs. 2 per *bigha*.
Total Kamrup	362	1,601	3,859	368	1,620	4,040	+ 181	
Six-pie *la-khiraj* estate (Tezpur) ...	2	677	39	2	677	48	+ 9	At 6 pie per *bigha* on cultivation.
Aunihati *khat* (Nowgong) ...	1	1,993	957	1	1,993	1,280	+ 323	At ordinary rates.
Ten-twenties (Jorhat)	3	69	197	3	69	198	+ 1	Land revenue above Rs. 10, in some cases above Rs. 20, remitted.
Ditto (Sibsagar)	8	182	457	8	182	457	...	
Total Sibsagar	11	251	654	11	251	655	+ 1	
Six-pie *la-khiraj* estates (North Lakhimpur).	7	2,078	84	7	2,078	88	+ 4	At 6 pie per *bigha* on cultivation.
Khiraj khat (Dibrugarh) ...	1	171	414	1	267	645	+ 231	At ordinary rates.
Special settlement of lands in Margherita made with the Assam Railways and Trading Company, Limited.	1	84	508	...	...	...	— 508	
Special settlement of lands in Margherita made with Kyahs.	9	1	18	9	1	18	...	At Rs. 2 per holding.
Special settlement of land in Margherita made with the Makum Tea Company.	1	332	503	1	217	327	— 176	At 8 annas per *bigha*.
Special settlement of lands on either side of the Makum Branch of the Dibru-Sadiya Railway.	2	5,710	8,637	2	5,710	8,637	...	Rent-free for 3 years, at 8 annas per *bigha* for 7 years.
Thirty years' lease granted to Assam Railways and Trading Company, Limited.	2	1,985	...	2	1,985	1,274	+1,274	283 acres at Rs. 3 per acre and 1,702 at 4 annas per acre.
Total Dibrugarh	16	8,283	10,080	15	8,180	10,901	+ 821	
Total Lakhimpur	23	10,361	10,164	22	10,258	10,989	+ 825	
Grand total	441	16,544	16,751	445	16,398	18,044	+1,293	

There were altogether in 1899-1900 445 such estates, covering an area of 16,398 acres and paying Rs. 18,044 land revenue. Details are sufficiently shown in the statement.

341. The following statement shows the number, area, and revenue of different classes of tenures in each district of the Brahmaputra Valley during the year 1899-1900:

Tenures in the Brahmaputra Valley.

District.	Permanently-settled.			*Khiraj*, annual.			*Khiraj*, periodic.		
	Number.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.
Goalpara	19	375,462	11,411	19,203	70,367	98,103	238	293	1,916
Kamrup	...	...	...	100,905	176,812	4,21,123	70,228	254,043	7,06,081
Darrang	...	...	...	76,631	122,353	3,07,297	46,844	131,186	3,61,640
Nowgong	...	...	...	84,421	128,652	3,08,849	41,840	80,710	2,36,654
Sibsagar	...	...	...	101,497	146,826	3,54,812	88,282	338,090	9,36,433
Lakhimpur	...	...	...	48,281	83,859	1,30,172	29,123	105,520	2,86,055
Total for 1899-1900	19	375,462	11,411	430,939	728,869	16,80,356	276,555	909,851	25,28,799
1896-97	19	375,821	11,411	424,393	774,172	17,42,985	243,592	827,453	23,99,907
1897-98	19	375,462	11,411	412,794	720,702	16,13,248	272,191	913,913	25,38,926
1898-99	19	375,462	11,411	427,056	706,716	16,12,245	273,971	907,802	25,27,583

District.	Special tenures.			*Nisf-khiraj*.			Waste land grants.			Total revenue-paying estates.		
	Number.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.	Number.	Area, in acres.	Revenue.
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.
Goalpara	41	1,599	1,032	...	...	...	2	1,928	180	19,503	449,649	1,12,642
Kamrup	368	1,620	4,040	1,982	150,873	1,51,879	26	6,612	3,228	173,510	589,960	12,86,351
Darrang	2	677	48	91	31,058	17,761	235	72,193	34,220	123,803	357,507	7,20,966
Nowgong	1	1,993	1,280	24	5,382	4,444	81	31,030	28,325	126,367	247,767	5,79,562
Sibsagar	11	251	655	351	5,016	3,455	269	79,415	56,084	199,410	569,608	13,51,439
Lakhimpur	22	10,258	10,983	31	1,314	1,846	168	64,414	34,582	77,625	265,365	5,23,654
Total for 1899-1900... ...	445	16,398	18,044	2,479	193,683	1,79,385	781	255,593	1,56,619	711,218	2,479,856	45,74,614
1896-97	389	13,789	7,742	2,477	194,702	1,79,958	615	201,533	90,189	671,485	2,417,470	44,35,102
1897-98	420	14,538	16,686	2,479	194,702	1,79,938	696	225,510	1,08,146	688,596	244,227	44,68,376
1898-99	441	16,544	16,751	2,469	193,866	1,79,507	762	250,418	1,33,506	704,718	2,450,968	44,81,403

FINANCE.

Land Revenue.

Proportion of settled area in the Brahmaputra Valley.

342. Including the permanently-settled area of the Goalpara district, the proportion borne by the settled area to the total area of the Valley in 1899-1900 was 30·29 per cent. The percentage of the total area settled, omitting permanently-settled estates, for the past ten years is given below :

1890-91	16·50
1891-92	16·92
1892-93	17·22
1893-94	17·12
1894-95	17·19
1895-96	18·40
1896-97	18·40
1897-98	18·54
1898-99	18·67
1899-1900	18·90

Average area and revenue of estates in the Brahmaputra Valley.

343. The table below gives the average area and revenue of each class of estates in the Brahmaputra Valley for the past seven years. In this table estates in towns have been included under the heads under which they have been classified, *viz.*, *khiraj*, annual and periodic, and *nisf-khiraj*.

Year.	*Khiraj*, annual.		*Khiraj*, periodic.		Special tenures.		*Nisf-khiraj*.		Waste land grants.	
	Average revenue per acre.	Average area per estate.	Average revenue per acre.	Average area per estate.	Average revenue per acre.	Average area per estate.	Average revenue per acre.	Average area per estate.	Average revenue per acre.	Average area per estate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs. a. p.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	Acres.
1893-94	2 3 3	2·00	2 13 1	3·61	3 4 5	3·09	0 13 10	82·51	0 7 8	318·53
1894-95	2 3 7	1·95	2 12 7	3·60	2 2 1	4·74	0 14 9	78·81	0 7 6	316·93
1895-96	2 4 1	1·86	2 12 11	3·48	1 2 8	16·16	0 14 9	78·67	0 7 2	328·41
1896-97	2 4 1	1·82	2 12 9	8·52	0 9 0	35·45	0 14 9	78·60	0 7 2	327·70
1897-98	2 3 10	1·74	2 12 5	3·36	1 2 4	34·61	0 14 9	78·54	0 7 8	324·01
1898-99	2 4 6	1·65	2 12 7	3·31	1 0 2	37·51	0 14 10	78·52	0 8 6	328·63
1899-1900	2 4 11	1·69	2 12 6	3·29	1 1 7	36·85	0 14 10	78·13	0 9 10	327·26

Classification of land assessed at full and half-rates in the Brahmaputra Valley.

344. The following statement compares the area and revenue of the different classes of land—*basti*, *rupit*, and *faringati*—assessed at full and half rates during the past two years :

	Basti.	*Rupit*.	*Faringati*.	Total.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.
1899-1900	183,130	1,074,513	560,800	1,818,443	43,49,528
1898-99	180,082*	1,036,940*	577,399	1,794,421*	42,83,476
Increase (+) or decrease (—) ...	+ 3,048	+ 37,573	— 16,599	+ 24,022	+ 66,052

* Revised figures.

The following table gives details of increase and decrease in different classes of land for each district:

District.	*Basti.*	*Rupit.*	*Faringati.*
1	2	3	4
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Goalpara (Eastern Duars)	+ 98	+ 939	+ 1,745
Kamrup	+ 516	+ 17,026	— 17,807
Darrang	+ 447	+ 4,788	— 581
Nowgong	+ 634	+ 3,957	— 7,653
Sibsagar	+ 781	+ 6,104	+ 3,630
Lakhimpur	+ 572	+ 4,749	+ 4,067
Total	+ 3,048	+ 37,573	— 16,599

The following table shows the proportions of the three classes of ordinary cultivation, *viz.*, *basti*, *rupit*, and *faringati*, in each district for the years 1884-85 and 1899-1900:

District.	1884-85.			1899-1900.		
	Basti, per cent.	*Rupit*, per cent.	*Faringati*, per cent.	*Basti*, per cent.	*Rupit*, per cent.	*Faringati*, per cent.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Goalpara (Eastern Duars)	8·53	62·67	28·88	9·76	65·28	24·95
Kamrup	9·43	44·70	45·85	9·68	59·07	31·24
Darrang	8·30	68·23	23·46	10·04	70·15	19·81
Nowgong	6·63	35·19	58·17	10·92	55·92	33·15
Sibsagar	6·36	57·01	36·61	10·46	56·15	33·39
Lakhimpur	7·81	54·62	37·55	9·46	51·92	38·62
Total	7·98	51·02	40·99	10·07	59·09	30·84

The proportions in the division for the past five years are given below:

Year.	*Basti.*	*Rupit.*	*Faringati.*
1895-96	9·66	56·86	33·46
1896-97	9·66	56·36	33·96
1897-98	9·77	56·26	33·97
1898-99	10·03	57·78	32·17
1899-1900	10·07	59·09	30·84

Ordinary settlement in Cachar.

345. In Cachar 548 applications for settlement of land for ordinary cultivation under Section III of the Settlement Rules were registered during the year, against 658 in the preceding year; adding to these 624 applications, which remained pending at the beginning of the year, the total number of applications for disposal amounted in all to 1,172. Of these, 480 were disposed of, leaving 692 pending at the close of the year.

FINANCE.

Land Revenue.

The statement below shows the settled and unsettled area of the sadr and Hailakandi subdivisions of the Cachar district:

Subdivision.	Total area, in acres.	Area settled, in acres.			Forest reserve.	Unsettled area (difference between column 2 and total of columns 5 and 6).	Percentage of area settled (column 5) to the total area (column 2).
		Revenue-paying.	Revenue-free, including fee-simple.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Silchar	1,249,280	346,637	97,288	443,925	391,503	413,852	35·53
Hailakandi	332,800	122,113	50,769	172,882	51,200	108,718	51·95
Total	1,582,080	468,750	148,057	616,807	442,703	522,570	38·99

Ordinary settlements in Sylhet.

846. The following table gives details of applications for settlement under Section III of the Settlement Rules of lands lying outside the tracts to which *ilam* settlement operations have been extended, and of lands within the Langai-Singla disforested area:

	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1. Applications pending when the year began	297	133
2. Ditto made during the year	379	102
3. Number of settlements made during the year	27	56*
4. Area, in acres	109	492*
5. Revenue assessed, Rs.	112	103*
6. Number of applications made over to the *Ilam* Settlement Officer ...	367	4
7. Number struck off	149	140
8. Ditto pending when the year closed	133	35

* This is exclusive of 2 leases with an area of 2,331 acres and a revenue of Rs. 2,147 granted for special cultivation.

One hundred and forty applications were struck off during the year from the register of applications for periodic leases; of these, annual leases were granted in 52 cases, and 88 were removed from the register for various reasons. Thirty-five applications remained pending at the close of the year, against 133 at the close of 1898-99.

The statement below shows the proportion which the settled area bears to the whole area of the Sylhet district:

	Total area of the subdivision and the district.	Area settled, in acres.			Forest reserve.	Unsettled area (difference between column 2 and total of columns 5 and 6).	Percentage of area settled (column 5) to the total area (column 2) of the subdivision and the district.
		Revenue-paying.	Revenue-free, including fee-simple.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Jaintia	309,939	203,071	7,177	210,248	...	99,691	67·84
Sylhet Proper	3,149,440	2,755,565	32,464	2,788,029	65,800*	295,611	88·52
Total	3,459,379	2,958,636	39,641	2,998,277	65,800	395,302	86·67

* This is exclusive of 11,000 acres thrown open to settlement.

Including the permanently-settled area, the proportion borne by the settled area to the total area of the district in 1899-1900 was 86·67, against 86·56 per cent. in the preceding year.

III.—SOURCES OF IMPERIAL REVENUE OTHER THAN LAND.

SECTION 1.

SALT.

347. Leaving out of consideration the Native State of Manipur, the local sources of salt-supply are few and unimportant. There are three salt-wells in the Hailakandi subdivision of the Cachar district. The year under report was the last of the three years for which they were settled at an annual revenue of Rs. 31, which was realised in full. Small quantities of rock salt are imported into the Assam Valley by the Bhutias, but under treaty engagement with the Bhutan Government no duties are levied. The Manipur salt-wells gave an increased outturn and brought in a revenue of Rs. 8,318 to the Manipur State.

SECTION 2.

EXCISE.

348. The following statement shows the revenue demand under each head of excise for the past five years:

Revenue demand.

Head of excise.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Country spirits	4,76,463	5,51,784	5,27,520	6,28,420	6,46,189
Rum—					
Wholesale licenses	50	50	50	50	50
Retail „	3,961	4,484	6,177	10,063	4,819
Total Rum	4,011	4,534	6,227	10,113	4,869
Imported liquors—					
Wholesale licenses	1,350	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300
Retail „	15,515	20,241	16,493	16,133	19,442
Total Imported Liquors	16,865	21,541	17,793	17,433	20,742
Tari	226	257	175	185	243
Pachwai	1,194	1,100	830	1,029	1,014
Ganja—					
Licenses	1,56,131	1 75,766	1,76,087	1,96,850	1,88,088
Duty	1,66,679	1,77,086	1,80,022	1,82,098	1,78,780
Total *Ganja*	3,22,810	3,52,852	3,56,109	3,78,948	3,66,868
Bhang—					
Licenses	...	...	...	60	60
Duty	...	...	...	...	...
Total *Bhang*	...	...	...	60	60
Charas—					
License-fees and duty	...	...	1,100	2,704	2,283
Opium and its compounds—					
Licenses	3,11,499	3,44,108	3,16,901	3,07,954	3,11,857
Duty	15,89,516	15,16,899	15,18,991	15,30,028	14,83,600
Total	19,01,015	18,61,007	18,35,892	18,37,982	17,95,457
Miscellaneous	612	850	736	553	909
Grand total	27,23,196	27,93,925	27,46,382	28,77,427	28,38,634

SECTION 2. *Excise.*

The total excise revenue of the province for the year 1899-1900 showed a net decrease of Rs. 38,703, or 1·34 per cent., as compared with 1898-99, but it was higher than that of any preceding year. A decrease took place under the heads rum, *pachwai*, *charas*, *ganja*, and opium, the remaining heads showing an increase.

As compared with 1898-99, all the districts, except Cachar and Sibsagar, showed a decrease in revenue. The increase in Cachar was chiefly obtained from country spirits, and that in Sibsagar from country spirits and opium. The falling off in revenue of Rs. 14,522 in Kamrup, of Rs. 10,757 in the Naga Hills, and of Rs. 8,375 in Sylhet, was contributed by all the three principal heads of revenue.

Collections.

349. Out of the total revenue demand of Rs. 28,38,634 for the year 1899-1900, Rs. 2,12,377 were realised in advance in 1898-99, leaving Rs. 26,26,257 recoverable during the year. Of this, Rs. 26,25,005 (including an excess collection of Rs. 61) were realised, Rs. 720 remitted, and Rs. 1,067 left outstanding at the close of the year. Of the arrear demand of Rs. 1,395, Rs. 799 were collected during the year and Rs. 596 remained unadjusted on the 31st March 1900. In addition to the above collections, Rs. 2,37,573 were paid in advance on account of the year 1900-1901. Thus, the total collections during the year 1899-1900 amounted to Rs. 28,63,377, against Rs. 28,83,856 in 1898-99—a decrease of Rs. 20,479, or ·71 per cent. The sanctioned budget estimate of receipts under "V.—Excise" for the year 1899-1900 was Rs. 29,00,000.

Charges.

350. The charges of the Department for 1899-1900 aggregated Rs. 27,456, against Rs. 21,948 in the preceding year.

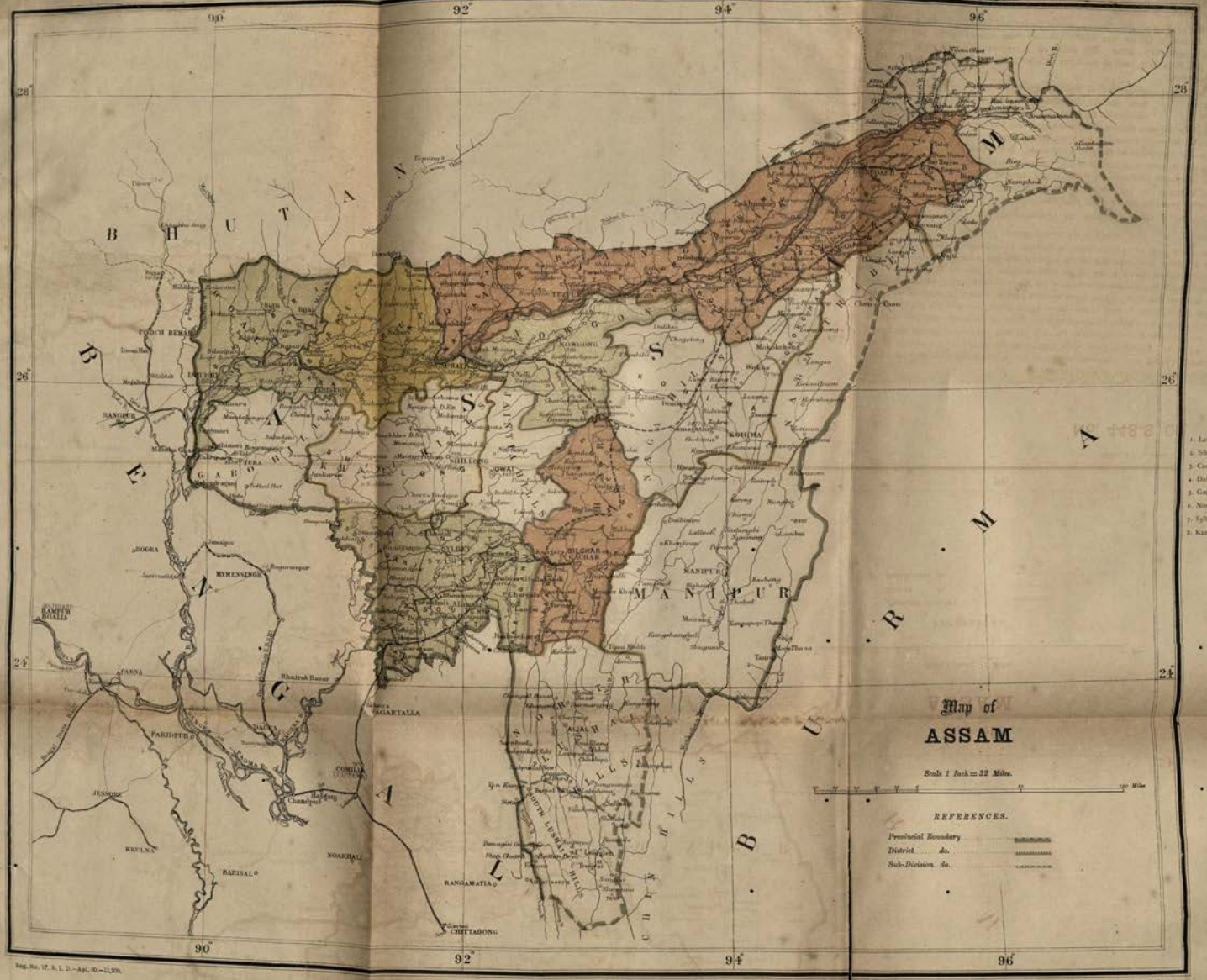
The increase of Rs. 5,508, or 25·09 per cent., in the total expenditure in 1899-1900, as compared with the preceding year, was due to the payment of larger rewards in excise cases and to refunds. The expenditure shown in the above table includes a sum of Rs. 3,120 paid in Sylhet and the Assam Valley districts on account of the salary of clerks doing excise work, but whose pay is debited to Land Revenue; Rs. 9,999 was also paid on account of rewards in opium cases, and debited against the budget of the Opium Agent, Bihar; a sum of Rs. 360 (excluding Rs. 120, being the proportionate share recovered from the Seim of Mylliem) was also paid on account of the net cost of the Excise Preventive Police in Shillong, and debited against the budget of the Police Department. Excluding these items, aggregating Rs. 13,479, the net charge of the Excise Department for the year 1899-1900 comes to Rs. 13,977, as compared with Rs. 10,855 in 1898-99—an increase of Rs. 3,122, or 28·76 per cent.

Country spirits.

351. One shop was closed in each of the districts of Kamrup, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur, and two were removed from the Naga Hills and added to the list of the Nowgong district. A new shop was opened in the Dhubri sadr subdivision. In Nowgong an old shop, closed in the previous year, was re-opened. The total number of shops sanctioned for settlement was 225, against 226 in 1898-99. Of these, 221 shops were settled, as compared with 218 in 1898-99, and the remaining four shops were kept temporarily closed for want of adequate offers. The country spirit revenue for 1899-1900 was the highest on record, exceeding that of the previous year by Rs. 17,769, or 2·75 per cent. Keen competition and the break-up of a monopoly in 1898-99 was the cause which led to the increase of Rs. 16,089 in Cachar. The increase of Rs. 6,054 in Nowgong resulted mainly from the opening of three new shops at the instance of the Assam-Bengal Railway authorities to meet demand of the coolies working on the railway. Of the districts which showed a falling off, the decrease of Rs. 2,761 in Sylhet succeeded a sudden rise in 1898-99. There was a want of competition in the North Lakhimpur subdivision on account of combination among the local "abkars." In the Goalpara district competition was slack during the auction sales. In Kamrup, where the country spirit revenue has been gradually declining from the year 1895-96, the falling off of Rs. 2,228 in the year under report was due, at least partly, to the decrease in the foreign population, consequent on the cessation of work on the railways within the district.

Of the total revenue demand of Rs. 6,46,189 for the year 1899-1900, a sum of Rs. 98,963 was collected in advance in 1898-99, leaving a balance of Rs. 5,47,226 recoverable during the year. Of this, Rs. 73 had to be remitted, and Rs. 162 was outstanding at the close of the year. The balance, Rs. 5,46,991, together with Rs. 1,16,510 paid in advance on account of the year 1900-1901, was collected during the year under report. Of the sum of Rs. 225 outstanding at the close of the year 1898-99, Rs. 66 were realised, Rs. 117 remitted, and Rs. 42 remained outstanding on the 31st March 1900. The total revenue collections of the year thus amounted

MAP SHOWING INCIDENCE OF REVENUE FROM COUNTRY SPIRITS ON POPULATION IN ASSAM DURING 1899-1900.



Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India, March 1900.

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

to Rs. 6,63,567, as compared with Rs. 6,27,414 in the preceding year, showing an increase of Rs. 36,153, or 5·76 per cent., due to an increase in the revenue demand as well as to larger advance collections. The average retail price of a quart bottle of country spirit varied from 6 annas to Re. 1-4 in the plains districts, and from 8 annas to Re. 1 in the hill districts. A special quality of liquor, sometimes distilled in the Cachar district, called "Tul," is sold for Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per quart bottle.

Efforts were made during the year under review to settle country spirit shops in several districts with tea-planters. The attempt was unsuccessful, as in several instances no one came forward to take up a license. The upset prices of the shops were probably considered too high by the planters to admit of their undertaking what would undoubtedly be a risky experiment involving a possible financial loss.

352. Eleven licenses (one wholesale and ten retail) for the vend of rum were issued in the districts of Kamrup, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur, against 15 in 1898-99.

Rum.

The demand on account of license fees for the year was Rs. 4,869, against Rs. 10,113 in 1898-99, showing a decrease of Rs. 5,244. Although the number of retail licenses showed a decrease of only 4, the revenue fell off by Rs. 5,244, or 51·85 per cent. This was due less to the diminution in the number of licenses than to the return of the shops to their normal prices.

In 1898-99 prices were inflated by keen competition, and shops fetched their normal value in 1899-1900. No revenue was realised in this province in the form of duty on rum, as the revenue obtained from the source is credited to the province from which the rum is exported.

Of the total revenue demand of Rs. 4,869, Rs. 584 was paid in advance in 1898-99. The whole of the balance (Rs. 4,285), together with Rs. 516 as advance for 1900-1901, were collected during the year. The total amount of rum imported into Assam by tea-planters and licensed vendors was 4,858 gallons in 1899-1900, as compared with 2,929 gallons in 1898-99. The quantity imported by tea-planters (4,428 gallons) showed an increase of 1,955 gallons, while that by licensed vendors (430) showed a decrease of 26 gallons. The retail price of rum varied from 8 annas to Rs. 2 per quart bottle.

353. As in the previous year, 82 licenses were issued for the sale of imported liquors (wholesale 26, hotel or public house 7, railway refreshment room 1, and general retail 48). The total revenue demand (derived from license fees alone) amounted to Rs. 20,742, against Rs. 17,433 in 1898-99, showing an increase of Rs. 3,309, mainly due to the fact that in Cachar and the Assam Valley districts the shops are settled under the triennial auction system, and the year 1898-99 being the last year of the past triennial settlement, ten months' license fees only were shown as revenue in those districts for the year, while the year under report being the first year of the current triennial settlement, fourteen months' fees have been shown as the revenue demand. Of the total demand of Rs. 20,742, a sum of Rs. 3,055 was collected in advance in 1898-99, leaving Rs. 17,687 to be recovered during the year. Of this, Rs. 67 were remitted, and the balance Rs. 17,620, together with Rs. 2,998 paid in advance for the year 1900-1901, was collected during the year. Thus, the total collections during the year amounted to Rs. 20,618, against Rs. 19,307 in the preceding year. Three general retail licenses were cancelled and two surrendered during the year.

Imported liquors.

354. Seven licenses (5 for the sale of fresh *tari* and 2 for that of fermented *tari*) were issued in 1899-1900 for the license fee of Rs. 243, against 5 licenses (3 for fresh and 2 for fermented *tari*) granted in 1898-99 for Rs. 185, showing an increase of Rs. 58 during 1899-1900.

Tari.

355. Nine shops for the sale of *pachwai* were licensed in 1899-1900 for Rs. 1,014, against the same number of licenses in 1898-99 for Rs. 1,029.

Pachwai.

356. Under the orders of the Government of India, conveyed in their letter No. 2841Ex. of the 29th June 1897, the experiment of licensing the collection and sale of *bhang* in selected localities was tried in the plains districts of the province, but it did not prove a success. Only one license was taken up in the district of Cachar in 1899-1900, as in the previous year, at a monthly license fee of Rs. 5.

Bhang.

357. Three licenses were taken out in the North Cachar Hills subdivision of the Cachar district, where there was any demand for this drug, against four in the previous year. There was no competition at the sales, and the shops were settled with the old licensees at a nominal fee of Re. 1 each per

Charas.

SECTION 2. *Excise.*

mensem, in order to check smuggling, and in consideration of the duty which Government would derive from the importation of the drug. The whole of the demand of Rs. 2,283 (license fee Rs. 36 and duty Rs. 2,247) was collected during the year.

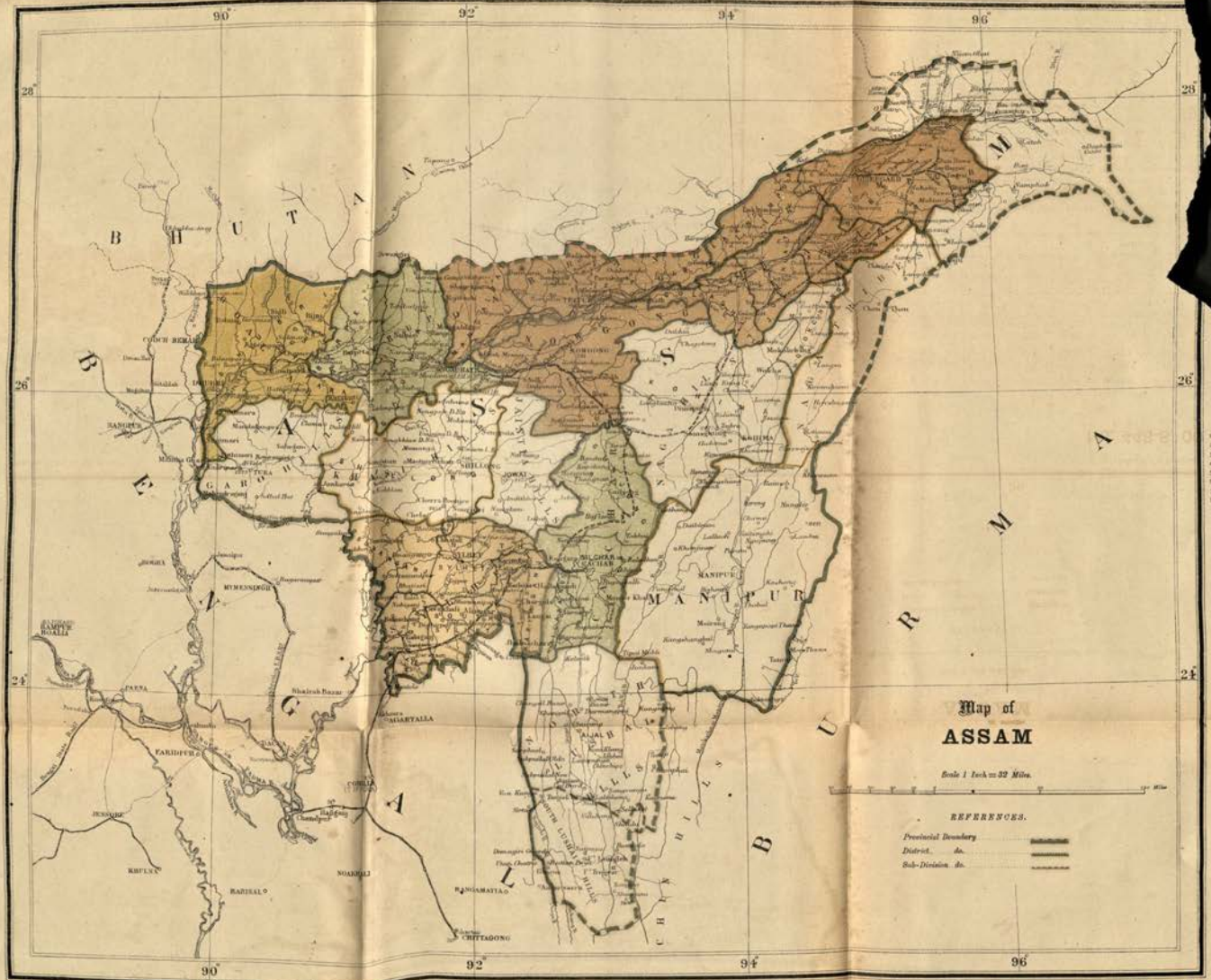
Ganja.

358. The total number of shops sanctioned for settlement in the province was reduced from 301 in 1898-99 to 299 in 1899-1900, some slight changes having been made in the districts of Sylhet, Goalpara, Sibsagar, and the Naga Hills. One shop was transferred to Sibsagar from the Naga Hills district, and three branch shops in Sibsagar were converted into independent shops—as the privilege hitherto allowed to certain licensees of selling the drug in neighbouring *hâts* on specified days was withdrawn during the year under report. Out of the 299 shops thus sanctioned for settlement, 3,273 were settled during the year, and the remaining 26 shops were kept temporarily closed for want of adequate prices. The following statement compares the revenue demand on account of *ganja* under the heads "License fee" and "Duty" for the past two years :

District.	License fees.			Duty.		
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Difference.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Difference.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	27,992	25,516	— 2,476	31,192	33,997	+ 2,805
Sylhet	54,650	54,695	+ 45	65,534	61,338	— 4,196
Goalpara	15,611	10,801	— 4,810	12,864	12,364	— 500
Kamrup	16,152	15,209	— 943	18,156	16,383	— 1,773
Darrang	11,790	9,566	— 2,224	5,468	5,994	+ 526
Nowgong	8,470	7,534	— 936	7,891	7,512	— 379
Sibsagar	38,945	37,657	— 1,288	21,237	22,611	+ 1,374
Lakhimpur	20,774	25,035	+ 4,261	18,497	18,266	— 231
Naga Hills	1,276	540	— 736	918	126	— 792
Khasi „	500	500	...	341	189	— 152
Garo „	690	735	+ 45	...	...	...
Lushai „	...	300	+ 300	...	...	...
Total	1,96,850	1,88,088	— 8,762	1,82,098	1,78,780	— 3,318

The total revenue demand under *ganja* having in 1898-99 reached the highest figure ever obtained in this province, showed a decrease of Rs. 12,080, or 3·19 per cent. in 1899-1900. The major portion (Rs. 8,762) of the decrease was under license fees, duty showing a falling off of Rs. 3,318. The high price of *ganja* prevailing in Rajshahi since the latter part of the year 1898-99 did not admit of much profit being made by the licensees, and they were discouraged from offering high bids at the auction sales for the year under report. Enhancement of wholesale price led to a corresponding rise in the price of retail *ganja*, the result of which was that people had recourse to the cheaper qualities of the drug, on which a lower duty is paid. This accounts for the decrease in the revenue realised from duty. Although the total revenue showed a decrease compared with 1898-99, it was higher than in any previous year. The only variations worthy of notice are the decrease of Rs. 5,310 in Goalpara, due partly to license fee and partly to duty, and that of Rs. 4,151 in Sylhet, entirely due to a falling off under the head of duty. The total current revenue demand of the year amounted to Rs. 3,66,868. Of this, Rs. 27,957 was paid in advance in 1898-99, leaving Rs. 3,38,911 recoverable during the year under report. Of this amount, Rs. 3,38,622 (including an excess collection of Rs. 55) were realised during the year, and Rs. 344 were outstanding at the close of the year. Of the arrear demand of Rs. 1,015, Rs. 619 were realised during the year, Rs. 180

MAP SHOWING INCIDENCE OF REVENUE FROM OPIUM ON POPULATION IN ASSAM DURING 1899-1900.



REFERENCES.

(a) From Rs. 1 to Rs. 2-4 per head
(b) One rupee per 2 to 3 persons
(c) Sibsagar, Lakhimpur, Nowgong, Darrang
(d) Cachar, Kamrup.
(e) One rupee per 35 to 40 persons
(f) " " " 25 to 35 "
(g) Goalpara.
(h) Sylhet.

1. Lakhimpur Rs. 2-0-11
2. Sibsagar Rs. 1-0-11
3. Nowgong 1 person per
4. Darrang 1 " "
5. Kamrup 4 persons " "
6. Cachar 3 " " "
7. Goalpara 36 " " "
8. Sylhet 83 " " "

Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 00.—11,300.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India, March 1900.

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

remitted, and Rs. 216 remained outstanding on the 31st March 1900. In addition to the above collections, Rs. 30,603 were paid in advance on account of the settlements for 1900-1901. The total revenue collected from *ganja* in 1899-1900 thus amounted to Rs. 3,69,844, against Rs. 3,75,339 in 1898-99—a decrease of Rs. 5,495, or 1·49 per cent. The total consumption of *ganja* in the province amounted to 619 maunds 29 seers 4 chhataks, against 618 maunds 16 seers 12 chhataks in 1898-99, showing a small increase of 1 maund 12 seers 8 chhataks; compared with 1898-99, the districts of Cachar, Goalpara, Darrang, Sibsagar, the Garo Hills, and the Lushai Hills showed an increase in consumption, the remaining districts having shown a decrease.

Opium.

359. The list of opium shops in the Karimganj subdivision of the Sylhet district was revised during the year 1899-1900, as the number of shops sanctioned for that subdivision was found unnecessarily large, and seven shops were removed from the list. Three shops were also struck off the list in the Nowgong district, the villages in which they were located having been depopulated by *kalá-ázár*. Owing to the change in the jurisdiction of the Naga Hills district, 8 out of the 9 shops in that district were transferred, *viz.*, 3 to Nowgong and 5 to the Golaghat subdivision of the Sibsagar district. The total number of shops sanctioned for settlement for the whole province was further reduced from 805 in 1898-99 to 787 in 1899-1900. Of these, 746 shops were actually settled and 41 shops remained temporarily closed for want of adequate bids.

The revenue demand on account of opium license fees and duty (net price) during the past two years was as detailed in the statement below:

District.	License fees.			Duty.		
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Difference.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Difference.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	25,761	19,390	— 6,371	60,277	60,308	+ 31
Sylhet	6,703	7,541	+ 838	20,839	18,440	— 2,399
Goalpara	2,727	2,653	— 74	9,376	10,004	+ 628
Kamrup	25,682	26,290	— 392	1,47,187	1,38,032	— 9,155
Darrang	44,172	47,820	+ 3,648	2,05,912	2,04,003	— 1,909
Nowgong	34,906	37,151	+ 2,245	2,13,384	1,98,824	— 14,560
Sibsagar	61,226	68,625	+ 7,399	4,15,532	4,15,106	— 426
Lakhimpur	93,558	96,691	+ 3,133	4,41,846	4,26,561	— 15,285
Hill districts	12,219	5,696	— 6,523	15,675	12,322	— 3,353
Total	3,07,954	3,11,857	+ 3,903	+ 15,30,028	14,83,600	— 46,428

Compared with 1898-99, there was a large decrease in the total opium revenue of the province, entirely due to a falling off of Rs. 46,428, or 3·13 per cent., under duty, the revenue under license fees having shown a small increase of Rs. 3,903, or 1·26 per cent. The increase under license fees was contributed by the districts of Sylhet, Darrang, Nowgong, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur, the remaining districts having shown a decrease. The largest increase (Rs. 7,399) in license fees occurred in the Sibsagar district, due to an increase of 6 in the number of shops, 5 of which were transferred from the Naga Hills district. Cachar, on the other hand, shows the largest decrease under license fees (Rs. 6,371), due partly to a decrease in the number of shops settled and partly to want of competition. Under Duty, all the districts, except Cachar and Goalpara, showed a falling off. In Lakhimpur the decrease of Rs. 15,285 was probably due to the introduction of smuggled opium. In Nowgong the duty realised decreased by Rs. 14,560, and in Kamrup by Rs. 9,155. In the former district, it was probably due to a decrease in the Assamese population, the chief consumers of the drug, and in the latter to smuggling by Marwaris and Nepálese.

Of the total revenue demand (Rs. 17,95,455) on account of opium, Rs. 81,703 was realised in advance in 1898-99, leaving Rs. 17,13,752 recoverable during the year. Of this amount,

SECTION 2. *Excise.*

Rs. 243 were remitted and Rs. 489 were outstanding at the close of the year, and the balance of Rs. 17,13,021, together with an advance collection of Rs. 86,485 and an excess collection of Rs. 70 for the year 1900-1901, was realised during the year. Of the amount of Rs. 155 outstanding from the previous year, Rs. 114 were collected and the balance Rs. 41 remitted. Thus, the total collections on account of opium in 1899-1900 amounted to Rs. 17,99,690, as compared with Rs. 18,48,619 in 1898-99—a decrease of Rs. 48,929, or 2·72 per cent., chiefly due to decreased collection under duty.

The consumption of opium during the past five years in the five Assam Valley districts, to which the bulk of the consumption is confined, is shown in the statement below:

District.	1895-95.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase or decrease in 1899-1900 as compared with 1898-99.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Kamrup	145	142¾	131¼	129	121	— 8
Darrang	178¾	180¼	193½	180¾	179	— 1¾
Nowgong	213½	200	184¾	175¾	168½	— 7¼
Sibsagar	370¼	348¾	371¾	363½	368½	+ 5
Lakhimpur	355¾	345	342	387½	374¼	—13¼
Total	1,263¼	1,216¾	1,228¼	1,236½	1,211¼	—25¼

The total consumption of opium in the province in 1899-1900 was 1,301 maunds 16 seers 2 chhataks, against 1,342 maunds 5 seers 6 chhataks—a net decrease of 40 maunds 29 seers and 4 chhataks. There was a decline in consumption in all districts, except Cachar, Goalpara, Sibsagar, and the Garo Hills.

360. The following statement shows the number of persons prosecuted and convicted for breaches of the excise and opium laws in the past two years:

Offences against the excise laws.

	Persons arrested.		Persons convicted.		Fines imposed.		Fines realised.	
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs
Surma Valley districts	116	103	85	86	2,030	2,112	1,589	1,869
Assam „ „	354	394	278	333	7,553	8,209	7,301	8,060
Hill districts	77	59	67	56	1,233	1,554	1,167	1,419
Total	547	556	430	475	10,816	11,875	10,057	11,348

Although there was an increase in the total number of prosecutions as compared with 1898-99, most of the cases were of a petty nature. Three cases of illicit poppy cultivation were detected during the year (one in each of the districts of Nowgong, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur) and ten cases of opium smuggling. In the Khasi Hills an important case of smuggling was successfully prosecuted. A batch of 11 Nepalese, alleged to be coming from Manipur, brought a large quantity of opium. They were caught with 4 seers 6½ chhataks of opium, sent up for trial, and sentenced to fine and imprisonment. The opium on being examined by the Chemical Examiner was declared to be *Abkari* opium. Of the total number of cases brought to trial during the year, conviction was obtained in 445 cases, or 88·12 per cent., and fines were imposed to the extent of Rs. 11,875, of which Rs. 11,448 were realised. The total amount of fines distributed in rewards was Rs. 7,698, or 67·83 per cent. of the realisations.

SECTION 3.

STAMPS.

Sources of revenue.

361. The revenue of the year 1899-1900 was realised under the Indian Stamp Act (II of 1899) and the Court-Fees Act (VII of 1870).

Gross receipts.

362. The gross receipts from the sale of all kinds of stamps used under these two Acts, and of plain paper used with adhesive court-fee stamps, together with duty and penalty paid under sections 35, 40, and 41 of the Indian Stamp Act, and other miscellaneous receipts, amounted to Rs. 9,27,111, as compared with Rs. 9,67,779 in the year 1898-99, or a decrease of Rs. 40,668. The sanctioned budget estimate of receipts under the head "IV.—Stamps" for 1899-1900 was Rs. 9,70,000, but the actual collections fell short of the budget estimate by Rs. 42,889. The table below shows separately the revenue realised under the Indian Stamp Act and the Court-Fees Act for 1874-75 and every fifth year since, and for the past two years. Of the total revenue of the past year, 25·71 per cent. was realised under the Indian Stamp Act and 74·29 per cent. under the Court-Fees Act :

Year.	Revenue under the Stamp Act (II of 1899).	Revenue under the Court-Fees Act (VII of 1870).	Total revenue.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1874-75	1,38,795	3,35,827	4,74,622
1879-80	2,13,861	3,96,482	6,10,343
1884-85	2,11,688	5,60,870	7,72,558
1889-90	2,12,890	5,90,138	8,03,033
1894-95	2,34,070	5,85,149	8,19,219
1898-99	2,50,951*	7,16,828*	9,67,779
1899-1900	2,38,405	6,88,706	9,27,111

* Revised figures.

The revenue was, however, considerably higher than that of any year before 1898-99. Receipts under the Stamp Act fell from Rs. 2,50,951 in 1898-99 to Rs. 2,38,405, and under the Court-Fees Act from Rs. 7,16,828 to Rs. 6,88,706. The following statement compares separately the revenue derived under the Indian Stamp Act and the Court-Fees Act in each district of the province during 1898-99 and 1899-1900 :

District.	Receipts				Total.	
	Under the Indian Stamp Act, II of 1899.		Under the Court-Fees Act, VII of 1870.			
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	27,393	25,681	64,175	63,169	91,568	88,850
Sylhet	1,40,206	1,30,605	4,08,646	3,83,204	5,48,852	5,13,809
Goalpara	12,324	11,544	36,522	36,546	48,846	48,090
Kamrup	16,512	15,332	56,144	60,204	72,656	75,536
Darrang	6,753	6,595	30,442	29,132	37,195	35,727
Nowgong	4,816	4,661	22,339	21,380	27,155	26,041
Sibsagar	16,619	16,442	48,733	55,724	65,352	72,166
Lakhimpur	22,771	24,029	43,504	31,416	66,275	55,448
Naga Hills	310	276	885	1,310	1,195	1,586
Khasi ,, ...	2,380*	2,493	3,915*	5,174	6,295	7,667
Garo ,, ...	697	585	408	835	1,105	1,420
Manipur	170	162	1,115	609	1,285	771
Total	2,50,951*	2,38,405	7,16,828*	6,88,706	9,67,779	9,27,111

* Revised figures.

SECTION 3. *Stamps.*

The falling off of Rs. 12,546, or 5·26 per cent., in the receipts under the Indian Stamp Act was mainly due to the decrease of Rs. 15,121 under "Impressed stamps." The decrease was more marked in the districts of Cachar and Sylhet. In the former district it was due to the increased prosperity which the district enjoyed and consequent reduction of the number of loan transactions, and in the latter to the dearth of money in the district owing to the dullness in the rice market. Kamrup also showed a decrease of Rs. 1,243 under "Impressed stamps," mainly on account of the falling off in the transactions by the railway and other contractors. Of the total decrease of Rs. 28,122, or 4·08 per cent., in the receipts under the "Court-Fees Act," there was a decrease of Rs. 29,061 under "Judicial or court-fee stamps," for which the districts of Cachar, Sylhet, Darrang, Nowgong, Lakhimpur, and Manipur were responsible, the remaining districts having shown an increase. The decrease of Rs. 11,968 in Lakhimpur was due partly to the decreased sale of one-rupee adhesive court-fee stamps for *bakijai* cases during the year under report.

Document stamps.

363. The total revenue derived from the sale of document stamps amounted to Rs. 2,09,414, as compared with Rs. 2,24,535 in 1898-99, showing a decrease of Rs. 15,121, or 7·22 per cent. The diminished sale of impressed stamps was due to the good harvest, the people having less occasion to sell their lands or to resort to money-lenders.

One-anna revenue stamps.

364. During the year 1899-1900, the total sale of one-anna revenue stamps amounted to Rs. 16,428, against Rs. 15,311 in 1898-99, showing an increase of Rs. 1,117, due mainly to the stamping of all cheques drawn on the Marwari merchants in the Lakhimpur district, who carry on a regular banking business.

Other sorts of adhesive stamps.

365. As in previous years, these stamps were sold in the two Surma Valley districts only. The total sales in 1899-1900 amounted to Rs. 225, against Rs. 264 in 1898-99.

Other general stamps.

366. There was a small increase of Rs. 81 in the sale of other general stamps, the total receipts amounting to Rs. 6,645, as compared with Rs. 6,564 in 1898-99.

Hundi stamps.

367. The total realisations on account of the sale of *Hundi* stamps was Rs. 526, against Rs. 258 in the previous year. In Goalpara alone, there was an increase of Rs. 249, due to the good market obtained by the merchants for jute and mustard.

Miscellaneous receipts.

368. Penalties realised by civil courts and by Collectors under sections 35 and 40 of the Stamp Act amounted to Rs. 1,662 in 249 cases and Rs. 1,945 in 291 cases, respectively, as compared with Rs. 1,364 in 215 cases and Rs. 2,249 in 264 cases in the previous year.

Stamps for copies.

369. The revenue derived from the sale of stamps for copies amounted to Rs. 34,640, against Rs. 33,252 in 1898-99, showing an increase of Rs. 1,388.

Plain paper used with adhesive court-fee stamps.

370. The net decrease under this head amounted to Rs. 442, for which all the districts, except Cachar and the hill districts, were responsible.

District charges.

371. The total charges on account of discount and commission allowed on the sale of non-judicial stamps amounted in 1899-1900 to Rs. 7,260, against Rs. 7,632 in the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs. 372, which was the natural result of decrease in the sales. The discount allowed on the sale of judicial stamps, including "stamps for copies" and "plain paper used with adhesive court-fee stamps," likewise showed a decrease of Rs. 222, the figures for the two years 1898-99 and 1899-1900 being Rs. 10,771 and Rs. 10,549, respectively. The total expenditure of the Department, including refunds and contingencies, amounted to Rs. 23,935, against Rs. 23,162, showing an increase of Rs. 773, due entirely to larger expenditure under refund and contingencies. Under the latter, there was an unusual expenditure of Rs. 467 caused by the purchase of a stamping machine for Gauhati from the Mint Master, Calcutta.

Refunds.

372. The total refunds made under the provisions of the Indian Stamp Act and the Court-Fees Act amounted to Rs. 5,426, against Rs. 4,338 in the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 1,088; Rs. 2,007 were refunded under the Indian Stamp Act and Rs. 3,419 under the Court-Fees Act.

SECTION 3. *Stamps.*

373. Deducting the total charges paid in cash (including refunds) from the gross revenue collections under stamps, the net revenue of the past two years is noted below:

Net revenue.

	1898-99.	1899-1900.
	Rs.	Rs.
Gross revenue	9,57,779*	9,27,111
Deduct—District charges	23,162*	23,935
Net revenue	9,44,617	9,03,176

* Revised.

If to the cash payment of Rs. 23,935 the cost of stamps and plain paper, amounting to Rs. 16,911-4-4, supplied during the year from the Central Stores in Calcutta to the local depôts in this province, which was adjusted by book debit, be added, the total expenditure of the Department amounted to Rs. 40,846-4-4, against Rs. 42,649 in 1898-99, and the net revenue reduced to Rs. 8,86,264-11-8, as compared with Rs. 9,25,130 in the preceding year.

Under the orders of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, contained in the Resolution No. 299, dated the 30th April 1879, the following table is given, showing separately the receipts on account of non judicial and judicial stamps and the district charges paid in cash and the net revenue under each head:

	Non-judicial stamps.	Judicial stamps.
	Rs.	Rs.
Gross revenue	2,38,405	6,88,706
Deduct—District charges (including refunds)	9,367	14,568
Net revenue	2,29,038	6,74,138

374. The following statement shows separately the receipts in each district from the sale of ordinary and service postage stamps and telegraph stamps during the past two years:

Ordinary and service postage labels and telegraph stamps.

District.	Ordinary postage stamps.		Service labels.		Telegraph stamps.		Total.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar ...	45,149	41,551	3,343	3,610	8,862	9,424	57,354	54,585	...	2,769
Sylhet ...	65,484	65,433	8,417	9,248	4,680	4,247	78,581	78,928	347	...
Goalpara ...	16,947	16,777	2,294	2,311	6,415	6,644	25,656	25,732	76	...
Kamrup ...	15,174	14,521	3,173	3,116	7,474	9,007	25,821	26,644	823	...
Darrang ...	25,073	24,340	2,958	2,857	5,627	6,037	33,658	33,234	...	424
Nowgong ...	14,218	14,883	1,137	1,184	666	162	16,021	16,229	208	...
Sibsagar ...	49,397	51,418	4,434	4,197	8,827	7,938	62,658	63,553	895	...
Lakhimpur ...	40,874	44,051	3,925	3,640	7,808	9,613	52,607	57,304	4,697	...
Naga Hills ...	7,809	8,767	1,303	1,350	25	20	9,137	10,137	1,000	...
Khasi ,, ...	16,765	15,047	11,785	11,887	11,788	13,038	40,338	39,972	...	366
Garo ,, ...	1,119	1,284	589	627	...	...	1,708	1,911	203	...
Manipur ...	6,162	6,783	503	607	3,590	3,566	10,255	10,956	701	...
Lushai ...	3,646	6,627	283	443	...	...	3,929	7,069	3,140	...
Total ...	3,07,817	3,11,481	44,144	45,077	65,762	69,696	4,17,723	4,26,254	8,531	...

SECTION 5. *Lac.*

The receipts from the sale of ordinary and service postage stamps and telegraph stamps during the year 1899-1900 show a general increase under each head, as compared with 1898-99. The general increase under ordinary postage labels is ascribed to the spread of education. The districts of Cachar, Sylhet, Goalpara, Kamrup, Darrang, and the Khasi Hills show a decrease. In Cachar and the Khasi Hills it was due, in a great measure, to the abolition of the Settlement Office in the former and the removal of the Railway offices to Chittagong in the latter. In Kamrup the decrease occurred chiefly in the Barpeta subdivision, and is attributed to the stoppage of private business during the flood. The increase under the head "Service labels" was general. Under "Telegraph stamps" the districts of Kamrup, Darrang, Lakhimpur, and the Khasi Hills show a marked increase. In the first three it was chiefly due to the extra work necessitated by the visit of His Excellency the Viceroy during the latter part of the year, and in the Khasi Hills partly to the above cause, but more particularly to the Mishmi expedition and the movement of troops during the year.

Prosecutions.

375. Seventy-one prosecutions were instituted for offences against the stamp laws, as compared with 47 in the preceding year. Of the 79 persons proceeded against, 71 were convicted and fined, amounts aggregating Rs. 137. One case was pending at the close of the year. The results show a great improvement over previous years, and indicate that more attention is being paid towards the enforcement of the provisions of the stamp laws. The following statement shows the details of the prosecutions in the province:

Number of persons		Amount of fine		Remarks.
Prosecuted.	Convicted.	Imposed.	Realised.	
		Rs.	Rs.	
79	71	137	137 ...	One case remained pending in Kamrup at the close of the year.

Licensed stamp vendors.

376. There were 215 licensed stamp vendors in the province in 1899-1900, against 195 in 1898-99. Of these, 105 were in Sylhet and 33 in Kamrup, no other district having more than 16.

Number of postal officers who sold one-anna revenue stamps.

377. The number of postmasters, sub-postmasters, and branch postmasters who sold one-anna revenue stamps to the public was 289, and the amount of sale of such stamps effected by them Rs. 10,406, against 290 and Rs. 10,740, respectively, in the previous year. Stamps to the value of over Rs. 1,000 were sold in each of the districts of Cachar, Sylhet, Nowgong, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur.

SECTION 4.

ELEPHANTS.

378. With the sanction of the Government of India, the elephant *mahals* in Kamrup, Nowgong, Sibsagar, Naga Hills, and Jaintia Hills, numbering 19, were allotted to the Khedda Department in exchange for the elephant reserves in the Cachar and Sylhet districts, and a sum of Rs. 5,000 was assigned to the Assam Provincial Revenues on account of the loss due to the transfer. Only 11 *mahals* were worked in the Assam Valley. The license fees (Rs. 10,390) and royalty Rs. 13,000) obtained from these *mahals* amounted to Rs. 23,390, as compared with Rs. 19,850 in 1898-99. The increase both in license fees and royalty was due to two *mahals* in Goalpara having been worked after their period of rest. Compared with 1897-98, the revenue from elephant *mahals*, including royalty, shows a large decrease during the past two years (Rs. 17,269 and Rs. 18,714) due to the transfer of certain elephant *mahals* to the Khedda Department mentioned above. The number of elephants caught was 176, against 213 in the previous year, and it was distributed as below:—Goalpara 32, Kamrup 9, Darrang 4, Lakhimpur 72, and Khasi Hills 59. The operations of the Khedda Department are not included.

SECTION 5.

LAC.

379. Lac occurs in various places in the forests of Assam and is reared in most of the districts in the province, Kamrup and the northern parts of the Khasi and the Garo Hills bordering on the Brahmaputra Valley being at present the chief places of its cultivation. A small quantity is also brought in every year by Bhutias to the Darranga and Subankhatta fairs. In 1899-1900, 15,230 maunds (Surma Valley 32 maunds and Brahmaputra Valley 15,198 maunds) were exported, against 14,494 maunds (Surma Valley 91 maunds and Brahmaputra Valley 14,403 maunds) in 1898-99. In Sylhet and Sibsagar districts lac-ware is manufactured in small quantities.

SECTION 6.

RUBBER.

380. The following table shows the outturn of home and foreign rubber and the revenue derived therefrom during the year 1899-1900 and the preceding year: SECTION 6. *Rubber.*

Division.	Home rubber.				Foreign rubber.				Total.				Difference.
	1898-99.		1899-1900.		1898-99.		1899-1900.		1898-99.		1899-1900.		
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.
Cachar	82	982	259	3,101	84	1,002	409	4,916	166	1,984	668	8,011	+502
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	28	337	16	186	28	337	16	186	−12
Kamrup	9	105	...	...	34	408	90	1,083	43	513	90	1,083	+47
Darrang	206	8,683	223*	27,367	1,244	14,928	1,448	17,376	1,450	23,611	1,671	44,743	+221
Nowgong	7	81	60	724	...	...	...	...	7	81	60	724	+53
Sibsagar	...	1	24	287	10	119	9	113	10	120	33	400	+23
Lakhimpur	...	...	...	...	1,810	21,717	2,844	34,345	1,810	21,717	2,844	34,345	+1,034
Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	85	1,022	138	1,896	...	...	...	...	85	1,022	158	1,896	+73
Total	389	10,874	724	33,375	3,210	38,511	4,816	58,013	3,599	49,385	5,540	91,388	+1,941

* Includes nearly 38 maunds extracted by Government agency from the Charduar plantation in the Darrang division during 1898-99, for which Rs. 8,249 were realised and credited in 1899-1900, and excludes 56 maunds obtained in the same manner in 1899-1900, but not sold until after the close of the year.

The actual outturn of home and foreign rubber during the past two years, considered apart from the revenue derived therefrom, is shown below:

	1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity. Mds.	Value. Rs.	Quantity. Mds.	Value. Rs.
Home rubber	426	12,920 6,200*	742	19,649 16,900*
Foreign „	3,210	38,511	4,816	58,013
Total	3,636	57,631	5,558	94,562

* Sale-proceeds of rubber *mahal* in the Darrang division.

The total outturn of the year was 5,558 maunds, against 3,636 maunds of the previous year, representing an increase of 316 maunds under home and of 1,606 maunds under foreign produce. This increase occurred in all divisions, except Goalpara, and was specially marked in Cachar, Darrang, and Lakhimpur, owing, in Cachar, to the opening of the Manipur forests to trade, and in Darrang and Lakhimpur, to the stimulating influence of the great rise in prices and the settlement of disquiet on the Mishmi border.

The sources from which the foreign rubber was imported during the past two years, as well as the quantity so imported, are shown below:

	1898-99. Mds.	1899-1900. Mds.
Manipur	84	409
Bhutan	541	406
Dafla and Aka Hills	765	1,148
Naga, Mishmi, and other neighbouring hills	1,820	2,853
Total	3,210	4,816

SECTION 7.

THE INCOME TAX ACT, II OF 1886.

SECTION 7. *Income Tax.*

System of assessment and revision.

381. The agency employed and the procedure followed in the assessment of the tax were the same as in previous years. With the exception of Government servants and employés under local authorities, the assessees under Part I of the Act consisted for the most part, of the employés of Tea Companies and of the Assam-Bengal Railway Company. The tax assessed on the salaries of the employés of the Assam-Bengal Railway Company was collected by the Chief Auditor of the Railway. With the transfer of the headquarters of the Railway from Shillong to Chittagong, the loss of the tax assessed on the salaries of employés of the Company had to be met by the Administration. The question was raised by the Government of Bengal, and though the Chief Commissioner was unable to resist the claims put forward, he referred the matter to the Government of India, whose orders were received after the close of the year.

As in previous years, assessments under Part IV of the Act in the Assam Valley districts were revised chiefly on information supplied by tahsildars and mauzadars. In the Surma Valley assessments were revised by Extra Assistant Commissioners and Subdivisional Officers.

382. The following is a summary of the financial results of the last fourteen years :

Gross and net receipts.

	Gross receipts.	Net receipts.
	Rs.	Rs.
1886-87	1,93,097	1,87,163
1887-88	2,20,008	2,16,804
1888-89	2,14,416	2,12,993
1889-90	2,20,059	2,18,397
1890-91	2,14,662	2,12,975
1891-92	2,20,985	2,18,711
1892-93	2,26,311	2,24,895
1893-94	2,60,631	2,59,115
1894-95	2,73,868	2,72,011
1895-96	3,03,143	3,00,189
1896-97	2,99,027	2,96,913
1897-98	3,05,877	3,03,604
1898-99	3,23,520	3,21,343
1899-1900	3,27,059	3,24,468

Receipts have increased by more than 73 per cent. within the last fourteen years. Both the gross and the net receipts were the largest ever obtained in the province, though the proportion of increase is lower than it has been for many years past. The improvement was mainly due to the increased business done by traders, and partly to the better realisation of arrears of previous years.

383. The following statement shows the total assessment and collection of the tax under all Parts of the Act. It excludes advance collections made in 1898-99 on account of the year under report, but includes advance collections for 1900-1901 :

Total assessment and collection of tax in each district.

District.	Demand.			Collections.		
	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	36,120	2,973	39,093	32,305	1,918	34,223
Sylhet	73,748	2,156	75,904	73,253	1,607	74,860
Goalpara	26,394	503	26,897	26,347	311	26,658
Kamrup	16,338	73	16,412	16,020	38	16,058
Darrang	20,941	1,612	22,552	20,522	778	21,300
Nowgong	9,668	202	9,870	8,349	181	8,530
Sibsagar	42,989	2,845	45,834	39,898	1,896	41,794
Lakhimpur	49,796	3,208	53,004	46,078	2,535	48,613
Naga Hills	3,030	154	3,184	2,798	68	2,866
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	14,945	2,152	17,097	14,756	2,152	16,908
Garo Hills	1,863	16	1,879	1,785	16	1,801
Forest Department	2,593	...	2,593	2,593	...	2,593
Manipur	831	...	831	831	...	831
Aijal	2,370	...	2,370	2,370	...	2,370
Assam-Bengal Railway	24,457	...	24,457	24,457	...	24,457
Total	3,26,083	15,894	3,41,977	3,12,362	11,500	3,23,862

SECTION 7. *Income Tax.*

The total collections for the province amounted to Rs. 3,23,862, against Rs. 3,21,453, showing an increase of Rs. 2,409. The largest increase (Rs. 3,332), compared with the preceding year, took place in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills district, and the greatest decrease (Rs. 4,255) in Cachar. The increase in the former district was due to the large profits made by a trader in limestone, and the falling off in the latter district was mainly due to the diminished earnings of the contractors and sub-contractors working on the Assam-Bengal Railway.

384. The following statement shows, in an abstract form, the collections under the several sources, excluding penalties and fines, and the percentage which each source bears to the total collections, as compared with 1898-99:

Sources of income.

	Number of assessees.			Amount of tax.			Percentage to total tax.	
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase or decrease.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase or decrease.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Part I—								
Salaries, etc., paid by Government ...	947	968	+21	45,445	46,028	+ 583	14·14	14·21
Ditto Local authorities...	69	83	+14	968	1,062	+ 94	·30	·33
Ditto Companies, section 9 (1).	1,817	1,768	—49	1,00,775	98,607	—2,168	31·35	30·45
Ditto Companies, section 9(2).	997	1,000	+ 3	40,050	40,249	+ 199	12·45	12·43
Total Part I	3,830	3,819	—11	1,87,238	1,85,946	—1,292	58·25	57·42
Part II.—Profits of Companies ...	7	7	...	1,056	1,525	+ 469	·33	·47
„ III.—Interest on securities ...	...	...	...	281	387	+ 106	·09	·12
„ IV.—Other sources	5,573	5,633	+60	1,32,878	1,36,004	+3,126	41·33	41·99
Grand total	9,410	9,459	+49	3,21,453	3,23,862	+2,409	...	...

Excluding the tax on salaries, etc., paid by Government, the initial assessment under Part I stood at Rs. 1,43,453 on 2,490 persons, against Rs. 1,48,254 on 2,615 persons in the previous year; after revision the figures stood at Rs. 1,42,174 on 2,448 persons, against Rs. 1,43,779 on 2,645 persons in 1898-99. The falling off in the final demand was due to a decrease in the number of employés of the Assam-Bengal Railway.

No assessees compounded for the payment of tax during the year under report.

The demand under Part II amounted to Rs. 1,525, against Rs. 1,056 in the previous year. The increase was mainly due to the assessment made during the year of a small Company in the Lakhimpur district, which contributed nothing in the preceding year, as it worked at a loss. The whole demand was realised during the year.

Rupees 387 were assessed and realised on account of interest on securities, against Rs. 281 in the previous year.

The total collections under Part IV (including arrears, advances for future years, and penalties) amounted to Rs. 1,38,493, or 42·34 per cent. of the total realisations under the Act, against Rs. 1,34,840, or 41·68 per cent., in the preceding year, showing an increase of Rs. 3,653, or 2·70 per cent. over the total of 1898-99. The table below compares the total collections under Part IV in the Assam and Surma Valleys and hill districts separately for the past two years:

	Tax under Part IV.		Percentage of the tax to total collections.	
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
	Rs.	Rs.		
Assam Valley	67,686	70,760	20·92	21·63
Surma „	61,267	58,492	18·94	17·88
Hill districts	5,887	9,241	1·82	2·82
Total	1,34,840	1,38,493	41·68	42·34

SECTION 7. *Income Tax.*

Fines and penalties.

385. In Darrang penalties to the extent of Rs. 296 were imposed, under section 30 of the Act, on seven assessees, including one European tea-garden employé, on whom a penalty of Rs. 250 was imposed. The Commissioner, Assam Valley Districts, recorded his opinion that the imposition of this fine acted as a deterrent against wilful default. His case was remanded on appeal to the Deputy Commissioner, who reduced the fine to Rs. 125. In Sibsagar penalties to the amount of Rs. 293, *viz.*, Rs. 10 in the sadr and Rs. 283 in the Jorhat subdivision, were imposed, under section 30, on 36 assessees and in Dibrugarh a penalty of Rs. 10 was imposed, under section 34 of the Act, on one assessee.

The details of penalties imposed are given below :

District.	Part I.			Part IV.		
	Number of persons on whom penalties were imposed.	Amount imposed.	Amount collected.	Number of persons on whom penalties were imposed.	Amount imposed.	Amount collected.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Cachar	...	...	...	6	105	105
Sylhet	12	76	76	313	1,013	1,007
Goalpara	2	6	6	223	1,120	1,120
Darrang	7	296	296	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	41	258	243
Sibsagar	35	288	288	1	5	5
Lakhimpur	1	10	10	...	...	...
Total	57	676	676	584	2,501	2,480

Rs.

Total demand ... ... (Rs. 676+2,501)=3,177

„ collections ... ... („ 676+2,480)=3,156

The total demand for 1898-99 was Rs. 2,145 and the total collection Rs. 2,067.

Revision by Collector.

386. The following is a comparative statement of the revisional work of the Collectors for the last two years for the whole province :

	Total number of assessees.	Number of objections.	Petitions rejected.	Assessment reduced.	Entirely exempted.	Pending disposal.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1898-99	5,842	1,136*	624	190	320	6
1899-1900	5,906	1,134†	640	189	291	20

* Excludes 4 cases pending at the close of 1897-98.

† „ 6 „ „ „ „ 1898-99.

Revision by Commissioner.

387. Deputy Commissioners in Assam have been vested with the powers of a Commissioner for the purpose of revising the orders passed by Subdivisional Officers and other officers specially empowered by Collectors under the Act. Of 829 persons whose petitions were either rejected or only partially granted by the Collector, 82 filed applications for revision before the Deputy Commissioner as Commissioner under the Act. The table below compares the results of such applications for 1898-99 and 1899-1900 :

	Number of applications.	Number rejected.	Assessment modified.	Assessment cancelled.	Pending disposal.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1898-99	58*	25	12	16	9
1899-1900	82†	29	38	19	5

* Excludes 4 cases pending at the close of 1897-98.

† „ 9 „ „ „ „ 1898-99.

Seven appeals were preferred to the Commissioner, Assam Valley Districts, against six in the preceding year, of which two were from Goalpara, two from Kamrup, and one each from Darrang, Nowgong, and Sibsagar. Three appeals were rejected, one was remanded for retrial; in one case the assessment was reduced, and in another it was cancelled. The seventh appeal was from the orders of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Nowgong, and was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, the proper appellate court, for disposal. One appeal from the Khasi and Jaintia Hills preferred to the Chief Commissioner was dismissed.

Prosecutions and coercive processes.

388. There was one prosecution under section 34 of the Act in the Lakhimpur district resulting in a fine of Rs. 10.

The following abstract gives the comparative statistics of processes issued on defaulters during the past two years:

	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase or decrease.
Number of processes issued	3,425	2,906	— 519
Number of cases in which moveable property was attached ...	348	460	+ 112
Number of cases in which moveable property was sold ...	32	59	+ 27
Number of cases in which immoveable property was attached ...	1	4	+ 3
Number of cases in which immoveable property was sold ...	1	2	+ 1

Expenditure.

389. The figures of expenditure for the past two years are compared below:

	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase + or decrease —.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Establishment	1,012	1,020	+ 8
Travelling allowance	41	25	—16
Commission	857	924	+67
Contingencies	39	33	— 6
Total	1,949	2,002	+53

The expenditure incurred in realising the tax in this province is small, and amounts to only ·61 per cent. of the total amount realised.

Refunds.

390. The refunds made during the year amounted to Rs. 809, against Rs. 228 in the previous year, or an increase of Rs. 581.

Classification of assessees.

391. The statement below gives an abstract of the classification, together with the proportion of assessees belonging to each class and of the amount of tax paid by each class to total collections:

Nature of income.	Number of assessees.	Amount of tax.	Percentage of assessees to total number of assessees.	Percentage of tax to total collection.
1	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		
Salaries, etc., paid by Government ...	968	46,028	10·23	14·21
Ditto ditto Local authorities ...	83	1,062	·88	·33
Ditto ditto Companies ...	2,768	1,38,856	29·26	42·88
Profits of Companies	7	1,525	·07	·47
Interest on securities	...	387	...	·12
Professions	713	15,056	7·54	4·65
Commerce	2,622	66,637	27·72	20·58
Transport, etc.	111	1,417	1·17	·44
Trade	1,796	37,310	18·99	11·52
Manufacture	122	1,673	1·29	·51
Property	145	10,544	1·53	3·26
Miscellaneous	124	3,367	1·32	1·03
Total	9,459	3,23,862	100	100

The classes which yielded the bulk of the tax were, as in previous years, (1) salaries, etc., paid by Companies, (2) commerce, (3) salaries, etc., paid by Government, and (4) trade.

CHAPTER VI.

Vital Statistics and Medical Services.

SECTION 1.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

SECTION 1. *Births and Deaths.*

392. There was no change during the year in the areas in which vital statistics were registered, and the birth and death-rates were calculated, as usual, on the population according to the census of 1891 :

Area of registration of births and deaths.

393. The number of births and deaths registered during 1898 and 1899 and the birth and death-rates per mille of the population in the different districts in the two valleys and the hill districts are shown in the following table:

Statistics of births and deaths registered.

District.	Population according to the census of 1891.	Number of births registered.		Number of deaths registered.		Ratio of births per mille of population.		Ratio of deaths per mille of population.	
		1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
I.—Surma Valley—									
Cachar	367,542	10,024	14,464	11,680	9,295	27·27	39·35	31·78	25·29
Sylhet	2,154,593	65,627	81,928	82,363	67,714	30·46	38·02	38·23	31·43
Total Surma Valley... ...	2,522,135	75,651	96,392	94,043	77,009	29·99	38·21	37·29	30·53
II.—Assam Valley—									
Goalpara	452,304	17,268	18,738	17,651	17,587	38·18	41·43	39·03	38·88
Kamrup	634,249	16,201	19,693	16,447	14,958	25·54	31·05	25·93	23·58
Darrang...	307,761	9,263	10,596	13,003	13,805	30·09	34·43	42·25	44·86
Nowgong	344,141	6,421	7,230	16,260	10,760	18·66	21·01	47·25	31·27
Sibsagar	457,274	13,235	14,538	13,402	11,861	28·94	31·79	29·31	25·93
Lakhimpur	254,053	8,643	9,583	8,774	8,346	34·02	37·72	34·54	32·85
Total Assam Valley ...	2,449,782	71,031	80,378	85,537	77,317	28·99	32·81	34·92	31·56
III.—Garo Hills (selected areas only)	27,725	1,006	1,143	1,167	986	36·25	41·23	42·09	35·56
IV.—Khasi and Jaintia Hills (selected areas only)	49,167	1,207	1,058	1,947	1,227	24·55	21·51	39·60	24·96
V.—Naga Hills (Kohima) ...	1,781	61	56	69	56	34·25	31·44	38·74	31·44
Grand total	5,050,590	148,956	179,027	182,763	156,595	29·49	35·45	36·18	31·01

The improvement in the birth-rate in the Surma Valley probably indicates that the people had recovered from the effects of the great malarial fever epidemic of 1897. The birth-rates in the

Surma Valley were higher than those in the Assam Valley, but this is possibly in part due to better registration.* In almost every district the birth-rate was higher than the registered death-rate. The decline in death-rates in Kamrup and Sibsagar was probably due to defective registration. The high death-rate in Darrang may be explained by the fact that a large increase in the population has taken place since 1891 by the immigration of tea-garden coolies. In the whole province the birth-rate exceeded the death-rate by 4·44 per mille. The proportion of male births to those of females was for the whole province 106 to 100, and the male and female deaths registered were in the ratio of 117 to 100.

394. The following table shows the registered births and deaths of the sadr and subdivisional towns in which the registration of vital statistics is compulsory:

Statistics of births and deaths in sadr and subdivisional towns.

Sadr towns (registration compulsory).	Population according to the census of 1891.	Total births registered during the year.	Total deaths registered during the year.	Birth-rate per mille of population.	Death-rate per mille of population.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Silchar	7,523	251	226	33·36	30·04
Sylhet	14,027	245	745	17·47	53·11
Dhubri	4,825	96	136	19·90	28·18
Gauhati	8,283	255	519	30·79	62·65
Tezpur	4,011	105	308	26·18	76·79
Nowgong	4,815	149	174	30·94	36·14
Sibsagar	5,249	168	101	32·01	19·24
Dibrugarh	9,876	399	410	40·40	41·52
Shillong	6,720	124	62	18·45	9·23
Kohima	1,781	56	56	31·44	31·44
Tura	1,046	38	44	36·33	42·06
Total	68,156	1,886	2,781	27·67	40·80

Subdivisional towns (registration compulsory).	Population according to the census of 1891.	Total births registered during the year.	Total deaths registered during the year.	Birth-rate per mille of population.	Death-rate per mille of population.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Hailakandi	650	26	20	40·	30·77
Karimganj	3,349	177	135	52·85	40·31
Maulvi Bazar	2,629	62	50	23·58	19·02
Habiganj	4,161	118	91	28·36	21·87
Sunamganj	3,139	113	61	31·	19·43
Goalpara	5,440	151	182	27·76	33·46
Barpeta...	11,887*	531	358	44·67	30·12
Mangaldai	699	6	38	8·58	54·36
Jorhat	2,159	72	99	33·35	45·85
Golaghat	2,211	78	137	35·28	61·96
North Lakhimpur	1,244	29	65	23·31	52·25
Total	37,568	1,363	1,236	36·28	32·90

* Includes compulsory registration area outside the municipality.

SECTION 2. *Immigration and Labour Inspection.*

In sadr and subdivisional towns the recorded birth-rates were 27·67 and 36·28 and the death-rates 40·80 and 32·90, respectively. The registration of vital statistics appears to have been more efficiently carried out in the subdivisional than in the sadr towns. These death-rates were calculated on figures which included deaths in dispensaries; excluding deaths in dispensaries, the respective death-rates came to 30·59 and 27·47. The number of persons prosecuted under the Compulsory Registration Act, IV (B.C.) of 1873, was 258, of whom 182 were convicted. The fines imposed amounted to Rs. 138-14-0.

Mortality from the chief diseases.

395. The following table gives the number of deaths registered under the chief causes of mortality during 1898 and 1899, and also the average number registered from the same causes during the five years 1893—97:

Cause of mortality.	Registered deaths for the past seven years under the chief causes of mortality.		
	Average, 1893-97.	1898.*	1899.
1	2	3	4
Cholera	20,918	11,288	8,380
Small-pox	4,271	5,208	1,565
Fevers	100,135	105,811	91,096
Dysentery and diarrhœa	16,868	16,262	13,835
Injuries	1,951	1,672	1,762
Other causes	38,316	42,522	39,957
All causes	182,459	182,763	156,595

* Revised figures, including the mortality of the Naga and Garo Hills.

The year was exceedingly healthy, and the mortality, as compared with 1898, declined under every head of disease. The mortality from fever fell from 105,811 in 1898 to 91,096, of which 14,246 were deaths from *kalá-ázár*. This is an indication that the health of the province is improving, although the traces of the fever scourge of 1897 are still noticeable.

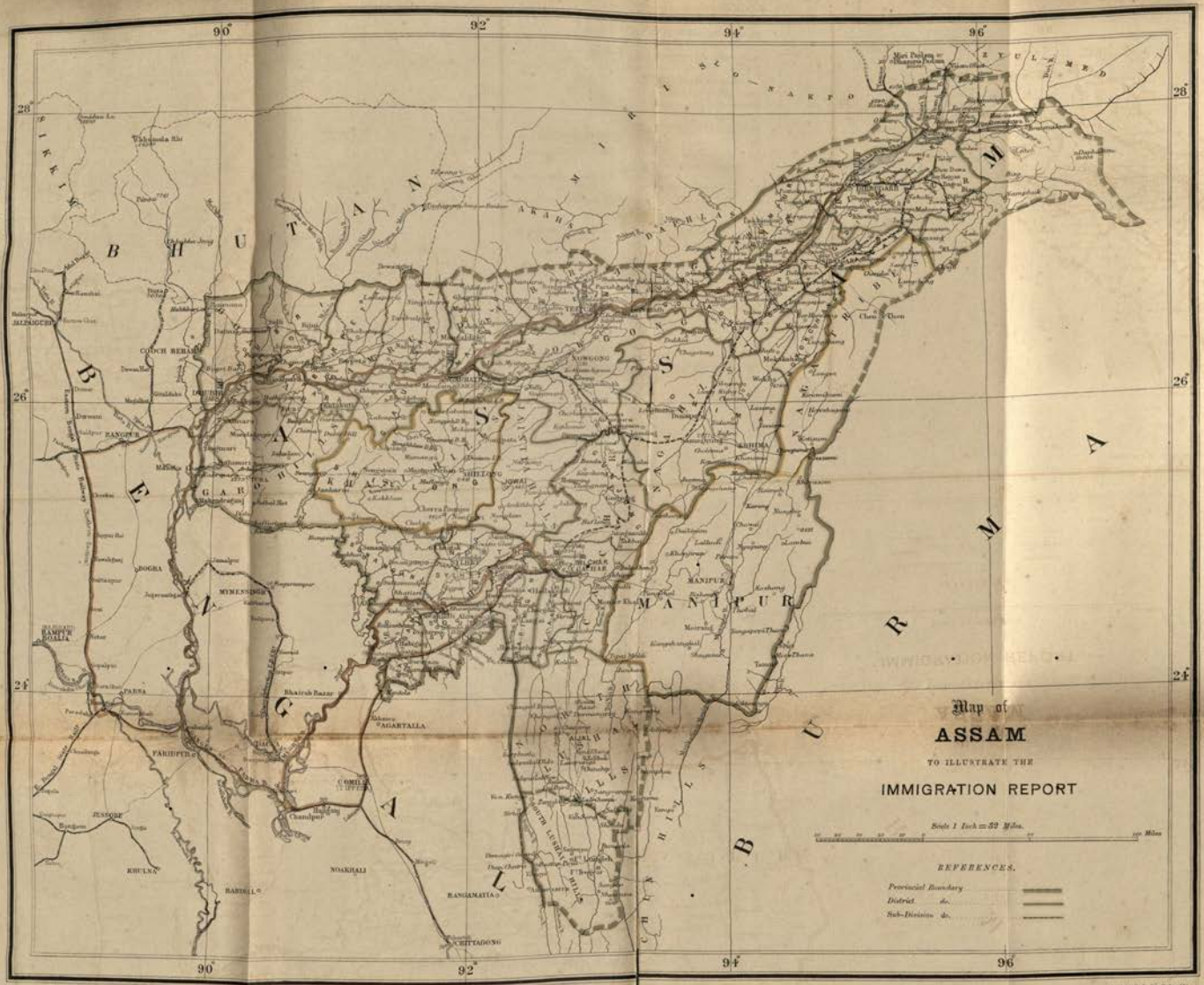
SECTION 2.

IMMIGRATION AND LABOUR INSPECTION.

Provincial figures of immigration.

396. The table below gives particulars of all classes of coolies imported into the province for labour on tea and other estates during the past two years and 1890:

Class of labourers.	1890.	1898.	1899.	Increase or decrease, compared with 1898.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Act ... Sardari adults ...	7,291	12,080	7,571	— 4,509	—37·3
Act ... Contractors' „ ...	10,082	10,559	11,065	+ 506	+ 4·7
Non-Act adults	8,832	12,877	7,236	— 5,641	—43·8
Total of Act and non-Act adults	26,205	35,516	25,872	— 9,644	—27·1
Children	9,875	13,653	6,036	— 7,617	—55·7
Grand total	36,080	49,169	31,908	—17,261	—35·1



COOLIE ROUTES.

(1) Into the Brahmaputra Valley—
(a) Viâ Kannia, Jatrapur, and Dhubri.
(b) Viâ Goalundo and Dhubri.
(2) Into the Surma Valley.
Goalundo to Chandpur by steamer, and thence by steamer or rail.

PORTS OF INSPECTION.

Dhubri.
Gauhati.
Tezpur.
Dibrugarh.
Karimganj.

RIVER DEBARKATION DEPOTS.

1. Dibrugarh.
2. Desangmukh.
3. Kohilamukh.
4. Negri Ting.
5. Silghat.
6. Tezpur.
7. Silchar.
8. Katigora.
9. Fenchuganj.
10. Moulvi Bazar.
11. Manumukh.
12. Karimganj.
13. Madna.
14. Rangamati Ghat.

RAILWAY DEBARKATION DEPOTS.

Shaistaganj.
Kulaura.
Barlekha.

LANDING-PLACES NOT BEING DEPOTS.

1. Dikhumukh.
2. Kamalabari.
3. Dhansirimukh.
4. Gomisighat.
5. Bemalimukh.
6. Biswanath.
7. Singri.

COOLIE REST-HOUSES.

Sealtek.
Jatingamukh.
Patharkandi.
Joljuli.
Panigaon.
Tingaghat.
Sessaghurania.
Kharjan.

Reg. No. 616, S. I. O.—May 96.—[illegible]

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

In this table, and in the subsequent paragraphs of this section, the expression "Act adults" includes immigrants who, not being under contract, proceed to Dhubri and enter into contract there under section 112 of Act I of 1882.

The most noticeable feature in the above statement is the striking decrease in immigration during the year. Fewer coolies were imported during 1899 than in any year since 1887. As compared with 1898, there was a very large decrease in the number of Act coolies brought by sardars and in that of non-Act coolies, the number imported by contractors having slightly increased. The decrease was most noticeable in the Surma Valley, where the tea season of 1898 was a very bad one, and where garden managers were generally forced to curtail expenditure in all directions.

In the principal labour importing districts of the Brahmaputra Valley—Darrang, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur—it is noticeable that, while the number of coolies imported by contractors increased, there was a falling off in the total number of coolies imported, both in the number of sardari recruitments and in the importations of non-Act labourers. This was due, not to a decreased demand for labour, but to the difficulty of obtaining coolies during a year of plenty in the recruiting districts. Since the close of the year, the influence of famine has made itself felt, and a great stimulus has been afforded to recruiting.

397. Statistics are given in the table below for each division and district of the province for the two years 1898 and 1899:

District and valley statistics of immigration.

District.	Act adults.			Non-Act adults.			Total Act and non-Act adults.			Children.			Grand total, including children.		
	1898.	1899.	Percentage of increase or decrease.	1898	1899.	Percentage of increase or decrease.	1898.	1899.	Percentage of increase or decrease.	1898.	1899.	Percentage of increase or decrease.	1898.	1899.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Cachar ...	811	341	−57·95	3,104	1,801	−41·97	3,915	2,142	−45·28	1,071	400	−62·65	4,986	2,542	−49·01
Sylhet ...	989	413	−58·24	6,640	3,490	−47·43	7,629	3,903	−48·83	2,792	1,014	−63·68	10,421	4,917	−52·81
Total Surma Valley	1,800	754	−58·11	9,744	5,291	−45·69	1,544	6,045	−47·63	3,863	1,414	−63·39	15,407	7,459	−51·58
Kamrup ...	223	89	−60·09	56	63	+12·50	279	152	−45·51	104	24	−76·92	383	176	−54·04
Darrang ...	4,043	4,552	+12·58	416	322	−22·59	4,459	4,874	+ 9·30	1,578	991	−37·19	6,037	5,865	− 2·83
Nowgong ...	1,179	852	−27·73	267	180	−32·58	1,446	1,032	−28·63	565	479	−15·22	2,011	1,511	−24·86
Sibsagar ...	6,901	5,159	−24·66	1,043	543	−47·93	7,944	5,742	−27·72	3,928	1,639	−58·27	11,872	7,381	−37·82
Lakhimpur ...	8,493	7,190	−15·34	1,351	837	−38·04	9,844	8,027	−18·45	3,615	1,489	−58·81	13,459	9,516	−29·29
Total Assam Valley	20,839	17,882	−14·19	3,133	1,945	−37·92	23,972	19,827	−17·29	9,790	4,622	−52·79	33,762	24,449	−27·58
Grand total ...	22,639	18,636	−17·68	12,877	7,236	−43·80	35,516	25,872	−27·15	13,653	6,036	−55·79	49,169	31,908	−35·10

The proportion of adult coolies imported into the Surma Valley under Act-I contract continues to decrease, and was only 12·47 per cent. of the total number imported during the year. In this portion of the province managers make use of Act XIII of 1859 to a very large extent, and coolies bound under this Act are returned as non-Act. While the total number of adults imported into the province declined by 27·15 per cent., there were 55·79 per cent. fewer children imported in 1899 than in 1898. This is a result of the decline already noticed in sardari recruitment and free immigration, compared with recruitment by contractors. Immigrants brought by

SECTION 2. *Immigration and Labour Inspection.*

sardars, or coming of their own free-will, generally come in families, while contractors, as a rule, send up adults only.

398. The following statement gives the nationality and sex of adult immigrants and the agency by which Act immigrants were imported:

Nationality of immigrants.

Nationality of immigrants.		Act.				Non-Act.		Total.	
		Garden sardars.		Contractors.					
		1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bengal. Chota Nagpur and Sonthal Parganas	Men	4,379	2,064	3,648	2,909	1,515	819	9,542	5,792
	Women	4,041	2,035	3,397	2,538	1,614	827	9,052	5,400
	Total	8,420	4,099	7,045	5,447	3,129	1,646	18,594	11,192
Behar	Men	256	123	77	173	219	274	552	570
	Women	210	100	79	62	205	82	494	244
	Total	466	223	156	235	424	356	1,046	814
Bengal Proper and Orissa	Men	334	358	614	1,025	515	196	1,463	1,579
	Women	302	308	629	947	468	181	1,399	1,436
	Total	636	666	1,243	1,972	983	377	2,862	3,015
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	Men	186	153	92	224	1,939	655	2,217	1,032
	Women	195	119	91	168	2,052	641	2,348	928
	Total	381	272	183	392	4,001	1,296	4,565	1,960
Central Provinces	Men	1,049	1,079	796	1,375	1,632	1,281	3,477	3,685
	Women	959	891	1,041	1,317	1,623	1,304	3,623	3,512
	Total	2,008	1,970	1,837	2,642	3,255	2,585	7,100	7,197
Madras	Men	84	206	57	235	512	484	653	925
	Women	85	135	38	140	508	432	631	707
	Total	169	341	95	375	1,020	916	1,284	1,632
Bombay	Men	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
	Women	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Nepal	Men	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
	Women	...	...	...	1	5	...	5	1
	Total	...	...	...	2	5	...	5	2
Assam	Men	...	...	...	...	60	59	60	59
	Women	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	...	...	...	60	59	60	59
Total	Men	6,288	3,983	5,284	5,892	6,392	3,769	17,964	13,644
	Women	5,792	3,588	5,275	5,173	6,485	3,167	17,552	12,228
	Grand total	12,080	7,571	10,559	11,065	12,877	7,236	35,516	25,872

In spite of the decline, as compared with 1898, in the number of coolies imported, there was an increase in importations from Bengal, Madras, and the Central Provinces. From the last mentioned provinces 19,876 immigrants came to Assam in 1897, 7,100 in 1898, and 7,197 in 1899. In each of the years 1895 and 1896, the number of immigrants from the North-Western Provinces was about 19,000, the large number being due to famine, but in subsequent years immigrations from these provinces decreased, and the number during the year under report was only 1,960.

399. The following table shows the proportion borne by women to the total number of adult immigrants from the different areas of recruitment:

Female immigrants.

Locality of recruitment.	Percentage of women to total adult immigrants among—							
	Sardari immigrants.		Contractors' immigrants.		Non-Act immigrants.		All adult immigrants.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898 —	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Chota Nagpur and Sonthal Parganas ...	47·9	49·6	48·2	46·6	51·5	50·2	48·6	48·2
Behar	45·0	44·8	50·6	26·4	48·3	23·0	47·2	29·9
Bengal Proper and Orissa ...	47·4	46·2	50·6	48·0	47·6	48·0	48·8	47·6
North-Western Provinces and Oudh ...	51·1	43·7	49·7	42·8	51·5	49·4	51·4	47·3
Central Provinces	47·7	45·2	56·6	49·8	49·8	50·4	51·0	48·8

Of the total number of coolies recruited, only 47·2 per cent. were women, as compared with 49·4 and 47·8 in the years 1898 and 1897, respectively. As already explained, the circumstances of the year did not encourage the immigration of entire families.

400. The statement below shows for each division and district the extent to which Act labourers were recruited by garden sardars and by contractors respectively, and the average number imported by each sardar:

Extent to which Act labourers were recruited by contractors and garden sardars.

District.	Number of certificates granted to garden sardars.		Number of sardari coolies recruited.		Average number of recruits per sardar.		Number of contractors' coolies imported.		Percentage of increase or decrease of importations of Act labourers during 1899, as compared with 1898.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	Sardari.	Contractors'.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cachar	93	107	371	257	3·9	2·4	440	84	—30·7	—80·9
Sylhet	178*	379	675	171	3·7	0·4	314	242	—74·6	—22·9
Total Surma Valley	271	486	1,046	428	3·8	0·8	754	326	—59·1	—56·7
Kamrup	18	36	121	67	6·7	1·8	102	22	—44·6	—78·4
Darrang	1,050	1,053	2,242	1,787	2·1	1·7	1,801	2,765	—20·3	+53·5
Nowgong	155	217	646	727	4·1	3·3	533	125	+12·5	—76·5
Sibsagar	1,559	1,973	4,802	2,688	3·0	1·4	2,099	2,511	—44·0	+19·6
Lakhimpur	1,316	1,646	3,223	1,874	2·4	1·1	5,270	5,316	—41·8	+0·8
Total Brahmaputra Valley ...	4,098	4,925	11,034	7,143	2·6	1·4	9,805	10,739	—35·2	+9·5
Grand total	4,369	5,411	12,080	7,571	2·7	1·4	10,559	11,065	—37·3	+4·7

* Exclusive of 6 certificates cancelled afterwards.

401. In 1899, comparatively little use was made of the Assam-Bengal Railway to convey coolies to the gardens in Cachar. Of a total of 2,542 coolies imported into Cachar, only 272 were brought by railway. The Deputy Commissioner of Cachar attributed this to the comparative cheapness of the river route, to the excellent arrangements for feeding immigrants on steamers, and to the fact that some owners of gardens who are financially interested in the Steamer Company naturally preferred to send coolies by the river route. Accurate statistics were not available for Sylhet; but as of the 4,917 immigrants to that district 1,799 came by river, the remainder apparently came by rail. The railway journey to the southern part of the Sylhet district is short, and the line runs close to many groups of gardens. Importation by rail to that district is, therefore, much more popular than in Cachar, where the railway journey is long, and is apparently at present not more convenient to the gardens than the steamer route.

Transit of immigrants to the Surma Valley.

402. The number of deaths which occurred among all classes of immigrants during transit between the port of embarkation and their destination in the Assam Valley was 133. 84 of which were due to cholera.

Mortality at Dhubri and during transit on the Brahmaputra.

The year 1899, like 1898, was a healthy one. The number of deaths *en route* in 1897 was 1,245 and in 1896, 768. The reduction in mortality was attributed to improved arrangements for the comfort of immigrants on steamers.

403. Amongst 6,993 immigrants who passed through the debarkation depôts in Sylhet and Cachar, no deaths were reported *en route* from Goalundo, and only 5 in the depôts.

Mortality during transit to the Surma Valley.

There is no check on these returns, which are compiled by Hospital Assistants in charge of depôts from the verbal statements of the sardars or peons accompanying immigrants, but they show that mortality was very low.

404. The number of immigrants inoculated against cholera at Purulia before importation was 2,246. None of these coolies died in transit, and 7 died after arrival on their gardens. The percentage of deaths from cholera *en route* (between the port of embarkation and the garden) among coolies in general was ·294.

Anti-cholera inoculation.

SECTION 2, *Immigration and Labour Inspection.*

405. Cases of alleged fraud or irregularity in recruitment were, as usual, carefully enquired into. Two classes of cases were enquired into at Dhubri:

Fraudulent and irregular recruitment.

(*a*) Cases instituted in consequence of communications received from the districts of recruitment either in the form of a letter from the Magistrate or Subdivisional Officer or District Superintendent of Police, or in the form of a petition or letter by post from the relation of the person alleged to have been fraudulently recruited.

(*b*) Those instituted on complaint made at Dhubri by persons concerned at the time of registration.

There were 34 cases of the (*a*) class and 23 of the (*b*) class. In 30 cases of the (*a*) class no trace was found of the persons enquired after. Four persons were traced, and of these, the contracts of two were cancelled after enquiry. The remaining two cases were still under enquiry at the close of the year. Of the 23 complaints made by coolies or batches of coolies, 10 were found to be entirely false, and the persons were sent on to their gardens. In one case a woman declared, after making her complaint, her willingness to proceed to the garden. In 5 cases the complaints of fraudulent recruitment having been found to be true, the coolies were sent to their homes. In 6 of the remaining 7 cases, 20 coolies were concerned, the contracts of 8 of whom were cancelled, the remaining 12 persons were sent on to their gardens. One case was pending at the close of the year.

During 1899, 157 cases were enquired into in the recruiting districts, of which 76 were found to be true, 36 false, 19 were not proved, and 26 were pending at the close of the year. The corresponding figures for 1898 were 84, 38, 21, 17, and 8 respectively. The increase in the number of cases in 1899 was principally due to the difficulty of obtaining coolies by fair means during a prosperous year.

406. The statement below shows the additions to, and deductions from, the total labour force of the province during the year 1899:

Statistics of labour force.

Labour force remaining at the end of 1898	634,519
ADDITIONS—	
Imported by contractors or garden sardars, including free labourers and dependents imported direct	31,908
Local labour contracts entered into under sections 111 and 112 of Act I of 1882 ...	27,624
Received from other gardens	6,614
Deserters recaptured	623
Remaining after expiry of contract	35,662
Otherwise obtained	24,686
Births	16,857
Total of additions	143,974
DEDUCTIONS—	
Transferred to other gardens	5,051
Left with permission or on expiry of contract	75,370
Deaths	17,610
Desertions	19,560
Free labourers put under contract	22,081
Contracts cancelled under section 11A	67
Contracts cancelled under sections 111, 140, or 177, Act I of 1882 ...	2
Contracts cancelled under section 122	389
Contracts cancelled under section 129	...
Contracts redeemed under section 142	10
Contracts dissolved by mutual consent	2,145
Total of deductions	142,285
Net increase during the year	1,689
Grand total at the close of the year	636,208

The number of additions to the labour force was far smaller than in 1898. The number of casualties, however, declined in proportion, the net result being an increase of ·26 per cent. in the total labour force at the close of the year.

407. The total labour force at the beginning of each of the last three years and the mean strength for the two half-years of 1899 are shown in the table below:

Mean strength of the labour force.

Class of labourers.	1st January 1897.	1st January 1898.	1st January 1899.	1st July 1899.	Mean strength for the first half-year of 1899.	31st December 1899.	Mean strength for the second half-year of 1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Act adults	135,670	148,192	138,010	132,019	135,014	131,897	131,958
Non-Act Adults	241,124	251,783	258,071	272,435	265,253	263,536	267,985
Non-Act Children	212,085	232,833	238,438	240,503	239,470	240,775	240,639
Total	588,879	632,808	634,519	644,957	639,738	636,208	640,582

The labour force of the province was at its maximum in July 1898, when it exceeded by nearly 6,000 the force on the 1st July 1899.

The total labour force increased only in the districts of Darrang and Lakhimpur. In Darrang the increase was mainly in non-Act adults; there was a slight increase in the number of children, while the number of Act adults declined. In Lakhimpur the increase was also mainly in non-Act adults, there being but slight variation under the other heads.

408. The nationality and sex of the adult labour force during the two years 1898 and 1899 are shown in the following statement:

Nationality and sex of the adult labour force.

Nationality.	Sex.	Act.		Non-Act.		Total.		Ratio of nationality.
		1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bengal. Chota Nagpur and Sonthal Parganas ...	Men ...	40,211	38,775	49,411	49,500	89,622	88,215	44·4
	Women ...	36,341	35,155	50,718	52,157	87,059	87,312	
Bengal. Behar	Men ...	4,094	3,791	9,668	9,997	13,762	13,788	6·5
	Women ..	3,194	2,783	8,991	9,208	12,185	11,991	
Bengal. Bengal Proper and Orissa	Men ...	8,029	7,727	23,587	23,576	31,616	31,303	16·9
	Women ...	8,420	8,071	27,257	27,528	35,677	35,599	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh ...	Men ...	4,422	3,911	27,339	26,089	31,761	30,000	15·8
	Women ...	3,793	3,216	29,937	29,145	33,730	32,361	
Central Provinces	Men ...	12,205	11,574	8,245	9,842	20,450	21,416	10·7
	Women ...	11,119	10,701	8,407	10,066	19,526	20,767	
Madras	Men ...	2,750	2,720	2,811	3,133	5,570	5,853	2·9
	Women ...	2,012	1,969	3,005	3,469	5,017	5,438	
Bombay	Men ...	20	8	42	66	62	74	...
	Women ...	17	6	28	48	45	54	
Nepal	Men ...	31	28	122	92	153	120	...
	Women ...	5	3	74	65	79	68	
Assam	Men	854	976	5,707	6,743	6,561	7,719	2·8
	Women ...	484	543	2,722	2,812	3,206	3,355	
Total	Men ...	72,625	69,450	126,932	129,038	199,557	198,488	...
	Women ...	65,385	62,447	131,139	134,498	196,524	196,945	
Grand total	.....	138,010	131,897	258,071	263,536	396,081	395,433	100·01

Compared with 1898, the variations in the percentages of the total labour force under each of the several nationalities were slight. The increase in the number of natives of Assam was noticeable. These coolies consist of Kacharis and others, who went up the Brahmaputra Valley

SECTION 2. *Immigration and Labour Inspection.*

in the working season from Kamrup district to work in the gardens, principally of Darrang and Sibsagar, and of Nagas, who came down from the hills of Sibsagar and Lakhimpur. Since the destruction of cultivation by the earthquake and floods of 1897, increased numbers of Kacharis and others have left their homes annually in the working season to work on the tea gardens in Darrang.

The percentages of Act and non-Act labourers of each nationality are given in the table below:

Nationality.	1898.	1899.		
	Total.	Act labourers.	Non-Act labourers.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
Bengal ... Chota Nagpur and Sonthal Parganas ...	44·6	56·0	38·6	44·4
Bengal ... Behar	6·6	5·0	7·3	6·5
Bengal ... Bengal Proper and Orissa	16·9	12·0	19·4	16·9
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	16·6	5·4	21·0	15·8
Central Provinces	10·1	16·9	7·6	10·7
Madras	2·7	3·6	2·5	2·9
Assam	2·5	1·1	3·6	2·8
Total	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0

The proportion of each nationality to the total labour force was practically the same as in 1898. The proportion of natives of Assam under Act-I agreement rose from ·9 to 1·1 per cent. of the whole Act strength, and that of non-Act Assamese from 3·2 to 3·6 per cent. of the non-Act force.

409. The statement below gives the mean strength of the labour force in each district for each half-year of 1899 and for the whole year. The percentages of mortality and desertions are calculated from these figures:

Mean strength of the labour force in each district.

District.	Act.			Non-Act						Total annual strength.		
				Adults.			Children.					
	First half-year.	Second half-year.	Annual mean.	First half-year.	Second half-year.	Annual mean.	First half-year.	Second half-year.	Annual mean.	First half-year.	Second half-year.	Annual mean.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Cachar ...	3,511	2,894	3,202	75,160	75,119	75,139	46,875	47,294	47,084	125,546	125,309	125,427
Sylhet ...	10,248	8,784	9,516	74,718	75,661	75,190	58,245	58,643	58,444	143,212	143,089	143,150
Kamrup ...	597	533	565	2,092	2,050	2,071	1,227	1,174	1,200	3,916	3,757	3,836
Darrang ...	25,093	24,631	24,862	21,645	23,127	22,386	24,522	24,882	24,702	71,261	72,640	71,950
Nowgong ...	6,989	6,709	6,849	7,022	6,947	6,984	6,406	6,431	6,418	20,418	20,088	20,253
Sibsagar ...	42,751	42,555	42,653	45,525	45,767	45,646	58,394	58,343	58,368	146,671	146,666	146,668
Lakhimpur ...	45,824	45,849	45,836	39,090	39,313	39,201	43,799	43,870	43,835	128,713	129,032	128,872
Total	135,014	131,958	133,486	265,253	267,985	266,619	239,470	240,639	240,054	639,778	640,582	640,160

410. The number of contracts made in 1899, as compared with the preceding year, is shown below :

Number of contracts made.

	1898.	1899.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
1	2	3	4
In the actual labour districts under section 111 of the Act	13,671	11,497	—15·9
In the actual labour districts under section 112 of the Act	15,066	16,127	+ 7·0
At Dhubri under section 112A of the Act	5,700	5,566	— 2·3
In the recruiting districts	16,936	13,071	—22·8
Total	51,373	46,261	— 9·9

There is a growing tendency towards an increase in the number of contracts made under section 112, *i.e.*, for more than one year, in the actual labour districts.

The number of contracts returned as executed under section 492 of the Indian Penal Code was 1,683 against 3,394 in 1898.

The Deputy Commissioner of Cachar reported that contracts under this section seemed to be used only for the importation of coolies, renewals being made by a verbal contract under Act XIII, brief particulars of which are noted in a register. In Lakhimpur contracts under section 492 were executed principally by coolies engaged by the Assam Railways and Trading Company. The great difference between the number recruited under this section in Sibsagar in 1898 and 1899 was apparently due to the substitution of contracts under Act I for Act XIII and section 492 contracts in a few gardens. No returns were available for contracts under Act XIII, by which most of the coolies in the Surma Valley are bound. Contracts under this Act were reported to be gaining in favour in part of Darrang district, while losing ground in Sibsagar.

411. Details of local contracts entered into in the actual labour districts, the classes of labourers who entered into them, and the periods of the contracts, are given in the table below :

Details of local contracts.

District.	Section 111.	Section 112.	Class of labourers.				Number of years.					
			Newly-imported.	Time-expired.	Old Act coolies transferred.	Local.	Under one year.	One.	Two.	Under two and a half.	Three.	Four.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Cachar	21	42	6	30	...	...	...	24	...	1	11	...
Sylhet	2,708	510	510	2,680	...	28	...	2,708	...	...	488	22
Kamrup	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darrang	2,753	1,775	...	3,605	...	923	...	2,829	971	7	364	357
Nowgong ...	661	203	...	60	...	810	...	161	93*	...	68	48
Sibsagar ...	2,430	6,808	369	8,743	...	536	189	3,193	4,677†	...	1,135	46
Lakhimpur ...	2,921	6,813	7	9,522	...	205	5	3,226	5,496‡	998	513‖	395¶
Total of 1899 ...	11,497	16,127	882	24,240	...	2,502	194	12,641	11,235	107	2,579	868
„ „ 1898 ...	13,671	15,066	1,200	24,764	...	2,773	158	15,034	10,310	826	1,768	647

* Includes one contract under two years.
† „ 977 contracts under two years.
‡ „ 3 „ „
§ Includes 4 contracts under 2½ years.
‖ „ 6 „ „ 3 „
¶ „ 18 „ „ 4 „

412. The following table shows for what periods contracts were executed at Dhubri during 1898 and 1899 :

Periods of contracts executed at Dhubri.

Year.	Three-year contracts.			Four-year contracts.			Total contracts.		
	Labourers.	Dependents.	Total.	Labourers.	Dependents.	Total.	Labourers.	Dependents.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1898 ...	*113*	*72*	*185*	*5,587*	*2,181*	*7,768*	*5,700*	*2,253*	*7,953*
1899 ...	209	170	379	5,357	1,240	6,597	5,566	1,410	6,976

It will be noticed that, as in previous years, nearly all the Dhubri contracts were executed for the maximum term of four years.

SECTION 2.

Immigration and Labour Inspection.

Expiry and cancelment of contracts.

413. The table below shows the number of contracts which expired by lapse of time, the number of such expiries reported, and the number of contracts cancelled or determined during the year under the different sections of the Act:

District.	Number shown in garden returns as time-expired.	Number of time-expired contracts reported under section 141.	Number cancelled under section 11A.	Number cancelled by Inspector under section 111A.	Number cancelled by Inspector under section 111B.	Number suspended by Inspector for temporary unfitness, section 120.	Number cancelled by Inspector for permanent incapacity, section 122.	Number made void by finding of Committee or by orders of Local Government by reason of unfitness of estate, sections 129 and 132.	Number cancelled by Magistrate under section 140.	Number cancelled by Magistrate under section 140A.	Number redeemed under section 142.	Number dissolved by mutual consent.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Cachar	1,206	1,206	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	5,993	5,913*	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	10
Kamrup ...	69	67	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	74
Darrang	7,534	7,371	16	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	4	449
Nowgong ...	1,581	1,575	2†	...	...	...	73	...	...	...	...	1
Sibsagar ...	11,392	12,304	14	...	...	...	55	...	2	...	...	912
Lakhimpur ...	12,745	12,745	29	...	...	...	239	...	...	...	6	699
Total for 1899 ...	40,430	41,181	69	...	...	...	389	...	2	...	10	2,145
„ *1898* ...	*47,274*	*47,458‡*	*33*	*1*	...	...	*690*	*20*	...	...	*8*	*2,000*

* This includes 10 contracts, which were dissolved by mutual consent.

† Cancelled at the depôt and repatriated from there, and were not sent to the garden.

‡ This includes 783 contracts, which were dissolved by mutual consent.

Section 141.—Notice of determination of contracts.—In Darrang, 163 determinations of contracts were not reported. In the province generally, there was a great improvement in such reporting.

Section 11A.—Cancelment of contracts for irregularities in recruitment.—The number of such cancellations rose from 33 to 69, 47 of which were of the contracts of women who had come to the province unaccompanied by husband or guardian. Some of these were very distressing cases, and the Chief Commissioner has had before him ample evidence that the present law affords undue facilities for the recruitment of such women.

Section 122.—Cancelment of contracts for permanent incapacity.—The number of contracts cancelled in 1898 and 1899, owing to the persons bound by them becoming permanently incapacitated for labour, the proportion of such labourers who were newly imported and the agency by which they were imported, are shown in the following statement:

District.	Number of contracts cancelled under section 122.		Newly imported.	Agency by which imported.		
	1898.	1899.		Contractor.	Sardar.	Locally engaged.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cachar	4	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	20	4	...	4	...	...
Kamrup	...	2	2	2	...	...
Darrang	37	16	...	16	...	...
Nowgong	161	73	2	65	8	...
Sibsagar	139	55	21	21	33	1
Lakhimpur	329	239	44	205	34	...
Total	690	389	69	313	75	1

Contracts dissolved by mutual consent.—The number of contracts dissolved by mutual consent in 1899 was 2,145, against 2,000 in the previous year.

Of the 449 contracts cancelled in Darrang, 120 were cancelled with a view to renewal, 4 were those of new coolies whose contracts were cancelled, as they were found unfit to labour, and 2 were those of persons who had been fraudulently recruited, and who were repatriated by the manager. The contracts determined in this manner in Sibsagar are reported to have been generally dissolved with a view to renewal. Of 699 contracts dissolved by mutual consent in Lakhimpur, 549 were renewed.

No contracts were made void during the year on account of estates being declared unfit for the residence of labourers. SECTION 2. *Immigration and Labour Inspection.*

Section 142.—*Redemption of contracts.*—Ten contracts were redeemed—four in Darrang and six in Lakhimpur. In 1898, eight contracts were redeemed, and in 1897, 25.

In Sibsagar, the only district in which advantage was taken during the year 1899 of the provisions of the Act under which the term of a contract may be extended for absence from work, endorsements were made by Inspectors on contracts extending the period of contract in 147 cases.

414. Certain particulars are given in the following table regarding the repatriation of labourers on tea gardens whose contracts were cancelled under the provisions of the Act :

Repatriation of labourers whose contracts were cancelled.

1	2												3									
	Number of contracts cancelled.												Number of coolies repatriated.									
District.	Under section 11A.		Under section 11B.		Under section 111A.		Under section 111B.		Under section 122.		Under section 139.		Under section 140.		Under section 140A.		Total.		Under section 11C (section 11A).		Under section 142B (section 122).		Under section 142C.		Under section 142D (111A, 111B).		Under section 142E.		Total.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
Cachar	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	8	...	8	4	...	15	...	...	...	10	4	29	12
Sylhet	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	20	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	4	1	...	20	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	27	...
Kamrup	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Darrang	1	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	32	1	14	29	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	30
Nowgong	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	161	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	161	75	...	2	75	27	2	1	...	...	...	...	77	30
Sibsagar	10	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	139	55	...	...	2	...	...	...	149	71	7*	13	91	15	...	2	...	...	...	...	98	30
Lakhimpur	21	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	329	239	...	...	...	...	...	...	350	268	14	29	267	171	8	...	...	...	2	1	291	201
Total	33	69	...	...	1	...	...	...	690	389	...	...	2	...	...	...	724	460	23	66	486	231	30	3	...	...	13	5	552	305

	4										5					
	Coolies whose contracts were cancelled under section 122, and who were not repatriated.										Cost of repatriation charged to the Inland Labour Transport Fund.					
District.	Number who will be repatriated when a sardar is available to accompany them.		Number who preferred to remain on the garden or in the district.		Number who died.		Number who absconded.		Number sent to a lunatic asylum.		Under section 142C.		Under section 142E.		Total.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
											Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cachar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	339 15 6	...	...	...	339 15 6	...
Sylhet	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	196 1 6	...	...	...	196 1 6	...
Kamrup	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 10 0	...	...	...	16 10 0
Darrang	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73 3 9	...	...	...	73 3 9	...
Nowgong	...	...	25	38	22	6	39	2	...	...	39 0 0	...	...	...	39 0 0	...
Sibsagar	...	...	42	40	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	39 0 0	...	...	...	39 0 0
Lakhimpur	...	...	62	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	119 4 9	...	65	...	184 4 9	...
Total	...	...	137	150	28	6	39	2	...	...	767 9 6	55 10 0	65	...	832 9 6	55 10 0

* Excluding 3 sent down under warrant received from the recruiting district under section 90, Criminal Procedure Code, before their contracts were cancelled.

SECTION 2.

Immigration and Labour Inspection.

Wages.

415. The figures given in the following statement are based on information obtained by officers inspecting gardens, who are required to ascertain the wages paid during the month preceding that in which the inspection is held :

Subdivision.	Act.		Non-Act.		
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Children.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cachar sadr	4 14 6	3 9 6	5 0 1	4 0 2	2 8 0
Hailakandi	4 7 11	3 8 1	4 14 11	3 13 11	2 3 10
North Sylhet	4 6 5	2 14 6	4 13 11	3 3 1	2 3 8
South „	4 5 10	3 13 1	4 12 8	3 7 5	2 1 4
Karimganj	4 2 11	4 5 2	4 4 8	3 5 4	2 6 7
Habiganj	4 3 8	3 2 9	4 15 4	3 11 11	2 0 5
Kamrup	4 7 8	3 10 8	4 12 4	3 13 1	2 5 10
Darrang sadr	4 5 7	3 10 3	5 5 0	3 5 2	2 3 4
Mangaldai	4 1 11	2 13 10	5 11 0	3 4 3	1 12 1
Nowgong	4 11 9	3 10 10	5 9 9	3 14 2	2 6 9
Sibsagar sadr	5 4 0	3 13 11	5 11 8	3 12 4	2 7 3
Jorhat	5 6 8	4 9 1	7 4 5	5 1 0	2 10 1
Golaghat	5 11 0	4 0 5	5 14 1	3 15 2	2 15 2
Lakhimpur sadr	5 1 7	4 0 7	6 2 2	4 8 10	2 14 0
North Lakhimpur	4 12 0	3 14 3	5 0 8	3 9 8	1 15 0

416. The following table gives particulars of cases filed during 1899, in which tea-planters or garden coolies were concerned :

Offences committed by tea-planters and garden coolies.

District.	Subdivision.	Non-fulfilment of contract under Act XIII of 1859.			Absence or desertion under Act I of 1882.		Garden sardar's failure to return, Act I of 1882.		Enticing coolies, Act I of 1882.		Intimidation, assault, or confinement by planters to compel coolies to enter into agreement or stay on garden.		Other offences by planters against coolies.		Unlawful assembly or rioting by coolies.			Assaults or insults by coolies on or to planters or their servants.		Theft or burglaries, etc., by coolies.	
		Number of cases.		Number of coolies sent to jail or fined.	Number of cases.		Number of cases.		Number of cases.		Number of cases.		Number of cases.		Number of cases.			Number of cases.		Number of cases.	
		Complaints.	Convictions.		Complaints.	Convictions.	Complaints.	Convictions.	Complaints.	Convictions.	Complaints.	Convictions.	Complaints.	Convictions.	Complaints.	Convictions.	Number of coolies sentenced.	Complaints.	Convictions.	Complaints or *challan*.	Convictions.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Cachar ...	Sadr	137	13	3	20	9	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	3	3	15	1	1	3	2
	Hailakandi ...	23	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Sylhet ...	North Sylhet ...	16	4	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Karimganj ...	16	5	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	11	...	2	...	2	2	10	1	...	3	2
	South Sylhet ...	37	...	...	37	11	...	...	1	...	12	...	2	...	2	2	11	...	...	6	4
	Habiganj ...	5	1	...	7	6	...	...	2	1	2	...	2	...	2	2	14	2	2	2	2
Darrang ...	Sadr	8	7	...	31	34	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	13	...	...	6	6
	Mangaldai ...	15	11	1	11	4	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	7
Nowgong ...	Sadr	2	2	...	12	7	5	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar ...	Ditto	9	2	...	60	27	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	5	...	...	21	16
	Jorhat	38*	33	5	61	23	35	3	5	4	1	1	2	1	4	4	27	1	1	13	6
	Golaghat	99	48	6	73	34	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	2	51	...	...	5	5
	Total	405	135	20	314	159	48	8	13	9	29	3	10	1	18	18	146	5	4	67	50
Lakhimpur ...	Sadr	Details not given. In 187 cases under Act I of 1882, 210 coolies were convicted, and in 13 cases under Act XIII of 1859, 14 coolies were convicted.											10	2	3	3	28	4	4	18	16
	North Lakhimpur ...																				

*This includes three cases of coolies under contract under section 492 of the Indian Penal Code.

SECTION 2.

Immigration and Labour Inspection.

No details of complaints under Act XIII of 1859 or Act I of 1882 were furnished from the district of Lakhimpur. Excluding this district, of 719 complaints by managers of absence or desertion of coolies under Act XIII of 1859 or Act I of 1882, only 41 per cent. led to conviction, the proportion being much higher under the latter than under the former Act, owing to the large number of infructuous complaints filed under Act XIII in the Cachar and Sylhet districts. The commonest reason for the failure of complaints was that the deserter could not be traced. This was the case with 70 cases out of 137 in the sadr subdivision of the Cachar district, with 14 out of 23 complaints in the Hailakandi subdivision of this district, and with 35 out of 37 complaints filed in South Sylhet. It is worth noting that 16 cases were struck off in the Golaghat subdivision of the Sibsagar district, because the dependents intimated their willingness to return to their gardens and work off their contracts, as the permanent manager had returned. Very few coolies were sent to jail under Act XIII. Complaints against recruiting sardars for not returning to their gardens were of importance only in the Jorhat subdivision of Sibsagar. They were filed by several managers, but were mostly struck off, apparently because the deserting sardar could not be traced. There were only 13 cases in which persons were charged with enticement. In 30 cases coolies were charged by garden managers with illegally resisting their authority by rioting, taking part in an unlawful assembly, assaults, or insult, and in all but one of these cases, the defendants were convicted. In 21 cases of a serious complexion, 174 coolies were sentenced. Excluding the Lakhimpur district, in only 67 cases were coolies charged at the manager's instance with other offences under the Penal Code, and in 50 of these conviction followed complaint.

Turning now to cases in which coolies were the complainants, in 29 cases managers were charged with using force or intimidation to procure the renewal of a contract, which is, of course, an offence requiring strict repression. Of these 29 cases, 26 occurred in the Sylhet district, and in only one of them did the Magistrate convict. There were 10 other cases of complaints by coolies against planters, but only one led to conviction. A number of them were merely cross complaints of assault connected with cases in which coolies were charged with rioting.

417. The following table shows the number of desertions reported among the adult tea-garden population, district by district, for the past two years:

Desertions.

District.	Total desertions among adults.		Desertions among Act population.		Desertions among non-Act population.		Percentage of desertions on strength among					
							Act population.		Non-Act population.		Total adult population.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Cachar	3,182	2,629	330	338	2,852	2,291	7·48	10·74	3·78	3·04	3·98	3·36
Sylhet	6,028	4,300	740	327	5,283	3,973	6·08	3·41	7·08	5·28	6·94	5·07
Kamrup	370	328	51	32	319	296	7·96	5·47	15·82	14·33	13·94	12·49
Darrang	2,098	1,843	899	794	1,199	1,049	3·27	3·19	6·16	4·69	4·47	3·90
Nowgong	545	533	363	232	182	301	4·70	3·39	2·54	4·30	3·66	3·86
Sibsagar	2,711	2,250	1,331	1,044	1,380	1,206	2·95	2·44	3·14	2·64	3·05	2·54
Lakhimpur	3,035	2,924	1,589	1,243	1,446	1,681	3·47	2·71	3·68	4·28	3·57	3·43
Total	17,969	14,807	5,303	4,010	12,666	10,797	3·70	3·01	4·84	4·04	4·43	3·70

On the whole, there was a considerable decrease in the number of desertions. The coolie population during 1899 consisted, to a larger extent than usual, of seasoned labourers, who do not desert so freely as new arrivals. As noted in last year's report, Mr. Baker, Subdivisional Officer of the North Cachar Hills, was instructed to help in tracing coolies who deserted from gardens to work on the Assam-Bengal Railway. Many coolies were returned to their gardens, and their return served as a discouragement to intending deserters.

SECTION 2. *Immigration and Labour Inspection.*

Arrests and convictions of deserters under Act contracts.

418. The following table shows for each district (1) the number of desertions of labourers under contract under Act I of 1882; (2) the number of warrants issued for the arrest of such deserters; (3) the number of such deserters arrested, and (4) the number convicted of desertion (section 175, Act I of 1882):

District.	Number of deserters (Act labourers).	Number of warrants issued.	Number arrested					Number convicted.
			By warrant.	By manager.	By police.	By summons.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cachar	338	34	3	4	3	...	10	9
Sylhet	327	37	3	16	2	...	21	21
Kamrup	32	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darrang	794	99	18	16	...	4	38	37
Nowgong	232	7	1	6	...	...	7	4
Sibsagar	1,044	115	29	68	...	1	98	88
Lakhimpur	1,243	166	118	71	25	17	231	176
Total of 1899 ...	4,010	459	172	181	30	22	405	335
,, ,, *1898* ...	*5,303*	*414*	*113*	*232*	*19*	*6*	*730*	*350*

Cases under Act XIII of 1859.

419. Enquiries were made during the year into the complaints of tea-planters whose gardens lie along the Hill Tippera border that their Act-XIII coolies were being enticed across the frontier to develop Hill Tippera country. It was alleged that the Hill Tippera authorities gave no assistance in the recovery of such coolies by executing warrants. The Hill Tippera authorities denied that any enticement was practised to attract the coolies, and alleged that the execution of warrants was made difficult by the want of means of identifying the absconders. They suggested that, with each warrant for the arrest of a coolie, a person capable of identifying the coolie should be sent to help the State police. The question was still under discussion at the close of the year.

Proportion of desertions to labour force on healthy and unhealthy gardens, respectively.

420. The following table shows the proportion of desertions to labour force on healthy and unhealthy gardens:

District.	Mean strength.		Number of desertions.		Percentage of desertions to labour force.		
	Healthy gardens.	Unhealthy gardens.	Healthy gardens.	Unhealthy gardens.	Healthy gardens.	Unhealthy gardens.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Cachar	124,086	1,340	3,344	57	2·69	4·25	2·71
Sylhet	143,005	145	5,878	12	4·11	8·27	4·11
Kamrup	2,752	1,084	275	213	9·99	19·64	12·72
Darrang	69,614	2,336	1,980	214	2·84	9·16	3·05
Nowgong	16,132	4,121	511	135	3·16	3·25	3·19
Sibsagar	142,531	4,136	2,793	278	1·95	6·72	2·09
Lakhimpur	124,861	4,012	3,774	96	3·02	2·39	3·00
Total	622,981	17,174	18,555	1,005	2·98	5·85	3·06
Total of 1898	*594,234*	*48,044*	*21,266*	*1,963*	*3·58*	*4·08*	*3·61*

There were proportionately about twice as many desertions from unhealthy as there were from healthy gardens. These "deserters" include non-Act coolies, many of whom were under no sort of agreement. Of the 213 deserters in Kamrup, for instance, only 5 were Act coolies.

There was a decrease in the proportion of deserters of every nationality. As in previous years, the highest proportion of deserters was among coolies from the North-Western Provinces and the Central Provinces.

421. The following table shows the registered birth-rate on tea gardens during the past two years:

Birth-rate.

District.	Birth-rate calculated on tea-garden population.		Birth-rate calculated on adult female population.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5
Cachar	20·3	26·3	65·3	85·0
Sylhet	19·5	26·8	62·6	86·3
Kamrup	31·6	32·0	90·4	91·8
Darrang	18·7	21·5	59·8	70·0
Nowgong	18·0	19·5	54·1	59·0
Sibsagar	23·7	27·2	80·8	92·7
Lakhimpur	25·0	28·2	78·6	88·1
Total	21·6	26·3	69·9	85·1

Registration is no doubt very imperfect; but the hard work on which coolie women are employed is not calculated to raise the birth-rate.

422. The following table distributes the births amongst the different nationalities, and shows the birth-rate among each class calculated on the mean strength of adult females:

Birth-rate according to nationality.

—	Chota Nagpur and Sonthal Parganas.	Behar.	Bengal Proper and Orissa	North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Central Provinces.	Madras.	Assam.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Average strength of women under Act I or otherwise	88,023	12,118	35,762	33,254	20,122	5,186	3,375	197,966
Number of births	7,948	960	3,065	2,290	1,664	554	373	16,857
Birth-rate per 1,000...	90·3	79·2	85·7	68·8	82·7	106·8	110·5	85·1
" " " (1898)	76·3	70·1	76·3	48·8	64·0	67·1	89·2	6·99

Births amongst females from Bombay (1) and Nepal (2) are not shown, as the total population of these nationalities is very small.

The birth-rate is the highest registered for any year since 1892 and has improved in the case of every class of coolies.

SECTION 2.

Immigration and Labour Inspection.

Death-rate for the year.

423. Statistics of the mortality among all classes of the labouring population, including children for the year and each half-year separately are given in the table below, with the corresponding figures for the previous year:

District.	Deaths among all classes of labourers, including children.						Ratio of deaths per mille.					
							Half-yearly.				Annual.	
	First half-year.		Second half-year.		Total.		First half-year.		Second half-year.			
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Cachar	1,542	1,260	1,776	1,373	3,318	2,633	12·2	10·2	14·0	10·9	26·2	20·9
Sylhet	2,081	1,528	1,968	1,612	4,049	3,140	14·3	10·7	13·6	11·2	27·9	21·9
Kamrup	70	92	85	85	155	177	18·2	23·5	22·2	22·6	40·4	46·1
Darrang	1,087	1,141	1,237	1,278	2,324	2,419	15·0	16·0	17·4	17·6	2·4	33·6
Nowgong	427	432	520	432	947	864	19·5	21·1	24·3	21·5	43·8	42·6
Sibsagar	2,228	1,758	2,581	2,407	4,809	4,165	15·2	11·9	17·5	16·4	32·7	28·4
Lakhimpur...	2,088	1,786	2,327	2,426	4,415	4,212	16·3	13·8	18·0	18·8	34·3	32·6
Total	9,523	7,997	10,494	9,613	20,017	17,610	14·8	12·5	16·3	15·0	31 1	27·5

Although there is room for improvement in the registration of deaths, they were registered at least as accurately as in previous years, and it is therefore very satisfactory to note that the death-rate is substantially lower than that of 1898, which was the lowest hitherto recorded. The healthiness of the year and the comparatively small proportion of new immigrants account for the low death-rate, as they do for the increase in the birth-rate. In Kamrup and Darrang, the death-rate was higher than in 1898. The former district possesses very few gardens, and the high death rate is largely accounted for by the excessive unhealthiness of one of them, which has on that account been recently closed to Act labour. The increase in the registered death-rate in Darrang was due mainly to the more accurate registration of infant mortality. There was a slight decline in the death-rate of Act adults.

Death-rate amongst adults.

424. The following table shows the mortality amongst both Act and non-Act adult labourers during the past two years:

District.	Actual strength of total adult population of both Act and non-Act labourers.		Number of deaths among adults.						Ratio per mille of deaths to annual strength.					
			Act.		Non-Act.		Total.		Act.		Non-Act.		Total.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cachar...	79,584	78,342	248	99	2,318	1,833	2,566	1,932	57·1	31·6	30·7	24·4	32·2	24·6
Sylhet	86,632	84,706	413	281	2,599	1,986	3,012	2,267	34·0	29·1	34·8	26·4	34·7	26·7
Kamrup	2,650	2,636	34	48	76	75	110	123	53·1	84·8	37·7	36·1	41·5	46·5
Darrang	46,906	47,248	1,385	1,222	413	614	1,798	1,836	50·4	49·1	21·2	27·4	38·3	38·8
Nowgong	14,878	13,833	452	408	287	254	739	662	58·7	59·6	39·9	36·3	49·6	47·8
Sibsagar	88,816	88,299	2,130	1,720	1,352	1,258	3,482	2,978	47·3	40·2	30 7	27·5	39·1	33·7
Lakhimpur	84,974	85,038	2,066	2,034	1,091	995	3,157	3,029	45·1	44·3	27·5	25·3	37·1	35·6
Total	404,446	400,105	6,728	5,812	8,136	7,015	14,864	12,827	47·0	43·6	31·1	26·3	36·7	32·0

Having regard to the fact that these figures relate to an adult population only, the rate of mortality for Act coolies, or 43·6 per thousand, although it shows an improvement over previous years, must be deemed to be excessive.

425. The following table gives the recorded causes of death among adult Act coolies during the past two years:

Causes of death among Act labourers.

District.		Mean strength of Act labourers employed in 1899.	Deaths from							Total deaths.	Annual ratio of deaths per mille.
			Cholera.	Diarrhœa.	Dysentery.	Malarial fever.	Anæmia of coolies or *ancylostomiasis*.	Respiratory diseases.	Other causes.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cachar ...	1899	3,202	25	15	20	10	23	4	2	99	31·6
	1898	4,364	35	45	50	10	85	20	3	248	57·1
Sylhet ...	1899	9,516	22	19	27	28	41	53	91	281	29·1
	1898	12,079	44	44	62	40	25	79	119	413	34·0
Kamrup ...	1899	565	8	...	5	18	9	...	8	48	84·8
	1898	639	2	3	3	6	9	2	9	34	53·7
Darrang ...	1899	24,862	101	95	269	86	277	159	235	1,222	49·1
	1898	27,452	102	80	366	111	297	178	251	1,385	50·4
Nowgong ...	1899	6,849	21	19	73	127	41	36	91	408	59·6
	1898	7,710	17	13	96	141	65	16	104	452	58·7
Sibsagar ...	1899	42,653	161	177	397	116	174	287	408	1,720	40·2
	1898	44,968	234	146	612	123	192	318	505	2,130	47·3
Lakhimpur ...	1899	45,837	127	186	443	176	384	184	534	2,034	44·3
	1898	45,781	151	161	532	209	368	135	510	2,066	45·1
Total ...	1899	133,481	465	511	1,234	561	949	723	1,369	5,812	43·6
	1898	142,993	585	492	1,721	640	1,041	748	1,501	6,728	47·0
	1897	146,824	1,225	633	2,175	779	887	759	1,901	8,359	56·7

Except for a small increase of 19 in the number of deaths from diarrhœa, there was a decline all round in the mortality from every form of disease.

426. The table below shows the recorded causes of death amongst non-Act adult coolies during each of the past two years.

Causes of death among non-Act labourers.

District.		Mean strength of non-Act coolies employed in 1899.	Deaths from							Total deaths.	Annual ratio of deaths per mille.
			Cholera.	Diarrhœa.	Dysentery.	Malarial fever.	Anæmia of coolies or *ancylostomiasis*.	Respiratory diseases.	Other causes.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cachar ...	1899	75,139	125	249	438	358	250	158	255	1,833	24·4
	1898	75,220	347	375	658	405	261	160	112	2,318	30·7
Sylhet ...	1899	75,190	109	183	302	323	108	234	736	1,986	26·4
	1898	74,552	278	247	480	452	120	256	766	2,599	34·8
Kamrup ...	1899	2,071	3	7	10	30	7	4	5	75	36·1
	1898	2,011	5	3	8	36	7	3	14	76	37·7
Darrang ...	1899	22,386	53	40	108	89	103	46	175	614	27·4
	1898	19,452	21	79	59	86	69	23	76	413	21·2
Nowgong ...	1899	6,984	10	6	24	131	14	17	52	254	36·3
	1898	7,168	8	4	33	123	21	39	59	287	39·9
Sibsagar ...	1899	45,646	102	121	217	105	82	176	455	1,258	27·5
	1898	43,848	156	133	242	110	81	198	432	1,352	30·7
Lakhimpur ...	1899	39,201	62	85	156	106	153	125	308	995	25·3
	1898	39,193	89	78	218	117	117	80	392	1,091	27·5
Total ...	1899	266,617	455	691	1,255	1,151	717	760	1,986	7,015	26·3
	1898	261,444	904	919	1,698	1,329	676	759	1,851	8,136	31·1
	1897	255,373	1,266	864	2,357	1,827	1,297	882	2,230	10,723	41·9

SECTION 2. — *Immigration and Labour Inspection.*

Although the registration of non-Act deaths is inaccurate and the above figures fall probably considerably short of the full mortality amongst such coolies, there can be no doubt that the death-rate is really much lower than that among Act coolies. There are many reasons for this: the non-Act coolies generally belong to a better class and are better paid, but the principal reason undoubtedly is that they are ordinarily people who have become acclimatised before settling down as Act XIII or free coolies.

Mortality according to country of origin.

427. The following statement illustrates the mortality among adult tea-garden coolies distributed according to nationality:

Nationality.	Sex.	Annual strength of adults of both Act and non-Act labourers.		Deaths among adults of both classes.		Ratio per mille of deaths to annual strength.	
		1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bengal — Chota Nagpur and Sonthal parganas	Men	177,219	177,662	3,050	2,770	34·2	31·5
	Women			3,006	2,834		
Bengal — Behar	Men	26,708	25,861	520	335	34·5	22·4
	Women			401	247		
Bengal — Bengal Proper and Orissa	Men	69,333	67,206	976	809	28·7	25·7
	Women			1,019	921		
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	Men	67,604	64,159	1,454	1,075	41·4	34·1
	Women			1,342	1,116		
Central Provinces	Men	40,216	40,926	1,456	1,146	65·0	55·6
	Women			1,158	1,133		
Madras	Men	10,507	10,772	164	128	31·0	27·2
	Women			162	167		
Assam	Men	12,520	13,189	90	68	12·4	10·2
	Women			65	67		
Total	Men	205,391	202,139	7,709	6,338	37·5	31·3
	Women	199,055	197,966	7,155	6,489	35·9	32·7
Grand total	.....	404,446	400,105	14,864	12,827	36·7	32·0

N.B.—The deaths among coolies from Bombay (1 male and 2 females) and Nepal (6 males and 2 females) are included in the total, but are not shown separately, as the total number of such coolies is small.

Proportion of unhealthy gardens.

428. The following statement shows the number and proportion of unhealthy gardens in each district during the last two years. Gardens are classed as unhealthy on which the average mortality, either for the garden population as a whole, or for the Act or non-Act population taken separately, exceeds 7 per cent., and the number of deaths from which the average is struck is not less than 10:

District.	Total number of gardens.		Number of unhealthy gardens.		Percentage of unhealthy gardens.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cachar	188	186	4	1	2·1	0·5
Sylhet	138	135*	7	1	5·0	0·7
Kamrup	30	30	2	3	6·6	10·0
Darrang	91	98	6	6	6·5	6·1
Nowgong	50	49	8	8	16·0	16·3
Sibsagar	168	169	16	7	9·5	4·1
Lakhimpur	150	154	12	5	8·0	3·2
Total	815	821	55	31	6·7	3·7

* This figure does not include Dona and Natwanpur tea gardens, which submit returns to Cachar, and Panchas tea garden, which does not submit Returns Nos. 50 and 51.

Previous to 1889, only those gardens were placed on the unhealthy list which were unhealthy in respect of the total population. For the purpose of comparison, the following table is added showing the number of unhealthy gardens in each district during the years 1882 to 1899, *i.e.*, since Act I of 1882 came into force, classified according to the method in force before 1899 :

District.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Cachar	3	5	9	1	10	7	7	12	1	5	8	3	2	...	2	10	...	...
Sylhet	...	14	15	18	13	5	4	10	1	3	3	...	...	...	...	5	1	...
Kamrup	2	2	3	3	...	...	2	1	6	4	5	1	1	1	...	...	...	1
Darrang	14	14	14	9	8	10	12	10	2	5	12	...	...	3	2	4	...	1
Nowgong	16	14	16	3	4	2	2	6	2	3	5	5	7	...	1	...	...	1
Sibsagar	7	11	25	5	15	10	21	18	11	6	14	1	6	2	...	5	...	2
Lakhimpur	15	13	11	3	14	15	17	12	5	4	8	4	5	5	5	15	7	4
Total	57	73	93	42	64	49	65	69	28	30	55	14	21	11	10	39	8	9

429. At the beginning of the year 1899, there were 858 gardens on the register. The number of gardens on the Cachar register decreased by 41, 40 being estates on which no coolies were employed, which were included in the list for 1898. One garden was closed and four gardens amalgamated with others in Sylhet. In Darrang, the Tezpur saw-mill was struck off the list, as it no longer employs Act labour, and eight new gardens were opened. One garden in Nowgong employing no coolies was struck off the register. In Sibsagar one and in Lakhimpur three new gardens were opened, and one old garden in Lakhimpur was re-opened, leaving 823 gardens on the register for the province at the end of the year.

Number of gardens submitting returns and liable to inspection.

430. Seven hundred and fifty-seven gardens were liable to inspection, as employing Act coolies or more than 50 non-Act coolies. Of these, 746 were inspected, and one garden, which employed less than 50 labourers, was also inspected. Of the 11 gardens liable to inspection, which remained uninspected, three were in the district of Cachar. Four gardens of one Company were left uninspected in Sylhet through a mistake. All gardens were inspected in Kamrup, Nowgong, and Sibsagar. In Darrang one garden and in Lakhimpur two gardens remained uninspected. The estate entered in the return as uninspected in Sibsagar was the Marangial saw-mill, which was inspected under the Factories Act.

Inspection.

431. District officers were requested to dwell on the subject of the relations between coolies and their employers at a greater length and detail than usual in their reports for 1899, and 34 cases of conflict between employers or their officers and labourers, or between labourers themselves, have been mentioned in the district reports. The majority of these disturbances were, however, very trivial, and they afford no indication of the existence of any general dissatisfaction of coolies with their managers, relations between whom were on the same good footing as in previous years. The districts which reported the largest number of cases were Sylhet (12), Sibsagar (12), and Cachar (5). Cases in which managers or their Babus are complainants almost invariably have their origin in the dissatisfaction of the labour force at some change introduced in well-established methods of work by a new manager. Occasionally a coolie who has a grievance against the manager on account of stopped pay, or a suspicion of interference with his women, induces other coolies to join him in an assault on the manager. Cases brought by coolies against managers were either cases of assault (in the Karimganj subdivision there were 4 of these) or of attempted rape. The Deputy Commissioner of Sylhet, who regards the "wave of unrest" on tea gardens so much discussed in certain sections of the press as a myth, says —

Relations between employers and labourers.

> A constant source of friction on some gardens is the occurrence of disputes as to whether Act-XIII agreements have expired or not.

and recommends, among other things, that these contracts should invariably be written.

This is a sound suggestion. The Chief Commissioner is obliged to add that the working of Act XIII is a source of considerable anxiety to the Administration.

SECTION 2. *Immigration and Labour Inspection.*

The Deputy Commissioner of Darrang, in whose district, containing 72,000 coolies, there were only two cases, reports :

The supply of labour is now so restricted and the cost of importation is so heavy, that one of the principal duties of a manager is to secure the confidence of his employés, and to succeed in attaching them to the garden, and Agents and Directors regard with but scanty favour a planter who cannot pull with his labour force.

A brief account is given below of some of the more important cases :

In June Mr. Falckytter, a new assistant manager in Cachar, kicked a coolie, who was digging a hole to plant a post for a house. The coolie's spleen was ruptured, and he died. Mr. Falckytter was tried and acquitted by the Sessions Judge. While the trial was pending, Mr. Falckytter, who appears to have been a hasty-tempered man and unsympathetic with his coolies, had another dispute with some of them and was ruthlessly beaten. In three other cases in Cachar, managers or their Babus had more or less serious encounters with their coolies.

In May Mr. Bellwood, the manager of the Nadua tea estate in Lakhimpur district, was seriously assaulted with sticks by six coolies of his estate, instigated by a girl who alleged that Mr. Bellwood had outraged, or wanted to outrage, her. Mr. Bellwood was so badly beaten that his condition was for some time critical. The persons who committed the assault were sentenced to two years' imprisonment each.

In the same district in March Mr. Cumming, the manager of the Rangliting tea estate, administered a severe flogging to a boy, who died three days afterwards. The Civil Surgeon's deposition, in the Deputy Commissioner's opinion, showed that the whipping had nothing to do with the boy's death, and Mr. Cumming was sentenced to a nominal fine for causing hurt. The Judge of the Assam Valley Districts called for the record of the case, but did not think that it was necessary to take further proceedings. The Chief Commissioner took a more serious view of the offence, and considered the punishment altogether inadequate ; but, in view of the Judge's decision, was not prepared to re-open the case.

There were in Sibsagar and Sylhet several cases of new managers being mobbed by their coolies on account of some change in the method of work or pay. Coolies are exceedingly conservative, and strongly resent any change in the system of working the garden.

432. Two cases of friction between managers and the neighbouring *raiyats* were reported from the Surma Valley :

Relations between the garden population and the villagers.

In the Hailakandi subdivision, a case, which caused considerable interest at the time, occurred, in which Mr. Ross, the manager of the Mohanpur tea estate, had a dispute with some villagers on account of their taking forest-produce from what he thought was, but what really was not, his garden land. He was set on by a crowd of villagers and was beaten, and, in using his revolver in defence, shot one villager dead and wounded another. He was committed to take his trial for murder before the High Court at Calcutta, but was acquitted. Mr. Ross subsequently brought a charge of assault against the villagers who had beaten him, but did not proceed with it, and the accused were acquitted.

The other case of friction was that of a manager in South Sylhet, who was fined Rs. 100 for cutting thatching-grass on land belonging to a neighbour.

The average number of coolies per 100 acres of tea under cultivation was 120, which is lower than in any year since 1894. The average number of coolies per 100 acres is shown in the table below for every year since 1883 :

Year.	Area under tea cultivation.	Total adult labour force (annual mean), Act and non-Act.	Number of adult labourers per 100 acres of tea.	Year.	Area under tea cultivation.	Total adult labour force (annual mean), Act and non-Act.	Number of adult labourers per 100 acres of tea.
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
	Acres.				Acres.		
1883 ...	189,453	153,739	81				
1884 ...	189,852	177,622	93	1892...	247,192	283,819	114
1885 ...	197,510	188,262	95	1893...	254,126	302,558	119
1886 ...	203,993	192,076	94	1894...	268,796	310,767	115
1887 ...	211,079	203,023	96	1895...	276,014	334,298	121
1888 ...	216,675	219,861	101	1896...	291,909	366,460	125
1889 ...	227,249	241,297	106	1897...	310,550	402,205	129
1890 ...	231,038	250,113	108	1898...	325,823*	404,446	124
1891 ...	241,823	265,315	109	1899...	331,151	400,105	120

* Revised figures.

The decrease in the number of labourers employed against an increase in the area under tea cultivation is obviously an unsatisfactory symptom of the tea industry.

433. The following table shows the area of Government land taken up by time-expired coolies during the past two years, and also in 1880, 1885, and 1890:

Settlement of time-expired labourers on the land.

District.	Area settled direct with time-expired coolies in				
	1880.	1885.	1890.	1898.	1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Cachar	1,467	423	7,133	12,013	12,578
Sylhet	...*	83	300	257	117
Kamrup	56	14	42	244	179
Darrang	1,254	3,063	7,454	17,780	22,436
Nowgong	77	520	1,895	5,409	6,713
Sibsagar	990	1,856	10,639	19,700	22,465
Lakhimpur	740	2,237	4,897	17,294	19,458
Total	4,584	8,196	32,360	72,697	83,947

* Information not available.

This does not include land held by coolies as sub-tenants of managers or of *raiyats* throughout the province or under *mirasdars* in Cachar and Sylhet. A considerable increase took place in the area held by time-expired coolies in the Upper Assam districts of Darrang, Nowgong, Sibsagar, and Lakhimpur. The Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong attributes the increase to the encouragement given to extend cultivation by the good harvests recently obtained. The extension of cultivation by time-expired coolies in Darrang proceeds in a very satisfactory manner.

434. As in the previous year, 4 shelters for sick and destitute coolies were attached to dispensaries in Cachar and 8 in Sylhet, and 3 shelters for able-bodied vagrants were kept up in the Habiganj subdivision of the Sylhet district. Of 335 coolies treated in these shelters (including those remaining from the previous year), 276 were *ex*-tea-garden coolies, 21 railway coolies, and 14 other vagrants. Of these, 69 died, 141 were discharged recovered, 103 left before recovery, and 22 remained in the shelters at the close of the year. The rate of mortality was 20·6 per cent., coolies being generally in an advanced state of weakness before they took advantage of the shelters. No coolies were returned to their gardens or repatriated from the shelters during the year. The average stay of the coolies at the Silchar and Katigora shelters was three days. At the other two shelters in Cachar, the average was at Hailakandi, 14 days, and at Lakhipur, 15 days. These high averages were due to the detention of a blind man and an old woman, who could not otherwise be provided for. The average periods of detention in the Sylhet hospital-sheds varied from 28 to 42 days, and no explanation has been offered of this very high average. The total expenditure incurred in connection with the shelters during the year was Rs. 1,721-1-7, distributed as follows:

Sick and destitute coolies.

	Cachar.	Sylhet.	Total.
1	2	3	4
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Buildings and repairs	164 8 0	194 12 3	359 4 3
Diet	883 14 1	376 10 0	1,260 8 1
Cost of clothing	32 1 0	...	32 1 0
Repatriation	...	...	...
Funeral charges	26 0 0	...	26 0 0
Miscellaneous...	23 15 3	19 5 0	43 4 3
Total	1,130 6 4	590 11 3	1,721 1 7

SECTION 3. *Medical relief.*

The average expenditure on each pauper in dispensary shelters was Rs. 5-3-11. The average in Cachar was Rs. 6-5-7 and in Sylhet Rs. 3-15. The average cost per diem for diet was 1 anna 1 pie in Sylhet, and varied in Cachar from 1 anna 8 pies in Silchar to 2 annas 7 pies in Lakhimpur.

Inland Labour Transport Fund.

435. The statement below shows the receipts and disbursements of the Inland Labour Transport Fund in Bengal and Assam during the year 1899 1900 :

Receipts.				Expenditure.			
Heads.	Assam figures.	Bengal figures.	Total.	Heads.	Assam figures.	Bengal figures.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MEDICAL.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Contractors' license fees under section 13	1,475 10 0	200 0 0	1,675 10 0	Salaries of depôt establishment (including Assistant Surgeons, Hospital Assistants, compounders, dressers, clerks and menials, etc.) ...	12,249 4 10	2,729 5 3	14,978 10 1
Recruiters' license fees under section 24	.....	272 0 0	272 0 0	Supplies and services (including diet of patients, value of medical stores, clothing and bedding, purchase of country medicines, expenses during the prevalence of epidemics, and petty construction and repairs) ...	15,685 13 6	1,759 10 3	17,445 7 9
Registration fees under sections 35 and 68 ...	.....	15,596 8 0	15,596 8 0	Contingent charges ..	.....	.....	.....
Rates under section 109 ...	64,898 7 6	.....	64,898 7 6	Grants to dispensaries ...	5,060 0 0	.....	5,060 0 0
Fees for use of debarkation depôts	3,661 8 3	.....	3,661 8 3	Inspectors, Embarkation Agent, and other officers ...	8,838 1 1	19,594 6 7	28,432 7 8
Fees for labour under sections 112 and 112B	6,328 0 0	.....	6,328 0 0	Clerks and servants ...	9,853 15 1	5,627 10 9	15,481 9 10
Medical examination fees ...	340 5 0	.....	340 5 0	Travelling allowance, etc. ...	8,375 11 0	1,128 2 0	9,503 13 0
Recoveries for sick coolies treated in hospitals ...	1,281 13 11	.....	1,281 13 11	Miscellaneous (including rents, percentages of treasury and audit establishment, refunds, etc.)	5,517 2 0	3,733 13 10	9,250 15 10
Fines and miscellaneous ...	889 14 9	.....	889 14 9	Fees for inspecting tea gardens	5,060 10 0	.....	5,060 10 0
Diet, etc., charges recovered...	2,470 9 6	.....	2,470 9 6	House-rent allowance ...	408 9 1	.....	408 9 1
Fees for license of immigrant vessels under section 90 ...	.....	1,300 0 0	1,300 0 0	Advances	50 9 0	.....	50 9 0
Capitation fees	.....	1,955 2 0	1,955 2 0	Deficiency (excess of payments over receipts of Inland Labour Transport Fund)	15,174 15 2	—15,174 15 2	.....
Miscellaneous	.....	74 7 6	74 7 6				
Advances	586 8 6	.....	586 8 6				
Total	81,932 13 5	19,398 1 6	1,01,330 14 11	Total	86,274 10 9	19,398 1 6	1,05,672 12 3
Opening balance... ...	1,09,590 11 8	.....	1,09,590 11 8	Closing balance ...	1,05,248 14 4	.....	1,05,248 14 4
Grand total	1,91,523 9 1	19,398 1 6	2,10,921 10 7	Grand total	1,91,523 9 1	19,328 1 6	2,10,921 10 7

SECTION 3.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

Dispensaries.

436. On January 1st, 1899, there were 108 dispensaries open, during the year 7 new dispensaries, all of the second class, were established, and none were closed; the number open at the end of the year was thus 115, of which 17 were of the first, 97 of the second, and one was of the third class. There are many private dispensaries on tea gardens and other works, not included in the above figures. The following table gives an abstract of the work done in dispensaries during 1899 and the two preceding years :

Year.	Number of dispensaries.	Number of patients treated.			Ratio per cent. of women to men.	Mortality per cent. among in-patients.	Number of beds available.	Operations.	Cost of diet per patient per diem.	Gross expenditure.
		In-patients.	Out-patients.	Total.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									As. p.	Rs.
1897	101	7,222	602,268	609,490	23·40	20·94	488	13,335	2 10	2,37,172
1898	108	6,977	603,290	610,267	22·17	16·07	513	14,701	2 9	2,37,910
1899	115	6,217	617,586	623,803	21·46	15·15	547	15,066	2 6	2,40,266

The total number of persons treated rose from 610,267 in 1898 to 623,803 in 1899—a very satisfactory result in a healthy year like 1899. Of the persons treated, 407,122 were men, 87,376 women, and 129,305 children. As regards the class of those treated, 143 were Europeans, 722 Eurasians, 394,292 Hindus, 170,239 Muhammadans, and 58,407 "Other classes." The number of in-patients again fell a little, being 6,217, against 6,977 in 1898, and the daily average was 318·12. The number of out-patients increased, from 603,290 to 617,586. The number who attended personally also increased, 416,732 to 431,900. The attendance of women increased, while that of children fell off a little. Separate consulting rooms have now been set apart for women at all dispensaries, and a much larger number of female patients may be expected to apply for relief in future years. SECTION 5. *Leper Asylum.*

The principal diseases for which relief was sought were as follows:—malarial fevers 142,736, including 3,736 cases of *kalá-ázár* (the diagnosis in cases of *kalá-ázár* is always a little doubtful but the disease seems to be on the decrease), dysentery 17,387; diarrhœa 12,583; dyspepsia 14,628, rheumatic affections 23,892; and respiratory diseases 23,277. The number of goitre cases was 6,946, or about the same as in 1898, and most of the cases occurred in the Nowgong and Sibsagar districts and the Naga Hills. There were 436 cases of general and 15,928 of local injuries treated during the year, and 275 cases of leprosy.

The aggregate income was Rs. 2,43,372, against Rs. 2,40,081 in 1898, an increase of Rs. 3,291, and the total expenditure Rs. 2,40,266, against Rs. 2,37,910, an increase of Rs. 2,356. The balance of invested capital rose from Rs. 46,148 to Rs. 52,875, an increase of Rs. 6,727. The amount of subscriptions received from Europeans and Natives was Rs. 6,805 and Rs. 13,410, respectively; and the receipts from paying-patients were Rs. 2,351. There was not much variation in the amount of subscriptions, but the amount recovered from paying patients fell from Rs. 4,960 in 1897, and Rs. 3,542 in 1898 to Rs. 2,351 in 1899.

SECTION 4.

LUNATIC ASYLUM.

437. A total of 125 lunatics, 99 males and 26 females, were confined in the asylum on January 1st 1899. During the year 16 men and 6 women were admitted. Of the inmates, 18 were discharged (15 cured and 3 improved). 9 died, and 1 escaped, leaving at the close of the year 119 persons (95 men and 24 women) under restraint, of whom 33 men and 4 women were criminal lunatics. Tezpur Lunatic Asylum.

The general health was good, though not so good as in 1898. Eighty-five persons were admitted to hospital for ordinary diseases, and 2 remained from the preceding year; of these, 79 were discharged cured, 2 remained in hospital at the close of the year, and 9 died during the year. The mortality was therefore heavy, being 7·11 against 4·03 in 1898 and 10·52, the average of the preceding ten years. Of the 9 deaths, three were due to phthisis, cancer of the stomach, and depraved appetite, respectively. The issue of iron and quinine as prophylactics introduced in 1897 was decidedly advantageous.

Excluding the sum of Rs. 288-7-8 received from paying patients, the total expenditure was Rs. 12,124-0-6, against Rs. 12,994-3-0 in 1898, due partly to a decrease in the average daily strength. A net profit of Rs. 1,482-4 was derived from the manufacturing department.

SECTION 5.

LEPER ASYLUM.

438. Two lepers were left in the Asylum from the previous year, and 14 were admitted during the year, making a total of 16 receiving treatment. Of these, 1 was discharged relieved, 7 left voluntarily, 1 died, and 7 remained in the Asylum at the end of the year. The daily average strength was 2·92, and the total expenditure Rs. 812-13-6. The daily average cost of each patient's die was Rs. 0-2-6.

SECTION 6.

SANITATION.

SECTION 6. *Sanitation.*

439. The following statement shows the income of the municipalities, stations, unions, and towns and the sums spent in each on sanitary works in 1899:

Expenditure on sanitary works in municipalities, etc.

No.	Name of locality.	Whether municipality, station, union, or town.	Actual income.	Expenditure—Sanitary Works, Civil.										Ratio per cent. of sanitary works to actual income.	Amount spent on sanitary works proper, *i.e.*, excluding expenditure on roads and bridges (column 10).	Ratio per cent. of sanitary works, exclusive of column 10 to actual income.
				Vaccination.	Drainage.	Water-supply.	Conservancy.	Disposal of dead.	Roads and bridges.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Village sites.	Other sanitary improvements.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	
1	Silchar ...	Municipality	23,850	60	910	48	5,946	...	6,378	1,080	...	60	14,482	60·72	8,104	33·98
2	Sylhet ...	,, ...	29,700	125	926	2,292	7,507	...	7,006	...	...	...	17,856	60·12	10,850	36·53
3	Dhubri ...	,, ...	15,248	...	256	441	2,619	...	1,181	1,997	...	...	6,496	42·62	5,315	34·86
4	Goalpara ...	,, ...	5,331	...	313	14	1,461	...	1,263	...	...	...	3,051	57·23	1,788	33·54
5	Gauhati ...	,, ...	53,921	180	4,546	14,627	12,570	...	8,452	2,5	...	1,357	42,045	77·98	33,593	62·32
6	Barpeta ...	,, ...	19,141	...	...	927	2,824	...	3,292	276	...	...	7,319	38·23	4,027	21·04
7	Tezpur ...	,, ...	19,918	...	278	293	6,569	...	6,139	496	...	1,087	14,862	74·62	8,723	43·79
8	Nowgong ...	,, ...	12,270	24	584	275	3,463	...	1,106	199	...	...	5,651	46·06	4,545	37·04
9	Dibrugarh ...	,, ...	31,298	144	2,181	787	11,453	48	8,430	860	...	882	24,785	72·23	16,355	47·68
10	Sibsagar ...	Station ...	12,060	55	266	427	3,073	90	3,520	21	...	...	7,452	61·79	3,932	32·60
11	Shillong ...	,, ...	24,698	192	...	1,963	10,694	...	6,685	69	...	...	19,603	79·37	12,918	52·30
12	Habiganj ...	Union ...	6,162	39	200	149	1,668	...	320	...	...	...	2,378	38·59	2,058	33·40
13	Jorhat ...	,, ...	11,356	50	387	523	1,791	...	687	934	...	...	4,374	38·52	3,687	32·47
14	Golaghat ...	,, ...	7,465	80	266	242	1,037	...	1,937	184	...	236	3,984	53·37	2,045	27·39
15	Hailakandi ...	Town ...	...	480	179	613	252	19	356	327	...	...	2,226	...	1,870	...
16	Sunamganj ...	,, ...	...	8	40	262	987	8	2,106	...	...	253	3,664	...	1,558	...
17	Karimganj ...	,, ...	...	...	641	1,450	1,075	41	2,043	250	...	1,470	6,970	...	4,927	...
18	Maulvi Bazar ...	,, ...	...	...	36	197	1,716	14	237	...	...	115	2,315	...	2,078	...
19	Mangaldai ...	,, ...	3,503	...	...	...	2,675	...	...	...	...	1,130	3,805	...	3,805	...
20	North Lakhimpur	,, ...	2,549	...	384	340	132	3	1,242	93	...	...	2,194	...	952	...
	Total ...	...	2,81,973	1,437	12,395	25,870	79,532	223	62,382	7,083	...	6,590	1,95,512	63·18*	1,33,130	42·74

* Exclusive of Hailakandi, Sunamganj, Karimganj, Maulvi Bazar, Mangaldai, and North Lakhimpur.

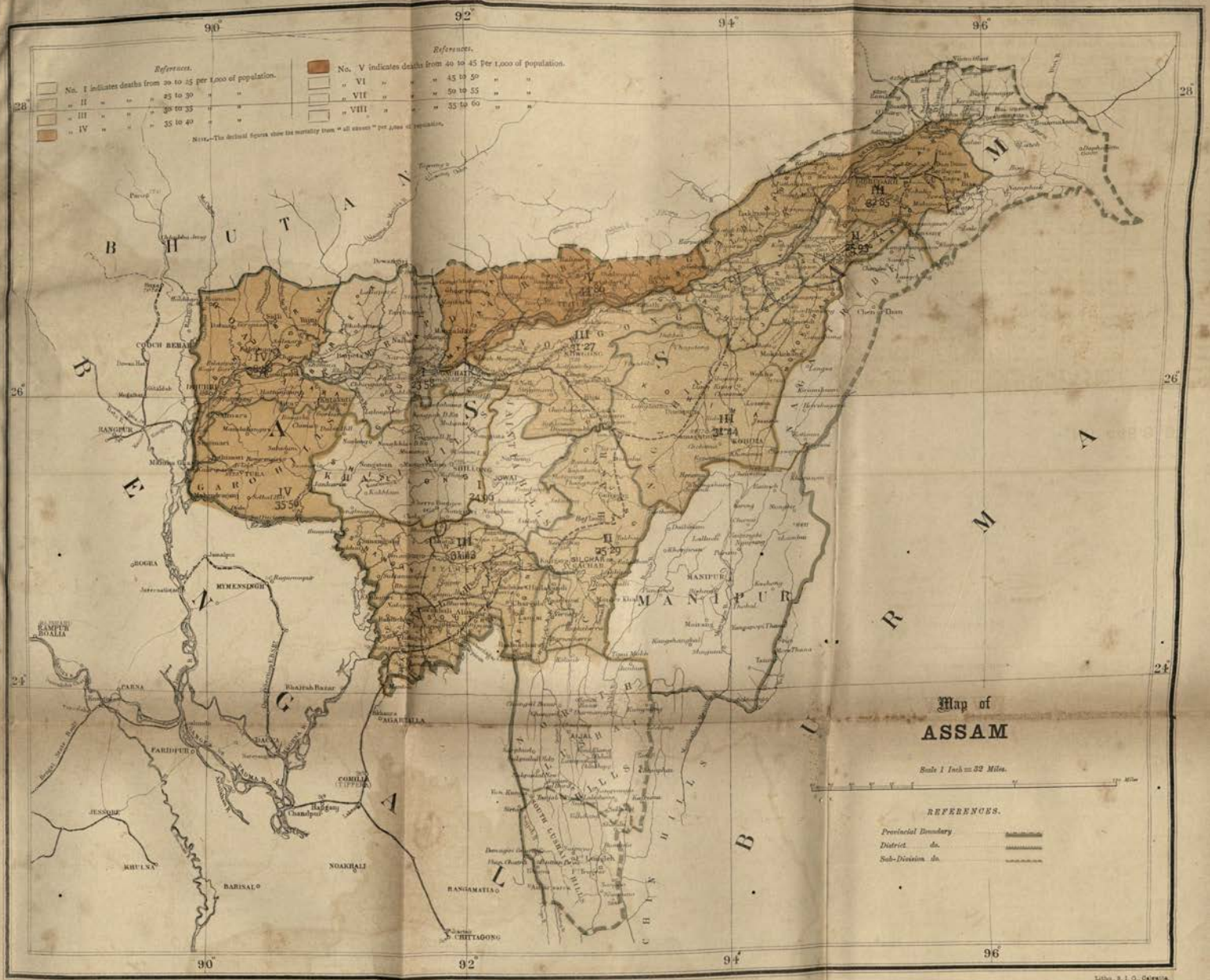
The aggregate income of the towns (excluding the townships of Hailakandi, Sunamganj, Karimganj, and Maulvi Bazar, which have no separate income), amounted to Rs. 2,81,973, of which Rs. 1,33,130 were spent on sanitary works, exclusive of roads and bridges. The total income and the expenditure on sanitary works in 1898 were Rs. 2,66,322 and Rs. 1,33,543 respectively. Excluding the amount spent on roads and bridges, the percentage of total income spent on sanitation was 42·74. No single work of any great importance was undertaken during the year.

Sanitary Board.

440. The Sanitary Board did not meet in 1899, the opinions of the members having been obtained unofficially as occasion required.

Village sanitation.

441. The sanitary works in most of the rural areas consisted, as usual, of construction of and repairs to wells and tanks. Village sanitary inspection books were kept up in certain selected areas under the supervision of the district Civil Medical Officer.



Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 00.—11,100.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., *Surveyor General of India.*
March 1900.

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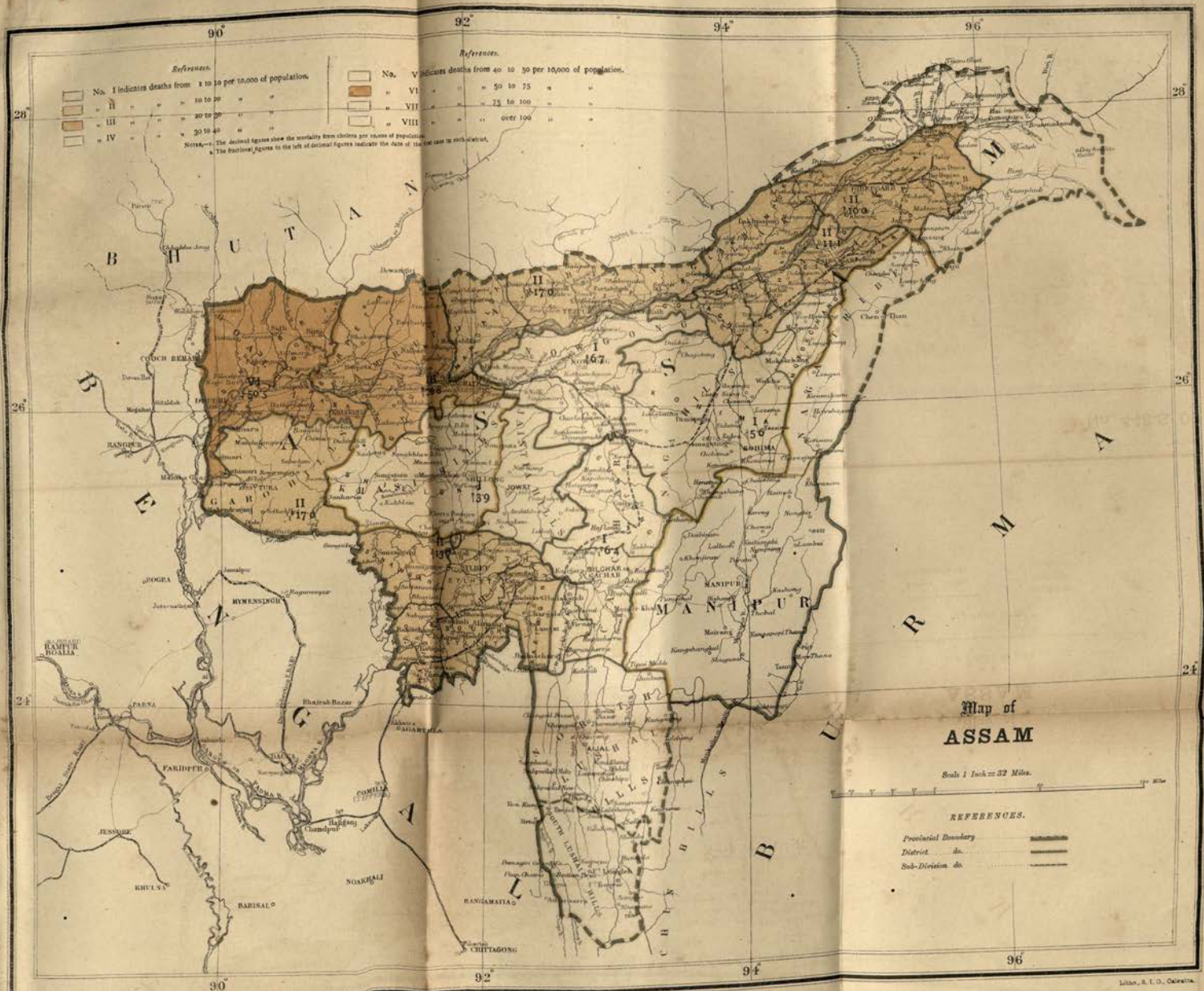
No. 448-S. 00.



Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 00.—11,900.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India, March 1900.

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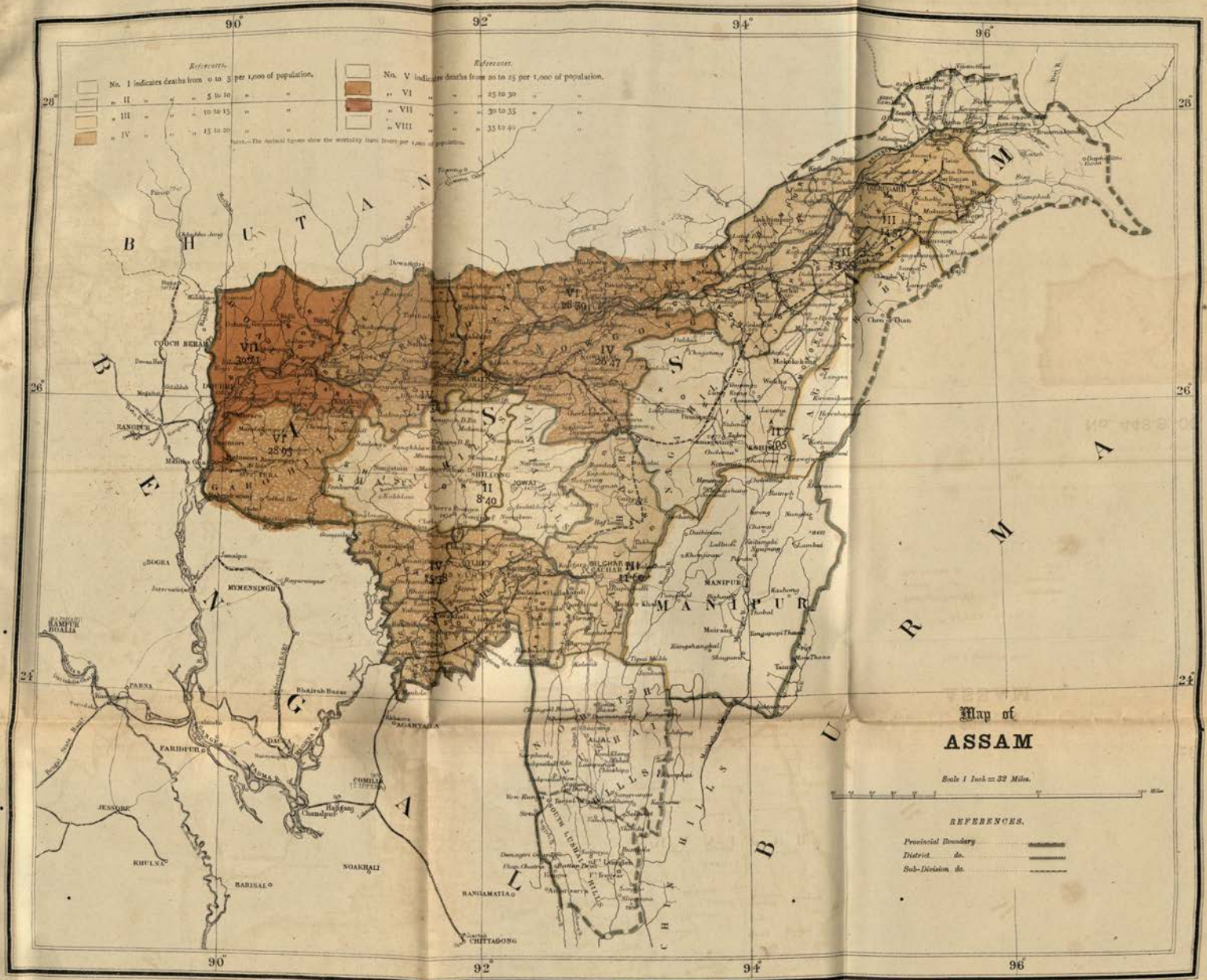
No. 448-S. 00.



Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 00.—11,200.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India,
March 1900.

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

SECTION 7.

VACCINATION.

Vaccination staff.

442. The average strength of the vaccination establishment was 239, against 237 in 1898-99, and consisted of 19 inspectors, 186 paid and 23 licensed vaccinators, and 11 apprentices. The number of vaccinations performed by all agencies are compared with the results for the previous four years in the following table:

District.	Population according to the census of 1891.	Number vaccinated by paid and dispensary establishments.				
		1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cachar	386,483	10,045	10,686	10,946	11,094	11,606
Sylhet	2,154,593	75,712	81,066	87,004	72,292	84,359
Goalpara	452,304	14,307	19,086	26,702	19,855	21,153
Kamrup	634,249	29,818	25,520	24,091	32,000	25,371
Darrang	307,761	14,201	11,797	14,135	12,537	13,067
Nowgong	344,141	12,776	13,207	19,659	9,347	10,259
Sibsagar	457,274	33,312	41,283	33,024	20,380	25,082
Lakhimpur	254,053	16,280	13,415	14,278	14,475	14,211
Naga Hills	122,867	10,889	11,558	10,101	7,677	4,214
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	197,904	3,899	4,990	4,397	8,412	4,809
Garo Hills	121,570	5,286	8,340	8,798	15,866	28,071
Lushai Hills	63,634	424	766	486	793	1,331
Manipur	220,000	17,319	16,708	19,139	21,962	17,213
Total of all districts	5,716,833	244,268	258,422	272,760	246,690	260,746
Tea gardens by garden agency ...	...	16,422	16,274	11,154	12,215	11,519
Total for the Province	5,716,833	260,690	274,696	283,914	258,905	272,265

The total number of operations performed rose from 258,905 to 272,265, of which 255,131 were primary and 17,134 secondary ones, as compared with 237,088 and 21,817, respectively, in 1898-99, the ratio of success in primary operations being 98·50 and secondary operations 88·50 Of those successfully vaccinated, 61,793 were infants under one year of age, against 50,389 in 1898-99.

Percentage of successful cases.

443. The paid and licensed vaccinators reported 217,909 of their 220,537 primary operations or 98·81 per cent., and 13,721 of their 15,494 re-vaccinations, or 88·56 per cent., as successful. Of 11,519 primary operations performed by tea-garden agency, 95·22 per cent. were successful; and 22,420 primary and 1,640 secondary successful operations were performed by the dispensary establishments. Taking all these figures together, a grand total was reached of 266,525 successful operations, showing that 46·62 per 1,000 of the population were protected, as compared with 45·02 in 1898-99.

Vaccination in tea gardens.

444. Altogether 12,065 operations were performed on tea gardens—11,519 by tea-garden agency and 546 by Government vaccinators, against 13,693 in 1898-99 and 12,061 in 1897-98. Of the operations performed by garden agency, 95·17 per cent., and of those performed by Government agency, 97·62 per cent., were successful.

Percentage according to age.

445. There were 61,793 infants under one year of age, and 121,415 children over one and under six years were successfully vaccinated during the year. The corresponding figures for 1898-99 were 50,389 and 125,645. The number of births registered during the calendar year 1899 was 174,027, so that it may be roughly estimated that about 35 per cent. of the children born were protected against small-pox. The corresponding percentage for the season 1898-99 was 34·07.

Vaccination inspected.

446. Excluding 11,519 vaccinations performed by tea-garden agencies, 260,746 persons were vaccinated during the past year. Of these, 27,277 cases were inspected by Civil Surgeons and 121,660 by the inspectors of vaccination, against 22,577 and 133,681, respectively, in the previous year. The percentage of operations found successful by Civil Surgeons was 96·81, against 95·99 in the previous year. The

SECTION 7. *Vaccination.*

native inspectors reported a percentage of 98·50 successful operations, against 98·73 during the preceding season. The vaccinators themselves reported 98·81 of their primary operations to have been successful. The Principal Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner himself inspected about 2,000 children and found the average of successful operations to have been about 98·00 per cent.

Vaccination in compulsory areas.

447. The vaccination work done in Municipalities, Stations, and Unions in which the compulsory Vaccination Acts are in force is compared with the results of the previous three years in the following table:

Name of Municipality, etc.	Population according to the census of 1891.	Number of children on the register since the Acts have been in force.	Number of vaccinations.								1899-1900.			Mortality from small-pox during the five years 1895 to 1899.		Date on which the Compulsory Vaccination Acts came into force.
			1896-97.		1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.							
			Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Number of notices issued.	Number of prosecutions.	Number of punishments.	Average number of deaths from small-pox.	Death rate per 1,000 of population from small-pox.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Silchar Municipality	7,523	984	185	156	210	208	225	223	229	220	21	...	...	1·40	0·18	21st January 1892.
Sylhet ,,	14,027	7,064	559	559	365	365	375	372	371	368	399	...	...	2·20	0·16	1st October 1882.
Dhubri ,,	4,825	644	167	154	107	105	34	34	88	86	...	...	...	1	0·21	13th February 1891.
Goalpara ,,	5,440	1,215	144	142	102	98	59	59	105	105	...	...	...	0·20	0·03	12th November 1890.
Gauhati ,,	8,283	3,556	539	528	735	722	393	392	457	435	7	...	...	4·20	0·51	August 1882.
Nowgong ,,	4,815	287	...	...	554	553	161	141	121	108	1	...	...	1	0·21	7th April 1897.
Dibrugarh ,,	8,362	5,129	463	436	507	504	614	608	640	626	70	...	...	28·80	2·91	September 1883.
,, Cantonment.	1,514	...	27	19	103	47	123	104	19	19	...	...	...			
Sibsagar Station ...	5,249	1,301	412	403	322	310	320	316	160	151	87	22	...	8·20	1·56	21st January 1892.
Shillong ,, ...	4,730	515	683	584	190	181	244	235	232	215	...	...	...	...	...	21st June 1895.
,, Cantonment	1,939	152	510	206	62	54	235	157	96	92	...	...	...			
Golaghat Union ...	2,211	620	166	156	105	105	79	76	121	114	10	...	...	0·80	0·36	24th March 1892.
Jorhat ,, ...	2,159	481	297	292	125	119	159	147	113	109	...	...	...	1·80	0·83	12th April 1892.
Total ...	71,128	21,948	4,152	3,685	3,487	3,371	3,021	2,866	2,752	2,648	595	22	...	49·60	0·68	

In Municipalities, Stations, and Unions of the province, 2,752 vaccinations were performed, as against 3,021 in the previous year, but, in spite of this, the total number of deaths from small-pox was only 3, against 25 in 1898. The death rate on this cause, *viz.*, 0·04 per mille, was much less than that (0·35) of 1898. During 1899-1900, 595 notices were issued under the Act, 22 persons were prosecuted, but no one was punished. In 1898-99, 553 notices were issued, 26 persons prosecuted, and 4 punished.

Cost of the Vaccination Department.

448. The total expenditure of the Vaccine Department was Rs. 22,938, against Rs. 22,197 in the preceding year, showing an increase of Rs. 741, which was chiefly caused by the licensed vaccina tors in the Kamrup district having been replaced by paid ones. Of the total amount expended, the Provincial Funds provided Rs. 8,825, Local Funds contributed Rs. 11,815, Municipalities Rs. 872, and Rs. 1,426 were paid by the Manipur State. As 226,975 successful vaccine operations were performed by the paid staff, the cost of each operation was 1 anna 7 pies, against 1 anna 7½ pies in 1898-1899.

Lymph depôt at Shillong.

449. The number of loaded tubes supplied from the Shillong Vaccine Depôt was 317, 382, against 348, 967 in the previous season, the diminution being due to there being a rather large stock in hand at the commencement of the season and to a stricter supervision over the issues made to vaccinators in order to prevent waste. The quality of the lymph manufactured is believed to be extremely good, and the percentage of successful operations obtained under its use almost unequalled any where. The expenditure incurred on this institution was Rs. 6,991-10-7, or Rs. 738-10-10 less than the preceding year, the decrease being due to the fewer number of calves used and the fewer number of tubes despatched.

CHAPTER VII.

Instruction.

SECTION 1.

GENERAL SYSTEM OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

[See section 3, Chapter III, Part II A of the Report for 1892—93.]

SECTION 2.

EDUCATION.

450. The following statement compares the number of all classes of educational institutions and the number of pupils in them for the past two years : SECTION 2. *Education.*

General results.

Class of Instruction.			1898-99.		1899-1900.	
			Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
1			2	3	4	5
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.						
University Education	... ...	Arts Colleges	1	28	1	39
School Education, General.	Secondary, boys'	High Schools ...	20	4,023	20	4,301
		Middle English Schools	75	5,166	82	5,916
		„ Vernacular „	43	2,510	42	2,661
	„ girls'		3	98	3	124
	Primary ...	For boys	2,682	77,707	2,766	83,079
		„ girls	224	3,618	229	3,910
School Education, Special.	Training Schools and Classes for Masters ...		26	375	21	373
	Industrial Schools		2	16	2	10
	Law Classes		4	56	3	35
	Other Schools		6	275	8	524
Total			3,086	93,872	3,177	100,972
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.						
Arabic or Persian			26	1,090	31	1,362
Sanskrit			79	1,497	77	1,562
Elementary Vernacular		Boys'	1	14	5	82
		Girls'	1	12	...	...
Koran Schools		Boys'	157	2,680	174	3,036
		Girls'	4	59	3	30
Other		Boys'	12	555	11	573
		Girls'	2	44	2	51
Total			282	5,951	303	6,696
Grand total			3,368	99,823	3,480	107,668

SECTION 2. *Education.*

The net result was a gain of 857, or 36·9 per cent., in public institutions, and of 26,805, or 36·1 per cent., in pupils attending them.

As compared with the previous year, public institutions increased by 91 and the pupils by 7,100; all districts, except the Naga Hills and the Lushai Hills, contributed to the increase. Under University Education there was an increase of 11 and under High Schools of 278 students. Middle schools showed a gain of 6 schools and 927 pupils, while primary education made the largest advance, *viz.*, an increase of 89 schools and 5,664 pupils. The number of boys attending public institutions rose from 86,049 to 92,430, and the number of girls from 7,823 to 8,542. The percentage of male pupils to male population of school-going age was 22·03, against 20·48 in 1898-99; and of female pupils 2·16, against 1·98; the percentage for both sexes rose from 11·50 to 12·39. Private institutions increased during the year by 21 schools and 745 pupils. Including private institutions, the total number of pupils under instruction increased from 99,823 in 1898-99 to 107,688.

Financial.

451. The total expenditure, direct and indirect, on instruction was Rs. 7,21,428, compared with Rs. 6,62,469 in 1898-99. Direct expenditure increased from Rs. 4,72,652 to Rs. 5,06,710, and indirect expenditure, including charges on account of direction and inspection, scholarships, buildings, furniture, and miscellaneous, from Rs. 1,89,817 to Rs. 2,14,718. The heads of indirect expenditure under which increases occurred were Buildings Rs. 25,500 and Direction Rs. 5,000, approximately. The distribution of expenditure during the past two years was as follows:

Sources from which expenditure on education was met.	1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Amount.	Proportion to total cost.	Amount.	Proportion to total cost.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.		Rs.	
Provincial revenues	2,05,017	30·95	2,17,977	30·22
Local Board Funds	2,01,252	30·39	2,11,590	29·33
Municipal Funds	7,425	1·12	7,315	1·01
Fees...	1,28,286	19·36	1,44,588	20·04
Miscellaneous (including subscriptions and endowments)	1,20,489	18·18	1,39,958	19·40
Total	6,62,469	100	7,21,428	100

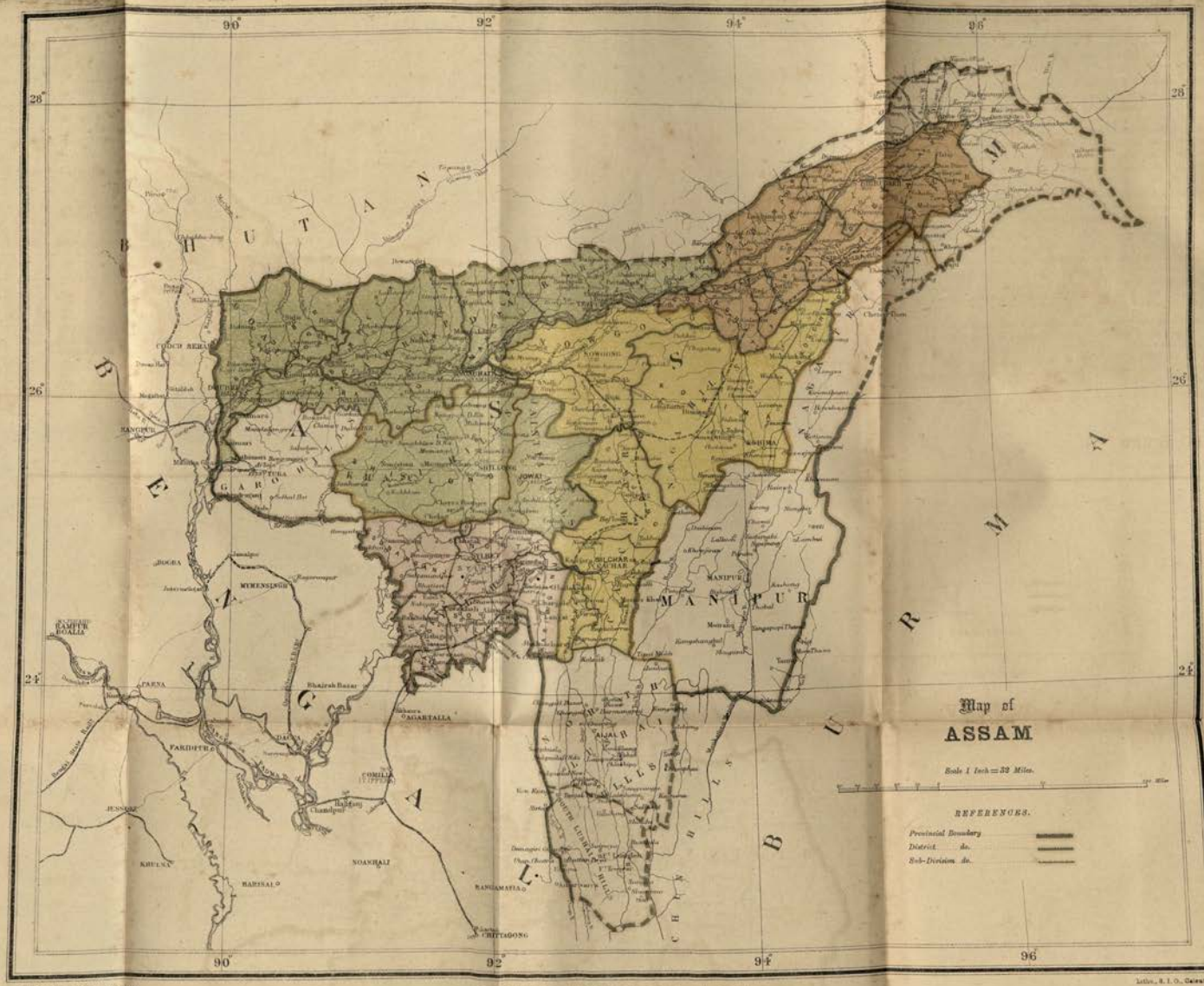
The increase from fees, Rs. 16,302, and from miscellaneous, Rs. 19,469, was substantial, and indicates that education in Assam is advancing on generally healthy lines. The increase under Miscellaneous was due to an increase of Rs. 15,220 from contributions from the Welsh Mission in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, and of Rs. 4,800 from subscriptions from other sources. Excluding indirect expenditure, the approximate cost of educating each pupil in secondary schools was Rs. 17, in primary schools Rs. 3-5-8, and in special schools Rs. 36. The cost of training each student in the Williamson Artizan School was as much as Rs. 325-9-1. In high schools the receipts from fees covered 74·2 per cent. of the total cost; in middle schools 29·2 per cent., and in primary schools 10·6 per cent. The corresponding percentages in 1898-99 were 79·3, 27·7, and 11·1.

Inspection.

452. Dr. Booth was in charge of the department throughout the year, and visited all the plains districts, as well as the Khasi and Jaintia Hills. He was on tour for 183 days and inspected 172 schools. Several irregularities were brought to light by him, chiefly in the management of aided schools. Dr. Booth also brought to notice the tendency of certain Local Boards, chiefly in the Surma Valley, to foster middle English at the expense of middle vernacular and primary schools. The four Deputy Inspectors were on tour for 209 days on the average and visited 241 schools per head. The 24 Sub-Inspectors spent on an average 253 days on tour, and made 283 inspections each. Of 2,966 primary schools, 117, or 4 per cent., were not inspected at all. In addition to the Deputy and Sub-Inspectors, 19 Inspecting Pandits were employed in inspecting lower primary *pathsalas*

MAP NO. I—SHOWING THE EXTENT OF SECONDARY EDUCATION FOR BOYS.

The school-going age has been taken at 15 per cent. of the male population, and the percentages have been struck on the population of each district.



Reg. No. 17. S. I. D.—Apr. 00.—1,000.

Published under the direction of Colonel Sir G. C. Gore, R.E., *Surveyor General of India,*
March 1900.

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

These men are in no sense schoolmasters employed occasionally on inspection duty: they are peripatetic officers, whose duties are to inspect *pa'hsa'las*, or village lower primary schools, and to instruct the *gurus* of these schools in the methods of teaching.

District and Subdivisional Officers and Chairmen of Local Boards paid 187 visits to schools, against 115 in 1898-99. The Local Boards which showed the greatest interest in their schools were those in the Kamrup and Sylhet districts.

Educational sub-committees.

453. The standing orders which require that Local Board sub-committees should meet once a month were disregarded by all Local Boards. Of the 19 Local Boards, 3 appointed no sub-committees, and the sub-committees appointed by five Boards met but once. During his tour of inspection, the Director noticed a disposition on the part of certain Local Boards in the Surma Valley to disregard the recommendations of the Deputy Inspector and the Sub-Inspectors in matters relating to the management of aided schools. The Chief Commissioner has no desire to fetter the discretion of Local Boards, but he thinks it essential, in the interests of education, that the advice of experts should be accepted and acted upon.

Conference.

454. No conference of educational officers was held, but Deputy Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Schools held 16 and 104 meetings, respectively, of *gurus* in order to give them general instructions.

University education.

455. The Murari Chand unaided second-grade College at Sylhet had 39 names on the rolls at the close of the year, or an increase of 11 students, the average daily attendance was 26, against 24 in the preceding year. Twenty-five candidates were presented for the First Examination in Arts, of whom 3 passed in the second division and 8 in the third, against 11 candidates and 3 passes in 1898-99. The total cost of the college was Rs. 4,351, of which Rs. 932 were realised from fees, the balance being met by the proprietor, Raja Giris Chandra Ray.

The total number of students from Assam reading in Arts Colleges in Bengal and Assam was 308, of whom 42 passed the F. A. and 16 the B. A. Examinations, compared with 44 and 18 in 1898-99. Among the successful graduates were 2 Muhammadans; and 2 students, natives of the Surma Valley, passed the M. A. Examination. It was not found possible to start the new second-grade college at Gauhati in the year under review. It was decided to open it with effect from the beginning of the session in 1901.

High schools.

456. There were 20 high schools in all, of which 10 were Government, 5 aided, and 5 unaided. The attendance at the Government schools increased from 2,255 to 2,411, at the aided schools from 833 to 953, and at the unaided schools from 935 to 937. The average cost of educating each pupil at Government schools was Rs. 26-7-8, at aided schools Rs. 23-10, and at private schools Rs. 16-9-8, the corresponding figures for 1898-99 being Rs. 28-1-6, Rs. 25-7-5, and Rs. 16-3-8. Provincial revenues bore 27·57 per cent. of the direct cost of Government schools, against 31·47 per cent. in 1898-99, and 27·28 per cent., against 28·95 per cent. of the direct expenditure on aided schools. Of the Government institutions, the Dibrugarh and Jorhat High Schools were self-supporting, and of the aided schools, those at Habiganj, Sunamganj, Maulvi Bazar, and Karimganj more than paid their way from ordinary receipts, excluding the grant from Government.

One hundred and seventy-eight candidates appeared at the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, of whom 123 passed. Of these, 37 were placed in the first division, 54 in the second, and 32 in the third. The Sylhet Government school held the first position. The Government schools passed 75·7 per cent. of the candidates presented, the aided schools 62 per cent., and the unaided schools 52·4 per cent., the corresponding percentages for 1898-99 being 79·8, 89·8, and 37·5. For the first time on record, the number of successful candidates from the Government and aided schools in the Brahmaputra Valley equalled the number from the same classes of schools in the Surma Valley, and of the 53 successful candidates from the Brahmaputra Valley, no less than 44 were Assamese. This is a very satisfactory result, and it may be expected that, with the establishment of a second-grade college at Gauhati, there will be still greater progress.

Middle schools.

457. Compared with the preceding year, Middle English schools increased by 7 and the pupils attending them by 750. Middle Vernacular schools showed a decrease of one school, but a gain of 151 pupils. There was a corresponding increase of Rs. 3,298 in the cost of maintenance of Middle English schools, but only Rs. 463 of this was paid from State funds, the balance being met from fees and other private

SECTION 2. *Education.*

sources. The Chief Commissioner has recently had under his consideration the question whether public funds were being unduly utilised for the encouragement of English at the expense of the Vernacular education. It was ascertained that during the past decade, Middle English schools had increased in number from 45 to 82, and the pupils by nearly 2,000, while Middle Vernacular schools during the same period decreased from 46 to 42, and the pupils by 331. In the ten years receipts from fees and private subscriptions for Middle English education had increased by Rs. 14,803, while aid from Provincial, Local, and Municipal sources increased by only Rs. 11,973. In other words, for every additional rupee supplied from public sources, the people themselves paid one rupee four annas. On the other hand, while the receipts from fees and subscriptions for Middle Vernacular education decreased by Rs. 3,277, State aid increased by Rs. 2,618. There is no doubt that a large proportion of Local Boards' funds is devoted to Middle English education, *viz.*, Rs. 22,247, against Rs. 6,905 spent on Middle Vernacular, and that the increased State aid afforded during the past decade to Middle Vernacular education has not been accompanied by any commensurate increase in fees and subscriptions; but regarding expenditure on Middle English education on its own merits, the fact that for every extra rupee of State aid afforded during the past ten years Re. 1-4 has been paid in fees and subscriptions is proof that a strong demand for an English secondary education does exist, and that the people themselves pay well for it. While this demand exists, and while the secondary Vernacular course is not a stepping stone to the Entrance Examination of the Universities, it is difficult to resist the conclusion that, under present conditions, nothing can be done in this province beyond exercising a rigid scrutiny over the expenditure of Local Boards on Middle English education, and putting a stop to individual cases of abuses in expenditure.

Discipline and moral training.

458. There were a few instances of serious breaches of discipline and gross misconduct on the part of schoolboys, but their conduct was, however, generally satisfactory.

Boarding-houses.

459. Besides the 13 institutions managed by Government, there were one aided and 36 unaided institutions in existence. Of the 13 boarding-houses managed by Government, 9 were maintained in connection with Government high schools, 2 with the training schools at Gauhati and Haflong, and the remaining two were attached, one to the Middle English school at Hailakandi and the other to the Middle Vernacular school at Dhakuakhana in Lakhimpur.

Physical training.

460. Cricket, foot-ball, and drill continued in undiminished popularity in high, middle, and training schools at headquarters stations. These are also extending to many schools in the mofussil.

Primary schools for boys.

461. The subjoined table compares the statistics of primary schools for boys for the last two years:

	1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
1	2	3	4	5
Upper Primary Schools for Boys.				
Government	1	40	2	119
Aided	106	4,101	105	4,178
Unaided	5	140	7	203
Total	112	4,281	114	4,500
Lower Primary Schools for Boys.				
Government	20*	383*	22	447
Local and Municipal Funds	1,117	30,440	1,114	31,731
Native State	11	809	13	891
Aided	1,285	37,976	1,298	39,480
Unaided	137	3,818	205	6,030
Total	2,570*	73,426*	2,652	78,579
Grand total	2,682*	77,707*	2,766	83,079

* Including schools and pupils in the Lushai Hills.

MAP NO. II.—SHOWING THE EXTENT OF PRIMARY EDUCATION FOR BOYS.

The school-going age has been taken at 15 per cent. of the male population, and the percentages have been struck on the male population of each subdivision.

Reg. No. 17, S. I. D.—Apl. 30—13,500.

Published under the direction of Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India, March 1902.

Litho., S. I. O., Calcutta.

No. 448-S. 00.

Upper primary schools showed a gain of 2 schools and 219 pupils, and lower primary schools an increase of 84 schools and 5,372 pupils. In Barpeta subdivision and the Nowgong district, there was a considerable decrease in the number of primary schools, due to the Local Boards' educational allotments having been cut down. Transfers of grants from educational allotments to other purposes should be discouraged as much as possible. The following statistics compare the progress made in the decade ending 31st March 1900 in the establishment of secondary and primary schools, respectively, and indicate the sources from which the expenditure on each class of school has been met:

		Number of schools.	Number of pupils.
1890-91 ...	Secondary	110	10,309
	Primary	2,222	62,145
1895-96 ...	Secondary	134	11,104
	Primary	2,921	81,927
1899-1900 ...	Secondary	147	13,002
	Primary	2,995	86,989

The figures of expenditure under each head are as follow:

		Provincial.	Local.	Municipal.	Fees and other sources.	Total.
1		2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1890-91 ...	Secondary ...	38,024	23,152	1,398	98,674	1,61,248
	Primary ...	10,270	1,06,821	2,877	54,351	1,74,319
1895-96 ...	Secondary ...	39,500	26,051	840	1,22,346	1,88,737
	Primary ...	10,631	1,47,460	4,116	80,165	2,42,372
1899-1900 ...	Secondary ...	37,265	29,932	1,140	1,35,402	2,03,739
	Primary ...	13,051	1,50,926	4,347	1,00,385	2,68,709

The Government of India have explicitly laid down that primary education "has the chief claim on the State," and that it "possesses an almost exclusive claim upon Local Funds set apart for education." Although the aid from Provincial Funds shows only a small increase of Rs. 3,000 during the decade, Local Boards have been enabled to increase their grants by Rs. 44,000 owing to the increased grants given to Boards from Provincial Revenues. The figures show that fees have increased more rapidly than increased State aid, and that there can be no doubt that in Assam primary schools receive, on the whole, liberal support.

The following statement compares the direct expenditure on upper and lower primary schools for the past two years:

	1898-1899.		1899-1900.	
	Upper primary. Rs.	Lower primary. Rs.	Upper primary. Rs.	Lower primary. Rs.
Provincial	725	10,852	698	11,526
Local and Municipal	12,121	1,23,863	12,266	1,33,485
Other sources	12,710	67,687	13,921	79,919
Total	25,556	2,02,402	26,885	2,24,930
	2,27,958		2,51,815	

SECTION 3.—*Literature and the Press.*

One hundred and seventy-six and 1,605 pupils passed the upper and the lower primary tests respectively, against 148 and 1,490 in 1898-99.

In 11 of the 24 subdivisions, the percentage of boys of a school-going age receiving instruction at primary schools varies from 20 to 35 per cent.; in six subdivisions from 15 to 20 per cent.; in five from 10 to 15 per cent.; and in the remaining two—North Cachar and the Naga Hills—the percentages are only ·8 and 1·4. Hailakandi and the Jaintia Hills head the list, with percentages of 35 and 31·6, while at the other end of the scale it is not satisfactory to find the two Bengali-speaking subdivisions of Dhubri and Sunamganj with the low percentages of 11·6 and 12·3.

Special instruction.

462. Under this head are included training schools for teachers and schools for technical instruction. As compared with 1898-99, there was a loss of 6 schools and 29 pupils. Three training schools under the American Mission in the Naga Hills, the Sibsagar law class, which ceased to attract pupils, and two classes for the training of *gurus* were closed. There were 21 training schools and classes at work at the close of the year, with a total daily average attendance of 279 pupils, compared with 26 schools and 259 pupils in 1898-99. The cost of educating each pupil fell from Rs. 64-15-4 to Rs. 63-7. Three pupils qualified for the English Master Certificate Examination, 12 for the Vernacular Mastership Certificates, and 55 for the *Guru* Certificate Examination, compared with 4, 16, and 56 in 1898-99. Ten pupils, all receiving stipends, were receiving a mechanical training at the Williamson Artizan School at Dibrugarh, and at the Railway Workshops at Dibrugarh and Tezpur. From the 3 law classes 6 candidates passed the Pleadership Examination, against 8 from 4 classes in 1898-99.

Female education.

463. The number of girls under instruction at public schools rose from 7,823 to 8,542, of whom 134 attended middle schools, 375 upper primary schools, 8,009 lower primary schools, and 24 special schools. Classified according to race or creed, Hindu girls averaged 65·19, Muhammadans 14·89, and others 19·90. The percentage of Muhammadans to all others at the census of 1891 was about 27. One girl passed the Middle Vernacular Examination, 7 the Upper Primary, and 52 the Lower Primary, compared with 3, 3, and 49 in the preceding year.

Muhammadan education.

464. The number of Muhammadans under instruction increased from 20,237 to 22,870, or 21·24 per cent. of the total number of children attending schools. Two hundred and eighty Muhammadans, or 11·9 per cent., were successful at the various public examinations, compared with 238, or 11·1 per cent., in 1898-99. Two students passed the last B. A. and two the F. A. Examinations from colleges in Bengal, and 12 boys passed the Entrance from Provincial schools.

Private institutions.

465. The number of private institutions was 303, against 282 in the previous year, and the number of pupils rose from 5,951 to 6,696. For the first examination of Sanskrit *tols*, 49 *tols* sent up 121 candidates, of whom 71 qualified, and 11 scholarships were granted, and to pundits of *tols* 15 stipends were awarded. For the second examination 13 *tols* sent up 19 candidates, of whom 13 passed, and 10 were granted scholarships. Five stipends were granted to the teachers at this examination.

The Text-book Committee held ten meetings at Sibsagar; 73 books were placed before them for examination, of which 11 were approved, 13 were rejected, 5 remanded for revision, and no opinion was recorded on 44 books.

SECTION 3.

LITERATURE AND THE PRESS.

Literary works.

466. The total number of publications registered in Assam during the year 1899 under Act XXV of 1867, as modified by Act X of 1890, was 42. Of these, 26 were educational and 16 non-educational; 25 were first editions, 15 new editions, and 2 republications. Twenty-five of these works were in Assamese, 13 in Khasi, 1 in English, 1 in Sanskrit, 1 in Khasi and Bengali, and 1 in Assamese and English. The number of copies of non-educational works published fell from 18,050 in 1898 to 13,720 in 1899, while that of

educational works rose from 13,500 to 42,250. The publications registered during the year are classified below according to the subjects dealt with :

Subject.	Number of publications.
1. Drama	1
2. Fiction	1
3. Language	17
4. Science (Mathematical and mechanical)	7
5. Science (Natural)	2
6. History	1
7. Poetry	5
8. Religion	5
9. Miscellaneous	3
Total	42

The copyright of six works was registered. There were no prosecutions in 1899 for non-delivery of publications. No periodicals were registered during the year under review.

467. The fortnightly Bengali newspaper *Paridarsaka* was revived from the 1st January 1900. Two other newspapers were started during the year from Sylhet, the *Weekly Chronicle*, an English weekly paper, and the *Srihatta Darpana*, a Bengali monthly journal. *The Srihatta Bandhu*, a Christian mission paper, continued to be published in Sylhet. The *Silchar*, the fortnightly Bengali newspaper of Silchar, the *Assam*, the weekly Assamese paper from Gauhati, containing also occasional articles in English, the *Eastern Herald* and the *Times of Assam*, the two English weeklies from Dibrugarh, and the two Khasi papers, *U Khasi Mynta* ("The Khasi of to-day") and *Ka Pateng Khristan* ("The Christian Community"), continued to be published throughout the year.

Newspapers.

SECTION 4.

LITERARY SOCIETIES.

Nil.

SECTION 5.

ARTS AND SCIENCES.

Nil.

CHAPTER VIII.

Archæology.

ARCHÆOLOGY.

468. No fresh discoveries were reported during the year. The temple at the *Tukresvari* hill (called also Monkey hill), about 15 miles from the Goalpara town, which was badly damaged by the earthquake of 1897, has not yet been repaired. The temple has a *sebait* attached to it, and is maintained by the Bijni estate. The ancient caves at Jogighopa in Goalpara are also out of repair. The Sukresvar temple at Gauhati is in need of repair. The *Natmandir* attached to it was repaired during the year at a cost of Rs. 1,200, raised by public subscription. The *Natmandir* attached to the Ugratara temple, which was demolished by the earthquake of 1897, was erected by Babu Srimanta Sen of Gauhati during the year at a cost of Rs. 500 to Rs. 600. At a cost of about Rs. 1,000 paid by the Maharaja of Darbhanga, the temple of Kamakhya on the Kamakhya hill was also repaired during the year. The temple of *Chinnamasta* and the storehouse of Kamakhya Debi on the Kamakhya hill were also under repair. In order to place a roof over the carving of the *ananta sayya*, or the sleep of *Bishnu*, at Aswakranta, the Gauhati Local Board was asked to supplement a subscription (Rs. 200) given by Srijut Chidananda Chaudhuri. The carved stones round the compound of the Deputy Commissioner's office at Tezpur were, as usual, kept clear of jungle by the Tezpur Municipality, and the remains of the ancient Hindu temple on the Bamuni hills in Darrang were cleared of jungle by the Public Works Department, at a cost of Rs. 51, against Rs. 50 in the previous year. The temples at Gaurisagar and Jaysagar in the Sibsagar district were cleared of jungle, and the approach to the *Karinghar* partially dressed and earthed at a cost of Rs. 126. Rupees 121 were expended by the Temple Repairing Committee of Sibsagar on clearing jungle from the domes and porticos of the three temples on the Sibsagar tank, and arrangements have been made to re-erect the portico of the Sivadol. The Subdivisional Officer of North Lakhimpur visited the temple of Gangadhal, near Bardoloni, in the North Lakhimpur subdivision, which he describes as a substantial brick building in fair repair. The mosque of Shah Jalal in Sylhet town, which was built in the reign of Aurangzib, and was somewhat damaged in the great earthquake, is being gradually repaired.

CHAPTER IX.

Miscellaneous.

SECTION 1.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

469. The Ecclesiastical Establishment paid entirely, or in part, by Government consisted of one Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, stationed at Shillong, with Gauhati and Dhubri as outstations, one Clergyman of the Additional Clergy Society stationed at Dibrugarh, one of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, with headquarters at Tezpur, and two planters' Clergymen stationed respectively at Silchar and Jorhat. The four Clergymen last mentioned receive grants-in-aid from Government, varying from Rs. 150 to Rs. 100 a month, and minister to the European Congregations at their headquarters and outlying stations. The Revd. C. R. Thorold Winckley, M.A., was the Chaplain. No rebuilding was put in hand in the case of any one of the four churches in the province destroyed by the earthquake in 1897. The sum of Rs. 10,000 originally sanctioned for the purpose of providing a permanent church at Shillong having been found inadequate, an additional sum of Rs. 5,000 was sanctioned from Provincial Funds, towards the estimated cost of Rs. 22,000. Of the remainder, the Bishop of the Diocese undertook to contribute Rs. 5,000, leaving Rs. 2,000 only to be raised by private subscriptions The question of contributions, from Provincial Funds, towards the rebuilding of the churches at Gauhati, Sylhet, and Dhubri was still under consideration. Services continued to be held at Shillong and Sylhet in the temporary structures erected for the purpose after the earthquake, and at Gauhati and at Dhubri in a private house and in the Club, respectively. There were two chapelries in the district of Cachar, one at Larsinga and the other at Thaligram, for the use of the Christian coolies, and divine service was held regularly on Sundays and holidays by catechists provided by the proprietors of the tea gardens. The total number of Christian coolies, including those settled as raiyats in the district, aggregated over 300. SECTION 3. *Printing.*

SECTION 2.

STATIONERY.

470. The cost of stationery supplied during the year 1899-1900 by the Superintendent of Stationery, Calcutta, to officers of the Assam Administration amounted to Rs. 42,518, against Rs. 36,035-5 in the preceding year. The average value for the last five years was Rs. 30,350-6.

SECTION 3.

PRINTING.

471. The total cash receipts of the Assam Secretariat Press were Rs. 748, the expenditure amounted to Rs. 83,199, and the total value of work done to Rs. 1,58,337, the corresponding figures for 1898-99 being Rs. 692, Rs. 80,013, and Rs. 1,43,437, respectively. After making an allowance for inter-departmental services rendered, the profit and loss account of the Press showed a net gain of Rs. 61,147, against Rs. 63,424 in 1898-99.

SECTION 3. *Printing.*

The total outturn of printed matter amounted to 47,143 pages foolscap pica, of which 38,326 pages were first productions, and 8,817 pages consisted of reproductions from standing matter, the corresponding figures for the preceding year being 54,582, 36,832, and 14,397 pages, respectively The total number of impressions taken amounted to 1,787,500. The number of copies cut, folded pressed, gathered, collated, stitched, etc., amounted to 540,663, and that of copies sewn, bound, etc., to 28,900. Of the total outturn, 38,864 pages represented the printing work of the Civil Secretariat, and 3,095 pages that of the Public Works Secretariat.

The balance was the work done for—

The Director, Department of Land Records and Agriculture.

The Examiner of Public Works Accounts.

The Director of Public Instruction.

The Inspector General of Police.

The Principal Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner.

The Comptroller.

The Conservator of Forests.

The Personal Assistant to the Chief Commissioner.

The Superintendent of Press.

Private and Miscellaneous purposes.

CONTENTS.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

1899-1900.

Page

PART I.—STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL, AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

A.—Agricultural Statistics—including total acreage, classification of areas, irrigation, crops, current fallows, stock, character of the surface, and climate ... i—viii

B.—Political relations with Native States ... ... ix—xi

C.—Civil Divisions of British Territory xii

D.—Population—classified as far as possible xiii

E.—Fiscal Statistics, including Surveys, Settlement, Landed Tenures, and Land Revenue . xiv—xx

PART II.—STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A.—Legislative xxi

B.—Judicial—Civil and Criminal Courts and Legislation ... xxi—xlv

C.—Prisons ... ... xlvi—lxxxii

D.—Police ... ... lxxxiv—cxxxiv

E.—Military ... ... cxxxv—cxxxvi

F.—Marine cxxxvi

Page

PART III.—STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A.—Finance cxxxvii

B.—Public Works ... ... *ib.*

C.—Railways cxxxviii

D.—Marine cxxxix

F.—Prices of produce andlabour... cxl

G.—Mines and Quarries ... *ib.*

H.—Manufactures ... ... *ib.*

I.—Trade ... ... cxli—cclxx

K.—Coinage and Currency ... cclxx

L.—Charitable Institutions ... cclxxii—cclxxxi

PART IV.—STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A.—Ecclesiastical—including places of worship and Ministers of all creeds cclxxxii

B.—Education ... ... cclxxxiii—ccxciii

C.—Literary and Scientific ... ccxciv

PART V.—STATISTICS OF LIFE.

A.—Deaths ... ... ccxcv—ccxcvi

B.—Hospital Returns ... ... ccxcviii—cccii

C.—Vaccination Returns ... cccii

STATISTICAL TABLES 1899-1900.

STATISTICAL RETURNS.

PART I.—STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL, AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

[1]

A.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Showing total Acreage, Classification of Areas, Irrigation, Crops, Current Fallows and Stock in each district of the Province during the financial year ending the 31st March 1900.

Table A (i).—General.

Assam.	Cachar.	Sylhet.	Goalpara.	Kamrup.	Darrang.	Nowgong.	Sibsagar.	Lakhimpur.	Naga Hills.	Khasi and Jaintia Hills.	Garo Hills.	Total.	Assam.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
A 1.—Total Acreage.													
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
1. Area according to professional survey.	2,688,000	3,456,640	2,530,265	2,342,598	2,186,122	2,086,504	1,806,188	2,383,078	3,675,207	3,871,360	2,015,744	29,041,706	1. Area according to professional survey.
2. *Deduct* (*a*) Feudatory States.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,558,080	...	2,558,080	(*a*) Feudatory States.
2. *Deduct* (*b*) Area for which no returns exist.	1,584,434	1,026,452	1,085,124	...	781	61	3,510	...	3,195,955	1,279,137	1,905,107	10,080,561	(*b*) Area for which no returns exist. — 2. *Deduct.*
3. Net area by professional survey.	1,103,566	2,430,188	1,445,141	2,342,598	2,185,341	2,086,443	1,802,678	2,383,078	479,252	34,143	110,637	16,403,065	3. Net area by professional survey.
4. Corresponding area by village papers.	1,103,566	2,430,188	1,445,141	2,342,598	2,185,341	2,086,443	1,802,678	2,383,078	479,252	34,143	110,637	16,403,065	4. Corresponding area by village papers.
A-2.—Classification of Area shown in column 4 of A-1.													
1. Forests	442,703	65,800	460,823	94,704	204,808	91,788	81,489	217,522	479,252	32,967	86,037	2,257,893	1. Forests.
2. Not available for cultivation.	40,206	39,809	46,641	207,564	174,983	216,955	140,780	147,038	...	...	...	1,013,976	2. Not available for cultivation.
3. Culturable waste other than fallow.	29,223	72,456	431,209	1,400,277	1,399,285	1,492,400	849,064	1,633,892	...	...	...	7,307,803	3. Culturable waste other than fallow.
4. Current fallows ...	325,426	179,091	4,541	162,116	118,705	71,973	246,861	159,805	...	1,146	1,519	1,271,183	4. Current fallows.
5. Net area cropped during the year.	266,011	2,073,032	501,927	477,937	287,560	213,327	484,484	224,821	...	30	23,081	4,552,210	5. Net area cropped during the year.
Total	1,103,566	2,430,188	1,445,141	2,342,598	2,185,341	2,086,443	1,802,678	2,383,078	479,252	34,143	110,637	16,403,065	Total.

A.—Agricultural Statistics.

Table A (i)—*contd.*

Assam.	Cachar.	Sylhet.	Goalpara.	Kamrup.	Darrang.	Nowgong.	Sibsagar.	Lakhimpur.	Naga Hills.	Khasi and Jaintia Hills.	Garo Hills.	Total.	Assam.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
A-3.—Acreage under Crops.													
English or Vernacular names.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	*Botanical names.*
Cereals and pulses. 1. Rice ...	191,137	1,839,549	382,964	417,896	203,862	150,251	313,826	129,585		...	24,463	3,653,533	1. Oryza sativa.
2. Wheat ...	2	2	33	6	...	.....	22	...		...	158	223	2. Triticum sativum.
3. Barley ...	7	...	8	3	8	18	15	...		...	...	59	3. Hordeum vulgare.
4. *Cholum* or *jowar* (millet).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	2	2	4. Sorghum vulgare.
5. *Cumbu* or *bajra* (millet)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	5. Pennisetum typhoideum.
6. *Ragi* or *marwa*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	6. Eleusine coracana.
7. Maize ...	26	3	2,513	4	12	191	29	45		...	...	2,823	7. Zea mays.
8. Gram ...	216	8	226	225	3	3	...	2		...	2	685	8. Cicer arietinum.
9. Other food-grains, including pulses.	4,849	4,548	6,866	20,565	12,606	15,839	16,444	4,482		...	84	86,283	9. Other food-grains, including pulses.
Total ...	196,237	1,844,110	392,610	438,699	216,491	166,302	330,336	134,114		...	24,709	3,743,608	Total.
Oil-seeds. 10. Linseed ...	246	20,983	1	1	...	...	76	...		...	...	21,307	10. Linum usitatissimum.
11. *Til* or *jinjili* ...	601	52	608	1,012	44	1,651	16	4		...	7	3,995	11. Sesamum indicum
12. Rape and mustard.	...	16,843	106,355	...	8,340	32,201	19,012	5,539		...	...	188,290	12 Brassica sp.
13. Others ...	6,834	1,156	...	38,813	...	...	...	...		...	2,718	49,521	13. Others.
Total ...	7,681	39,034	106,964	39,826	8,384	33,852	19,104	5,543		...	2,725	263,113	Total

not available.

	14. Condiments and spices.	1,282	1,266	1,298	176	14	11	13	...	...	...	4,060	14. Condiments and spices.
Sugar	15. Sugarcane ...	22,213	8,251	1,284	3,561	1,530	1,667	6,137	3,668	...	4	28,315	15. Saccharum officinarum. } Sugar.
	16. Others ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16. Others. }
	Total ...	2,213	8,251	1,284	3,561	1,530	1,667	6,137	3,668	...	4	28,315	Total.
Fibres	17. Cotton ...	...	1,276	152	57	1	1,895	2	7	...	9	3,399	17. Gossypium sp. } Fibres.
	18. Jute ...	110	866	96,577	241	63	23	28	16	...	2,244	100,168	18. Corchorus sp. }
	19. Others ...	26	348	490	987	90	98	187	740	...	...	2,966	19. Others. }
	Total ...	136	2,490	97,219	1,285	154	2,016	217	763	...	2,253	106,533	Total.
Dyes	20. Indigo ...	...	...	16	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	19	20. Indigofera tinctoria. } Dyes.
	21. Others ...	...	...	2	177	...	...	...	8	...	...	187	21. Others. }
	Total ...	...	...	18	177	...	3	...	8	...	...	206	Total.
Drugs and narcotics.	22. Opium ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22. Papaver somniferum. } Drugs and narcotics.
	23. Coffee ...	37	125	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	162	23. Coffea arabica.
	24. Tea ...	60,542	71,936	595	3,818	41,469	12,520	76,797	63,444	30	...	331,151	24. Camelia thejfera.
	25. Tobacco ...	172	369	2,295	1,030	213	151	239	38	...	53	4,560	25. Nicotiana tobacum and N. rustica.
	26. Cinchona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26. Cinchona sp.
	27. Indian hemp ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27. Cannabis sativa.
	28. Others ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28. Others.
	Total ...	60,751	72,430	2,890	4,848	41,682	12,671	77,036	63,482	30	53	335,873	Total.
29. Fodder		...	24,426	26,320	829	54	10	288	107	...	...	52,034	29. Fodder.
30. Orchards and garden produce.*		22,115	270,422	40,638	37,415	26,993	20,991	44,414	16,831	...	1,303	481,122	30. Orchard and garden produce.
31. Miscellaneous crops.	Food ...	865	3,469	258	8,100	963	698	2,601	501	...	55	17,510	31. Food. } Miscellaneous crops.
	Non-food.	13,881	25,847	36	7,953	3,037	3,165	26,859	5,204	...	...	84,982	Non-food. }
32. Grand total		305,161	2,291,745	669,535	542,869	299,302	241,386	506,005	230,221	30	31,102	5,117,356	32. Grand total.

* The area under orchards and garden produce includes the area occupied by village site, as these cannot be separated from the area of *kasti* lands.

A.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Table A (i)—*concld.*

Assam.	Cachar.	Sylhet.	Goalpara.	Kamrup.	Darrang.	Nowgong.	Sibsagar.	Lakhimpur.	Naga Hills.	Khasi and Jaintia Hills.	Garo Hills.	Total.	Assam.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
A-3.—Acreage under Crops—contd.													
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
33. Area cropped more than once.	39,150	218,713	167,608	64,932	11,742	28,059	21,521	5,400	Statistics not available.	...	8,021	565,146	33. Area cropped more than once.
34. (32-33) Net area cropped during the year.	266,011	2,073,032	501,927	477,937	287,560	213,327	484,484	224,821		30	23,081	4,552,210	34. (32-33) Net area cropped during the year.
A-4.—Stock, etc. (1899-1900).													
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.				No.	
1. Bulls and bullocks ...	25,529	514,701	29,448	195,660	93,919	75,906	116,576	51,199				1,102,938	1. Bulls and bullocks.
2. Cows	49,823	500,236	23,686	148,395	86,095	64,404	90,980	42,686				1,006,305	2. Cows.
3. Male buffaloes ...	14,680	15,933	944	3,049	18,435	8,544	20,892	8,659				91,136	3. Male buffaloes.
4. Cow buffaloes	22,483	41,724	1,239	8,212	9,405	10,444	18,849	10,192				122,548	4. Cow buffaloes.
5. Young stock (calves and buffalo-calves).	41,261	752,287	29,615	182,201	98,402	95,958	132,857	57,780				1,390,361	5. Young stock (calves and buffalo-calves).
6. Sheep	1,222	5,654	99	82	395	145	2,231	1,669				11,497	6. Sheep.
7. Goats	32,684	91,584	11,484	62,592	56,010	29,178	80,635	37,085				401,252	7. Goats.
8 Horses and ponies ...	1,069	1,789	176	1,024	972	997	2,455	1,426				9,908	8. Horses and ponies.
9. (*a*) Mules	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				127	9. (*a*) Mules.
9. (*b*) Donkeys ...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...				6	9. (*b*) Donkeys.
10. Camels	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				...	10. Camels.
11. Ploughs	46,770	486,750	12,999	86,691	49,639	38,424	70,892	29,405				821,570	11. Ploughs.
12. Carts	490	540	319	804	3,509	1,104	3,718	1,399				11,883	12. Carts.

A.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

[1] Table A (ii).—(Cadastrally-Surveyed Areas).

Assam.	Cachar.	Sylhet.	Goalpara.	Kamrup.	Darrang.	Nowgong.	Sibsagar.	Lakhimpur.	Total.	Assam.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A-1.—Total Acreage.										
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
1. Area according to survey	660,826	541,785	180,712	1,275,546	629,698	710,958	1,100,556	192,930	5,293,011	1. Area according to survey.
A-2.—Classification of Area shown in cross heading 1 of A-1.										
1. Not available for cultivation 2. Culturable waste other than fallow	69,165	138,803	134,080	697,551	361,500	485,924	447,496	65,573	2,400,092	1. Not available for cultivation. 2. Cultural waste other than fallow.
3. Current fallows	325,650	196,899	2,402	134,524	46,529	42,059	178,360	25,754	952,217	3. Current fallows.
4. Net area cropped during the year ...	265,011	206,683	44,230	443,431	221,669	182,975	474,700	101,603	1,940,702	4. Net area cropped during the year.
Total	660,826	541,785	180,712	1,275,546	629,698	710,958	1,100,556	192,930	5,293,011	
English or Vernacular names.				*A-3.—Acreage under Crops.*						*Botanical names.*
Cereals and pulses. 1. Rice	191,137	152,548	39,849	389,665	178,319	136,589	304,570	70,427	1,463,104	1. Oryza sativa.
2. Wheat	2	2	...	6	...	...	3	...	13	2. Triticum sativum.
3. Barley	7	...	...	3	7	18	13	...	48	3. Hordeum vulgare.
4. *Cholum* or *jowar* (millet)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4. Sorghum vulgare.
5. *Cumbu* or *bajra* (millet)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5. Pennisetum typhoideum.
6. *Ragi* or *marwa* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6. Eleusine coracana.
7. Maize	26	3	1	4	1	15	29	10	89	7. Zea mays.
8. Gram (pulse) ...	216	8	...	202	1	4	...	2	433	8. Cicer arietinum.
9. Other food-grains, including pulses.	4,849	548	1,150	19,682	10,689	14,195	15,165	2,870	69,148	9. Other food-grains, including pulses.
Total	196,237	153,109	41,000	409,562	189,017	150,821	319,780	73,309	1,532,835	Total.

Table A (ii)—*contd.*

Assam.	Cachar.	Sylhet.	Goalpara.	Kamrup.	Darrang.	Nowgong.	Sibsagar.	Lakhimpur.	Total.	Assam.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A-3.—Acreage under Crops—contd.										
English or Vernacular names.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	*Botanical names.*
Oil-seeds — 10. Linseed ...	246	3,983	1	1	...	...	...	...	4,231	10. Linum usitatissimum.
Oil-seeds — 11. *Til* or *jinjili* ...	601	53	85	842	27	518	15	4	2,155	11. Sesamum indicum.
Oil-seeds — 12. Rape and mustard ...	6,813	2,843	4,161	34,141	4,510	28,212	12,647	636	93,969	12. Brassica.
Oil-seeds — 13. Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13. Others.
Total ...	7,660	6,879	4,247	34,984	4,553	28,730	12,662	640	1,00,355	Total.
14. Condiments and spices ...	1,282	267	2	114	14	11	12	...	1,702	14. Condiments and spices.
Sugar — 15. Sugarcane	2,213	1,251	69	3,509	1,336	1,331	5,977	298	15,984	15. Saccharum officinarum.
Sugar — 16. Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16. Others.
Total	2,213	1,251	69	3,509	1,336	1,331	5,977	298	15,984	Total.
Fibres — 17. Cotton	...	76	2	54	1	...	...	...	133	17. Gossypium sp.
Fibres — 18. Jute	110	67	120	158	32	24	28	4	543	18. Corchorus sp.
Fibres — 19. Others	26	49	...	761	89	87	166	186	1,364	19. Others.
Total	136	192	122	973	122	111	194	190	2,040	Total.

Oil-seeds. Sugar. Fibres.

Dyes	20. Indigo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20. Indigofera tincoria. } Dyes.
	21. Others	...	...	...	...	1	137	...	...	...	...	138	21. Others.
	Total	...	..	...	...	1	137	...	...	...	...	138	Total.
Drugs and narcotics.	22. Opium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22. Papaver somniferum. } Drugs and narcotics.
	23. Coffee	...	...	37	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	47	23. Coffea arabica.
	24. Tea	...	...	60,542	30,711	...	643	7,221	5,912	80,854	16,417	202,300	24. Camelia theirfera.
	25. Tobacco	...	...	172	68	142	989	203	146	238	27	1,985	25. Nicotiana tobacum and N. rustica.
	26. Cinchona	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	26. Cinchona sp.
	27. Indian hemp	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	....	...	...	27. Cannabis sativa.
	28. Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	28. Others.
	Total	...	...	60,751	30,779	142	1,632	7,424	6,058	81,102	16,444	204,332	Total.
	29. Fodder	...	...	...	4,436	...	793	26	10	288	14	5,557	29. Fodder crops.
	30. Orchards and garden produce.			22,115	20,422	3,701	35,164	24,931	19,392	43,799	10,497	180,021	30. Orchards and garden produce.
	31. Miscellaneous crops.	Food	...	886	624	155	7,721	734	668	2,520	272	13,580	Food. } 31. Miscellaneous crops.
		Non-food	...	13,881	5,847	...	7,666	2,368	3,156	25,518	2,713	61,149	Non-food.
	32. Grand total		... ...	305,161	223,796	49,439	502,255	230,525	210,288	491,852	104,377	2,117,693	32. Grand total.
	33. Area cropped more than once.			39,150	17,713	5,209	58,824	8,856	27,313	17,152	2,774	176,991	33. Area cropped more than once.
	34. (32-33) Net area cropped during the year.			266,011	206,083	44,230	443,431	221,669	182,975	474,700	101,603	1,940,702	34. (32-33) Net area cropped during the year.

[2] A.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

5.—*Character of the Surface.*

[3] [For details in this table *see* Chapter I of Part II of the General Administration Report for 1892-93.]

6.—*Climate, Assam Stations.*

Places at which observations taken.	Rainfall, in inches.				Average temperature in the shade.												Average cloud proportion, 1 to 10.		
					May 1899.				July 1899.				December 1899.						
	January to May 1899.	June to September 1899.	October to December 1899.	Total.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	January to May 1899.	June to September 1899.	October to December 1899.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Silchar	34·10	90·71	13·35	138·16	90·6	74·8	99·1	71·3	90·4	77·2	98·1	75·3	77·1	53·1	81·9	46·0	4·6	9·4	4·1
Sibsagar	31·25	58·40	4·31	93·96	86·2	73·0	93·2	69·0	87·8	77·3	93·2	75·5	67·5	51·1	73·3	44·9	6·3	9·2	8·7
Dhubri	20·10	76·51	2·42	99·03	88·9	74·4	100·7	69·7	85·1	78·7	90·2	74·8	71·0	53·7	76·6	47·8	3·4	8·4	2·9

[4]

B.—POLITICAL RELATIONS.

I.—*Native States for the year* 1899-1900.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.	Population.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military force.	Transit duties or not.	Principal productions, including manufacture and mines.		
						Products.	Manufactures.	Mineral.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Manipur ...	Rs. 50,000 in cash annually.	By census of 1881. 2,21,070	Rs. 3,84,070	A Military Police force of 400 men is entertained to control the hill tribes and do escort duty, etc.	No transit duties.	Rice, *dal*, and vegetables of various kinds. India-rubber, wax, tea-seed and other forest products, cattle, ponies and buffaloes.	Cotton cloth, fine and coarse, silk cloth, fine and coarse, brass and other metal utensils, a few articles of ivory and ordinary native jewellery, some leather work, a coarse kind of salt.	Iron ore, limestone, copper and salt, of which only salt and limestone are now worked.
Bhowal ...	None...	620	Rs. a. p. Market dues ... 310 0 0 Malikana on lime-quarry. 300 0 0 Total 410 0 0	None ...	None ...	Rice, millet, bay-leaves, black pepper, pepper nigram.	None ...	Lime.
Cherra ...	Ditto...	9,902	Market dues ... 7,000 0 0 Judicial fines ... 150 0 0 Zamindari land holding in Sylhet. 1,300 0 0 Total 8,450 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Cotton, millet, betel-nut, *pán*, oranges, black pepper, pepper nigram, chillies and bamboos, turmeric, ginger, honey and potatoes.	Bamboo mats and bamboo basket.	Lime, iron, and coal.
Shella ...	Ditto...	6,358	Half royalty on lime-stone. 2,071 0 0 Market dues ... 800 0 0 Judicial fines ... 50 0 0 Total 2,921 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Oranges, betel-nuts, and pine-apples.	Ditto ...	Lime (coal not worked).
Khairim ...	Ditto...	30,127	Share of forest revenue. 310 0 0 Pension allowed by Government at Rs. 150 per month. 1,800 0 0 Market dues ... 5,000 0 0 Contribution for State purposes. 1,400 0 0 Judicial fines ... 400 0 0 Elephant *mahal* ... 1,300 0 0 Total 9,860 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rice, cotton, millet, job's-tears, caoutchouc, cinnamon, sohphlang (an edible root), betel-nuts, *pán*, oranges, Indian corn, lac, potatoes, black pepper, pepper nigram, chillies, turmeric, ginger, and honey.	Cotton cloth, *eria*, silk cloth, *daos*, *kodalis*, knives, hammer, crowbar, wedges, and bamboo mats.	Lime, coal, and iron (not worked).
Mylliem...	Ditto...	17,040	Market dues ... 500 0 0 Judicial fines ... 300 0 0 Contribution for State purposes. 2,200 0 0 Forest revenue ... 60 0 0 Share of excise revenue. 2,250 0 0 Elephant *mahal* ... 1,800 0 0 Total 6,110 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rice, potato, job's-tear, Indian corn, sohphlang, sugarcane, ginger, and millet.	*Daos* and baskets.	Iron.
Langrin ...	Ditto...	1,330	Market dues ... 150 0 0 Malikanna on lime-quarry. 1,500 0 0 Fisheries ... 50 0 0 Malikana on coal-mines. 24 0 0 Total 1,724 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rice, millet, chillies, turmeric, and ginger.	None ...	Lime and coal (coal not worked).
Maharam...	Ditto...	8,947	Contribution levied for State purposes. 400 0 0 Market dues ... 120 0 0 Judicial fines ... 120 0 0 Total 640 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Job's-tears, black pepper, pepper nigram, chillies, bay-leaves, honey, rice, sugarcane, potatoes, ginger, millet, Indian corn, sohphlang, caoutchouc, and cinnamon.	*Daos*, *kodalis*, and hammers.	Lime and iron (not worked).
Maoiang ...	Ditto...	1,933	House-tax ... 0 0 0 Rent of fisheries ... 50 0 0 Judicial fines ... 100 0 0 Contribution levied for State purposes 90 0 0 Total 249 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Potato, millet, chillies, turmeric, honey, and ginger.	.....	Lime and iron (not worked).
Maosaram	Ditto	1,286	Market dues ... 180 0 0 Contribution levied for State purposes 150 0 0 Total 330 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	None ...	Lime, coal, iron (not worked).
Malaisohmat.	Ditto...	403	Market dues ... 50 0 0 Contribution levied for State purposes 50 0 0 Share of forest revenue. 90 0 0 Total ... 190 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rice, millet, job's-tear, ginger, chillies, turmeric, bay-leaves, betel-nut, and oranges.	Ditto ...	Lime worked

[4] B.—POLITICAL RELATIONS.

1.—*Native States for the year* 1899-1900—contd.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.	Population.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military force.	Transit duties or not.	Principal productions, including manufacture and mines.		
						Products.	Manufactures.	Minerals.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			Rs. a. p.					
Myriaw ...	None...	1,070	Market dues ... 25 0 0 Contribution levied for State purposes. 100 0 0 Total 125 0 0	None ...	None ...	Rice, millet, job's-tears, ginger, chillies, turmeric, sohphlang, Indian corn, and sugar-cane.	None ...	Lime (not worked).
Nohsoo-phoh.	Ditto...	2,433	Market dues ... 100 0 0 Judicial fines ... 30 0 0 Total 130 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rice, job's-tears, Indian corn, sohphlang, and potato.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Nongkhlaw	Ditto...	8,926	Market dues ... 600 0 0 Contribution levied for State purposes. 800 0 0 Judicial fines ... 50 0 0 Pension as mauzadar. 502 0 0 Share of forest revenue. 99 0 0 Elephant *mahal* ... 50 0 0 Total 2,201 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Potatoes, rice, millet, job's-tear, Indian corn, sohphlang, caoutchouc, and cinnamon.	*Kodalis*, *daos*, and crow-bars.	
Nongspung	Ditto...	1,632	Share of forest revenue. 197 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rice, potato, honey and bees-wax.	*Daos* ...	Iron.
Nongstoin...	Ditto...	9,210	Market dues ... 1,000 0 0 Mahikana on lime-quarries. 750 0 0 Contribution levied for State purposes. 1,500 0 0 Judicial fines ... 1,000 0 0 Share of forest revenue. 50 0 0 Elephant *mahal* ... ... Total 4,300 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Lac, honey, bees-wax, cotton, caoutchouc, bay-leaves, rice, millet, job's-tears, sugar-cane, chillies, and sohphlang.	Earthenware, pottery, cotton cloth, *dao*, and spades.	Lime and coal (coal not worked).
Rambrai ...	Ditto	2,154	Market dues ... 40 0 0 Judicial fine ... 150 0 0 Share of forest revenue. ... Share of elephant *mahal*. 50 0 0 Total 240 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rice, job's-tear, ginger, chillies, millet, cotton, and Indian corn.	Cotton cloth...	None.
Jiwang ...	Ditto	740	Forest revenue ... 1,163 0 0 Share of elephant *mahal*. 50 0 0 Total 1,213 0 0	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rice, millet, ginger, chillies, job's-tears, caoutchouc, and cotton.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Duara-Nongtyrmen.	Ditto	372	*Nil* ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rice, millet, oranges, chillies, job's-tear.	Net bag ...	Lime.
Maodon ...	Ditto	257	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Millet, oranges, betel-nut, jack-fruit, pine-apples, chillies, and bay-leaves.	None ...	Lime and coal (coal not worked).
Maolong ...	Ditto	1,559	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Oranges, millet, jack-fruit, betel-nut, pine-apples, and chillies.	Ditto ...	Lime (not worked).
Pam San-[illegible]ong...	Ditto	212	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Millet, job's-tears, potato, and millet.	Ditto ...	None.
[illegible]lang	Ditto	542	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Potato and millet ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
[illegible]wai	Ditto	903	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Millet, job's-tears, rice, and potato.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
[illegible]	Ditto	186	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
[illegible]	Ditto	2,528	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.

[5.] B.—POLITICAL RELATIONS.

2.—*Native Chiefs and Principal male members of their families for the year* 1899-1900.

Name of individual and State and family to which he belongs.	Present position.	Caste or race and religion.	Age.	How educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorising adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heir or not.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
MANIPUR STATE.			Years.					
Chura Chand Singh ...	Raja ...	Khetri, Hindu.	14-11	At the Mayo College, Ajmere.	Minor under the care of the Principal.	*Nil* ...	Follows primogeniture.	*Nil.*
Ramanondo Singh ...	Moirang Ningthow.	Ditto ...	72	Can read and write Manipuri a little.	Guardian of Raja	*Nil* ...	*Nil* ...	*Nil.*
Dumbra Singh	Raja's eldest brother.	Ditto ...	28	Ditto ...	Is a lakpa of a pannah, *i.e.*, a revenue official like a tahsildar.	*Nil* ...	*Nil* ...	*Nil.*
Dimbha Singh ...	Raja's second brother.	Ditto ...	26	Ditto ...	Is a member of town panchayat court.	*Nil* ...	*Nil* ...	*Nil.*
Chandra Hash Singh ...	Raja's third brother.	Ditto ...	24	Ditto ...	*Nil*	*Nil* ...	*Nil* ...	*Nil.*
Dijendra Singh ...	Raja's step-brother.	Ditto ...	15	At the Mayo College, Ajmere.	*Nil*	*Nil* ...	*Nil* ...	*Nil.*
KHASI AND JAINTIA HILLS.								
U Ram Sing, State Bhowal	Seim ...	Khasi ...	35	Uneducated ...	As Seim ...	Adoption is not allowed,	Not ...	In the Khasi State the succession is hereditary, but the heir must have the approval of the Durbar. The Seim's or chief's mother's sister's son or failing these, nephew i.e., sister's son succeed to chiefship. Father's sons or brother's sons are not deemed relatives, Relationship through mother or sister alone is recognized. Heir-apparent, U Jit Sing (disputed).
U Hajon Manik, State Cherra	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	66	Can read and write Khasi.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent, Seim's nephew (U Chandro Sing).
U Joidon ...	Wahadadars.	Ditto	32	Can read and write Khasi.	As Wahadadars	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	In the Shella confederate villages the Wahadadars are elected from the people. The office is not hereditary, and is subjected to reconsideration every three years.
U Wandop ...			50	Uneducated ...				
U Shloin ...			40	Ditto ...				
U Klorkha, State Shella ...			54	Can read and write Bengali.				
U Klur Sing, State Khairim.	Seim ...	Ditto ...	56	Uneducated ...	As Seim ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Same as against Bhowal. Heir-apparent, U Arana Sing.
U Mon, State Nongstoin ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	29	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Same as against Bhowal. Heir-apparent not known.
U Ron Sing, State Mylliem	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	38	Can read and write Khasi and knows English a little.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent no known.
U Langngat, State Langrin.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	27	Can read and write Khasi.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
U Kison Sing, State Mahairam.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	40	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent, Seim's brother U Rabon Sing.
U Sombu Rai, State Maosanram.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	22	Uneducated ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent, Seim's brother U Sutanal.
U Moi Sing, State Maoiang	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	35	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent not known.
U Juba Sing, State Malaisohmat.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	20	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent not known.
U Burom, State Mariaw.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	35	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent, Seim's brother U Lap.
U Duwan, State Nobosohphoh.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	35	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent, U Bor Sing.
U Pyrba, State Nongspung	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	39	Can read and write Khasi.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent, Seim's brother U Shamat Sing.
U Kine Sing, State Nongkhlaw.	Ditto ...	Christian	56	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent, U Kumbur Sing.
U Duna Sing, State Rambrai	Ditto ...	Khasi ...	38	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto. Heir-apparent not known.
U Bang, State Jirang ...	Sardar ...	Ditto ...	30	Uneducated ...	As Sardar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	In Sardarship, succession is almost in every case by election.
U Bika, State Duara Nongtyrmen.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	37	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
U Jirmuluk, State Maodon	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	38	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
U Kisno	State Malong	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	31	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
U Sahin*				31					
J Sombad				34					
U Ram Sing,† State Pamsanngut.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	41	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
U Bna State Langiong. ...	Longdoh ...	Ditto ...	47	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
U Boiot, State Maophlang.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	30	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
U Kir Sing, State Sohiong	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	52	Can read and write Khasi.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto
U Hairib‡, State Nongliwai.	Sardar ...	Ditto ...	35	Uneducated ...	As Sardar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto

* Appointed in place of U Bin and U I Sing, dismissed.

† Died. No successor yet appointed.

‡ Appointed in place of U Dor Sing, deceased.

§ Ditto ditto.

[6] C.—CIVIL DIVISIONS OF BRITISH TERRITORY (1899-1900).

The Chief Executive authority in the Province of Assam is the Chief Commissioner, who is appointed under Home Department Notifications Nos. 380, dated the 6th February 1874, and 2344, dated the 12th September 1874. The Chief Commissioner is assisted by a Secretary, an Assistant Secretary, and a Personal Assistant; one District and Sessions Judge in Sylhet, who is also Sessions Judge of Cachar; one Judge and Commissioner in the Assam Valley Districts; the Conservator of Forests; the Principal Medical Officer, who is also Sanitary Commissioner; the Director of Public Instruction; the Inspector General of Police and Jails, who is also Inspector General of Registration and Commissioner of Excise and Superintendent of Stamps; the Director, Department of Land Records and Agriculture, with an Assistant; and thirteen Deputy Commissioners.

Name of Chief Commissionership.	Name of executive district.	Number of judicial and revenue subdivisions.	Area, in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns, with population.	Number of villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts.	Maximum distance, in miles, of villages from nearest court.	Average distance, in miles, of villages from nearest court.	Number of police.	Total cost of Administration. 1898-99.	Total cost of Administration. 1899-1900.	Land revenue and rates. 1898-99.	Land revenue and rates. 1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		14	
									Miles.	Miles.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Assam.	Assam Valley districts. Cachar	3	3,200·00	356,183	Silchar (including cantonment) ... 7,543	858	7	10	30*	9	543				
	Assam Valley districts. Sylhet	5	5,491·00	2,154,593	Sylhet town ... 14,017; Karimganj ... 3,349; Habiganj ... 4,161; Sunamganj ... 2,130; Maulvi Bazar ... 2,623	6,515	13	23	36	15	551				
	Assam Valley districts. Goalpara	2	3,953·54	452,773	Dhubri ... 4,855; Goalpara ... 5,447	1,098	4	4	70	50	256				
	Assam Valley districts. Kamrup	2	3,669·31	634,249	Gauhati ... 8,283; Barpeta ... 9,342	1,565	8	8	43	18	312				
	Assam Valley districts. Darrang	2	3,415·81	397,440	Tezpur ... 4,611; Mangaldai ... 697	1,176	4	6	70† 45‡	25	198				
	Assam Valley districts. Nowgong	1	3,460·16	344,462	Nowgong ... 4,815	999	3	5	62	22	171	69,36,241	70,04,711§	69,42,338	69,51,396
	Assam Valley districts. Sibsagar	3	2,822·17	457,274	Sibsagar ... 3,249; Jorhat ... 2,159; Golaghat ... 2,211	1,306	12	10	50	33	312				
	Assam Valley districts. Lakhimpur	2	3,723·56	254,053	Dibrugarh ... 9,876; North Lakhimpur ... 1,244	782	6	9	50	15	584				
	Hill districts. Naga Hills	2	5,742·51	122,867	Kohima ... 1,781	640	5	5	90	50	723				
	Hill districts. Khasi and Jaintia Hills.	2	6,049·00	197,904	Shillong ... 6,720; Jowai ... 3,491; Cherra (including Cherrapunji) 2,882; Shella ... 3,997	1,329	3	3	65	25	178				
	Hill districts. Garo Hills	1	3,149·60	121,570	Tura ... 1,045	1,005	2	3	110	...	268				
	Grand total	25	45,377·66	5,433,663	...	17,183	67	92	...	...	4,497	69,36,241	70,04,711§	69,42,338	69,51,396

Gross revenue of the province during 1898-99, Rs. 1,20,04,819, and 1899-1900, Rs. 1,18,66,044.‡

NOTE.—The particular items of gross revenue which make up the gross revenue are—

	1898-99. Rs.	1899-1900. Rs.
I.—Land revenue	62,84,108	62,80,533
IV.—Stamps	9,70,598	9,27,888
V.—Excise	28,83,787	28,63,574
VI.—Provincial rates	6,58,230	6,70,864
VIII.—Assessed taxes	3,23,621	2,26,823
X.—Registration	55,384	51,100
XII.—Interest	505	15,616
XIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law ...	1,03,325	97,340
Law and Justice—Jails	44,491	46,187
ice	1,99,817	1,78,674
ried over	1,15,28,866	1,14,68,899

	1898-99. Rs.	1899-1900. Rs.
Brought forward ...	1,15,28,866	1,14,68,899
XIX.—Education	48,324	51,602
XX.—Medical	11,496	8,118
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	85,600	81,575
XXII.—Receipts in aid of superannuation, retired and compassionate allowances ...	16,360	15,597
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	5,322	4,882
XXV.—Miscellaneous	52,681	33,796
XXXII.—Civil Works ... Civil Books	1,55,202	1,48,658
XXXII.—Civil Works ... P. W. D. Books ...	1,00,968	52,917
Total	1,20,04,819	1,18,66,404

* North Cachar. † From Civil Court. ‡ From Honorary Magistrate's Court.

§ ... are open to final revision and adjustment. The final figures will appear in the statement for 1900-1901.

D.—POPULATION (1899-1900).

District.	Inhabited houses.			Population.						Classification of population.											Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration or immigration.	Remarks.
	Number of masonry dwellings.	Number of all other kinds.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.				Hindus and Jains.	Muhammadans.	Sikhs.	Buddhists.	Hill tribes.	Brahmos.	Others.	Agriculturists.	Non-agriculturists.			
						Male.	Female.			European.	East Indians and other mixed classes.	Natives.	Total.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Cachar plains	...	82,338	82,338	117,208	100,206	77,165	72,963	367,542	148·68	273	48	488	809	239,944	112,846	...	2	13,819	37	5	314,535	53,007		...	...
Sylhet	...	433,492	433,492	628,084	603,924	472,854	449,731	2,154,593	400·41	277	110	256	643	1,016,134	1,123,984	...	8	13,818	6	...	1,450,441	704,152		...	...
Total Surma Valley ...	...	515,830	515,830	745,292	704,130	550,019	522,694	2,522,135	21·17	550	158	744	1,452	1,256,078	1,236,830	...	10	27,717	43	5	1,764,976	757,159		...	...
Goalpara	...	82,228	82,228	139,883	123,310	96,746	92,365	452,304*	114·40	51	34	1,547	1,632	209 925	124,455	20	112	116,112	45	3	367,949	84,355		...	...
Kamrup	...	126,568	126,568	181,886	180,185	139,143	133,935	634,249	174·63	42	27	879	948	445,377	55,350	...	813	131,759	2	...	503,307	130,942		...	...
Darrang	...	63,760	63,760	98,530	86,986	62,851	59,394	307,761*	99·10	183	24	642	849	196,037	18,454	...	519	91,870	26	6	275,003	32,758		...	...
Nowgong	...	66,405	66,405	103,314	95,071	74,477	71,279	344,141*	105·56	63	...	354	417	214,425	14,137	63	40	115,044	15	...	310,930	33,211		...	...
Sibsagar	...	97,853	97,853	145,216	124,493	95,779	91,786	457,274	160·03	274	43	1,048	1,365	418,863	19,805	...	987	16,243	6	5	461,280	55,994		...	...
Lakhimpur	...	55,970	55,970	84,956	69,401	51,448	48,248	254,053	68·23	305	58	1,243	1,606	227,350	8,086	...	4,462	12,546	2	1	222,640	31,413		...	...
Total Brahmaputra Valley ...	...	492,784	492,784	753,785	679,446	520,444	495,107	2,440,782	117·55	918	186	5,713	6,817	1,711,977	240,287	83	6,933	483,574	96	15	2,081,109	368,673		...	...
North Cachar	...	3,767	3,767	5,348	5,672	3,958	3,963	18,941	10·95	1	...	...	1	8,221	15	...	...	10,704	...	...	18,435	506		...	...
Naga Hills	...	34,719	34,719	38,629	38,121	23,570	22,547	122,867	21·26	20	...	211	231	4,458	209	...	360	117,607	...	2	113,067	9,800		...	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	...	39,261	39,261	53,859	62,208	40,747	41,090	197,904	32·60	164	39	6,941	7,144	4,472	820	...	2	185,364	95	7	142,522	55,382		...	...
Garo Hills	...	23,948	23,948	34,965	35,009	26,248	25,348	121,570	38·61	21	9	1,154	1,184	11,388	5,597	...	392	103,004	5	...	107,304	14,266		...	...
North Lushai (Civil and Military)	...	258	258	2,038	...	6	...	2,044	12·47	13	...	2	15	1,607	216	...	...	205	...	1	369	1,675		...	...
Ditto (estimated) ...	...	8,318	8,318	20,795†	20,795	Details not available.		4,590		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41,590	...	...	41,590	...		...	...
Total Hill districts	...	110,271	110,271	155,634	161,805	94,529	92,948	504,916	24·96	219	48	8,308	8,575	30,146	6,857	...	754	458,474	100	10	423,287	81,629		...	...
Total for the Province ...	...	1,118,885	1,118,885	1,654,711	1,545,381	1,164,992	1,111,749	5,476,833	111·95	1,687	392	14,765	16,844	2,998,201	1,483,974	83	7,697	969,765	239	30	4,269,372	1,207,461	*Languages, dialects.*—Abor, Assamese, Bengali, Bhutanese, Kachari, Dafla, Garo, Hajong, Khamti, Khasi, Kuki, Lalung, Manipuri, Mech, Mikir, Miri, Mishmi, Shan, Naga dialect, Rabha, Singpho, Tipperah, Urdu or Hindustani, English.	...	...

* A mauza with a population of 469 was transferred to the Goalpara district from Jalpaiguri district in Bengal during 1896-97, and an area with a population of 321 was transferred from Darrang to Nowgong during the year 1892-93, but as the distribution of the population of these tracts by age, sex, and religion is not known, their transfers have not been taken into account in this statement.

† Children included under men and women.

1.—*Incidence of the Land Revenue on Area and Population in each District in Assam in the Financial Year ending the 31st March 1900.*

Nature of tenure.		Total area by survey, less feudatories [Table A-1 (1) *minus* Table A-1 (2)].	Deduct.		Balance, *i.e.*, fully assessed area for which returns are available.		Total land revenue [excluding cesses of districts (column 2)].	Population of district (column 2).	Land revenue per head of population (columns 5 and 6).	Land revenue assessed on fully assessed area [column 4(*a*)].	Incidence per acre of land revenue (column 8) on fully assessed area (column 4).		Population of fully assessed area.	Land revenue assessment per head of population of fully assessed area (columns 8 and 11).	Towns over 10,000 inhabitants.	
District.	Nature of tenure.		Area not fully assessed.	Area for which returns, so far as required for this table, are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.					For total area.	For cultivated area.			Number of towns.	Aggregate population.
1		2	3(*a*)	3(*b*)	4(*a*)	4(*b*)	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14.
		Acres.	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		
Cachar ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	2,511,232	2,221,221	...	290,011	232,008	3,70,415	386,483	0 15 8	2,42,172	0 13 4	1 0 8	243,680	0 15 11	...	
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled).	176,768	176,768	...	...	...	7,870			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	2,688,000	2,397,989	...	290,011	232,008	3,78,285	386,483	0 15 8	2,42,172	0 13 4	1 0 8	243,680	0 15 11	...	
Sylhet ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	856,682	461,102	...	395,580	206,082	3,67,963	2,154,593	0 6 4	3,00,998	0 12 2	1 7 4	1,784,838	...	...	Sylhet 14,027
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled).	189,262	189,262	...	...	...	1,17,591			...	...	...				
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	2,410,696	...	...	2,410,696	2,026,600	3,65,323			3,65,323	0 2 5	0 2 11				
	Total	3,456,640	650,364	...	2,806,276	2,232,682	8,50,877	2,154,593	0 6 4	6,66,321	0 3 10	0 4 9	1,784,838	0 6 0	1	
Goalpara ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	1,010,929	938,670	...	72,259	67,778	1,10,829	452,773*	0 4 4	1,01,051	1 6 5	1 7 11	69,972	1 7 1	...	
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled).	360	360	...	...	...	180			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	1,518,976	...	...	1,518,976	433,558	12,681			11,411	0 0 1	0 0 5	382,533	0 0 6	...	
	Total	2,530,265	939,030	...	1,591,235	501,276	1,23,690	452,773*	0 4 4	1,12,462	0 1 2	0 3 7	452,505	0 4 0	...	

Kamrup ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	2,135,020	1,702,545	...	432,475	381,100	11,50,526	634,249	2 0 11	11,31,244	2 9 10	2 15 6	503,128	2 4 0	...	Gauhati 10,817
	2. Zamindari (temporaily-settled).	207,578	207,578	...	...	...	1,55,107			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	2,342,598	1,910,123	...	432,475	381,100	13,05,633	634,249	2 0 11	11,31,244	2 9 10	2 15 6	503,128	2 4 0	1	
Darrang ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	2,026,175	1,772,636	...	253,539	236,802	6,79,930	307,440†	2 6 1	6,68,937	2 10 3	2 13 2	252,998	2 10 4	...	
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled).	159,947	159,947	...	...	...	52,029			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	2,186,122	1,932,583	...	253,539	236,802	7,31,959	307,440†	2 6 1	6,68,937	2 10 3	2 13 2	252,998	2 10 4	...	
Nowgong ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	2,024,476	1,815,114	...	209,362	137,389	5,69,872	344,462†	1 12 1	5,45,513	2 9 8	2 15 6	316,797	1 11 7	...	
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled),	62,028	62,028	...	...	...	34,049			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	2,086,504	1,877,142	...	209,362	137,389	6,03,921	344,462†	1 12 1	5,45,513	2 9 8	2 15 6	316,797	1 11 7	...	
Sibsagar ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	1,572,952	1,088,027	...	484,925	422,274	13,36,914	457,274	3 0 11	12,91,245	2 10 7	3 0 11	357,712	3 9 9	...	
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled).	233,236	233,236	...	...	...	60,194			...	...	...	..	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permenently-settled).	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,806,188	1,321,263	...	484,925	422,274	13,97,108	457,274	3 0 11	12,91,245	2 10 7	3 0 11	357,712	3 9 9	...	
Lakhimpur ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	2,188,316	1,998,452	...	189,864	189,647	5,46,719	254,053	2 5 4	4,77,227	2 8 3	2 8 3	1 82,416	2 9 10	...	
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled).	194,762	194,762	...	...	...	46,427			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3 Zamindari (permanently-settled)	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	2,383,078	2,193,214	...	189,864	189,647	5,93,146	254,053	2 5 4	4,77,227	2 8 3	2 8 3	182,416	2 9 10	...	
Naga Hills ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	3,675,207	3,675,207	...	...	...	60,339	122,867	0 7 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	2. Zamindari temporarily-settled.	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	3,675,207	3,675,207	...	...	...	60,339	122,867	0 7 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	

* Includes 469 persons, being the population of mauza Chota Guma, transferred from Jalpaiguri district in Bengal to this district.

† The difference between the figures given here and those published in the Census Report of 1891 is due to the transfer, during 1892-93, from Darrang to Nowgong of the area containing the population of 321 persons.

I.—*Incidence of the Land Revenue on Area and Population in each District in Assam in the Financial Year ending the* 31*st March* 1900—continued.

Nature of tenure.		Total area by survey, less feudatories [Table A-1 (1) *minus* Table A-1 (2)].	Deduct:		Balance, i.e., fully assessed area for which returns are available.		Total land revenue [excluding cesses of districts (column 2)].	Population of district (column 2).	Land revenue per head of population (columns 5 and 6).	Land revenue assessed on fully assessed area [column 4 (a)].	Incidence per acre of land revenue (column 8) on fully assessed area (column 4).		Population of fully assessed area.	Land revenue assessment per head of population of fully assessed area (columns 8 and 11).	Towns over 10,000 inhabitants.	
District.	Nature of tenure.		Area not fully assessed.	Area for which returns, so far as required for this table, are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.					For total area.	For cultivated area.			Number of towns.	Aggregate population.
1		2	3(a)	3(b)	4(a)	4(b)	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		Acres.	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		
Khasi and Jaintia Hills.	1. Raiyatwari ...	1,312,104	1,307,948	...	4,156	4,130	61,140	197,904	0 5 0	8,095	1 15 2	1 15 4	...	...	...	
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled).	1,176	1,176	...	...	...	1,156			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	1,313,280	1,309,124	...	4,156	4,130	62,296	197,904	0 5 0	8,095	1 15 2	1 15 4	Not known	Not known	...	
Garo Hills ...	1. Raiyatwari ...	2,015,316	1,992,235	...	23,081	23,081	62,397	121,570	0 8 3	21,544	0 14 11	0 14 11	27,725	0 12 5	...	
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled).	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	428	...	...	428	428	12			12	0 0 5	0 0 5	40	0 4 10	...	
	Total	2,015,744	1,992,235	...	23,509	25,509	62,409	121,570	0 8 3	21,556	0 14 8	0 14 8	27,765	0 12 5	...	
Total of tenures of each nature.	1. Raiyatwari ...	21,328,409	18,973,157	...	2,355,252	1,902,231	53,17,044	5,433,668	1 2 2	47,88,026	2 0 6	2 8 4	...	...	...	
	2. Zamindari (temporarily-settled).	1,225,117	1,225,117	...	...	...	4,74,603			...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3. Zamindari (permanently-settled).	3,930,100	...	...	3,930,100	2,460,586	3,78,016			3,76,746	0 1 6	0 2 5	...	...	...	
	Grand total ...	26,483,626	20,198,274	...	6,285,352	4,360,817	61,69,663	5,433,668	1 2 2	51,64,772	0 13 2	1 2 11	Not known	Not known	...	

2.—*Varieties of Tenure held direct from Government during the Financial year ending the* 31*st March* 1900.

Nature of tenure.	Number of estates.	Number of villages.	Number of holders or share-holders.	Gross area.	Average area of each estate.	Average assessment of each estate.
	2	3	4	5	6	7
	No.	No.	No.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.
1. Revenue-payers paying more than Rs. 50,000 revenue. (*a*) Individuals under law of primogeniture	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Individuals and families under ordinary law	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*c*) Village communities	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Revenue-payers paying from Rs. 50,000 to Rs. 5,000 revenue. (*a*) Individuals under law of primogeniture	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Individuals and families under ordinary law	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*c*) Village communities	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Revenue-payers paying from Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 100 revenue. (*a*) Individuals under law of primogeniture	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Individuals and families under ordinary law	480			2,152,615	4,484·61	335·48
(*c*) Village communities	...			...	...	...
4. Revenue-payers paying less than Rs. 100 revenue. (*a*) Individuals under law of primogeniture	...			...	...	...
(*b*) Individuals and families under ordinary law	49,420			1,777,491	35·97	4·36
(*c*) Village communities	...			...	...	...
5. Small holdings held separate and direct from Government (raiyatwari tenure)	775,551	...		2,508,716	3·23	6·32
6. Holders of wholly or partially revenue-free tenures. In perpetuity	7,111			121,624	17·10	3·88
For life or lives	2,358			197,548	83·78	69·45
7. Land-owners who have redeemed revenue	3,003			487,250	162·25	...
8. Purchasers of waste lands	1,020			433,551	425·05	277·73
9. Others	...			...	...	...
Total	838,943	17,113*	...	7,678,795	9·15	6·85

Information not available.

* Accurate and complete information as to the number of villages falling under each class of tenures is not available. The figures have, therefore, been taken from the census of 1891 and shown in a lump.

[10] E.—FISCAL.

3.—*Register of Transfers of Property in Land in each District in Assam in the Financial Year ending the 31st March 1900.*

District and class of tenure.	Number of transfers.		Total area transferred.	
	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	Acres.	Acres.
Cachar.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	2	3,496	34	13,770
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	...	2	...	253
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	...	...	...	...
Total	2	3,498	34	14,023
Sylhet.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	1,253	19,004	*	*
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	42	...	*	*
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	227	...	*	...
Total	1,522	19,004	*	*
Goalpara.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	2	...	*	...
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	...	...	...	...
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	51	234	*	*
Total	53	234	*	*
Kamrup.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	90	2,183	1,471	6,483
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	24	126	1,213	2,232
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	...	...	...	...
Total	114	2,309	2,684	8,715
Darrang.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	11	561	26	14,456
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	...	...	...	...
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	...	...	...	...
Total	11	561	26	14,456
Nowgong.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	39	428	66	597
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	...	2	...	1,111
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	...	...	...	...
Total	39	430	66	1,708

* Information not available.

[10] E.—FISCAL.

3.—*Register of Transfers of Property in Land in each District in Assam in the Financial year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

District and class of tenure.	Number of transfers.		Total area transferred.	
	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	Acres.	Acres.
Sibsagar.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	82	2,051	258	6,185
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	...	16	...	7,588
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	...	...	...	...
Total	82	2,067	258	13,773
Lakhimpur.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	7	482	14	3,513
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	...	40	...	22,930
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	...	...	...	...
Total	7	522	14	26,443
Naga Hills.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	...	...	...	...
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	...	...	...	...
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	...	...	...	...
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	...	...	...	...
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying...	...	...	...	...
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	...	...	...	...
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...
Total for the Province.				
Proprietors { Revenue-paying	1,486	28,205	1,869	45,004
Proprietors { Wholly or partially revenue-free ...	66	186	1,213	34,114
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) power of transfer	278	234	...	...
Total	1,830	28,625	3,082	79,118

[11] E.—FISCAL.

4.—*Land Revenue* (1899-1900).

Description of revenue.	Revenue, last year.		Revenue, this year.		Cost of collection.	Net collections during the year.	Outstanding balances.	Number of sales for arrears of revenue.	Revenue of estates sold.	Cause of increase or decrease of revenue with explanation of any items realised in addition to the annual assessed revenue.
	Assessed.	Realised.	Assessed.	Realised.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	
Settled estates bearing revenue in past years	7,14,219	11,423	9,07,587	11,423	...	11,423	...	...	...	
Settled estates added to revenue-roll during present year ...	1,97,435	...	25,824	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Settled estates taken off revenue-roll during present year ...	4,067	...	1,38,893	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	9,07,587	8,25,328*	7,94,518	7,14,132†	...	11,423	80,385‡	...	...	* This includes Rs. 8,13,905 not shown in details. † This includes Rs. 7,02,709 not shown in details. ‡ Exclusion of Re. 1 remitted during the year.
Collections from Government estates ...	48,60,512	45,94,497	49,55,790	46,94,069	1,56,253	45,37,092	2,61,598§	285	4,713	§ Excludes Rs. 123 remitted in Nowgong.
Income from sale of Government estates...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous land revenue not included in above	4,35,308	4,14,098	4,19,355	3,99,755	13,616	3,30,125	19,375‖	...	...	‖ Excludes Rs. 225 remitted in Sylhet.
Total	62,03,407	58,33,923	61,69,663	58,07,956	1,92,207	56,15,749	3,61,358	530	4,800	

NOTE.—The total of columns 6, 7, 9, and 10 includes Rs. 22,338, Rs. 7,37,109, No. 245, and Rs. 2,087, respectively, being the figures for the district of Sylhet, which cannot be distributed under the different heads of revenue shown in column 1.

PART II.—STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

[12, 13, and 14] A.—LEGISLATIVE, 1, 2, and 3.

[Blank.]

B.—JUDICIAL.—(CIVIL AND CRIMINAL COURTS.)

[15]

1.—*Statement showing the Number of Judicial Divisions and the Number of Officers exercising Appellate or Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Assam on the last day of the year* 1899, *with the cost of the Tribunals.*

Name of province.	Area.	Population.	Number of divisions for Courts under Chief Court, but superior to Chief Courts of districts.	Number of districts.	Number of sub-districts.	Total number of officers exercising original or appellate jurisdiction.					Total number of cases decided.				Total receipts of the Courts.	Total charges of the Courts.	Remarks.			
						Judges of Chief Courts of province.	Judges of other Courts superior to Chief District Courts.	Judges of Chief Courts of districts.	Judges of District Courts other than Chief Courts.	Judges of other subordinate Courts.	Original.		Appeals.							
											Regular.	Miscellaneous.	Regular.	Miscellaneous.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18			
															Rs.	Rs.	Grades of Judicial Officers.		Europeans.	Natives.
Territory subject to the High Court. Civil ...	28,755	4,071,917	...	...	19(a)	...	..	3(1)	8(2)	33(3)	27,590	2,483	795	70	4,17,795	2,47,971	Officers exercising both original and appellate jurisdiction.	High Court Judges.	...	...
Criminal ...			3(b)	8	19(c)	...	...		8(4)	71(e)	15,300	765(f)	951	425(g)	1,51,357	2,26,536		District Judges (1).	3	...
Revenue ...			...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		Additional Judges.	...	...
																		Subordinate Judges (2).	7	1
Territory not subject to the High Court. Civil ...	16,690·11	4,61,283	...	3	6	...	...	...	3	10	834(h)	386	14	...	10,271	18,025	Officers exercising original jurisdiction only.	Small Cause Court Judges.	1	...
Criminal ...											810	295	6	...	10,822	33,476				
Revenue ...		...									...	253	....	...	62	20,133		Munsifs (3)...	6	27
Total	45,445·11 c	5,433,200	3	11	44	...	...	3	19	114	44,934	4,186	1,766	565	5,90,307	5,46,201				

(a) Munsifs

(b) Sessions Judges' Division and District Judgeship.

(c) Executive Divisions.

(d) District Magistrates.

(e) Fifty-one Stipendiary, 17 Special and Honorary Magistrates, and 3 Benches of Magistrates.

(f) Miscellaneous proceedings under the Code of Criminal Procedure.

(g) Applications for revision of proceedings of Lower Courts.

(h) Besides these, 13 civil cases were disposed of by the Dollois in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills district.

2.—(*Criminal*).—*Statement of Offences reported and of Persons tried, convicted, and acquitted of each offence in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Nomenclature of offences, with chapter and section of the Penal Code or other Law applicable.	Number of cases.								Number of persons.				
	Offences reported in, and pending from, previous year.	Offences reported during the year.	Complaints dismissed under Section 203, C. P. C.	Other cases found to be false.	Cases found to be true of offences reported in		Pending at the end of the year.	Brought to trial during the year.	Under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, or transferred.	Remaining under trial at the close of the year.
					Previous year.	1899.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
						1.—*Offences under the Penal Code.*							
Offences against the State.													
Chapter VI, Sections 121 to 130	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences against the Army and Navy.													
Chapter VII, Sections 131 to 140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Class I	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences against the public tranquillity.													
Chapter VIII, Sections 143 to 145, 149 to 151, 157, 158—Unlawful assembly	39	345	85	36	27	202	34	214	990	332	588	...	70
" " " 147, 148, 152, and 153 to 156—Rioting, etc. ...	73	580	56	37	67	409	84	439	2,173	518	1,481	2	172
" " Section 153A—Promoting enmity between classes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" " " 160—Affray	3	35	...	...	3	32	3	17	68	15	53	...	...
Total of Class II	115	960	141	73	97	643	121	670	3,231	865	2,122	2	242
Offences by, or relating to, public servants.													
Chapter IX, Sections 161 to 169—By public servants	3	10	3	1	3	3	3	5	8	4	4	...	...
" " " 161, 170, and 171—Relating to public servants ...	...	10	2	1	...	4	3	7	10	5	2	...	3
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants.													
Chapter X, Sections 172 to 190	29	250	2	4	28	221	24	232	357	130	218	1	8
Total of Class III	32	270	7	6	31	228	30	244	375	139	224	1	11
False evidence and offences against public officers.													
Chapter XI, Sections 193 to 200—False evidence, subordination, etc., of public servants	7	38	4	2	6	29	4	34	46	26	18	...	2
" " " 201 to 229—Offences against public justice ...	22	228	13	4	19	201	13	197	280	100	170	1	9
Total of Class IV	29	266	17	6	25	230	17	231	326	126	188	1	11

Offences relating to coin and Government stamps.													
Chapter XII, Sections 231 to 254—Offences relating to coin ...	1	26	...	3	1	22	1	20	25	8	12	...	5
,, ,, ,, 255 to 263—Offences relating to stamps. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to weights and measures.													
Chapter XIII, Sections 264 to 267	...	33	2	2	...	29	...	29	36	18	18	...	...
Total of Class V	1	59	2	5	1	51	1	49	61	26	30	...	5
Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency, and morals.													
Chapter XIV, Sections 269 to 278—Offences affecting public health ...	1	122	7	1	1	113	1	110	129	21	108	...	...
,, ,, ,, 279 to 289—Ditto ditto safety ...	9	94	19	3	8	72	1	71	138	44	84	...	...
,, ,, ,, 290 and 291—Ditto ditto convenience ...	5	37	3	1	5	32	1	35	53	5	48	...	...
,, ,, ,, 292 to 294—Ditto ditto decency and morals	...	7	...	...	...	7	...	7	9	5	4	...	...
,, ,, Section 294A—Keeping lottery office or publishing proposals for lottery	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...
Offences relating to religion.													
Chapter XV—Sections 295 to 298	...	9	4	1	...	3	1	3	9	8	...	...	1
Total of Class VI	15	270	33	6	14	228	4	227	329	83	245	...	1
Offences affecting the human body.													
Chapter XVI, Sections 302 and 303—Murder	8	45	...	4	4	31	14	33	98	47	13	1	37
,, ,, Section 307—Attempt at murder	...	9	2	1	...	4	2	5	6	1	2	...	3
,, ,, ,, 304—Culpable homicide	10	40	...	3	6	31	10	33	65	4	28	2	32
,, ,, ,, 304A—Causing death by rash or negligent act ...	...	10	...	2	...	7	1	8	12	8	4	...	...
,, ,, ,, 308—Attempt at culpable homicide ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, ,, Sections 305 and 306—Abetment of suicide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, ,, Section 309—Attempted suicide	1	44	1	4	...	36	4	32	35	9	21	1	4
,, ,, ,, 311—Thugee, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, ,, Sections 312 to 315—Causing miscarriage	1	7	4	1	1	1	1	4	7	3	...	...	4
,, ,, Section 316—Injury to unborn children	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, ,, ,, 317—Exposure of infants	...	7	1	1	...	5	...	4	4	3	1	...	...
,, ,, ,, 318—Concealment of birth by secret disposal of dead body	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	2	2	...	2	...	...
,, ,, Sections 325 to 331 and 333—Hurt with aggravating circumstances ...	24	135	11	5	15	107	21	102	194	78	97	...	19
,, ,, ,, 323, 324, 332, and 334 to 338—Other cases ...	100	1,294	275	17	83	923	96	596	1,009	540	430	...	39
,, ,, Section 341—Wrongful restraint	11	135	68	7	4	54	13	52	93	60	30	...	3
,, ,, Sections 342 to 348—Wrongful confinement ...	46	618	264	64	15	288	33	201	464	324	114	1	25
,, ,, ,, 352 to 358—Criminal force or assault ...	320	6,114	2,385	115	242	3,419	273	2,134	3,272	2,009	1,191	4	68
,, ,, ,, 364, 366, 367—Kidnapping or forcible abduction with aggravating circumstances ...	1	11	4	1	1	3	3	2	5	4	1	...	...

2.—*(Criminal).—Statement of Offences reported and of Persons tried, convicted, and acquitted of each offence in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899—continued.

Nomenclature of offences with chapter and section of the Penal Code or other Law applicable.	Number of cases.								Number of persons.				
	Offences reported in, and pending from, previous year.	Offences reported during the year.	Complaints dismissed under Section 203, C. P. C.	Other cases found to be false.	Cases found to be true of offences reported in		Pending at the end of the year.	Brought to trial during the year.	Under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, or transferred.	Remaining under trial at the close of the year.
					Previous year.	1899.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Offences affecting the human body—continued.						*I.—Offences under Penal Code*—contd.							
Chapter XVI, Sections 363, 365, 368, and 369—Other cases ...	20	209	132	17	9	64	7	43	81	62	13	1	5
" " " 370 and 371—Slavery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" " " 372 and 373—Buying or selling a minor for the purpose of prostitution	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...
" " Section 374—Forced labour	2	3	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" " " 376—Rape	1	44	8	14	1	17	5	9	10	5	...	...	...
" " " 377—Unnatural offence	2	24	...	1	2	20	3	17	17	6	5	...	1
Total of Class VI	543	8,751	3,159	258	384	5,012	456	3,278	5,375	3,164	1,962	10	239
Offences against property.													
Chapter XVII, Section 382—Theft with aggravating circumstances...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" " Sections 379 to 381 and 401—Other cases ...	354	4,222	945	504	209	2,631	287	1,396	2,236	976	1,142	5	113
" " " 386 to 389—Extortion with aggravating circumstances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" " " 384 and 385—Other cases	8	58	35	6	5	16	4	20	50	39	9	2	...
" " Section 294—Robbery—With hurt	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	4	18	9	9	...	...
" " " 392—Robbery—Other cases	2	9	2	...	1	6	2	5	14	2	9	3	...
" " " 393—Robbery—Attempts	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" " " 396—Dacoity—With murder ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" " " 397—Dacoity—With attempt to cause death or grievous hurt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" " " 398—Dacoity—Attempted robbery or dacoity when armed with deadly weapons...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" " Sections 395, 399, 400, and 402—Dacoity—Other cases ...	2	14	...	1	2	10	3	8	37	15	15	...	7
" " " 403 and 404—Criminal misappropriation of property ...	25	344	223	8	19	108	11	108	139	76	58	1	4
" " " 406 to 409—Criminal breach of trust ...	37	437	173	29	28	207	37	158	201	113	65	...	23
" " " 411 to 414—Receiving or habitually dealing in stolen or plundered property ...	17	298	3	12	16	269	15	278	478	128	330	...	20
" " " 417 to 420—Cheating	18	243	157	7	8	81	8	79	105	60	38	...	7
" " " 421 to 424—Fraudulent deeds or disposition of property	1	8	5	...	1	3	...	3	5	4	1	...	...
" " " 429 to 433 and 435 to 440—Mischief—With aggravating circumstances ...	34	376	77	27	29	244	33	108	151	77	64	1	9
" " " 426 to 428 and 434—Mischief—Other cases ...	118	1,704	848	52	79	751	92	641	1,064	726	305	1	34

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2.—*(Criminal). Statement of Offences reported and of Persons tried, convicted, and acquitted of each offence in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899—concluded.

Nomenclature of offences with chapter and section of the Penal Code or other Law applicable.	Number of cases.								Number of persons.				
	Offences reported in, and pending from, previous year.	Offences reported during the year.	Complaints dismissed under section 203, C. P. C.	Other cases found to be false.	Cases found to be true of offences reported in		Pending at the end of the year.	Brought to trial during the year.	Under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, or transferred.	Remaining under trial at the close of the year.
					Previous year.	1899.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
II.—Offences under Special and Local Laws.													
Code of Criminal Procedure.													
Chapter VIII, Section 107—Security for keeping the peace ...	29	282	127	6	26	133	19	115	364	258	95	...	11
„ „ „ 108—Security for good behaviour from persons disseminating seditious matter	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ „ Sections 109 and 110—Security for good behaviour from other persons	19	148	1	1	16	135	14	128	229	92	117	3	17
Other Laws relating to—													
Arms and Ammunition Act, XI of 1878	7	286	1	...	7	281	4	278	311	33	275	...	4
Cattle Trespass Act, I of 1877	101	1,772	508	44	73	1,174	74	767	1,401	972	414	...	13
Contract (Workmen) Act, XIII of 1889	62	583	64	...	29	511	11	307	336	118	214	...	5
Cruelty to Animals Act, I of 1869	2	72	1	...	2	69	2	64	75	12	62	...	1
Elephants Preservation Act	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...
Emigration (Inland) Act, I of 1882	48	868	32	...	44	785	55	421	456	52	403	1	...
Excise Act, VII of 1878	6	355	...	8	6	344	3	346	370	52	316	...	2
Explosives Act, IV of 1884	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	3	...	...
Ferries Act, XVII of 1878	18	166	37	2	17	118	10	79	110	72	47	...	...
Fisheries Act, II of 1889	24	220	32	9	18	161	24	84	357	242	103	...	12
Forests Act, VII of 1878	1	106	...	1	1	98	7	104	313	99	207	...	7
Gambling Act, II of 1867	...	15	...	...	...	15	...	14	54	6	47	1	...
Inner Line Regulation, I of 1873	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	3	...	...	...
Jails Acts II of 1864, V of 1865, and XXVI of 1870	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	1	1	...	...
Land Revenue Regulations (Assam)	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	5	3	2	...	...
Legal Practitioners' Act, XVIII of 1879	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	1
Military Police Regulation, IV of 1890	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...
Municipalities Act, III of 1884	29	1,740	20	7	29	1,710	3	1,460	1,553	202	1,350	1	...
Opium Act, I of 1878	5	124	...	2	5	114	8	121	136	30	99	...	7
Police (District) Act, V of 1861	3	1,349	...	...	3	1,341	8	1,312	1,353	95	1,258	...	...
Police (Rural) Regulation, I of 1883	15	382	...	...	15	359	23	366	374	10	364	...	...
Post Offices Act, XIV of 1866	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	1	2	...	...
Prisons Acts, II of 1882 and XXVI of 1870	...	6	...	...	...	6	...	6	6	...	6	...	...
Railway Acts, IV of 1879 and XV of 1890	3	75	...	2	3	67	6	65	79	17	57	1	4
Registration of Births and Deaths Act, II of 1873	10	202	2	...	10	182	18	170	171	24	147	...	...
Registration of Documents Act, III of 1877	1	12	...	...	1	12	...	10	12	1	11	...	...
Stamp Act, I of 1879...	5	84	...	...	5	80	4	76	92	5	86	...	1
Telegraph Act, I of 1879	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	3	2	1	...	...
Vaccination Act, XIII of 1880	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	1	27	27	...	...	...
Total of Offences under Special Laws.	360	8,864	825	82	311	7,711	295	6,310	8,211	2,429	5,689	7	486
Grand Total of all Offences.	1,973	31,752	8,297	1,311	1,420	21,027	1,670	15,128	24,514	10,261	13,298	40	915

3.—*(Criminal).—Statement of Miscellaneous Proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the Province of Assam during* 1899.

Nature of proceedings.	Total number dealt with during the year.		Disposed of during the year.			Remarks.
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.		
				Discharged.	Convicted.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter VI C and Section 485	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Proceedings under Chapter VIII to prevent breach of the peace	178	521	173	258	252	
3. Proceedings under Chapter VIII—Security for good behaviour	129	224	131	92	117	
4. Proceedings against local nuisances—Chapter X	46	115	46	37	78	
5. Possesion—Chapter XII	20	...	20	....	...	
6. Frivolous or vexatious accusations summarily dealt with under Chapter XX, Section 250	80	80	80	...	80	
7. Non-attendance of Jurors or Assessors—Chapter XXIII, Section 332 ...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Maintenance—Chapter XXXVI	100	100	99	65	34	
9. Frofeiture of bail or recognizance under Chapter XLII	204	327	204	96	231	
10. Proceedings under Chapter XLVI, Section 563, against convicted offenders released under Section 562, C. P. C.	16	21	16	...	21	
Total	783	1,388	769	548	813	

4.—*(Criminal).—Statement showing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Class of Tribunal.	Number of persons under trial.								Persons whose cases were disposed of.												Persons under trial at the end of year.	Number of cases.						
	Remaining at the end of the previous year.	Brought to trial during the year.						Total.	Died, escaped, or transferred.	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted.											Total of columns 11 to 22.		Brought to trial during the year.	Disposed of during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.	Number of cases entered in column 26 tried summarily.	Aggregate number of days during which the cases entered in column 26 lasted.	Average number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of witnesses examined.
		Under arrest.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	Received on commitment or reference.	Received by transfer.				On regular trial.					On summary trial.					Committed or referred.								
											Appealable sentence passed.	Non-appealable sentence passed.	Released on probation, section 562, C. P. C.	Youthful offenders dealt with under section 31, Act VIII, 1876.		A pealable sentence passed.	Non-appealable sentence passed.	Released on probation, section 562, C. P. C.	Youthful offenders dealt with under section 31, Act V. II, 1876.								
														Discharged after admonition.	Delivered to parent or guardian.				Discharged after admonition.	Delivered to parent or guardian.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
I.—MAGISTRATES.																														
Village Officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special Magistrate under Section 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates — Honorary Magistrates sitting singly. — 2nd and 3rd class	9	18	110	490	3	...	...	630	...	404	215	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	619	11	306	304	8	...	3,630	11·9	913
Subordinate Magistrates — Honorary Magistrates sitting singly. — 1st class	23	59	29	163	2	...	...	276	...	106	16	26	...	...	...	1	2)	...	...	...	268	8	151	151	3	39	3,681	25·6	584
Subordinate Magistrates — Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly. — 2nd and 3rd class	231	1,841	747	2,414	73	...	...	5,306	6	2,389	2,731	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	5,184	116	3,165	3,203	7	...	51,324	16·1	11,058
Subordinate Magistrates — Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly. — 1st class — Under ordinary powers ...	665	7,696	2,249	6,250	424	...	2	17,287	27	6,745	1,743	2,669	13	...	...	76	5,681	13	...	...	243	16,588	672	10,961	10,953	328	5,616	118,548	1·8	30,444
Subordinate Magistrates — Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly. — 1st class — Under special powers under Section 34 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates — Benches of Magistrates	24	11	106	104	...	...	...	245	...	151	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	232	13	133	136	10	..	4,2.5	31·5	576
District and Divisional Magistrates—Cases referred under Sections 347, 349	2	...	...	...	...	26	...	28	...	7	17	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	27	1	16	17	1	...	427	25·1	67
Chief Magistrates of districts. — Under ordinary powers	17	346	61	170	24	...	...	618	5	264	119	55	...	...	...	1	134	...	...	...	17	5 0	23	373	365	7	1·3	3,222	8·7	1,145
Chief Magistrates of districts. — Under special powers under Section 34 ..	26	88	4	1	...	...	...	119	1	17	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	98	20	39	39	5	...	1,405	36	367
Total	998	10,05	3,306	9,592	526	26	2	24,509	39	10,1.3	5,063	2,751	13	...	1	78	5,244	13	...	...	263	23.606	864	15,114	15,8??	13?	5,838	187,411	12·3	45,184
II.—COURTS OF SESSION.																														
Assistant Judges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Judges and Additional Judges	20	...	...	...	...	248	...	268	1	84	82	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	219	48	122	115	21	...	8,450	73·5	757
Total	20	...	...	...	...	248	...	268	1	84	82	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	219	48	122	115	24	...	8,459	73·5	757
III.—SUPERIOR COURTS OF GENERAL JURISDICTION.																														
High Court — Cases under Section 526, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
High Court — Cases committed by the Presidency Magistrates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
High Court — Cases committed under Section 447, Sub-Section (2), C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
High Court — Cases referred by Sessions Judges under Section 307, C. P. C.	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
High Court — Cases referred by Sessions Judges under Section 374, C. P. C.	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	5	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3*	1	3	3	1	...	150	50	...
High Court — C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	2	1	...	68	34	...
Total	1	...	...	...	...	8	...	9	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	7	6	2	...	218	43·6	...
GRAND TOTAL	1,019	10,059	3,306	9,592	526	282	2	24,786	40	10,261	5,147	2,802	13	...	1	78	5,244	13	...	...	272	23,831	(a) 914	15,27?	15,300	477	5,?38	196,088	12·8	45,941

(a) Besides these one person referred to the High Court under the Legal Practitioners Act remained pending at the close of the year.

* Exclusive of the person in whose case retrial was ordered.

5.—(*Criminal*).—*Statement showing the Punishments inflicted by the various Criminal Tribunals in the exercise of Original Jurisdiction in the year* 1899.

| Class of Tribunal. | Persons sentenced to | | | | | | | | | | | | Persons ordered to execute bonds. | | | | | Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour. | | | Detail of punishments. | | | | | | | | | | | |

5a.—*(Criminal).—Showing the particulars of Whippings inflicted by the Criminal Tribunals during* 1899.

PART I.—Showing Whippings inflicted under Sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864, in lieu of other Punishments.

Offences for which awarded.	Number of stripes awarded.												Total.
	5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		
	First conviction.	Second or subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subsequent conviction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
IN LIEU OF OTHER PUNISHMENT.													
(SECTIONS 2 AND 3, ACT VI, 1864.)													
1. Theft, as defined in ... ... — Section 378 I. P. C. ...	2	...	23	...	20	...	8	4	2	...	3	6	68
" 380 "	3	1	13	...	12	...	8	...	4	...	...	1	41
" 381 "	3	...	6	...	1	1	3	...	1	...	...	...	15
" 382 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Extortion, as defined in ... ... — " 388 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" 389 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in — " 411 "	1	...	4	2	9	...	11	...	3	...	1	...	31
" 412 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in ... " 443 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
5. Ditto by night, as defined in ... " 444 "	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4
6. House-breaking, as defined in ... ... " 445 "	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
7. Ditto by night, as defined in ... " 446 "	...	...	1	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	6
8. Offence under Section 52, Act IX, 1894, Prisons Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	8	1	48	2	51	2	31	4	10	...	5	7	169

B.—JUDICIAL.—(CIVIL AND CRIMINAL COURTS.)

5a.—(*Criminal*).—*Showing the particulars of Whippings inflicted by the Criminal Tribunals during* 1899—continued.

PART II.—Showing Whippings inflicted in addition to other Punishments, Sections 3 and 4, Act VI, 1864.

Offences for which awarded.	Number of stripes.						Total.
	5 and under.	6 to 10.	11 to 15.	16 to 20.	21 to 25.	26 to 30.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
IN ADDITION TO OTHER PUNISHMENT.							
(SECTIONS 3 AND 4.)							
A.—Section 3—							
1. Theft, as defined in ... ... Section 378, I. P. C.	.....	1	2	2	.....	3	8
" 380 "	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	4
" 381 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
" 382 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Extension, as defined in ... ... " 388 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 389 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in... " 411 "	.....	.....	1	2	.....	.....	3
" 412 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in ... ... " 443 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5. Ditto by night, as defined in ... " 444 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
6. House-breaking, as defined in ... ... " 445 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3
7. Ditto by night, as defined in ... ... " 446 "	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
8. Offence under Section 52, Act IX, 1894	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
B.—Section 4—							
1. False evidence, as defined in ... ... Section 193, I. P. C.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 194 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 195 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. False charge of unnatural offence, as defined in ... " 211 " and " 377 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Assault, as defined in ... ... " 354 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Rape, as defined in ... ... " 375 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5. Unnatural offence, as defined in ... ... " 377 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6. Robbery, as defined in ... ... " 390 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7. Dacoity, as defined in ... ... " 391 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8 Attempt at robbery, as defined in ... ... " 393 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9. Hurt in committing robbery, as defined in ... " 394 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10. Receiving stolen property, as defined in ... " 413 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 463 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 466 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11. Forgery, as defined in ... ... " 467 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 468 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 469 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in ... " 443 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
13. Ditto by night, as defined in ... " 444 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
14. House-breaking, as defined in ... ... " 445 "	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
15. Ditto by night, as defined in ... " 446 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....
Total	.....	2	5	8	2	6	23

5a.—(Criminal).—Showing the particulars of Whippings inflicted by the Criminal Tribunals during 1899—concluded.

PART III.—Showing Whippings inflicted under Section 5, Act VI, 1864, on Juveniles for offences other than those specified in Parts I and II.

Offence.	Stripes.												Remarks.
	5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		
	1st conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Section 130, I. P. C.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	1
,, 147 ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	1
,, 193 ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...
,, 224 ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...
,, 297 ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...
,, 324 ,,	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	2
,, 352 ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...
,, 377 ,,	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	1
,, 406 ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...
,, 436 ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...
,, 126, Railway Act, IX of 1890	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	2
,, 429, I. P. C.	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	2
,, 304 ,,	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	1
,, 269 ,,	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	1
,, 323 ,,	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	1
,, 326 ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	1
,, 448 ,,	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	1
,, 407 ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	1
,, 325 ,,	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	1
Total	3	...	3	...	7	...	3	...	...	...	...	.....	16

PART IV.—Showing relative number of times Whipping was awarded, as compared with other punishments in cases in which Whipping might have been awarded.

Punishments.	Number.	Remarks.
1	2	3
1. Total number of whippings awarded	208	
2. Total number of other punishments in cases in which whipping might have been awarded	1,536	
3. Total number of all punishments in cases in which whipping might have been awarded (total of headings 1 and 2)	1,744	
4. Percentage of whippings on total number of all punishments (percentage of heading 1 on heading 3) ...	11·9	

6.—(*Criminal*).—*Statement showing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Province of Assam during the year* 1899.

Class of Tribunal.	Number of persons.												Number of cases.		
	Total number of appellants and applicants for revision, including pending from previous year.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentence reduced or order otherwise altered.	Reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.	Referred to the High Court for revision.	Total whose cases were disposed of including entries in columns 4 to 11.	Remaining at the end of the year.	Preferred during the year.	Disposed of during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
APPEALS.															
To — **From**															
District Magistrates ... — Subordinate Magistrates ...	914	...	72	482	...	121	164	9	1	...	849	65	396	392	31
Courts of Session ... — Magistrates ...	1,000	...	77	507	...	141	236	...	7	...	968	32	503	509	15
Courts of Session ... — Assistant Judges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts. by persons convicted — Presidency Magistrates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts. by persons convicted — Magistrates acting under section 34, C. P. C.	15	...	4	3	...	...	2	...	...	...	9	6	10	7	3
Superior Courts. by persons convicted — Sessions Judges	106	2	57	26	3	2	...	...	10	...	98	6	48	41	6
Superior Courts. by Government from judgments of acquittal, section 417. — All Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,035	2	210	1,018	3	264	402	9	18	...	1,924	109	957	949	55
REVISION.															
By — **Of order of**															
District Magistrates ... — Subordinate Magistrates ...	156	...	308	184	...	2	36	1	321	28	880	114	310	296	33
Courts of Session ... — Magistrates	181	...	278	...	...	1	9	...	76	7	371	23	140	134	11
High Court (cases referred for orders under sections 432, 438). — Magistrates	35	...	...	12	1	9	9	...	1	...	32	3	21	19	2
High Court (cases dealt with under section 435). — Magistrates	149	...	79	6	...	...	6	1	11	...	103	46	58	44	14
High Court (cases dealt with under section 435). — Courts of Session... ...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	...
Total ...	523(*a*)	...	665	204	1	12	60	2	409	35	1,388	186	531	495	60
Grand total	2,558	2	875	1,222	4	276	462	11	427	35	3,312	295	1,488	1,444(*b*)	115

(*a*) Besides these, there were 1,051 accused persons against whom applications for revision were made by complainants; these persons, though not shown in this column, are shown in the other columns exhibiting the results of each application.

(*b*) The two appeals abated owing to the death of accused persons.

7.—(*Criminal*).—*Statement showing use of Juris and Assessors in the Criminal Courts in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Classes of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed.	Established or average number of Jurors or Assessors in each case, and prescribed qualifications.	Number of accused persons in jury trials.				Number of accused persons in trials with Assessors.				Remarks.
		Tried.	As to whom the Judge			Tried.	As to whom the Judge			
			Approved verdict.	Did not approve of verdict.	Made reference under section 37 C. P. Code.		Agreed with all the Assessors.	Differed from one or more, but not from all the Assessors.	Differed from all the Assessors.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Magistrates' Courts under Chapter X, C. P. C. } Jurors ...	5	55	41	14	...	...	...	...	...	
Courts of Session { Jurors ...	5	48	40	8	4	...	...	...	...	All offences, including abetments and attempts falling under Chapters VIII, XI, XVI, XVII, and XVIII of the Indian Penal Code, are tried by Jury in the Assam Valley districts. Other cases in these districts and all cases in Sylhet and Cachar are tried with the aid of Assessors.
{ Assessors	2	...	...	...	...	134	88	29	17	
Total ...	...	103	81	22	4	134	88	29	17	

B.—JUDICIAL.—(CIVIL AND CRIMINAL COURTS).

8.—*(Criminal).—Statement showing the General Result of the trial of European British Subjects in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Description of offence.	Number of persons accused and brought before a Magistrate: Remaining at the close of the previous year.	Within the year: On complaint, Section 190 (a), Criminal Procedure Code.	On Police Report, Section 190 (b) of the Code.	By Magistrate *suo motu*, Section 190 (c) of the Code.	On transfer from another District or Province.	Total.	Died, escaped, or transferred to other Districts or Provinces.	Number actually brought to trial.	Persons whose cases were disposed of: By District Magistrates and other first class Magistrates: Received by transfer under Section 451 (9) of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Committed: To Court of Session.	To High Court.	Transferred by order under Section 451 (9) of the Code.	Total omitting entries in columns 10 and 15.	By Courts of Session: Received by transfer under Section 451 B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Transferred to High Court under Section 449 (2) of the Code.	Total exclusive of column 17.	By High Court: Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Total for all Courts: Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Total.	Number of persons under trial at the close of the year.	Number of Cases: Brought to trial.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court for an order under Section 486 of the Code.	Of those entered in column 5, number who applied under Section 2, Act III of 1884, for transfer or committal of their cases.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court under Section 526 of the Code for the transfer of their cases.	Subsidiary table.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35 / 36
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X ...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	Of the total number of persons shown in: Column 16 (1) Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed Jury, Section 451 (1) of the Code: ...
Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI. — Offences affecting life. ...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	Column 16 (2) Number who did not so claim: ...
Hurt	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	Column 16 (3) Number of those in column 35 (1) whose cases were transferred under Section 451 of the Code: ...
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	Column 21 (4) Number who claimed a mixed number of Assessors, Section 450 (2) of the Code: ...
Criminal force and assault ...	...	11	1	...	...	12	...	12	...	6	6	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	12	...	12	12	...	...	...	...	Column 21 (5) Number who did not so claim: ...
Offences against property, Chapter XVII. — Theft ...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	Columns 21 and 24 (6) Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed Jury, Section 450 (1) of the Code: ...
Mischief ...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	Columns 21 and 24 (7) Number who did not so claim: ...
Criminal intimidation, insult, and annoyance, Chapter XXII ...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	1	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	Disposed of by Magistrates (8) Being European British subjects: ...
Offences under Special and Local Laws ...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	Disposed of by Magistrates (9) Other than European British subjects: ...
																																		Disposed of by Sessions Judges (10) Being European British subjects: ...
																																		Disposed of by Sessions Judges (11) Other than European British subjects: ...
																																		(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)
																																		3 25 ... ... 1 ... 26* 1 ... ...
Total	...	21	5	2	...	28	...	28	...	13	14	...	1	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	13	15	28	...	28	28	...	...	...	...	

* One case was disposed of by the High Court.

9.—*(Civil).—Statement showing the Number and Description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Class of Tribunals.	Suits for money or moveable property.	Suits under the Rent Law.						Title and other Suits.									
		Arrears of rent with or without ejectment.	Enhancement or abatement of rent.	For penalties, damages, or compensation for unlawful acts on the part of landlord or tenant.	For ejectment or recovery of possession alone.	All other suits under the Rent Law.	Total.	Suits for immoveable property.	Suits for specific relief.	Suits to establish a right of pre-emption.	Mortgage suits.	Suits relating to religious and other endowments.	Matrimonial suits.	Testamentary suits.	Other suits not falling under any of the previous heads.	Total.	Grand total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																	
1.—CIVIL COURTS.																	
Unpaid Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Subdivisional Tribunals. — Under ordinary procedure	6,716	3,985	26	4	37	34	4,086	1,048	982	10	1,000	...	130	2	132	3,304	14,106
Paid Subdivisional Tribunals. — Under Small Cause Court powers.	12,776	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,776
Small Cause Courts. — As Small Cause Court Judges.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small Cause Courts. — Under powers of Subordinate Judge.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts. — Under ordinary Procedure	122	3	...	...	...	...	3	18	...	2	10	...	...	...	2	32	157
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts. — Under Small Cause Court powers.	273	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	273
Chief Courts of Districts	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	14	1	19	23
Total	19,891	3,988	26	4	37	34	4,089	1,066	982	12	1,014	...	130	16	135	3,355	27,335

10.—(*Civil*).—*Statement showing Number and Value of Suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Class of Courts.	Number of suits instituted in the different courts.																			
	Value not exceeding Rs. 10.			Value not exceeding Rs. 50.			Value not exceeding Rs. 100.			Value not exceeding Rs. 500.			Value not exceeding Rs. 1,000.	Value not exceeding Rs. 5,000.	Value not exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Value not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.	Value exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.	Value of which cannot be estimated in money.	Total.	Total value of suits.
	Suits for money or moveables.	Suits under the Rent Law.	Title and other suits.	Suits for money or moveables.	Suits under the Rent Law.	Title and other suits.	Suits for money or moveables.	Suits under the Rent Law.	Title and other suits.	Suits for money or moveables.	Suits under the Rent Law.	Title and other suits.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
																				Rs.
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																				
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																				
Unpaid Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Subdivisional Tribunals — Under ordinary Procedure	...	509	1,437	422	1,339	2,122	1,365	1,479	380	686	3,100	142	645	351	28	...	...	...	100	14,106	13,74,757
Paid Subdivisional Tribunals — Under Small Cause Court powers	...	1,873	...	...	8,347	...	...	2,556	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,776	4,32,875
Small Cause Courts — As Small Cause Court Judges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small Cause Courts — Under powers of Subordinate Judges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts. — Under ordinary procedure	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	...	...	...	100	14	4	...	...	157	3,97,870
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts. — Under Small Cause Court powers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	273	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	273	54,733
Chief Courts of Districts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	11	...	...	1	6	23	3,70,307
Total...	...	2,382	1,437	422	9,685	2,122	1,365	4,035	380	686	3,412	142	649	352	139	14	4	1	106	27,335	26,30,542

B.—JUDICIAL.—(CIVIL AND CRIMINAL COURTS.)

11.—(*Civil*).—*Statement showing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Cases in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

PART I.—CIVIL SUITS.

Class of Courts.	Number of suits before the Courts.							Number of suits disposed of.													Pending at close of year.	Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average number of days the suits were pending.	
									Without trial.			Without contest.				On reference to arbitration.		With contest.						
	Pending from last year.	Instituted in 1899.	Received by transfer from other Courts.	Remanded under Section 562 of Act XIV of 1882.	Reviews under Section 626.	Revived under Sections 99, 103, 108, or 371.	Total for disposal.	Transfer to other Courts.	Plaint rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default or want of prosecution.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed ex-parte.	Dismissed ex-parte.	For plaintiff.	For defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or part.	Judgment for defendant.	Total disposed of, omitting transfers.			Contested.	Uncontested.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																								
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																								
Unpaid Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Subdivisional Tribunals. — Under ordinary procedure ...	3,591	14,106	32	53	23	339	18,144	52	33	2,580	451	1,584	928	5,167	32	24	11	2,721	1,202	14,733	3,359	1,662	149	68
Paid Subdivisional Tribunals. — Under Small Cause Court powers	1,011	12,776	871	1	10	138	14,807	871	26	3,276	129	585	860	5,833	23	10	3	1,481	549	12,775	1,161	70	39	28
Small Cause Courts ... — As Small Cause Court Judges...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small Cause Courts ... — Under powers of Subordinate Judge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts ... — Under ordinary procedure ...	95	157	35	...	...	3	290	38	1	6	4	21	10	66	...	...	...	50	11	169	83	66	319	127
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts ... — Under Small Cause Court powers	16	273	22	...	...	...	311	...	...	39	3	26	24	150	...	...	...	31	5	278	33	1	39	27
Chief Courts of Districts	39	23	1	...	...	...	63	...	...	5	2	4	1	7	...	...	...	8	8	35	28	25	309	268
Total of each class for Civil Courts ... — Suits for money or moveables...	2,198	19,891	912	30	23	294	23,348	912	41	4,528	214	1,255	1,634	8,496	46	30	14	2,798	1,046	20,102	2,334	489	73	36
Total of each class for Civil Courts ... — Ditto under the Rent Law ...	704	4,089	24	9	3	117	4,946	24	3	767	218	455	110	1,692	5	3	...	590	114	3,957	955	566	159	70
Total of each class for Civil Courts ... — Title and other suits ...	1,850	3,355	25	15	7	69	5,321	25	16	611	157	510	79	1,035	4	1	...	903	615	3,931	1,365	769	107	106
Total	4,752	27,33	961	54	33	480	33,615	961	60	5,906	589	2,220	1,823	11,223	55	34	14	4,291	1,775	27,990	4,664	1,824	114	49

11a.—(Civil).—Statement showing the General Result of the trial of Civil Cases in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Assam in the year 1899.

Part II.—Miscellaneous Cases (Judicial).

Class of Courts.	Suits remaining from last year.	Instituted in 1899.	Received otherwise.				Total for disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Disposed of										Total disposed of, omitting transfers.	Pending at close of year.	Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average number of days the cases were pending.
			Received by transfer from other Courts.	Remanded under Section 562, Act XIV of 1882.	Reviews under Section 626.	Revived under Sections 99, 103, 108.			Without trial.			Without contest.				On reference to arbitration.		With contest.					
									Application rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default or want of prosecution.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed *ex-parte*.	Dismissed *ex-parte*.	For plaintiff.	For defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or part.	Judgment for defendant.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																							
1.—Civil Courts.																							
Unpaid Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Subdivisional Tribunals	...	...	53	4	2	14	2,154	20	93	307	15	52	35	535	16	...	...	485	319	1,857	277	48	53
Small Cause Courts ... As Small Cause Court Judges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small Cause Courts ... Under powers of Subordinate Judge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts other than Chief Courts of District	...	...	3	...	...	1	264	1	16	27	...	6	2	134	1	...	...	23	27	236	27	10	58
Chief Courts of District	...	...	3	...	...	3	488	38	1	44	1	1	1	267	12	...	1	45	17	390	60	29	77
Total	...	...	59	4	2	18	2,906	59	110	378	16	59	38	936	29	...	1	553	363	2,483	364	87	57

Note—Six cases of contempt of Court under Chapter XXXV of the Code of Criminal Procedure were disposed of by Civil Courts during the year.

12.—(*Civil*).—*Statement showing the Business of the Civil Appellate Courts of the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Part I.—Appeals from Decrees.

Class of Courts.	Appeals remaining from last year.	Instituted in 1899.	Otherwise Received.				Total for disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Decisions confirmed under Section 551.	Dismissed for default, Sections 556, 557, or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard *ex-parte*.				Contested.				Total disposed of, omitting transfers.	Pending.	Of these pending more than three months.	Average number of days the appeals were pending.	Objections under Section 561 of Act XIV of 1882.
			Received by transfer from other Courts.	Reviews under Section 626, Act XIV of 1882.	Remands under Section 562.	Revivals under Sections 558, 560.					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded under Section 562.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded under Section 562.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																							
Appeals from Original Decrees.																							
A.—Civil Courts.																							
Chief Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of District ...	218	335	363	6	9	2	833	8	5	41	8	2	1	4	370	61	94	41	627	198	168	186	32
Chief Appellate Courts of Districts	212	701	9	...	2	3	927	364	13	5	2	1	.5	...	92	16	30	4	168	395	118	225	5
Superior Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of Province ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of each class for Civil Courts. — Appeals from Decisions in Suits for Money or Moveables	158	395	110	...	...	...	653	111	12	16	9	3	5	3	214	40	49	22	373	179	83	159	17
Total of each class for Civil Courts. — In suits under the Rent Law ...	74	149	99	...	...	...	322	90	...	8	1	...	...	...	109	17	27	7	169	54	11	154	3
Total of each class for Civil Courts. — In Title and other suits	198	292	163	6	11	5	775	162	6	22	...	...	1	1	139	20	48	16	253	360	192	273	17
Total	430	936	372	6	11	5	1,760	372	18	46	10	3	6	4	462	77	124	45	795	593	286	194	37
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY.																							
APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.																							
Chief Court of Province — From Decisions by Courts in the inferior	48	14	...	...	...	...	62	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	6	56	48	771	...
Chief Court of Province — From Decisions on the Original Side ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
APPEALS FROM APPELLATE DECREES.																							
Chief Court of Province — From Decisions by Appellate Courts in the interior...	139	62	...	...	...	...	201	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	48	1	2	6	58	143	124	205	...
Chief Court of Province — From Decisions by a single Judge or Bench on Appeal in the Chief Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	187	76	...	...	...	...	263	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	52	1	2	6	64	199	172	258	...

B.—JUDICIAL.—(CIVIL AND CRIMINAL COURTS.)

12a.—(*Civil*).—*Statement showing the Business of the Civil Appellate Courts of the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

PART II.—Miscellaneous Appeals.

Class of Courts.	Appeals remaining from last year.	Instituted in 1899.	Otherwise received.				Total for disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Appeals summarily rejected, Section 551.	Dismissed for default or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard *ex-parte*.				Contested.				Total disposed of, omitting transfers.	Pending.	Of these pending more than three months.	Average number of days the appeals were pending.	Objections under Section 551, Act XIV of 1882.
			Received by transfer from other Courts.	Reviewed under Section 626, Act XIV of 1882.	Remands under Section 562.	Restored to file under Sections 558, 560.					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded under Section 562.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded under Section 562.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																							
FIRST APPEALS.																							
A.—Civil Courts.																							
Chief Appellate Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts ...	9	13	4	...	...	...	26	...	2	...	3	...	2	...	8	...	5	4	24	2	...	81	...
Chief Appellate Courts of Districts	11	41	...	...	...	2	54	4	1	3	1	...	3	...	25	1	12	...	46	4	1	97	1
Superior Appellate Court other than Chief Court of Province ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	20	54	4	...	...	2	80	4	3	3	4	...	5	...	33	1	17	4	70	6	1	92	1
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY.																							
FIRST APPEALS.																							
Chief Court of Province. From decisions by Courts in the interior ...	9	1	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	5	5	178	...
Chief Court of Province. From decisions on the Original Side ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	9	1	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	5	5	178	...
SECOND APPEALS.																							
Chief Court of Province. From decisions by Appellate Courts in the interior	9	5	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	3	11	10	566	...
Chief Court of Province. From decisions of a single Judge or Bench on appeal in the Chief Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	9	5	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	3	11	10	566	...

13.—(*Civil*)—*Statement showing the Result of Proceedings on Applications for the Execution of the Decrees of the Civil Courts in the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Class of Courts.	Number of applications dealt with.					Applications disposed of.						Pending at the end of 1899.	Number of applications pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Amount realized.	Number of applications.										
	Pending at the end of 1898.	Filed.		Restored to the file for any cause.	Total.	Transferred.		Decrees wholly satisfied.	Decrees partly satisfied.	Wholly infructuous.	Total.				On which the judgment-debtor was imprisoned.	On which he was arrested under Section 336, but released without imprisonment.	On which his moveable property		On which his immoveable property			On which specific performance was enforced.	On which possession was given		On which partition was effected, Section 265.	On which execution was effected otherwise than in the preceding columns.
		The decrees being those of the Court where execution is taken out.	The decrees being those of other Courts transferred for execution.			To another Court under Section 223.	To the Collector under Section 320.										Was sold.	Was attached, but subsequently released under section 275.	Was sold.	Was dealt with under Sections 305, 322 or 325.	Was attached but subsequently released under Section 275.		Of moveables, Section 259.	Of immoveables, Sections 263 and 264.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																										
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																										
Unpaid Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Subdivisional Tribunals ...	2,460	14,760	558	5	17,783	648	...	2,416	3,281	9,007	15,352	2,431	524	3,01,567	58	115	890	313	937	25	299	6	4	1,029	12	784
Small Cause Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts	88	455	72	...	616	60	...	78	94	247	479	137	51	1,22,935	2	4	28	...	30	...	7	1	...	6	...	40
Chief Courts of Districts	12	29	33	...	74	28	...	7	4	13	52	22	12	3,992	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,560	15,245	663	5	18,473	736	...	2,501	3,379	9,267	15,883	2,590	587	4,28,494	60	119	919	313	968	26	306	7	4	1,035	12	824

14.—(*Civil*).—*Proceedings in Insolvency under Chapter XX, Act XIV of 1882, in the Province of Assam during the year 1899.*

Part I.—Showing the number and result of applications under Section 344 and the number of insolvents before the Court.

Class of Courts.	Applications for a declaration of insolvency.														Persons declared to be insolvents.								
	Number of applications dealt with.						Applications disposed of.								Number before the Court.				Disposed of.				
	Pending at the close of the previous year.	Filed during the year.			Received by transfer.	Total.	Transferred.	Withdrawn or otherwise not prosecuted.	Granted.		Rejected.			Total.	Pending at the close of the year.	Remaining at the close of the previous year.	Declared to be insolvents during the year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Transferred.	Died.	Discharged.		Remaining at the close of the year.
		By judgment-debtors.		By decree-holders.					A receiver being appointed.	A receiver not being appointed.	Penal proceedings under Section 359 not being taken.	Sentence of imprisonment being passed under Section 359.	Applicant being sent to the Magistrate to be dealt with.								Under Section 351.	Under Section 355.	
		Under arrest or imprisonment.	Not under arrest or imprisonment.																				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts specially empowered ...	8	19	1	...	...	28	...	7	3	4	12	...	...	26	2	...	7	...	7	...	...	5	2	...
Chief Courts of Districts	6	13	4	...	...	23	...	12	1	1	3	...	...	17	6	11	2	...	13	...	...	1	4	8
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	14	32	5	...	...	51	...	19	4	5	15	...	...	43	8	11	9	...	20	...	...	6	6	8

Part II.—Showing the number of estates in the hands of receivers and the progress made in winding up.

Class of Courts.	Number of insolvents' estates in the hands of receivers.				Amount of creditors' claims dealt with during the year.					Amount of insolvents' assets realised and outstanding.			
	Pending at the close of the previous year.	Placed in charge of a receiver during the year.	Number of estates in regard to which proceedings were finally closed during the year.	Pending at the close of the year.	Unsatisfied and pending at the close of the year.	Admitted.	Disallowed.	Satisfied.	Unsatisfied and pending at the close of the year.	Amount of realised assets in the hands of receivers at the close of the previous year.	Gross amount realised during the year.	Total amount of disbursements.	Amount remaining in the hands of receivers at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs
Court other than Chief Courts of Districts specially empowered.	...	3	3	...	...	767	...	362	405	...	427	362	65
Chief Courts of Districts	29	1	5	25	40,479	...	33,063	...	7,416	330	25	82	273
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	29	4	8	25	40,479	767	33,063	362	7,821	330	452	444	338

B.—*Registration.—Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration Districts of the Province of Assam for the year* 1899-1900.

District.	Registrations affecting immoveable property—Book I.																			Total value of immoveable property transferred.
	Compulsory.										Optional.									
	Number of Registration Offices.	Instruments of gifts [section 17, clause (a)].	Instruments of sale or exchange of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of sale or exchange of the value less than Rs. 100 (sections 54 and 118 of the Transfer of Property Act).	Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Other Instruments registered under section 17, clauses (b) and (c) or section 5 of the Indian Trust Act, 1882.	Instruments of perpetual lease [section 17, clause (d)].	All instruments of lease (other than perpetual lease) which have been compulsorily registered under section 17, clause (d).	Total of compulsory registrations.	Ordinary fees paid for the same.	Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage of value less than Rs. 100.	Other Instruments registered under section 18, clauses (a) and (b).	Instruments of lease for one year or less [section 18, clause (c)], and instruments of lease exempted under the proviso in section 17.	Awards [section 17, clause (f)].	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.	Total of optional registrations relating to immoveable property.	Ordinary fees paid for the same.	
1	2	3	4 (a)	4 (b)	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
										Rs. a.									Rs. a.	Rs.
Cachar	3	37	1,599	1,863	586	146	1	180	4,412	3,867 4	...	359	125	299	...	...	1	784	513 0	6,50,092
Sylhet...	9	257	6,500	10,121	1,426	1,830	162	2,999	23,295	19,239 4	...	950	208	1,899	...	...	...	3,137	1,887 4	36,35,568
Total Surma Valley districts	12	294	8,099	11,984	2,012	1,976	163	3,179	27,707	23,106 8	...	1,309	413	2,198	...	...	1	3,921	2,400 4	43,25,660
Goalpara	2	7	213	110	137	17	...	176	660	666 0	...	54	...	24	...	...	...	78	48 0	1,57,650
Kamrup	2	13	159	159	122	2	10	44	509	524 4	...	13	1	2	...	13	...	30	43 8	1,77,492
Darrang	2	11	32	84	34	4	1	4	170	226 8	...	35	2	...	...	4	1	42	27 8	1,17,197
Nowgong	1	7	10	16	4	...	...	4	41	39 0	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	1 0	13,727
Sibsagar	3	14	238	640	98	58	2	7	1,097	836 4	...	160	2	7	...	...	...	170	108 0	2,26,042
Lakhimpur	2	2	125	67	121	2	...	22	339	525 4	...	39	...	1	...	...	...	40	25 12	3,14,243
Total Assam Valley districts	12	54	777	1,076	516	123	13	257	2,816	2,817 4	...	303	5	34	...	17	1	362	253 12	10,06,341
Naga Hills	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khasi „	1	...	17	...	32	...	...	4	53	89 4	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	4	5 0	37,631
Garo „	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,000
Total Hill districts	3	...	17	...	32	1	...	4	54	96 4	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	4	5 0	43,631
Grand total	27	348	8,893	13,060	2,560	2,100	176	3,440	30,577	26,020 0	...	1,614	418	2,233	...	18	2	4,287	2,659 0	53,75,632

[29] *B.—Registration.—Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration Districts of the Province of Assam for the year* 1899-1900.—continued.

District.	Registrations affecting moveable property—Book IV.						Number of sealed covers deposited—Book V.	Number of wills registered—Book III.	Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by will—Book III.	Number of registrations under section 24.	Number of registrations under section 34.	Number of refusals to register.	Number of powers-of-attorney attested.	Number of searches or applications for copies.	Total ordinary fees, including the entries in columns 10, 19, and 26, and the total fees paid for registrations under columns 28 and 29.	Total extraordinary fees and fines.	Total expenditure.
	Compulsory. Instruments of gift of moveable property [section 123, clause (2) of the Transfer of Property Act].	Instruments of sale, etc., of moveable property [clause (d), section 18].	Obligation for payment of money [section 18, clause (f)].	All other documents registered under section 18, clause (f).	Total of registrations in Book IV.	Ordinary fees paid for the same.											
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
						Rs. a.									Rs. a.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cachar	1	37	233	302	573	612 4	...	3	...	...	7	65	50	165	5,004 8	1,205 3 9	3,160 5 2
Sylhet	26	98	61	3,848	4,033	4,627 12	...	10	...	13	99	374	187	1,249	25,794 4	12,772 12 3	22,405 13 8
Total Surma Valley districts	27	135	294	4,150	4,606	5,240 0	...	13	...	13	106	439	237	1,414	30,798 12	13,978 0 0	25,566 2 10
Goalpara	4	5	26	50	85	127 4	...	8	1	...	...	1	30	38	877 4	412 11 0	954 4 9
Kamrup	4	8	13	175	200	214 12	...	9	...	...	...	...	33	35	818 8	530 0 0	930 13 0
Darrang	1	...	43	51	95	106 4	...	11	...	...	...	1	35	20	404 4	145 11 0	415 3 7
Nowgong	1	5	2	133	141	87 0	...	6	...	...	...	...	22	17	151 0	108 2 6	245 13 0
Sibsagar	4	29	24	326	383	353 4	...	27	...	...	...	21	65	34	1,405 8	338 11 0	1,275 1 0
Lakhimpur	2	17	13	211	243	291 12	...	6	...	...	...	1	49	19	866 12	257 9 0	657 3 0
Total Assam Valley districts	16	64	121	946	1,147	1,180 4	...	67	1	...	...	24	234	163	4,523 4	1,792 12 6	4,478 6 4
Naga Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khasi „	...	1	...	12	13	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	104 4	32 0 0	97 8 2
Garo „	...	...	25	1	26	46 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	53 12	12 2 0	65 14 0
Total Hill districts	...	1	25	13	39	56 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	2	158 0	44 2 0	163 6 2
Grand Total	43	200	440	5,109	5,792	6,477 0	...	80	1	13	106	463	481	1,579	35,480 0	15,814 14 6	30,207 15 4

[30] C.—PRISONS.—GENERAL SUMMARY.

Showing the Distribution of the Prisoners of all Classes confined in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10		
Stations.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at the end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole jail.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Cachar ...	Silchar ...	Convicts ...	74	...	74	267	4	271	341	4	345	287	4	291	54	...	54	55·12	·35	55·47	65·68	·70	66·38
		Under-trial	8	...	8	201	5	206	209	5	214	190	4	194	19	1	20	10·27	·35	10·62			
		Civil ...	2	...	2	4	...	4	6	...	6	6	...	6	...	...	...	·20	...	·29			
	Hailakandi ...	Convicts ...	10	...	10	85	3	88	95	3	98	91	3	94	4	...	4	6·76	·15	6·91	7·95	·16	8·11
		Under-trial	1	...	1	37	1	38	38	1	39	38	1	39	...	...	...	1·19	·01	1·20			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Haflong ...	Convicts ...	12	...	12	82	1	83	94	1	95	87	1	88	7	...	7	7·94	·25	8·10	10·53	·28	10·81
		Under-trial	...	...	...	125	3	128	125	3	128	124	3	127	1	...	1	2·54	·03	2·57			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	4	...	4	4	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	...	·05	...	·05			
Sylhet ...	Sylhet ...	Convicts ...	496	5	501	905	12	917	1,401	17	1,418	965	13	978	436	4	440	505·78	6·00	511·78	517·35	7·07	524·42
		Under-trial	8	2	10	193	4	197	201	6	207	187	6	193	14	...	14	11·41	1·07	12·48			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	·16	...	·16			
	Sunamganj ...	Convicts ...	25	...	25	359	3	362	384	3	387	350	1	351	34	2	36	26·15	·06	26·21	38·30	·39	38·69
		Under-trial	3	...	3	200	6	206	203	6	209	196	6	202	7	...	7	11·71	·33	12·04			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	5	...	5	5	...	5	5	...	5	...	...	...	·44	...	·44			
	Karimganj ...	Convicts ...	13	...	13	253	5	258	266	5	271	240	5	245	26	...	26	21·85	·04	21·89	25·60	·15	25·75
		Under-trial	4	...	4	136	8	144	140	8	148	139	8	147	1	...	1	3·75	·11	3·86			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Habiganj ...	Convicts ...	63	...	63	425	7	432	488	7	495	417	7	424	71	...	71	35·13	·55	35·68	41·50	·72	42·22
		Under-trial	6	...	6	142	5	147	148	5	153	143	5	148	5	...	5	5·38	·17	5·55			
		Civil ...	2	...	2	14	...	14	16	...	16	16	...	16	...	...	...	·99	...	·9			
	South Sylhet.	Convicts ...	24	...	24	243	3	246	267	3	270	237	3	240	30	...	30	18·00	·06	18·06	22·91	·24	23·15
		Under-trial	...	...	...	168	5	173	168	5	173	165	5	170	3	...	3	4·67	·18	4·85			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	5	...	5	5	...	5	5	...	5	...	...	...	·24	...	·24			
Goalpara	Goalpara...	Convicts ...	11	...	11	70	5	75	81	5	86	69	5	74	12	...	12	10·96	·51	11·47	13·12	·84	13·96
		Under-trial	3	...	3	47	5	52	50	5	55	40	5	45	10	...	10	2·03	·33	2·36			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	·13	...	·13			
	Dhubri ...	Convicts ...	12	...	12	189	3	192	201	3	204	184	3	187	17	...	17	14·61	·07	14·71	20·50	·25	20·75
		Under-trial	11	...	11	192	17	209	203	17	220	202	17	219	1	...	1	5·80	·14	6·04			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Kamrup	Gauhati ...	Convicts ...	191	2	193	341	6	347	532	8	540	311	8	319	221	...	221	226·39	1·26	227·65	237·15	1·53	238·68
		Under-trial	9	1	10	250	7	257	259	8	267	246	8	254	13	...	13	10·73	·27	11·00			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	·03	...	·03			
	Barpeta ...	Convicts ...	10	...	10	40	1	41	50	1	51	41	1	42	9	...	9	7·57	·07	7·64	8·98	·07	9·05
		Under-trial	...	...	...	38	...	38	38	...	38	37	...	37	1	...	1	·80	...	·80			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	6	...	6	6	...	6	6	...	6	...	...	...	·61	...	·61			
Darrang	Tezpur ...	Convicts ...	238	6	244	313	33	346	551	39	590	353	29	382	198	10	208	229·88	10·47	240·35	234·66	11·03	245·69
		Under-trial	5	...	5	177	29	206	182	29	211	177	29	206	5	...	5	4·70	·56	5·26			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	·08	...	·08			
	Mangaldai ...	Convicts ...	26	...	26	86	5	91	112	5	117	86	3	89	26	2	28	19·50	·58	20·08	22·85	·63	23·48
		Under-trial	4	1	5	113	2	115	117	3	120	107	3	110	10	...	10	3·35	·05	3·40			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Nowgong	Nowgong...	Convicts ...	47	...	47	154	4	158	201	4	205	167	4	171	34	...	34	41·36	·33	41·69	43·74	·37	44·11
		Under-trial	1	...	1	125	2	127	125	2	128	125	2	127	1	...	1	2·27	·04	2·31			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	·11	...	·11			
Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	Convicts...	62	2	64	338	16	354	400	18	418	353	17	370	47	1	48	61·46	·98	62·46	70·99	1·32	72·31
		Under-trial	9	...	9	183	11	194	192	11	203	180	11	191	12	...	12	9·48	·34	9·8			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	·03	...	·03			
	Jorhat ...	Convicts ...	19	...	19	227	12	239	246	12	258	224	12	236	22	...	22	20·45	·56	21·01	25·80	·83	26·63
		Under-trial	1	...	1	201	14	215	202	14	216	198	14	212	4	...	4	5·30	·27	5·57			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	·05	...	·05			
	Golaghat ...	Convicts ...	20	1	21	259	15	274	279	16	295	265	12	277	14	4	18	18·50	1·03	19·53	24·70	1·20	25·90
		Under-trial	...	...	...	151	14	165	151	14	165	144	14	158	7	...	7	4·89	·17	5·06			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	12	...	12	12	...	12	12	...	12	...	...	...	1·31	...	1·31			
Lakhimpur.	Dibrugarh ...	Convicts ...	39	...	39	340	48	388	379	48	427	307	48	355	72	...	72	56·83	1·60	58·43	65·78	2·72	68·50
		Under-trial	7	...	7	285	42	327	292	42	334	289	40	329	3	2	5	8·63	1·12	9·75			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	13	...	13	13	...	13	13	...	13	...	...	...	·32	...	·32			
	Lakhimpur ...	Convicts ...	3	...	3	103	...	103	106	...	106	100	...	100	6	...	6	9·34	...	9·34	12·10	·04	12·14
		Under-trial	...	...	...	100	4	104	100	4	104	98	4	102	2	...	2	2·73	·04	2·77			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	·03	...	·03			
Naga Hills.	Kohima ...	Convicts ...	11	...	11	71	1	72	82	1	83	60	1	61	22	...	22	21·72	·08	21·80	24·80	·08	24·88
		Under-trial	7	...	7	63	...	63	70	...	70	67	...	67	3	...	3	2·98	...	2·98			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	·10	...	·10			
Khasi Hills.	Shillong ...	Convicts ...	32	3	35	52	7	59	84	10	94	53	8	61	31	2	33	36·87	2·91	39·78	39·65	2·95	42·63
		Under-trial	...	...	...	47	2	49	47	2	49	46	2	48	1	...	1	2·81	·04	2·85			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Garo Hills	Tura ...	Convicts ...	8	...	8	45	...	45	53	...	53	50	...	50	3	...	3	10·86	...	10·86	16·06	...	16·06
		Under-trial	3	...	3	137	...	137	140	...	140	126	...	126	14	...	14	5·20	...	5·20			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Lushai Hills.	Aijal ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Total of Jails.	Convicts ...	1,191	18	1,209	3,809	133	3,942	4,09	151	4,24	2,98	134	3,114	1,110	1	1,127	1,228·35	33·97	1,262·32	1,395·53	27·94	1,323·47
		Under-trial	58	3	61	1,653	119	1,772	1,71	122	1,833	1,64	119	1,761	6	3	72	66·10	3·97	70·13			
		Civil ...	2	...	2	25	...	25	27	...	27	2	...	27	...	...	...	1·02	...	1·02			
		Total ...	1,251	21	1,272	4,577	252	4,829	5,82	273	6,101	4,64	25	4,902	1,179	20	1,199	1,295·53	27·94	1,323·47	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails.	Convicts ...	255	1	256	2,348	61	2,40	2,60	62	2,66	2,317	54	2,371	286	...	294	234·73	3·94	238·67	295·20	5·63	300·83
		Under-trial	32	1	33	1,658	67	1,725	1,69	68	1,75	1,62	6	1,690	61	...	68	56·52	1·69	58·21			
		Civil ...	2	...	2	52	...	52	54	...	54	54	...	54	...	...	...	3·9	...	3·95			
		Total ...	289		291	4,058	128	4,186	4,34	130	4,47	3,99	122	4,115	354		362	295·2	5·63	300·83	...	...	...
	Grand total	Convicts ...	1,446	1	1,465	5,247	10	5,441	6,693	213	6,906	5,207	188	5,485	1,39	2	1,421	1,463·08	27·91	1,490·99	1,590·73	33·57	1,624·30
		Under-trial	9	4	94	3,311	18	3,497	3,401	190	3,59	3,264	187	3,451	13	3	140	122·68	5·66	128·34			
		Civil ...	4	...	4	77	...	77	81	...	81	81	...	81	...	...	...	4·97	...	4·97			
		Total ...	1,540	23	1,563	8,635	380	9,015	10,17	403	10,578	8,642	375	9,017	1,53	28	1,561	1,590·73	33·57	1,624·30	...	...	...

[31] C.—PRISONS.—(JUDICIAL.)

Statement No. I.—Showing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

Serial No.	Jails.	3 Remained at the close of the previous year.		4 Imprisoned during the present year.		5 Total.		6 Received by transfer. A To undergo sentence. From jails in the province.		From subsidiary jails to district jails in the province.		From jails outside the province.		B In transit for transportation or to other jails. From jails in the province.		From jails outside the province.		7 Grand total.			8 Transferred to other jails. A To undergo sentence.		B For transportation beyond seas.		9 Released during the year. A On appeal.		B On expiry of sentence.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1	Silchar ...	74	...	217	3	291	3	4	...	45	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	341	4	345	61	...	...	...	58	...	166	4
2	Sylhet ...	496	5	343	6	839	11	1	...	561	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,401	17	1,418	63	...	13	...	193	1	517	8
3	Dhubri ...	12	...	181	3	193	3	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	201	3	204	65	2	...	...	24	...	91	1
4	Gauhati ...	191	2	142	4	333	6	127	...	65	1	...	...	7	1	...	...	532	8	549	35	3	9	1	40	1	123	3
5	Tezpur ...	238	6	151	21	389	27	98	11	62	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	551	39	590	116	2	5	1	16	1	147	22
6	Nowgong ...	47	...	150	4	197	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	201	4	205	20	...	...	...	8	...	107	4
7	Sibsagar ...	62	2	192	12	254	14	19	...	127	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	400	18	418	121	4	...	...	52	1	158	11
8	Dibrugarh ...	39	...	322	47	361	47	14	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	379	48	427	12	3	2	...	12	1	273	44
9	Shillong ...	32	3	46	7	78	10	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	84	10	94	13	...	...	...	...	...	29	6
	Total of Jails.	1,191	18	1,744	107	2,935	125	280	12	864	13	2	...	9	1	...	...	4,090	151	4,241	506	14	29	2	403	5	1,611	103
1	Hailakandi ...	10	...	83	3	93	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	95	3	98	29	1	...	...	17	...	44	2
2	Haflong ...	12	...	75	1	87	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	94	1	95	19	...	...	...	...	...	67	1
3	Sunamganj ...	25	...	337	3	362	3	20	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	384	3	387	175	1	...	...	45	...	126	...
4	Karimganj ...	13	...	248	5	261	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	266	5	271	80	2	...	...	45	...	112	3
5	Habiganj ...	63	...	411	7	474	7	13	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	488	7	495	151	1	...	...	76	...	186	6
6	South Sylhet ...	24	...	230	3	254	3	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	267	3	270	101	2	...	...	22	...	112	1
7	Goalpara ...	11	...	69	5	80	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	5	86	11	1	...	...	14	...	44	4
8	Barpeta ...	10	...	39	1	49	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	1	51	12	...	...	...	5	...	24	1
9	Mangaldai ...	26	...	84	5	110	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	112	5	117	21	...	...	...	2	...	60	3
10	Jorhat ...	19	...	170	12	189	12	28	...	1	...	...	...	28	...	...	...	246	12	258	94	3	...	...	4	...	120	8
11	Golaghat ...	20	1	204	14	224	15	48	1	2	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	279	16	295	105	1	...	...	15	...	140	11
12	Lakhimpur ...	3	...	100	...	103	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	106	...	106	23	...	...	...	15	...	63	...
13	Kohima ...	11	...	67	1	78	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	1	83	8	...	...	...	1	...	48	1
14	Tura ...	8	...	44	...	52	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	...	53	24	...	...	...	...	...	23	...
15	Aijal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails.	253	1	2,161	60	2,416	61	148	1	4	...	2	...	33	...	...	...	2,603	62	2,665	853	12	...	...	259	...	1,169	41
	Grand total...	1,446	19	3,905	167	5,351	186	428	13	868	13	4	...	42	1	...	...	6,693	213	6,906	1,359	26	29	2	662	5	2,780	144

[31] *Statement No. I.*—continued.

Serial No.	Jails.	9—*contd.* Released during the year—*contd.* C Under remission rules.		D By order of Government. (*a*) On account of sickness.		(*b*) On other grounds.		10 Transported beyond seas.		11 Transferred to lunatic asylum.		12 Escaped.		13 Executed.		14 Died.		15 Remained at the end of the present year.		16 Daily average number.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Silchar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	54	...	55·12	·35	55·47
2	Sylhet ...	134	2	11	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	31	1	436	4	505·78	6·00	511·78
3	Dhubri ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	17	...	14·64	·07	14·71
4	Gauhati ...	73	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	...	221	...	226·39	1·26	227·65
5	Tezpur ...	61	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	198	10	229·88	10·47	240·35
6	Nowgong ...	31	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	...	41·36	·33	41·69
7	Sibsagar ...	20	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	47	1	61·48	·98	62·46
8	Dibrugarh ...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	72	...	56·83	1·60	58·43
9	Shillong ...	9	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	31	2	36·87	2·91	39·78
	Total of Jails.	338	6	17	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	70	1	1,110	17	1,228·35	23·97	1,252·32
1	Hailakandi ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	6·76	·15	6·91
2	Haflong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	...	7·94	·25	8·19
3	Sunamganj ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	34	2	26·15	·06	26·21
4	Karimganj ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	...	21·83	·04	21·89
5	Habiganj ...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	...	35·13	·55	35·68
6	South Sylhet ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	18·00	·06	18·06
7	Goalpara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	10·96	·51	11·47
8	Barpeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	7·57	·07	7·64
9	Mangaldai ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	2	19·50	·58	20·08
10	Jorhat ...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	20·45	·56	21·01
11	Golaghat ...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	14	4	18·50	1·03	19·53
12	Lakhimpur ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	9·34	...	9·34
13	Kohima ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	22	...	21·72	·08	21·80
14	Tura ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	10·86	...	10·86
15	Aijal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails.	29	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	3	...	286	8	234·73	3·94	238·67
	Grand total...	367	6	18	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	5	...	4	...	73	1	1,396	25	1,463·08	27·91	1,490·99

[32] C.—PRISONS.—(JUDICIAL.)

Statement No. II.—Showing the Religion, Age, state of Education, and previous Occupation of the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

Serial No.	Jails.	3 Religion. A Christians. a Europeans. M.	F.	A Christians. b Eurasians. M.	F.	A Christians. c Natives. M.	F.	B Muhammadans. M.	F.	C Hindus and Sikhs. M.	F.	D Buddhists and Jains. M.	F.	E All other classes. M.	F.	4 Age. A Under sixteen. M.	F.	B Sixteen to forty. M.	F.	C Forty to sixty. M.	F.	D Above sixty. M.	F.
1	Silchar	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	1	119	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	157	2	32	1	3	...
2	Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	242	2	75	4	...	...	1	...	...	...	255	4	54	2	9	...
3	Dhubri	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	1	92	2	...	...	24	...	...	...	152	2	10	1	...	...
4	Gauhati	...	...	...	...	1	...	29	2	86	2	...	...	15	...	3	...	106	3	20	1	2	...
5	Tezpur	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	...	128	19	...	...	8	1	...	...	137	18	7	2	...	1
6	Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	2	115	2	...	...	19	...	2	...	131	4	11	...	3	...
7	Sibsagar	...	...	...	...	1	...	11	2	154	9	...	...	18	...	...	...	161	10	23	1	...	...
8	Dibrugarh	...	...	...	...	9	1	24	1	262	42	3	...	18	3	...	...	291	46	25	1	...	...
9	Shillong	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	15	...	...	...	28	7	...	...	39	3	7	4	...	...
	Total of Jails	...	...	...	...	12	2	444	11	1,046	82	3	...	135	11	5	...	1,429	92	189	13	17	1
1	Hailakandi	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	...	26	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	3	13	...	3	...
2	Haflong	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	1	14	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	75	1	...	...	...	...
3	Sunamganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	253	...	57	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	232	1	67	2	10	...
4	Karimganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	157	2	31	...	...	...	38	3	...	...	162	5	50	...	14	...
5	Habiganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	286	3	84	4	...	...	1	...	1	...	297	7	69	...	4	...
6	South Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	126	1	57	1	...	...	35	1	...	...	159	2	53	1	6	...
7	Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	39	4	...	...	7	1	...	...	57	4	3	1	...	...
8	Barpeta	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	27	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	26	...	8	1	1	...
9	Mangaldai	...	...	...	...	2	...	8	...	39	3	...	...	40	2	...	...	64	4	20	1	...	...
10	Jorhat	...	...	...	...	1	...	8	...	49	1	...	...	108	11	...	...	136	12	30	...	...	...
11	Golaghat	...	...	...	...	35	...	20	...	109	11	...	...	35	3	...	...	176	14	19	...	4	...
12	Lakhimpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	53	...	...	...	29	...	...	...	80	...	7	...	...	...
13	Kohima	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	53	1	1	...	53	1	13	...	...	...
14	Tura	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	10	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	42	...	2	...	...	...
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails	...	...	...	...	38	...	981	7	609	31	...	...	389	22	3	...	1,618	54	354	6	42	...
	Grand total	...	...	...	...	50	2	1,425	18	1,655	113	3	...	524	33	8	...	3,047	146	543	19	59	1

[32] *Statement No. II.*—continued.

Serial No.	Jails.	5 Education. A Able to read and write. M.	F.	B Able to read only. M.	F.	C Illiterate. M.	F.	6 Previous occupation. Males. A Persons employed under Government or municipal or other local authorities.	B Professional persons.	C Persons in service or performing personal offices.	D Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals.	E Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	F Persons engaged in mechanical arts, manufactures, and engineering operations, etc., etc.	G Miscellaneous persons not classed otherwise.	Females. H Married.	I Unmarried.	J Widows.	K Prostitutes.	7 Total. M.	F.	Total.
1	Silchar ...	28	...	...	...	164	3	5	1	60	105	...	1	20	2	1	...	...	192	3	195
2	Sylhet ...	1	...	...	...	317	6	1	...	3	314	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	318	6	324
3	Dhubri ...	5	...	...	...	157	3	6	3	20	129	4	...	...	2	...	...	1	162	3	165
4	Gauhati ...	10	...	...	...	121	4	5	...	25	80	18	...	3	2	...	2	...	131	4	135
5	Tezpur ...	3	...	...	...	141	21	4	1	67	63	7	...	2	15	2	3	1	144	21	165
6	Nowgong ...	37	...	2	...	108	4	7	1	20	95	3	...	21	1	...	3	...	147	4	151
7	Sibsagar ...	22	1	1	...	151	10	5	...	115	59	4	...	1	10	...	1	...	184	11	195
8	Dibrugarh ...	27	...	...	...	289	47	6	...	248	40	14	3	5	45	2	...	...	316	47	363
9	Shillong ...	7	...	...	...	39	7	4	...	10	28	1	...	3	3	...	4	...	46	7	53
	Total of Jails ...	140	1	3	...	1,497	105	43	6	568	913	51	4	55	84	5	15	2	1,640	106	1,746
1	Hailakandi ...	8	...	4	...	63	3	5	...	6	63	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	75	3	78
2	Haflong ...	1	...	...	...	74	1	...	...	6	2	6	...	61	1	...	...	...	75	1	76
3	Sunamganj ...	3	...	3	...	304	3	...	...	1	306	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	310	3	313
4	Karimganj ...	11	...	...	...	215	5	3	...	3	197	4	...	19	4	...	1	...	226	5	231
5	Habiganj ...	22	...	1	...	348	7	6	1	25	328	1	...	10	2	1	3	1	371	7	378
6	South Sylhet ...	10	...	12	...	196	3	1	1	47	165	...	...	4	1	...	2	...	218	3	221
7	Goalpara ...	16	...	3	...	41	5	5	4	12	33	2	4	...	1	1	3	...	60	5	65
8	Barpeta ...	3	...	...	...	32	1	2	1	1	30	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	35	1	36
9	Mangaldai ...	6	...	1	...	77	5	7	...	28	45	...	...	4	1	...	3	1	84	5	89
10	Jorhat ...	11	...	...	...	155	12	2	7	2	55	1	...	99	12	...	...	...	166	12	178
11	Golaghat ...	11	...	8	...	180	14	...	...	3	76	2	...	118	10	2	2	...	199	14	213
12	Lakhimpur ...	11	...	1	...	75	...	3	...	2	30	6	38	8	...	...	...	...	87	...	87
13	Kohima ...	1	...	...	...	66	1	6	1	...	55	1	...	4	1	...	...	...	67	1	68
14	Tura ...	8	...	...	...	36	...	4	1	4	34	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	...	44
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails	122	...	33	...	1,862	60	44	16	140	1,419	25	42	331	36	4	18	2	2,017	60	2,077
	Grand total ...	262	1	36	...	3,359	165	87	22	708	2,332	76	46	386	120	9	33	4	3,657	166	3,823

[33] C.—PRISONS.—(JUDICIAL.)

Statement No. III.—Showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899, and those remaining on the 31st December of that year, according to the nature and length of sentence.

1	2	3	4																				5		
Serial No.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted, as explained at foot.	Number according to length of sentence.																				Total.		
			A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I						
			One month.		Above one month, and not exceeding three months.		Above three months, and not exceeding six months.		Above six months, and not exceeding one year.		Above one year, and not exceeding two years.		Above two years, and not exceeding five years.		Above five years, and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.				
																			a		b					
																			For life.		For a term.					
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Silchar	A	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		B	27	3	59	..	37	..	38	..	19	..	4	..	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	191	3	194
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	28	3	59	..	37	..	38	..	19	..	4	..	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	192	3	195
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	10	..	15	..	8	..	8	..	7	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	54	..	54
2	Sylhet	A	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	6
		B	87	2	101	..	40	2	25	..	31	..	22	..	4	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	313	5	318
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	91	3	102	..	40	2	25	..	31	..	22	..	4	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	1	..	318	6	324
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	7	..	19	..	42	1	50	..	114	2	83	..	74	1	2	..	4	..	1	..	..	..	436	4	440
3	Dhubri	A	3	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	5
		B	44	..	47	..	40	1	6	1	6	..	11	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	153	2	157
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	47	1	48	..	40	1	6	1	8	..	12	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	162	3	165
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	2	..	5	..	3	..	1	..	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	..	17
4	Gauhati	A	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		B	23	1	26	..	35	2	17	..	11	1	8	..	6	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	126	4	133
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	24	1	26	..	35	2	17	..	11	1	8	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	131	4	135
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	1	..	6	..	11	..	32	..	54	..	71	..	35	..	3	..	..	..	5	..	1	..	221	..	221
5	Tezpur	A	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3
		B	44	14	50	3	25	3	14	..	1	..	3	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	138	21	159
		C	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
	Total of admissions ..	....	46	14	51	3	26	3	15	..	1	..	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	144	21	165
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	13	..	11	2	13	3	55	2	60	1	32	..	3	..	6	2	5	..	..	..	198	10	208
6	Nowgong	A	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3
		B	43	2	49	1	19	..	16	..	4	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	135	3	138
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	10
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	45	3	49	1	19	..	16	..	11	..	5	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	147	4	151
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	..	..	29	..	3	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34	..	34
7	Sibsagar	A	3	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	5
		B	66	7	39	2	26	..	16	..	8	..	11	..	3	..	..	..	6	1	..	..	1	..	178	10	188
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
	Total of admissions ..	....	69	8	40	2	28	..	16	..	8	..	11	..	3	..	..	..	8	1	..	..	1	..	184	11	195
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	2	1	11	..	19	..	9	..	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47	1	48
8	Dibrugarh	A	5	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	2	8
		B	168	39	74	3	26	2	10	1	4	..	15	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	302	45	347
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	8
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	173	41	74	3	27	2	11	1	10	..	16	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	316	47	363
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	12	..	10	..	10	..	5	..	8	..	16	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72	..	72
9	Shillong	A	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4
		B	8	..	3	..	9	2	6	1	6	..	4	..	5	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	44	3	47
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		D	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
	Total of admissions ..	....	8	4	4	..	9	2	7	1	6	..	4	..	5	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	46	7	53
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	1	..	1	..	1	1	5	1	7	..	10	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31	2	33
	Total of Jails	A	21	10	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	10	36
		B	510	68	448	9	257	12	148	3	90	1	81	1	28	..	..	..	17	2	..	..	6	..	1,585	96	1,681
		C	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	15	..	5	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	..	25
		D	..	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
	Total of admissions ..	....	531	78	453	9	261	12	151	3	105	1	86	1	30	..	..	..	17	2	..	..	6	..	1,640	106	1,746
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	23	..	66	1	133	4	180	4	261	4	253	1	162	1	8	..	12	2	11	..	1	..	1,110	17	1,127

[33] C.—PRISONS.—(JUDICIAL.)

Statement No. III.—Showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899, *and those remaining on the* 31*st December of that year, according to the nature and length of sentence*—continued.

1	2	3	4																				5		
Serial No.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted, as explained at foot.	Number according to length of sentence.																				Total.		
			A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I				J		
			One month.		Above one month, and not exceeding three months.		Above three months, and not exceeding six months.		Above six months, and not exceeding one year.		Above one year, and not exceeding two years.		Above two years, and not exceeding five years.		Above five years, and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.				
																			a		b					
																			For life.		For a term.					
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Hailakandi	A	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		B	38	1	28	2	6	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	75	3	78
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	38	1	28	2	6	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	75	3	78
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
2	Haflong	A	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		B	45	..	15	1	5	..	3	..	4	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	74	1	75
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	46	..	15	1	5	..	3	..	4	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	75	1	76
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	4	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	7
3	Sunamganj	A	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		B	96	..	78	1	58	1	52	1	10	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	295	3	298
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	..	11
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
	Total of admissions ..	....	96	..	78	1	58	1	61	1	13	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	310	3	313
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	6	..	8	1	5	1	9	..	2	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34	2	36
4	Karimganj	A	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3
		B	76	3	91	2	31	..	16	..	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	222	5	227
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	79	3	91	2	31	..	16	..	5	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	226	5	231
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	12	..	8	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	..	26
5	Habiganj	A	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		B	107	3	156	3	53	..	40	..	9	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	367	7	374
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
	Total of admissions ...	....	107	3	157	3	53	..	40	..	12	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	371	7	378
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	14	..	42	..	9	..	2	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	71	..	71
6	South Sylhet	A	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		B	53	1	70	..	37	2	45	..	9	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	215	3	218
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
	Total of admissions ..	....	54	1	70	..	38	2	46	..	9	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	218	3	221
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	2	..	13	..	2	..	9	..	1	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	30
7	Goalpara	A	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
		B	13	3	25	..	8	1	1	1	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	5	55
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	6
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	17	3	25	..	8	1	3	1	5	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	5	65
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	7	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	12
8	Barpeta	A	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		B	12	1	8	..	10	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35	1	36
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	12	1	8	..	10	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35	1	36
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	1	..	1	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	9
9	Mangaldai	A	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	4
		B	29	..	23	3	9	1	10	..	6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	79	4	83
		C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
	Total of admissions ..	....	32	1	25	3	9	1	10	..	6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84	5	89
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	2	..	8	1	6	1	4	..	2	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	2	28

[33] C.—PRISONS.—(JUDICIAL.)

Statement No. III.—Showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899, and those remaining on the 31st December of that year, according to the nature and length of sentence—concluded.

1	2	3	4																				5		
Serial No.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted, as explained at foot.	Number according to length of sentence.																				Total.		
			A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I				J		
			One month.		Above one month, and not exceeding three months.		Above three months, and not exceeding six months.		Above six months, and not exceeding one year.		Above one year, and not exceeding two years.		Above two years, and not exceeding five years.		Above five years, and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.		
																			a		b				
																			For life.		For a term.				
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
10	Jorhat ..	A ..	7	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	2	10
		B ..	43	6	43	2	18	..	32	2	18	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	156	10	166
		C ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
	Total of admissions ..	....	50	8	43	2	19	..	32	2	19	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	166	12	178
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	2	..	5	..	7	..	1	..	4	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	..	22
11	Golaghat ..	A ..	3	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	4	9
		B ..	63	8	37	21	40	..	41	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	189	10	199
		C ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
		D ..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3
	Total of admissions ..	....	68	12	38	2	42	..	41	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	190	14	213
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	1	4	4	..	3	..	1	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	4	18
12	Lakhimpur ..	A ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		B ..	31	..	19	..	13	..	9	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	81	..	81
		C ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D ..	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	6
	Total of admissions ..	....	35	..	21	..	13	..	9	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	87	..	87
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	2	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	6
13	Kohima ..	A ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		B ..	19	1	10	..	24	..	9	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	66	1	67
		C ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	20	1	10	..	2	..	9	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	67	1	68
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	1	..	12	..	8	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	..	22
14	Tura ..	A ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		B ..	4	..	6	..	8	..	5	..	15	..	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43	..	43
		C ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	4	..	6	..	9	..	5	..	15	..	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	44	..	44
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3
15	Aijal ..	A ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		B ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		C ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		D ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of admissions ..	....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total of Subsidiary Jails.	A ..	22	7	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	28	7	35
		B ..	629	27	609	16	320	5	270	4	9	1	19	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,947	53	2,000
		C ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	..	8	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	..	21
		D ..	7	..	4	..	1	..	1	..	5	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	..	21
	Total of admissions ..	....	658	34	615	16	325	5	282	4	109	1	24	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,017	60	2,077
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	42	4	104	2	56	2	36	..	16	..	20	..	11	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	286	8	294
	Grand total ..	A ..	43	17	6	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	54	17	71
		B ..	1,139	95	1,057	25	577	17	418	7	186	2	100	1	32	..	..	..	17	2	..	..	6	..	3,532	149	3,681
		C ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	13	..	23	..	7	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46	..	46
		D ..	7	..	5	..	3	..	2	..	5	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	..	25
	Total of admissions ..	....	1,189	112	1,068	25	586	17	433	7	214	2	110	1	34	..	..	..	17	2	..	..	6	..	3,657	165	3,823
	Total remaining on the 31st December.	....	65	4	170	3	189	6	216	4	277	4	273	1	173	1	9	..	12	2	11	..	1	..	1,396	25	1,421

A.—Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment.
B.— Ditto ditto rigorous ditto.
C.—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
D.— Ditto ditto ditto ditto with whipping.

Statement No. IV.—Showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails during the year 1899, who had been previously convicted.

1	2	3	4										5			6					
Serial No.	Jails.	Number admitted direct during the year.	Number previously convicted.										Ratio per cent. of column 4D to column 3.			Youthful offenders under 15 years of age (Reformatory Schools Act, VIII of 1897).					
			A		B		C		D							A			B		
			Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.							Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.		
		M. F. Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Silchar	192 3 195	13	...	2	...	...	...	15	...	15		7·81	...	7·69	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Sylhet	318 6 324	18	...	5	...	2	...	25	...	25		7·86	...	7·72	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Dhubri	162 3 165	4	...	...	...	2	...	6	...	6		3·70	...	3·64	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Gauhati	131 4 135	11	1	2	...	4	...	17	1	18		12·98	25·00	13·33	3	...	3	...	..	...
5	Tezpur	144 21 165	14	1	1	...	2	...	17	1	18		11·80	4·76	10·91	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Nowgong	147 4 151	11	...	2	...	3	...	16	...	16		10·88	...	10·60	2	...	2	...	...	...
7	Sibsagar	184 11 195	12	...	6	...	...	...	18	...	18		9·78	...	9·23	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Dibrugarh	316 47 363	22	4	6	...	4	...	32	4	36		10·13	8·51	9·92	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Shillong	46 7 53	3	2	2	...	2	...	7	2	9		15·22	28·57	16·98	...	..	...	...	...	...
	Total of Jails	1,640 106 1,746	108	8	26	...	19	...	153	8	161		9·33	7·55	9·22	5	...	5	...	...	...
1	Hailakandi	75 3 78	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5		6·67	...	6·41	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Haflong	75 1 76	5	...	...	...	2	...	7	...	7		9·33	...	9·21	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Sunamganj	310 3 313	10	...	9	...	1	...	20	...	20		6·45	...	6·39	1	...	1	...	...	...
4	Karimganj	226 5 231	24	...	1	...	...	...	25	...	25		11·06	...	10·82	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Habiganj	371 7 378	41	1	6	...	4	...	51	1	52		13·75	14·28	13·76	1	...	1	1	...	1
6	South Sylhet	218 3 221	11	...	5	...	...	...	16	...	16		7·34	...	7·24	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Goalpara	60 5 65	2	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	3		3·33	20·00	4·62	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Barpeta	35 1 36	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2		5·71	...	5·56	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Mangaldai	84 5 89	6	...	2	...	...	...	8	...	8		9·52	...	8·99	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Jorhat	166 12 178	15	...	1	...	2	...	18	...	18		10·84	...	10·11	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Golaghat	199 14 213	14	...	2	...	1	...	17	...	17		8·54	...	7·98	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Lakhimpur	87 ... 87	4	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	5		5·75	...	5·75	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Kohima	67 1 68	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4		5·97	...	5·88	1	...	1	...	...	...
14	Tura	44 ... 44	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3		6·82	...	6·82	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Aijal	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails	2,017 60 2,077	146	2	26	...	11	...	183	2	185		9·07	3·33	8·91	3	...	3	1	...	1
	Grand total	3,657 166 3,823	254	10	52	...	30	...	336	10	346		9·19	6·02	9·05	8	...	8	1	...	1

[35] C.—PRISONS.—(JUDICIAL.)

Statement No. V.—Showing the Escapes and Re-captures of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7		
Serial No.	Jails.	Remained uncaptured on the 31st December 1898 of those who escaped during the previous ten years.	Escaped during the year.			Recaptured during the year.			Remained uncaptured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.		
			A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
			From inside the jails.	From outside the jails.	Total.	Of those who escaped in previous ten years.	Of those who escaped during the year.	Total.	Of previous years.	Of the year.	Total.	Under one year.	Above one year and under seven years.	Above seven years.
1	Silchar	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...
2	Sylhet	12	1	1	2	1	...	1	11	2	13	1	1	...
3	Dhubri	1	...	2	2	...	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	...
4	Gauhati	9	...	1	1	1	1	2	8	...	8	...	1	...
5	Tezpur	15	...	1	1	3	1	4	12	...	12	...	1	...
6	Nowgong	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...
7	Sibsagar	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...
8	Dibrugarh	6	1	...	1	...	1	1	6	...	6	1	...	...
9	Shillong	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Total of Jails	60	2	5	7	5	4	9	55	3	58	3	4	...
1	Hailakandi	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
2	Haflong	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...
3	Sunamganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Karimganj	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Habiganj	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
6	South Sylhet	1	...	2	2	...	1	1	1	1	2	2	...	...
7	Goalpara	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Barpeta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Mangaldai	4	...	1	1	...	1	1	4	...	4	1	...	...
10	Jorhat	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...
11	Golaghat	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
12	Lakhimpur	5	...	...	...	...	..	...	5	...	5	...	...	...
13	Kohima	5	...	1	1	...	1	1	5	...	5	...	1	...
14	Tura	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	...	1
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails ...	32	1	6	7	3	5	8	29	2	31	4	2	1
	Grand total	92	3	11	14	8	9	17	84	5	89	7	6	1

Statement No. VI.—Showing the Offences committed by the Convicts, and the Punishments inflicted on them, in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4	5										6	7							8							9	10	11	12	13
				Offences dealt with by Superintendents.											Punishments inflicted by Superintendents.																		
				a		b		c		d		e			Minor.							Major.												
Serial No.	Jails.	Daily average population.	Offences dealt with by criminal courts.	Relating to work.		Relating to prohibited articles.		Relating to assaults, mutiny, and escapes.		All other breaches of jail rules.		Total		By criminal courts.	a	b	c	d	e	f		a	b	c	d	e	f	g		Grand total of punishments.	Ratio of column 7f to column 3.	Ratio of column 8g to column 3.	Ratio of column 9 to column 3.	Ratio of column 8d to column 9.
				Dealt with by minor punishment.	Dealt with by major punishment.	Dealt with by minor punishment.	Dealt with by major punishment.	Dealt with by minor punishment.	Dealt with by major punishment.	Dealt with by minor punishment.	Dealt with by major punishment.	Dealt with by minor punishment.	Dealt with by major punishment.		Warnings.	Penal diet.	Separate cellular and solitary confinement.	Handcuffing and link fetters.	Other punishments.	Total.		Separate cellular and solitary confinement.	Penal diet with solitary confinement.	Fetters and handcuffing behind or to a staple.	Corporal punishments.	Combination of minor punishments.	Other punishments.	Total.						
1	Silchar ...	55·47	...	14	...	15	5	4	1	12	2	45	8	...	11	...	3	2	28	44		...	...	1	5	1	2	9	53	79·32	16·22	95·54	9·43
2	Sylhet ...	511·78	2	24	...	65	3	3	9	27	1	119	13	2	44	...	...	6	69	119		...	...	...	9	...	5	14	135	23·25	2·74	26·38	6·67
3	Dhubri ...	14·71	3	21	...	4	...	2	1	16	...	43	1	2	26	...	...	2	15	43		...	...	...	1	...	...	1	46	29·32	6·80	312·71	2·17
4	Gauhati ...	227·65	1	36	4	11	14	8	8	11	9	66	35	1	8	...	...	1	57	66		13	...	3	3	12	10	41	108	28·09	18·01	47·44	2·78
5	Tezpur ...	240·35	1	201	4	15	3	11	...	82	3	309	10	4	166	...	5	20	118	309		2	...	1	4	...	3	10	323	128·56	4·16	134·39	1·24
6	Nowgong ...	41·69	...	4	...	7	4	1	2	8	4	20	10	...	11	...	...	...	9	20		...	...	...	...	...	10	10	30	47·97	23·09	71·96	...
7	Sibsagar ...	62·46	...	2	...	10	...	1	...	4	2	17	2	...	7	...	...	2	8	17		...	...	...	1	...	1	2	19	27·22	3·20	30·42	5·26
8	Dibrugarh ...	58·43	...	60	...	14	...	3	2	31	...	108	2	...	39	...	2	...	67	108		...	...	...	2	...	...	2	110	184·84	3·42	188·26	1·82
9	Shillong ...	39·78	...	...	...	2	1	3	2	...	...	5	3	...	1	...	...	...	4	5		...	...	2	1	...	...	3	8	12·57	7·54	20·11	12·50
	Total of Jails ...	1,252·32	7	362	8	143	30	36	25	191	21	732	84	9	313	...	10	33	375	731		15	...	7	26	13	31	92	832	58·37	7·35	66·44	3·12
1	Hailakandi ...	6·91	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	3		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	43·42	...	43·42	...
2	Haflong ...	8·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Sunamganj ...	26·21	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	7	...	...	9	3	19		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	72·49	...	72·49	...
4	Karimganj ...	21·89	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	14	1	20	1	...	...	11	...	...	9	20		...	...	...	1	...	...	1	21	91·36	4·57	95·93	4·76
5	Habiganj ...	35·68	...	6	...	...	1	...	1	1	5	7	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	7		...	...	5	1	...	1	7	14	19·62	19·62	39·24	7·14
6	South Sylhet ...	18·06	2	2	...	...	1	1	...	2	1	5	1	1	...	1	...	2	2	5		...	...	...	1	...	...	1	7	27·69	5·54	38·76	14·29
7	Goalpara ...	11·47	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	11	...	14	1	...	1	8	...	...	5	14		...	...	...	1	...	...	1	15	122·06	8·72	130·78	6·67
8	Barpeta ...	7·64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Mangaldai ...	20·08	3	2	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	5	1	3	1	...	...	...	2	5		...	...	...	1	...	...	1	9	24·90	4·98	44·82	11·11
10	Jorhat ...	21·01	1	12	...	1	...	...	2	6	...	19	2	1	19	...	...	...	...	19		...	...	...	2	...	...	2	22	90·43	9·52	104·71	9·09
11	Golaghat ...	19·53	1	9	...	2	...	...	2	7	1	20	1	1	10	...	...	2	8	20		...	...	...	1	...	...	1	22	102·41	5·12	112·65	4·54
12	Lakhimpur ...	9·34	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10·71	...	10·71	...
13	Kohima ...	21·80	1	8	...	4	4	...	...	3	3	15	7	1	14	...	...	1	...	15		...	...	...	3	...	4	7	23	68·81	32·11	105·50	13·94
14	Tura ...	10·86	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	10	2	11	2	1	10	...	...	...	1	11		...	...	...	...	...	2	2	14	101·29	18·42	128·91	...
15	Aijal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails.	238·67	9	62	...	17	7	6	3	54	13	137	23	8	69	22	1	16	31	139		...	...	5	11	...	7	23	170	58·24	9·64	71·23	6·47
	Grand total ...	1,490·99	16	424	8	160	37	42	28	245	34	871	107	17	382	22	11	49	406	870		15	...	12	37	13	38	115	1,002	58·35	7·71	67·20	3·69

[37] C.—PRISONS.—(JUDICIAL.)

Statement No. VII.—Showing the employment of Convicts as Prison Officers in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3		4		5		6		7	
Serial No.	Jails.	Average number of convicts.		Average number employed as prison officers.		Ratio per cent. of column 4 to column 3.		Total number employed as prison officers.		Number of reductions or other punishments.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1	Silchar ...	55·12	·35	4·46	...	8 09	...	7	...	6	...
2	Sylhet ...	505·78	6 00	37·23	·75	7·36	12·50	57	1	10	...
3	Dhubri ...	14·64	07	1·06	...	7·24	...	7	...	3	...
4	Gauhati ...	226·39	1·26	14·97	...	6·61	...	33	...	9	...
5	Tezpur ...	229·88	10·47	18·13	...	7·88	...	36	...	18	...
6	Nowgong ...	4 ·36	·33	3·12	...	7·54	...	10	...	5	...
7	Sibsagar ...	61·48	·98	4·35	...	7·08	...	13	...	4	...
8	Dibrugarh ...	56·83	1·60	4·31	...	7·58	...	8	...	3	...
9	Shillong ...	36 87	2·91	1·90	...	5·15	...	2	...	...	...
	Total of Jails ...	1,228·35	23·97	89·53	·75	7·29	3·13	173	1	58	...
1	Hailakandi ...	6·76	·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Haflong ...	7·94	·25	1·00	...	12·59	...	1	...	...	...
3	Sunamganj ...	26·15	·06	1·63	...	6·23	...	2	...	...	...
4	Karimganj ...	21·85	·04	2·00	...	9·15	...	2	...	...	...
5	Habiganj ...	35·13	·55	1·00	...	2·85	...	1	...	...	...
6	South Sylhet ...	18·00	·06	1·94	...	10·78	...	2	...	...	...
7	Goalpara ...	10·96	·51	·99	...	9·03	...	1	...	...	...
8	Barpetà ...	7·57	·07	1·00	...	13·21	...	1	...	...	...
9	Mangaldai ...	19·50	·58	1·52	...	7·79	...	4	...	3	...
10	Jorhat ...	20·45	·56	1·58	...	7·72	...	2	...	...	...
11	Golaghat ...	18·50	1·03	1·99	...	10·76	...	2	...	...	...
12	Lakhimpur ...	9·34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Kohima ...	21·72	·08	1·13	...	5·20	...	2	...	4	...
14	Tura ...	10·86	...	1·07	...	9·85	...	2	...	...	...
15	Aijal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails.	234·73	3·94	16·85	...	7·18	...	22	...	7	...
	Grand total ...	1,463·08	27·91	106·38	·75	7·27	2·69	195	1	65	...

Statement No. VIII.—Showing the Scales of Diet in force in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2									3									4		5
	Labouring and under-trial prisoners.									Non-labouring prisoners.									Early morning meal in addition to the diet prescribed in columns 2 and 3.		Punishment diet scale, for natives of all provinces, labouring and non-labouring, both meals.
	Rice.	*Atta.*	*Dal.*	Vegetables.	Oil.	Salt.	Tamarind.	Condiments.	Firewood.	Rice.	*Atta.*	*Dal.*	Vegetables.	Oil.	Salt.	Tamarind.	Condiments.	Firewood.	Labouring prisoners.	Non-labouring prisoners.	
	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Sr.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Ch.	Sr.			
Diet Scale No. I.																					
For Bengalis, Assamese, and Uriyas, every day.	11*	..	3*	3	¼	5/16	⅛	⅛	½	9	..	2	3	⅛	¼	⅛	⅛	½	Rice 2 chhataks, boiled, *or* Flour 1⅔ chhataks (made into *chappati*).	Rice 1½ chhatak, boiled, *or* Flour 1 chhatak (made into *chappati*).	One pound of wheaten or rice flour daily in form of porridge and seasoned with salt is given half at each meal, and in some cases half the quantity of regular food.
Diet Scale No. II.																					
Natives of Bihar, North-Western Provinces, and the Punjab, every day.	6*	5*	3*	3	¼	5/16	⅛	⅛	½	5	4	2	3	⅛	¼	⅛	⅛	½	*Suttoo* 1½ chhataks boiled with molasses ½ chhatak, or salt 1/16 chhatak.	*Suttoo* 1½ chhataks boiled with molasses ½ chhatak, or salt 1/16 chhatak.	

* Animal food (ordinarily fish) is given four times a week, and, when this is done, the scale of rice or *atta* and *dal* is reduced to 10 and 2 chhataks, respectively.

Statement No. IX.—Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1859 (excluding the cost of building new Jails, of Additions, Alterations and Repairs).

1	2	3				4				5						6						
Serial No.	Jails.	Daily average number of prisoners.				Establishment.				Dieting charges.						Hospital charges.						
						A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D	E	F	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
		Convicts.	Under-trial.	Civil.	Total.	Permanent.	Temporary.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Rations.	Miscellaneous dieting charges.	Garden and agricultural expenses.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength, excluding civil prisoners.	Sick diet and extras for patients.	Extras or special diet for weakly prisoners not in hospital.	Medicines, hospital bedding, clothing, etc.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.
						Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Silchar	55·47	10·62	·29	66·38	1,220	...	1,220	18 6 1	1,766	3	49	...	1,818	27 8 2	86	...	92	...	178	2 10 10	87 10 11
2	Sylhet	511·78	12·48	·16	524·42	6,568	253	6,821	13 0 1	17,837	76	296	...	18,209	34 11 9	1,011	1	991	...	2,003	3 13 1	65 8 0
3	Dhubri	14·71	6·04	...	20·75	542	42	584	28 2 4	471	16	21	...	508	24 7 9	31	...	54	...	85	4 1 7	51 3 3
4	Gauhati	227·68	11·00	0·03	238·68	4,012	206	4,218	17 10 9	8,369	99	78	...	8,546	35 13 0	499	...	58	...	557	2 5 4	66 3 8
5	Tezpur	240·35	5·26	0·08	245·69	4,058	132	4,190	17 0 10	8,094	46	129	2	8,271	33 10 10	245	...	365	12	622	2 8 6	122 14 10
6	Nowgong	41·59	2·31	·11	44·11	1,098	...	1,098	24 14 3	1,262	19	52	...	1,333	30 4 9	124	26	47	...	197	4 7 5	53 8 6
7	Sibsagar	62·46	9·82	0·03	72·31	1,071	...	1,071	14 13 0	3,143	5	172	...	3,320	45 14 11	156	43	63	...	262	3 10 0	164 12 6
8	Dibrugarh	58·43	9·75	0·32	68·50	1,573	108	1,681	24 8 8	2,030	51	435	...	2,516	36 14 5	286	...	51	...	337	4 14 9	57 3 5
9	Shillong	39·78	2·85	...	42·63	1,065	...	1,065	24 15 9	1,802	33	126	...	1,961	46 0 0	164	...	389	...	553	12 15 7	184 15 4
	Total of Jails	1,252·32	70·15	1·02	1,323·47	21,207	741	21,948	16 9 4	44,774	348	1,358	2	46,482	35 2 4	3,602	70	2,110	12	4,794	3 9 11	77 7 4
1	Hailakandi	6·91	1·20	...	8·11	120	...	120	14 12 9	284	5	5	...	294	36 4 0	2	...	61	...	63	7 12 3	450 0 0
2	Haflong	8·19	2·57	·05	10·81	212	...	212	19 9 9	418	...	10	...	428	39 12 5	25	...	...	...	25	2 5 0	26 0 8
3	Sunamganj	26·21	12·04	·44	38·59	204	...	204	5 4 4	745	5	19	...	769	20 1 8	7	...	1	...	8	0 3 3	12 8 0
4	Karimganj	21·89	3·86	...	25·75	196	1	197	7 10 5	707	15	46	...	768	23 13 2	1	...	150	...	151	5 13 10	302 0 0
5	Habiganj	35·58	5·55	·99	42·22	204	23	227	5 6 0	1,200	2	14	...	1,216	29 7 11	30	...	2	...	32	0 12 2	21 12 4
6	South Sylhet	18·06	4·85	·24	23·15	204	...	204	8 13 0	514	15	7	...	536	23 6 4	2	...	62	...	64	2 12 3	1,066 10 8
7	Goalpara	11·47	2·36	·13	13·96	196	...	196	14 0 8	320	...	11	...	331	23 14 11	10	...	...	...	10	0 11 6	20 6 6
8	Barpeta	7·64	0·80	·61	9·05	120	...	120	13 4 2	185	...	3	...	188	22 4 5	1	...	...	...	1	0 1 9	19 0 0
9	Mangaldai	20·28	3·40	...	23·48	201	...	201	8 9 0	536	75	38	...	649	27 10 3	1	1	33	...	35	1 7 10	140 0 0
10	Jorhat	21·01	5·57	·05	26·63	204	...	204	7 10 7	677	...	25	...	702	26 6 7	4	...	34	...	38	1 6 10	108 9 2
11	Golaghat	19·53	5·06	1·31	25·90	204	...	204	7 14 0	418	7	27	...	452	18 6 1	41	2	28	...	71	2 11 10	62 13 4
12	Lakhimpur	9·34	2·77	·03	12·14	216	...	216	17 12 8	404	11	12	...	427	35 4 2	5	...	...	...	5	0 6 7	29 6 7
13	Kohima	21·80	2·08	·10	24·88	120	...	120	4 13 2	734	1	27	...	762	30 12 0	51	...	11	265	327	13 2 3	205 10 7
14	Tura	10·86	5·20	...	16·06	120	...	120	7 7 7	504	1	13	...	518	32 4 1	28	2	12	...	42	2 9 10	123 8 6
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails ...	238·67	58·21	3·95	300·83	2,521	24	2,545	8 7 4	7,646	137	257	...	8,040	27 1 4	208	5	394	265	872	2 14 5	106 7 6
	Grand total	1,491·09	128·34	4·97	1,624·30	23,728	765	24,493	15 1 3	52,420	485	1,615	2	54,522	33 10 9	2,810	75	2,504	277	5,666	3 7 10	80 13 7

Statement No. IX.—Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899 (excluding the cost of building new Jails, of Additions, Alterations, and Repairs)—continued.

Serial No.	Jails.	7		8					9				10								11	
		Clothing and bedding of prisoners.		Sanitation charges.					Charges for moving prisoners.				Charges for other miscellaneous services and supplies.								Travelling allowances.	
		A	B	A	B	C	D	E	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	A	B
		Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength, excluding civil prisoners.	Charges for conservancy, cleansing, and purifying.	Charges for water-supply.	Extra-ordinary charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Transfer charges and road subsistence of convicts.	Transportation charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	For lighting.	Disciplinary charges.	Annual expenses for uniform and accoutrements of warders.	Money payments as reward for recaptures and services.	Execution charges.	Other miscellaneous charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
		Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
1	Silchar	316	4 12 6	9	10	...	19	0 4 7	62	...	62	0 14 11	45	7	14	...	...	6	72	1 1 4	21	0 5 1
2	Sylhet	1,228	2 5 6	84	26	...	110	0 3 4	387	9	396	0 12 1	174	1	...	55	18	35	283	0 8 8	17	0 0 6
3	Dhubri	206	14 4 3	10	...	2	12	0 0 3	269	...	269	12 15 5	41	4	3	...	...	7	55	2 10 5	13	0 10 0
4	Gauhati	972	4 1 2	66	21	609	696	2 14 8	312	65	377	1 9 3	150	10	...	50	...	123	333	1 6 4	50	0 3 4
5	Tezpur	1,430	5 13 2	67	21	...	88	0 5 9	810	...	810	3 4 9	104	...	...	90	...	106	300	1 3 6	29	0 1 11
6	Nowgong	179	4 1 1	39	11	7	57	1 4 8	31	...	31	0 11 3	47	4	4	...	...	13	68	1 8 8	...	...
7	Sibsagar	709	9 12 11	31	17	...	48	0 10 7	468	...	468	6 7 7	56	2	7	...	19	119	203	2 12 11	...	...
8	Dibrugarh	1,284	18 13 4	46	10	...	56	0 13 1	60	...	60	0 14 0	68	6	29	...	...	59	162	2 5 10	106	1 8 9
9	Shillong	465	10 14 6	50	...	...	50	1 2 9	25	...	25	0 9 5	76	7	42	...	...	129	254	5 15 4	31	0 11 8
	Total of Jails	6,879	5 3 3	402	116	618	1,136	0 13 9	2,421	74	2,498	1 14 2	761	41	99	195	37	597	1,730	1 4 11	267	0 3 3
1	Hailakandi	33	4 5 1	2	...	...	2	0 3 11	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	10	..	4	28	0 3 7 3	...	...
2	Haflong	27	2 8 2	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12	1 1 0	4	...	...	...	13	...	17	1 9 2	...	...
3	Sunamganj	310	8 1 8	3	...	...	3	0 1 3	103	...	103	2 10 7	19	...	3	...	...	6	28	0 11 7	...	...
4	Karimganj	212	8 3 9	4	...	...	4	0 2 6	19	...	19	0 11 10	31	...	...	...	...	10	41	1 0 6	...	...
5	Habiganj	570	13 13 2	7	...	...	7	0 2 8	93	...	93	2 3 3	32	...	...	...	...	25	57	1 5 7	...	...
6	South Sylhet	131	5 11 6	2	...	...	2	0 1 5	40	...	40	1 11 8	14	9	...	4	...	17	44	1 14 5	...	...
7	Goalpara	24	1 11 9	1	...	...	1	0 1 2	29	...	29	2 1 3	24	...	...	...	...	5	29	2 1 3	...	...
8	Barpeta	123	14 9 2	1	...	...	1	0 1 9	5	...	5	0 8 10	7	...	...	...	...	31	38	4 3 2	...	...
9	Mangaldai	50	2 2 1	6	...	...	6	0 4 1	38	...	38	1 9 11	36	14	...	...	...	1	51	2 2 0	...	...
10	Jorhat	92	3 10 5	2	...	...	2	0 1 2	18	...	18	0 10 10	23	...	...	50	...	3	76	2 13 8	...	...
11	Golaghat	177	7 3 2	4	...	...	4	0 2 6	95	...	95	3 10 8	27	1	12	2	...	5	47	1 13 0	...	...
12	Lakhimpur	166	13 11 4	1	...	...	1	0 1 4	42	...	42	3 7 4	24	3	...	...	...	8	35	2 14 2	...	...
13	Kohima	58	2 5 5	13	...	...	13	0 8 4	28	...	28	1 2 0	46	...	...	...	8	5	59	2 5 11	...	...
14	Tura	46	2 13 10	5	...	...	5	0 5 0	136	...	136	8 7 6	31	7	...	50	...	23	111	6 14 7	...	...
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails ...	2,026	6 13 2	51	...	...	51	0 2 9	658	...	658	2 3 0	332	34	15	116	21	143	661	2 3 2	...	...
	Grand total	8,905	5 8 0	453	116	618	1,187	0 11 8	3,082	74	3,156	1 15 1	1,093	75	114	311	58	740	2,391	1 7 7	267	0 2 8

Statement No. IX.—Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899 (excluding the cost of building new Jails, of Additions, Alterations and Repairs)—concluded.

Serial No.	Jails.	12 Contingencies. A: Rents, rates, and taxes.	B: Service postage.	C: Telegram and telephone charges.	D: Current office expenses, including country stationery.	E: Office furniture.	F: Charges for registers and stationery (Stationery Department charges).	G: Total cost.	H: Cost per head of average strength.	13 Extraordinary charges for live-stock and tools and plants likely to last for three years and upwards. A: Conservancy and water-supply dead-stock.	B: Dietary dead-stock.	C: Hospital dead-stock.	D: Garden and agricultural plant.	E: Lighting dead-stock.	F: Disciplinary dead-stock.	G: Arms and accoutrements (original cost).	H: Dairy live-stock and plant (excluding maintenance).	I: Draught cattle (excluding keep, which goes under 10 F).	J: Other miscellaneous dead-stock.	K: Total cost.	L: Cost per head of average strength.	14 Grand total of expenditure.	Total cost per head of average strength.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
1	Silchar	136	20	2	1	15	...	174	2 9 11	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0 0 6	3,882	58 7 8
2	Sylhet	181	75	33	7	16	...	312	0 9 6	...	...	...	...	...	67	25	...	137	...	229	0 7 0	29,608	56 7 4
3	Dhubri	9	11	3	2	11	...	36	1 11 9	...	15	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	22	1 1 0	1,800	90 9 8
4	Gauhati	366	30	19	...	32	...	447	1 14 0	...	31	...	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	59	0 3 11	16,255	68 1 8
5	Tezpur	62	31	11	...	...	...	104	0 6 9	490	6	1	...	...	...	...	51	...	4	552	2 3 11	16,396	66 11 9
6	Nowgong	91	13	1	...	8	...	113	2 8 11	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	0 0 8	3,078	69 12 5
7	Sibsagar	107	19	3	1	1	...	131	1 13 0	2	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	0 0 11	6,216	85 15 5
8	Dibrugarh	180	12	7	...	5	...	204	2 15 8	...	16	10	12	8	27	...	...	...	...	73	1 1 1	6,479	94 9 4
9	Shillong	144	5	...	3	14	...	166	3 14 4	...	5	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	8	24	0 9 0	4,594	107 12 3
	Total of Jails	1,276	216	79	14	102	...	1,687	1 4 5	492	73	13	12	43	107	25	51	137	14	967	0 11 8	88,388	66 12 7
1	Hailakandi	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	0 3 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	544	67 1 3
2	Haflong	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	0 4 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	724	66 15 7
3	Sunamganj	...	10	3	...	...	...	13	0 5 5	...	...	...	2	12	2	...	...	...	...	16	0 6 7	1,454	37 9 4
4	Karimganj	...	8	1	...	...	...	9	0 5 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,401	54 6 6
5	Habiganj	...	11	2	...	62	...	75	1 12 5	...	4	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	0 3 5	2,286	54 2 4
6	South Sylhet	...	6	2	...	...	...	8	0 5 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,020	44 7 2
7	Goalpara	45	2	...	...	...	...	47	3 5 10	...	...	...	..	2	2	...	...	...	1	5	0 5 9	672	48 2 2
8	Barpeta	4	5	...	...	...	...	9	0 15 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	485	53 9 5
9	Mangaldai	...	10	2	...	...	...	12	0 8 2	...	3	1	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	10	0 6 10	1,052	44 12 10
10	Jorhat	9	...	3	...	...	...	12	0 7 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,149	43 2 4
11	Golaghat	11	7	2	...	...	...	20	0 12 4	...	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	6	0 3 8	1,076	41 8 9
12	Lakhimpur	...	9	4	...	...	...	11	0 14 6	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	0 5 3	997	74 11 4
13	Kohima	...	4	2	1	...	...	7	0 4 6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	19	0 12 3	1,303	55 15 10
14	Tura	...	7	2	2	24	...	35	2 2 10	10	12	5	...	4	18	...	...	...	...	49	3 0 10	1,062	66 2 0
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails ...	69	79	26	3	86	...	263	0 14 0	10	27	10	7	25	25	...	...	...	14	118	0 6 3	15,234	50 10 3
	Grand total	1,345	295	105	17	188	1,764	3,714*	2 4 7	502	100	23	19	68	132	25	51	137	28	1,085	0 10 8	1,05,386	64 14 1

* This includes Rs. 1,764 on account of stationery.

Statement No. X.—Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899 *(excluding the cost of building new Jails, of Additions, Alterations and Repairs), compared with the Expenditure on the same account in each of the three preceding years.*

1	2	3				4				5				6				7			
Serial No.	Jails.	Cost of establishment per head of average strength.				Cost of dieting charges per head of average strength.				Cost of hospital charges per head of average strength.				Cost of clothing and bedding of prisoners per head of average strength.				Cost of sanitation charges per head of average strength.			
		1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
		Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
1	Silchar	15 8	20 15	19 8	18 6	21 13	35 4	34 7	27 8	2 9	4 6	4 6	2 11	3 10	10 15	11 7	4 12	0 1	0 3	0 3	0 5
2	Sylhet	12 3	12 7	13 1	13 0	27 12	37 12	42 6	34 12	4 4	3 2	4 3	3 13	7 11	2 0	1 11	2 5	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 3
3	Dhubri	30 6	32 15	28 14	28 2	18 15	31 12	42 2	24 8	1 8	4 9	1 9	4 2	0 1	0 1	1 14	14 4	0 4	0 4	0 5	0 9
4	Gauhati	19 12	25 14	23 4	17 11	22 13	39 15	36 12	35 13	2 7	4 6	2 12	2 5	10 3	0 4	12 11	4 1	0 9	0 3	0 12	2 15
5	Tezpur	17 11	18 3	19 1	17 1	26 12	38 10	31 10	33 11	2 4	4 2	5 13	2 8	5 12	5 2	11 10	5 13	0 11	0 3	0 7	0 6
6	Nowgong	14 11	21 13	18 1	24 14	24 0	52 7	39 6	30 5	7 8	10 9	6 11	4 7	3 3	9 6	16 5	4 1	0 9	2 14	0 10	1 5
7	Sibsagar	20 7	21 4	17 2	14 13	21 12	24 6	31 2	45 15	2 8	3 0	3 14	3 10	8 13	12 15	13 4	9 13	0 8	0 10	0 6	0 11
8	Dibrugarh	25 5	21 2	24 5	24 9	8 1	32 4	31 3	30 14	6 9	6 0	8 6	4 15	8 4	5 0	8 9	18 13	0 9	0 7	0 12	0 13
9	Shillong	24 3	28 15	25 2	25 0	47 5	66 13	81 5	46 0	5 13	5 8	9 3	12 15	10 15	16 7	16 14	10 14	0 1	1 9	1 2	1 3
	Total of Jails	16 5	17 12	17 10	16 9	25 7	38 8	42 1	35 2	3 12	4 1	4 12	3 10	7 5	4 5	7 11	5 3	0 6	0 6	0 7	0 14
1	Hailakandi	17 7	11 0	14 5	14 13	3 12	37 9	27 5	36 4	3 10	0 12	13 0	7 12	14 9	0 7	...	4 5	...	0 1	...	0 4
2	Haflong	...	...	18 5	19 10	...	...	45 15	39 12	...	...	2 10	2 5	...	...	...	2 8	...	...	...	...
3	Sunamganj	7 10	6 15	5 15	5 4	23 13	39 6	33 1	20 2	2 8	1 13	0 6	0 3	5 0	7 2	3 5	8 2	0 1	0 1	0 4	0 1
4	Karimganj	8 4	8 1	7 13	7 10	21 14	23 9	30 0	29 13	0 2	0 7	9 10	5 14	4 5	8 14	12 5	8 4	0 1	0 2	0 3	0 3
5	Habiganj	5 13	5 9	4 13	5 6	19 4	26 2	35 0	29 8	2 0	0 5	1 8	0 12	5 19	10 15	5 6	13 13	0 1	...	0 2	0 3
6	South Sylhet	9 9	12 9	10 9	8 13	18 5	26 11	32 9	23 6	2 11	3 14	3 6	2 12	5 6	9 15	4 7	5 11	0 1	...	0 1	0 2
7	Goalpara	10 6	9 13	10 15	14 1	21 11	34 12	30 1	23 15	1 6	1 3	0 9	0 12	5 2	4 14	10 11	1 12	0 3	0 6	0 1	0 1
8	Barpeta	10 14	14 6	9 3	13 4	16 7	14 11	31 6	22 5	0 1	9 13	1 2	0 2	3 14	...	7 2	14 9	0 4	0 4	0 2	0 2
9	Mangaldai	12 14	9 10	6 12	8 9	17 13	22 5	26 8	27 10	1 2	0 7	1 5	1 8	9 10	1 0	10 12	2 2	0 6	0 2	0 2	0 4
10	Jorhat	10 3	9 8	9 9	7 11	14 13	24 2	25 8	26 7	0 10	1 14	2 10	1 7	2 12	3 12	16 5	3 11	0 1	0 3	0 2	0 1
11	Golaghat	10 11	11 5	9 7	7 14	7 3	11 6	11 6	18 6	0 2	1 5	2 10	2 12	9 7	3 4	13 2	7 3	0 4	0 4	0 3	0 3
12	Lakhimpur	18 9	19 4	20 3	17 13	18 15	17 10	37 8	35 4	0 4	1 6	7 3	0 7	4 9	4 2	18 0	13 11	0 1	0 1	0 3	0 1
13	Kohima	4 8	5 7	4 3	4 13	46 8	57 9	59 15	30 12	2 1	2 7	3 14	13 2	6 7	4 4	9 10	2 6	0 4	0 10	0 9	0 8
14	Tura	5 11	9 0	8 2	7 8	30 1	41 15	59 9	32 4	0 8	6 9	4 3	2 10	3 7	13 8	17 15	2 14	0 3	0 5	0 2	0 5
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails	8 15	9 1	8 5	8 7	21 15	29 15	34 3	27 1	1 6	1 14	3 3	2 14	5 11	6 5	9 2	6 13	0 2	0 3	0 3	0 3
	Grand total	15 1	16 3	15 13	15 1	24 14	36 15	40 9	33 11	3 5	3 11	4 7	3 8	7 1	4 13	7 15	5 8	0 6	0 6	0 6	0 12

Statement No. X.—Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899 *(excluding the cost of building new Jails, of Additions, Alterations, and Repairs), compared with the Expenditure on the same account in each of the three preceding years*—contd.

Serial No.	Jails.	8				9				10				11				12				13			
		Cost of charges for moving prisoners per head of average strength.				Cost of miscellaneous services and supplies per head of average strength.				Cost of travelling allowances per head of average strength.				Cost of contingencies per head of average strength.				Cost of extraordinary charges for live-stock and tools and plants per head of average strength.				Total cost per head of average strength.			
		1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
		Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
1	Silchar	1 3	0 14	0 8	0 15	1 5	1 2	1 0	1 1	...	0 13	0 1	0 5	1 9	1 14	3 0	2 10	0 1	0 6	0 10	0 1	47 8	76 9	75 1	58 8
2	Sylhet	0 3	0 3	0 5	0 12	0 11	0 9	0 12	0 9	0 1	...	...	0 1	1 1	0 10	0 12	0 10	...	1 11	...	0 7	54 1	58 9	63 5	56 7
3	Dhubri	14 9	15 14	10 0	12 15	6 2	3 8	2 7	2 10	...	4 2	1 13	0 10	1 3	1 12	0 11	1 12	3 9	...	0 4	1 1	76 10	94 13	90 1	90 10
4	Gauhati	1 0	1 9	0 13	1 9	1 9	0 15	1 6	1 6	0 1	0 5	...	0 3	3 7	2 10	4 4	1 14	...	...	...	0 4	61 14	76 0	102 7	68 2
5	Tezpur	1 3	2 4	1 14	3 5	1 0	1 7	1 11	1 4	...	0 1	...	0 2	0 7	0 7	0 8	0 7	...	...	0 10	2 4	55 9	70 6	73 5	66 12
6	Nowgong	0 3	0 6	0 5	0 11	2 4	1 13	2 7	1 9	...	0 2	1 0	...	1 6	2 5	1 13	2 9	0 1	0 14	2 11	0 1	54 7	102 8	89 6	69 12
7	Sibsagar	2 6	2 8	4 2	6 8	2 0	2 7	1 9	2 13	0 1	0 5	0 7	...	1 4	2 2	1 11	1 13	2 0	0 10	2 10	0 1	61 12	70 4	76 0	85 15
8	Dibrugarh	1 8	2 0	3 2	0 14	2 12	3 2	2 7	2 6	0 8	0 14	0 4	1 9	2 15	2 7	3 1	3 0	0 13	0 11	2 14	1 1	57 1	73 9	84 9	94 9
9	Shillong	0 4	0 7	0 11	0 9	5 13	6 5	3 4	5 15	...	...	...	0 12	4 0	1 10	1 13	3 14	0 15	0 13	1 8	0 9	100 6	128 9	140 9	107 12
	Total of Jails	0 15	1 4	1 4	1 14	1 6	1 5	1 6	1 5	0 1	0 4	0 2	0 3	1 9	1 3	1 9	1 4	0 4	0 14	0 10	0 12	57 5	69 15	77 5	66 13
1	Hailakandi	...	...	...	...	12 10	1 15	3 13	3 7	...	...	...	...	0 9	0 9	...	0 4	...	2 3	...	...	42 9	54 9	58 14	67 1
2	Haflong	...	...	0 13	1 2	...	...	...	1 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 4	...	...	3 3	...	...	...	70 15	67 0
3	Sunamganj	0 12	2 6	2 3	2 11	2 14	0 15	1 0	0 12	...	...	...	...	0 4	0 5	2 7	0 5	0 11	0 6	0 9	0 7	43 6	59 1	48 13	37 9
4	Karimganj	0 6	0 12	0 15	0 12	1 0	1 11	1 13	1 10	...	...	...	...	0 3	0 6	0 5	0 6	...	...	0 2	...	36 2	43 10	63 4	54 7
5	Habiganj	1 2	1 12	1 12	2 3	1 1	1 10	1 11	1 6	...	...	...	...	0 2	0 3	0 4	1 12	...	0 2	0 10	0 3	34 14	46 7	49 15	54 2
6	South Sylhet	1 14	1 9	3 2	1 12	3 1	4 7	2 6	1 14	...	...	...	...	0 7	0 5	0 10	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 2	...	41 8	60 9	56 12	44 7
7	Goalpara	3 7	1 5	2 5	2 1	2 11	1 6	2 0	2 1	...	...	...	...	1 13	2 6	2 14	3 6	0 4	0 11	...	0 6	47 0	56 6	59 2	48 2
8	Barpeta	0 13	0 15	0 11	0 9	5 1	4 1	3 13	4 3	...	...	...	...	0 10	0 8	0 7	1 0	...	0 2	...	...	37 10	44 2	53 1	53 9
9	Mangaldai	2 7	2 6	1 2	1 10	2 13	1 8	1 0	2 3	...	...	...	...	1 2	0 1	0 7	0 8	0 4	0 3	0 12	0 7	48 8	37 14	48 11	44 13
10	Jorhat	0 10	0 11	0 10	0 11	2 8	3 3	2 8	2 14	...	...	...	...	1 1	0 14	0 10	0 7	0 2	0 1	0 3	...	32 10	44 2	57 14	43 2
11	Golaghat	0 12	1 1	1 6	3 11	2 13	2 11	2 1	1 13	...	...	...	...	0 13	1 4	0 12	0 12	0 2	0 7	1 3	0 4	32 3	32 13	42 0	41 9
12	Lakhimpur	3 5	1 12	2 4	3 7	4 7	3 4	5 3	2 14	...	...	...	...	0 14	0 10	0 15	0 15	0 9	1 5	4 8	0 5	50 7	48 7	94 5	74 11
13	Kohima	1 14	4 15	2 10	1 2	14 9	10 3	3 14	2 6	...	...	...	...	0 8	1 0	0 8	0 5	0 5	3 6	0 15	0 12	76 15	89 14	86 4	56 0
14	Tura	3 10	3 10	15 2	8 8	2 7	7 1	4 9	6 15	...	...	...	...	0 3	1 2	1 1	2 3	...	3 7	2 5	3 1	46 2	86 10	113 1	67 10
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails	1 9	1 13	2 5	2 3	3 12	3 1	2 4	2 3	...	...	...	...	0 9	0 11	0 14	0 14	0 3	0 14	0 13	0 6	44 0	53 7	60 13	50 12
	Grand total	1 0	1 6	1 7	1 15	1 13	1 10	1 9	1 8	0 1	0 3	0 2	0 3	1 9	1 11	2 4	2 5	0 4	0 14	0 11	0 11	55 4	67 9	74 15	64 14

Statement No. XI.—Showing the employment of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8											9	10		
							Average number employed on working days.												Ratio per cent. on column 4 of those employed on working days as		
							A	On prison duties.					On jail buildings.				K	L			
								B	C	D	E	F	Additions and alterations.		New jails.						
													G	H	I	J					
Serial No.	Jails.	Average number not sentenced to labour.	Average number under sentence of labour on working days.	Average number sick.	Average number convalescent and infirm.	Average number not employed for other reasons.	On unremunerative labour.	Prison officers.	Prison servants.	Gardening.	Employed in preparing articles for use or consumption in jail, *e.g.*, wheat-grinding, manufacturing of prison clothing, etc.	Jail repairs.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Department.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Manufactures.	Public Works.	Number of prisoners hired out to municipalities, private individuals, or departments other than the Public Works Department.	Prison officers.	Prison servants.	On manufactures.
1	Silchar	·16	54·88	1·57	4·35	·20	·20	4·46	8·34	18·18	1·14	2·24	1·33	1·65	...	...	·86	·76	9·60	8·13	15·20	1·57
2	Sylhet	·45	510·35	30·36	30·92	1·44	86·99	37·98	57·69	29·64	55·38	18·23	47·87	...	...	16·97	53·72	...	43·16	7·44	11·30	10·53
3	Dhubri	·16	13·92	1·29	·46	·01	·21	1·06	2·46	1·13	2·30	0·60	·06	...	...	...	·45	·09	3·80	7·61	17·67	3·23
4	Gauhati	·03	227·33	8·39	14·75	·75	·85	14·97	22·77	31·51	44·93	17·56	·77	..	2·24	...	24·46	...	43·38	6·59	10·02	10·76
5	Tezpur	·31	240·53	5·06	9·76	·11	...	18·13	28·49	22·61	12·54	·98	9·45	·03	...	...	104·27	14·82	14·28	7·54	11·84	43·35
6	Nowgong ...	·07	41·25	3·14	2·56	...	·01	3·12	6·09	8·39	3·37	4·43	1·89	...	...	...	1·99	...	6·26	7·56	14·76	4·82
7	Sibsagar ...	·91	60·61	1·91	5·86	·36	...	4·35	6·31	15·73	7·04	2·24	...	...	...	...	4·20	·19	12·42	7·18	10·41	6·93
8	Dibrugarh ...	·44	56·95	5·22	3·48	·19	...	4·31	8·29	10·28	4·37	4·73	...	...	...	...	12·33	·07	3·68	7·57	14·56	21·65
9	Shillong	·27	39·47	3·12	1·37	·09	...	1·90	3·58	3·65	3·83	·37	·39	·22	1·05	...	·53	...	19·37	4·81	9·07	1·34
	Total of Jails ...	2·80	1,245·29	60·06	73·51	3·15	88·26	90·28	144·02	141·12	134·90	51·38	61·76	1·90	3·29	16·97	202·81	15·93	155·95	7·25	11·57	16·29
1	Hailakandi ...	...	6·90	·15	·07	...	...	...	1·01	1·01	·15	...	...	·07	...	...	...	...	4·44	...	14·64	...
2	Haflong ...	...	8·07	·76	...	...	...	1·00	...	3·34	·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·58	1·32	12·39	...	...
3	Sunamganj ...	...	25·85	·92	44	·25	·30	1·63	3·08	1·39	1·18	1·65	...	...	...	...	1·07	10·85	3·09	6·31	11·91	4·14
4	Karimganj ...	·10	21·71	·48	·02	...	...	2·00	1·98	5·50	·70	·25	...	...	...	...	4·92	5·60	·26	9·21	9·12	22·66
5	Habiganj ...	·09	34·44	1·53	·50	...	...	1·00	4·01	4·49	3·41	1·07	...	1·80	...	...	2·63	2·95	11·05	2·90	11·64	7·64
6	South Syihet ...	·02	17·93	·04	...	...	...	1·94	3·00	2·90	1·56	1·28	2·48	...	...	...	·44	...	4·29	10·82	16·73	2·45
7	Goalpara ...	·16	11·34	·50	·13	·31	...	·99	1·23	1·94	·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·63	8·73	10·85	...
8	Barpeta	·07	7·40	·08	·16	...	...	1·00	1·43	·05	1·07	·10	...	...	...	...	·63	·01	2·87	13·51	19·32	8·51
9	Mangaldai ...	·44	19·63	·24	·37	·08	...	1·52	2·97	3·17	1·43	·01	·02	...	...	...	·01	·97	8·84	7·74	15·13	·05
10	Jorhat	·38	19·96	·27	·88	·85	·07	1·58	1·99	4·03	1·66	·29	...	...	...	...	·18	2·41	5·75	7·92	9·97	·90
11	Golaghat ...	·19	18·83	·77	·70	·37	...	1·99	2·00	2·54	2·07	·08	·26	...	...	...	...	...	8·05	10·57	10·62	...
12	Lakhimpur ...	...	9·27	·17	·30	...	·03	...	1·99	2·15	1·08	·06	...	·02	...	...	·33	·43	2·71	...	21·47	3·56
13	Kohima	·02	21·67	1·72	...	...	...	1·13	2·00	3·72	·88	...	...	...	...	...	·87	11·26	·09	5·21	9·23	4·01
14	Tura	·25	10·57	·34	95	·67	...	1·07	1·84	2·03	·35	...	·10	·52	...	...	·09	2·24	·37	10·12	17·41	·85
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails	1·72	233·57	7·97	4·52	2·53	·40	16·85	28·53	38·26	16·22	4·79	2·86	2·41	...	...	11·17	38·30	58·76	7·21	12·21	4·78
	Grand total ..	4·52	1,478·86	68·03	78·03	5·68	88·66	107·13	172·55	179·38	151·12	56·17	64·62	4·31	3·29	16·97	213·98	54·23	214·71	7·24	11·67	14·47

Statement No. XII.—Showing the Net Cash Earnings of Convicts sentenced to labour in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Serial No.	Jails.	Average number sentenced to labour.	Average number employed on jail manufactures.	Cash balance on manufacturing account in hand on the 31st January 1899.	Cash drawn on manufacturing account during the year.	Total.	Paid into treasury on manufacturing account.	Cash balance in hand on manufacturing account on the 31st December 1899.	Total.	Cash earnings (being the total of column 10, less total of column 7).	Average earnings per head calculated on column 3.	Average earnings per head calculated on column 4.
				Rs. a.	Rs.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
1	Silchar	54·88	11·22	...	162	162 0	1,176 6	...	1,176 6	1,014 6	18 8	90 7
2	Sylhet	510·35	96·88	...	3,035	3,035 0	8,013 5	...	8,013 5	4,978 5	9 12	51 6
3	Dhubri	13·92	4·34	...	69	69 0	418 14	...	418 14	349 14	25 2	80 10
4	Gauhati	227·33	67·84	...	2,285	2,285 0	9,160 2	...	9,160 2	6,875 2	30 4	101 5
5	Tezpur	240·53	133·37	7 0	3,014	3,021 0	8,937 8	97 8	9,035 0	6,014 0	25 0	45 0
6	Nowgong	41·25	8·25	...	45	45 0	905 8	...	905 8	860 8	20 14	104 5
7	Sibsagar	60 61	16·81	...	156	156 0	1,948 0	...	1,948 0	1,792 0	29 9	106 10
8	Dibrugarh	56·95	16·08	...	546	546 0	1,280 13	...	1,280 13	734 13	12 14	45 11
9	Shillong	39·47	19·90	...	188	188 0	1,665 12	...	1,665 12	1,477 12	37 7	74 4
	Total of Jails	1,245·29	374·69	7 0	9,500	9,507 0	33,506 4	97 8	33,603 12	24,096 12	19 6	64 5
1	Hailakandi	6·90	4·44	...	...	...	343 0	...	343 0	343 0	49 11	77 4
2	Haflong	8·07	2·90	...	...	...	223 8	...	223 8	223 8	27 11	77 1
3	Sunamganj	25·85	15·01	...	...	...	1,355 13	...	1,355 13	1,355 13	52 7	90 5
4	Karimganj	21·71	10·78	...	200	200 0	652 0	...	652 0	452 0	20 13	41 15
5	Habiganj	34·44	16·63	...	112	112 0	1,552 14	...	1,552 14	1,440 14	41 13	86 10
6	South Sylhet	17·93	4·73	...	57	57 0	423 15	...	423 15	366 15	20 7	77 9
7	Goalpara	11·34	5·63	213 9	35	248 9	813 10	...	813 10	565 1	49 14	100 7
8	Barpeta	7·40	3·51	...	2	2 0	300 7	25 0	325 7	323 7	43 11	92 2
9	Mangaldai	19·63	9·82	...	...	...	723 6	106 12	830 2	830 2	42 5	84 9
10	Jorhat	19·96	8·34	10 15	60	70 15	838 6	30 2	868 8	797 9	39 15	95 10
11	Golaghat	18·83	8·05	38 4	...	38 4	1,162 0	...	1,162 0	1,123 12	59 11	139 10
12	Lakhimpur	9·27	3·47	...	3	3 0	327 0	...	327 0	324 0	34 15	93 6
13	Kohima	21·67	12·22	...	28	28 0	1,820 4	...	1,820 4	1,792 4	82 11	146 11
14	Tura	10·57	2·70	...	...	...	203 9	...	203 9	203 9	19 4	75 6
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails ...	233·57	108·23	262 12	497	759 12	10,739 12	161 14	10,901 10	10,141 14	43 7	93 11
	Grand total	1,478·86	482·92	269 12	9,997	10,266 12	44,246 0	259 6	44,505 6	34,238 10	23 2	70 14

Statement No. XIII.—Showing the Net Cost of the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Serial No.	Jails.	Total cost of maintenance (column 14, Statement IX).	Average cost of maintenance per head (column 14, Statement IX).	Total cash earnings (column 11, Statement XII).	Average cash earnings per head of average strength.	Net cost to Government (column 3 *minus* column 5).	Average net cost per head of average strength (column 4 *minus* column 6).
		Rs.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
1	Silchar	3,882	58 8	1,014 6	15 5	2,867 10	43 3
2	Sylhet	29,608	56 7	4,978 5	9 8	24,629 11	46 15
3	Dhubri	1,880	90 10	349 14	16 14	1,530 2	73 12
4	Gauhati	16,255	68 2	6,875 2	28 13	9,379 14	35 5
5	Tezpur	16,396	66 12	6,014 0	24 8	10,382 0	42 4
6	Nowgong	3,078	69 12	860 8	19 8	2,217 8	50 4
7	Sibsagar	6,216	86 0	1,792 0	24 13	4,424 0	61 3
8	Dibrugarh	6,479	94 9	734 13	10 12	5,744 3	83 13
9	Shillong	4,594	107 12	1,477 12	34 11	3,116 4	73 1
	Total of Jails	88,388	66 13	24,096 12	18 3	64,291 4	48 10
1	Hailakandi	544	67 1	343 0	42 5	201 0	24 12
2	Haflong	724	67 0	223 8	20 11	500 8	46 5
3	Sunamganj	1,454	37 9	1,355 13	35 1	98 3	2 8
4	Karimganj	1,401	54 6	452 0	17 9	949 0	36 13
5	Habiganj	2,286	54 2	1,440 14	34 2	845 2	20 0
6	South Sylhet	1,029	44 7	366 15	15 14	662 1	28 9
7	Goalpara	672	48 2	565 1	40 8	106 15	7 10
8	Barpeta	485	53 9	323 7	35 12	161 9	17 13
9	Mangaldai	1,052	44 13	830 2	35 6	221 14	9 7
10	Jorhat	1,149	43 2	797 9	29 15	351 7	13 3
11	Golaghat	1,076	41 9	1,123 12	43 6	— 47 12	— 1 13
12	Lakhimpur	907	74 11	324 0	26 11	583 0	48 0
13	Kohima	1,393	56 0	1,792 4	72 1	— 399 4	— 16 1
14	Tura	1,062	66 2	203 9	12 10	858 7	53 8
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	.....
	Total of Subsidiary Jails	15,234	50 11	10,141 14	33 11	5,092 2	17 0
	Grand total	1,05,386*	64 14	34,238 10	21 1	69,383 6	43 13

* This amount includes Rs. 1,764 for stationery.

Statement No. XIV.—Showing the Sickness and Mortality among Prisoners of all Classes in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10											
																					Ratio per mille of average strength.											
																					A			B			C			D		
			Number of persons that can be accommodated in the parts of the jails devoted to convicts, under-trials, and civil prisoners, respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into hospital.			Daily average number sick.			Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Of admissions into hospital.			Of daily average number sick.			Of deaths from all causes, except cholera.			Of deaths from all causes, both in and out of hospital.		
Serial No.	Jails.	Classes of prisoners.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Silchar ...	Convict ...	46	8	54	55·12	·35	55·47	89	2	91	27	...	27	1·55	...	1·55	1	...	1	489·84	...	486·75	28·12	...	27·94	18·14	...	18·03	18·14	...	18·03
		Under-trial.	16	...	16	10·27	·35	10·62	29	2	31	8	...	8	·48	...	·48	...	...	...	778·97	...	753·30	46·74	...	45·20	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	8	...	8	·29	...	·29	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Sylhet ...	Convict ...	475	15	490	505·78	6·00	511·78	587	10	597	430	9	439	29·64	·50	30·14	31	1	32	850·17	1,500·00	857·79	58·60	83·33	58·89	61·29	166·66	62·53	61·29	166·66	62·53
		Under-trial.	40	...	40	11·41	1·07	12·48	23	3	26	13	1	14	·42	·02	·44	1	...	1	1,139·35	934·58	1,121·79	36·81	18·69	35·26	87·64	...	80·13	87·64	...	80·13
		Civil ...	...	...	...	·16	...	·16	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Dhubri ...	Convict ...	10	2	12	14·64	·07	14·71	31	1	32	32	1	33	1·18	·06	1·24	1	...	1	2,117·49	14,285·71	2,243·37	80·60	857·14	84·30	68·30	...	67·98	68·30	...	67·98
		Under-trial.	8	...	8	5·86	·18	6·04	22	3	25	8	...	8	·42	...	·42	...	...	...	1,365·19	...	1,324·50	71·67	...	71·67	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Gauhati ...	Convict ...	269	32	301	226·39	1·26	227·65	291	4	295	142	...	142	8·37	...	8·37	28	...	28	627·24	...	623·76	36·97	...	36·77	44·17	...	43·93	123·68	...	122·99
		Under-trial.	22	...	22	10·73	·27	11·00	32	2	34	3	...	3	·04	...	·04	1	...	1	279·59	...	273·73	3·73	...	3·63	93·20	...	90·90	93·20	...	90·90
		Civil ...	...	...	...	·03	...	·03	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Tezpur ...	Convict ...	203	24	227	229·88	10·47	240·35	273	16	289	75	5	80	4·82	·22	5·04	8	...	8	326·26	477·55	332·85	20·97	21·01	20·97	34·80	...	33·28	34·80	...	33·28
		Under-trial.	29	...	29	4·70	·56	5·26	13	5	18	2	...	2	·02	...	·02	...	...	...	425·53	...	380·26	4·26	...	3·80	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	4	...	4	·08	...	·08	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Nowgong ...	Convict ...	99	10	109	41·36	·33	41·69	64	1	65	79	4	83	3·13	·19	3·32	...	...	...	1,910·06	12,121·21	1,990·89	75·68	575·75	79·64	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	15	...	15	2·27	·04	2·31	10	1	11	11	...	11	·36	...	·36	...	...	...	4,845·81	...	4,761·90	158·59	...	155·84	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	·11	...	·11	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Sibsagar ...	Convict ...	41	6	47	61·48	·98	62·46	90	4	94	88	...	88	1·56	...	1·56	...	...	...	1,431·36	...	1,408·90	25·37	...	24·98	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	15	...	15	9·48	·34	9·82	22	3	25	3	1	4	·02	·01	·03	...	...	...	316·46	2,941·18	407·33	2·11	29·41	3·05	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	10	...	10	·03	...	·03	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Dibrugarh ...	Convict ...	54	21	75	56·83	1·60	58·43	90	7	97	165	5	170	5·12	·09	5·21	...	...	...	2,903·40	3,125·00	2,909·46	90·09	56·25	89·17	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	11	...	11	8·63	1·12	9·75	26	5	31	8	4	12	·45	·23	·68	...	...	...	927·00	3,571·43	1,230·77	52·14	205·36	69·74	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	11	...	11	·32	...	·32	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Shillong ...	Convict ...	49	7	56	36·87	2·91	39·78	45	5	50	144	3	147	2·91	·05	2·96	1	...	1	3,905·61	1,030·93	3,695·32	78·93	17·18	74·41	27·12	...	25·14	27·12	...	25·14
		Under-trial.	5	7	12	2·81	·04	2·85	10	1	11	2	...	2	·03	...	·03	...	...	...	711·74	...	701·75	10·68	10·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Hailakandi ...	Convict ...	5	3	8	6·76	·15	6·91	19	2	21	15	...	15	·13	...	·13	...	...	...	2,218·93	...	2,170·77	19·23	...	18·81	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	2	...	2	1·19	·01	1·20	6	1	7	1	...	1	·01	...	·01	...	...	...	840·34	...	833·33	8·40	...	8·33	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Haflong ...	Convict ...	10	...	10	7·94	·25	8·19	29	1	30	36	2	38	·76	·05	·81	1	...	1	4,534·01	8,000·00	4,639·80	95·72	200·00	98·90	125·94	...	122·10	125·94	...	122·10
		Under-trial.	5	...	5	2·54	·03	2·57	24	2	26	9	...	9	·15	...	·15	...	...	...	3,543·31	...	3,501·95	59·06	...	58·37	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	·05	...	·05	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Statement No. XIV.—Showing the Sickness and Mortality among Prisoners of all Classes in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899—contd.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10											
																					Raito per mille of average strength.											
																					A			B			C			D		
Serial No.	Jails.	Classes of prisoners.	Number of persons that can be accommodated in the parts of the jails devoted to convicts, under-trials, and civil prisoners, respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into hospital.			Daily average number sick.			Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Of admission into hospitals.			Of daily average number sick.			Of deaths from all causes, except cholera.			Of deaths from all causes, both in and out of hospital.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
12	Sunamganj ..	Convict ...	10	4	14	26·15	·06	26·21	77	2	79	16	...	16	·64	...	·64	1	...	1	611·85	...	610·45	24·47	...	24·42	38·24	...	38·15	38·24	...	38·15
		Under-trial.	10	...	10	11·71	·33	12·04	39	2	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	4	...	4	·44	..	·44	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Karimganj ...	Convict ...	10	4	14	21·85	·04	21·89	41	2	43	26	...	26	·44	...	·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	10	...	10	3·75	·11	3·86	11	2	13	3	1	4	·05	·01	·06	...	...	...	1,189·93	...	1,187·76	20·14	...	20·10	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800·00	9,090·90	1,036·27	13·33	90·91	15·54	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Habiganj ...	Convict ...	31	4	35	35·13	·55	35·68	73	4	77	36	2	38	1·26	·14	1·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	8	...	8	5·38	·17	5·55	17	2	19	4	...	4	·07	...	·07	...	...	...	1,024·77	3,636·36	1,065·02	35·87	254·55	39·24	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	4	...	4	·99	...	·99	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	743·49	...	720·72	13·01	...	12·61	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	South Sylhet	Convict ...	22	3	25	18·00	·06	18·06	31	1	32	3	...	3	·05	...	·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	5	...	5	4·67	·18	4·85	18	3	21	2	...	2	·01	...	·01	...	...	...	166·67	...	166·11	2·78	...	2·77	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	3	...	3	·24	...	·24	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	428·27	...	412·37	2·14	...	2·06	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Goalpara ...	Convict ...	21	3	24	10·96	·51	11·47	18	1	19	23	1	24	·46	·01	·47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	5	...	5	2·03	·33	2·36	10	2	12	1	1	2	·01	·01	·02	...	...	...	2,098·54	1,960·78	2,092·41	41·97	19·61	40·98	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	3	...	3	·13	...	·13	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	492·61	3,030·30	847·46	4·93	30·30	8·47	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Barpeta ...	Convict ...	15	2	17	7·57	·07	7·64	16	1	17	4	...	4	·09	...	·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	5	...	5	·80	...	·80	6	...	6	1	...	1	·01	...	·01	...	...	...	528·40	...	523·56	11·89	...	11·78	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	3	...	3	·61	...	·61	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,250·00	...	1,250·00	12·50	...	12·50	...	...	...	...	...	...

18	Mangaldai	Convict	24	2	26	19·50	·58	20·08	28	3	31	10	...	10	·25	...	·25	...	...	...	512·82	...	498·01	12·83	...	12·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	7	...	7	3·35	·05	3·40	13	1	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Jorhat	Convict	18	3	21	20·45	·56	21·01	44	3	47	9	1	10	·25	·08	·33	...	...	...	440·10	1,785·71	475·96	12·22	142·86	15·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	8	...	8	5·30	·27	5·57	20	2	22	...	1	1	...	·02	·02	...	...	...	...	3,703·70	179·53	...	74·07	3·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	·05	...	·05	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Golaghat	Convict	13	3	16	18·50	1·03	19·53	63	4	67	35	2	37	·68	·05	·73	1	...	1	1,891·89	1,941·74	1,894·52	36·76	48·54	37·38	54·05	...	51·20	54·05	...	51·20	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	8	...	8	4·89	·17	5·06	17	3	20	11	...	11	·39	...	·39	1	...	1	2,249·48	...	2,173·91	79·75	...	77·08	204·50	...	197·60	204·50	...	197·60	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	1·31	...	1·31	11	...	11	1	...	1	·01	...	·01	...	...	...	763·36	...	763·36	7·63	...	7·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Lakhimpur	Convict	16	4	20	9·34	...	9·34	23	...	23	8	...	8	·17	...	·17	...	...	...	856·53	...	856·53	18·20	...	18·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	...	...	...	2·73	·04	2·77	19	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	·03	...	·03	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	Kohima	Convict	20	4	24	21·72	·08	21·80	34	1	35	41	1	42	1·50	·02	1·52	...	...	...	1,887·66	12,500·00	1,926·61	69·66	250·00	69·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial	6	...	6	2·98	...	2·98	11	...	11	3	...	3	·07	...	·07	...	...	...	1,006·71	...	1,006·71	23·49	...	23·49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	·10	...	·10	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	Tura	Convict	20	3	23	10·86	...	10·86	21	...	21	8	...	8	·27	...	·27	...	...	...	736·65	...	736·65	24·86	...	24·86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	6	3	9	5·20	...	5·20	21	...	21	4	...	4	·07	...	·07	1	...	1	769·23	...	769·23	13·46	...	13·46	192·35	...	192·35	192·35	...	192·35	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Aijal	Convict	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Jails.	Convict	1,246	125	1,371	1,228·35	23·97	1,252·32	1,560	50	1,610	1,182	27	1,209	58·28	1·11	59·39	70	1	71	962·27	1,126·41	965·41	47·45	46·31	47·42	42·33	41·72	42·32	56·99	41·72	56·69	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	161	7	168	66·16	3·97	70·13	187	25	212	58	6	64	2·24	·26	2·50	2	...	2	876·66	1,511·34	912·59	33·86	65·49	35·65	30·23	...	28·52	30·23	...	28·52	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	33	...	33	1·02	...	1·02	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails	Convict	235	42	277	234·73	3·94	238·67	517	25	542	270	9	279	6·95	·35	7·30	3	...	3	1,150·26	2,284·26	1,168·98	29·61	88·83	30·59	12·78	...	12·57	12·78	...	12·57	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	85	3	88	56·52	1·69	58·21	232	21	253	39	3	42	·84	·04	·88	2	...	2	690·02	1,775·15	721·53	14·86	23·67	15·12	35·39	...	34·36	35·39	...	34·36	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	23	...	23	3·95	...	3·95	25	...	25	1	...	1	·01	...	·01	...	...	...	34·01	...	34·01	2·53	...	2·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand total	Convict	1,481	167	1,648	1,463·08	27·91	1,490·99	2,077	75	2,152	1,452	36	1,488	65·23	1·46	66·69	73	1	74	992·43	1,289·86	997·99	44·58	52·31	44·73	37·59	35·83	37·56	49·89	35·83	49·63	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial.	246	10	256	122·68	5·66	128·34	419	46	465	97	9	106	3·08	·30	3·38	4	...	4	790·67	1,590·11	825·93	25·11	53·00	26·34	32·61	...	31·17	32·61	...	31·17	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	56	...	56	4·97	...	4·97	34	...	34	1	...	1	·01	...	·01	...	...	...	201·21	...	201·21	2·01	...	2·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Statement No. XV.—Showing the Admissions and Deaths from the chief Diseases among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3																		4									
		A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I		J		Ratios of admissions and of deaths per mille of average strength from									
Serial No.	Jails.	Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.		Tubercle of the lungs, tuberculous phthisis and hæmoptysis, due to tubercle.		Anæmia and debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhœa.		Abscesses, boils, and ulcers of all kinds.		Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.		Pneumonia.		Diarrhœa.		All causes.	
		A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.
1	Silchar ...	...	...	9	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	162·25	...	90·14	...	36·06	...	18·03	...	486·75	18·03
2	Sylhet ...	...	...	78	2	165	13	...	...	20	1	34	3	...	...	22	1	42	4	33	...	...	...	152·41	3·91	322·40	25·40	...	...	82·07	7·82	857·79	62·53
3	Dhubr ...	1	...	9	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	1	...	4	...	3	...	67·98	...	611·83	...	339·90	...	...	...	271·92	...	2,243·37	67·98
4	Gauhati ...	25	18	39	5	34	1	...	...	2	...	3	...	5	2	5	...	7	1	11	...	109·82	79·07	171·32	21·96	149·35	4·39	21·96	8·79	30·75	4·39	623·76	122·99
5	Tezpur ...	...	...	21	1	32	1	2	1	1	...	1	...	2	2	2	...	6	1	5	...	...	...	87·38	4·16	133·14	4·16	8·32	8·32	24·96	4·16	332·85	33·28
6	Nowgong ...	...	...	5	...	37	...	...	...	4	...	15	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	119·93	...	887·50	...	...	...	23·98	...	1,990·89	...
7	Sibsagar ...	...	...	14	...	17	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	5	...	14	...	15	...	...	...	224·14	...	272·17	...	...	...	224·14	...	1,408·90	...
8	Dibrugarh ...	...	...	45	...	73	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	33	...	4	...	...	...	770·15	...	1,249·36	...	...	...	554·78	...	2,909·46	...
9	Shillong ...	...	...	5	...	47	...	...	...	1	...	29	...	...	...	4	1	15	...	8	...	...	...	125·69	...	1,181·50	...	...	...	377·07	...	3,695·32	25·14
	Total of Jails	26	18	225	8	415	15	4	1	29	1	92	4	9	4	44	2	123	6	86	...	20·76	14·37	179·67	6·39	331·38	11·98	7·19	3·19	98·22	4·79	965·41	56·69
1	Hailakandi ...	..	...	2	...	10	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	289·44	...	1,447·18	...	...	...	144·71	...	2,170·77	...
2	Haflong ...	...	...	10	...	15	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,221·00	...	1,831·50	...	...	...	...	...	4,639·80	122·10
3	Sunamganj ...	...	...	4	...	7	...	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	152·61	...	267·07	...	...	...	...	...	610·45	38·15
4	Karimganj ...	...	...	7	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	319·78	...	502·51	...	...	...	182·73	...	1,187·76	...
5	Habiganj ...	...	...	11	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	308·30	...	420·40	...	...	...	84·08	...	1,065·02	...
6	South Sylhet ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110·74	...	...	...	...	...	166·11	...
7	Goalpara ...	...	...	7	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	610·29	...	113·39	...	...	...	87·18	...	2,092·41	...
8	Barpeta ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	261·78	...	...	...	130·89	...	523·56	...
9	Mangaldai ...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49·80	...	149·40	...	...	...	...	...	498·01	...
10	Jorhat ...	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	47·60	...	190·39	...	...	...	47·60	...	475·96	...
11	Golaghat ...	...	...	14	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	1	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	716·85	...	512·03	...	51·20	51·20	409·62	...	1,894·52	51·20
12	Lakhimpur ...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	428·26	...	214·13	...	...	...	107·07	...	856·53	...
13	Kohima ...	...	...	1	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	45·87	...	1,055·04	...	91·74	...	137·61	...	1,926·61	...
14	Tura ...	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92·08	...	368·32	...	184·16	...	...	...	736·65	...
15	Aijal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails.	...	...	63	...	121	...	1	1	1	1	15	...	5	1	11	...	23	...	6	...	...	...	263·96	...	506·97	...	20·95	4·19	96·37	...	1,168·98	12·57
	Grand total ...	26	18	288	8	536	15	5	2	30	2	107	4	14	5	55	2	146	6	92	...	17·44	12·07	193·16	5·37	359·49	10·06	9·39	3·35	97·92	4·02	997·99	49·63

Statement No. XVI.—Showing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899 according to the length of original sentence.

1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
		Not exceeding 6 months.			Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.			Above 1 year and not exceeding 3 years.			Above 3 years and not exceeding 7 years.			Above 7 years.			Total.		
Serial No.	Jails.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.
1	Silchar	32·40	1	30·86	7·13	...	...	9·18	...	...	6·45	...	...	·31	...	...	55·47	1	18·03
2	Sylhet	177·55	3	16·90	140·92	8	56·77	94·71	9	95·03	52·36	8	152·79	46·24	4	86·51	511·78	32	62·53
3	Dhubri	11·70	1	85·47	·93	...	...	2·03	...	...	·05	...	...	...	...	...	14·71	1	67·98
4	Gauhati	48·92	5	102·21	37·72	4	106·04	70·48	13	184·45	47·47	4	84·26	23·06	2	86 73	227·65	28	123·00
5	Tezpur	30·90	1	32·36	33·76	2	59·24	84·39	2	23·70	59·81	2	33·44	31·49	1	31·76	240·35	8	33·28
6	Nowgong	16·79	...	...	18·31	...	...	3·89	...	...	2·52	...	...	·18	...	...	41·69	...	...
7	Sibsagar	36·64	...	...	12·08	...	...	10·31	...	...	2·17	...	...	1·26	...	...	62·46	...	...
8	Dibrugarh	33·74	...	...	5·86	...	...	8·28	...	...	7·42	...	...	3·13	...	...	58·43	...	...
9	Shillong	7·65	...	...	6·30	...	...	13·48	1	74·18	7·78	...	...	4·57	...	...	39·78	1	25·14
	Total of Jails	396·29	11	27·76	263·01	14	53·23	296·75	25	84·25	186·03	14	75·26	110·24	7	63·50	1,252·32	71	56·69
1	Hailakandi	5·88	...	...	·01	...	...	·27	...	...	·75	...	...	...	...	...	6·91	...	...
2	Haflong	6·36	1	157·23	·22	...	...	1·30	...	...	·31	...	...	...	...	...	8·19	1	122·10
3	Sunamganj	20·97	...	...	·71	...	...	1·36	1	735·29	3·17	...	...	...	...	...	26·21	1	38·15
4	Karimganj	16·00	...	...	1·11	...	...	1·24	...	...	3·54	...	...	...	...	...	21·89	...	...
5	Habiganj	27·00	...	...	4·10	...	...	3·79	...	...	·68	...	...	·11	...	...	35·68	...	...
6	South Sylhet	12·24	...	...	1·77	...	...	1·15	...	...	2·90	...	...	...	...	...	18·06	...	...
7	Goalpara	8·15	...	...	·13	...	...	2·49	...	...	·70	...	...	...	...	...	14·47	...	...
8	Barpeta	5·05	...	...	·37	...	...	·24	...	...	1·98	...	...	...	...	...	7·64	...	...
9	Mangaldai	13·30	...	...	3·55	...	...	2·90	...	...	·33	...	...	...	...	...	20·08	...	...
10	Jorhat	14·66	...	...	2·43	...	...	2·84	...	...	·31	...	...	·77	...	...	21·01	...	...
11	Golaghat	13·58	1	73·64	2·26	...	...	2·60	...	...	1·08	...	...	·01	...	...	19·53	1	51·20
12	Lakhimpur	7·90	...	...	·25	...	...	1·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9·34	...	...
13	Kohima	12·08	...	...	5·92	...	...	1·78	...	...	1·18	...	...	·84	...	...	21·80	...	...
14	Tura	6·07	...	...	1·59	...	...	1·83	...	...	1·08	...	...	·29	...	...	10·86	...	...
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails	169·24	2	11·82	24·42	...	...	24·98	1	40·03	18·01	...	...	2·02	...	...	238·67	3	12·57
	Grand total	565·53	13	22·99	287·43	14	48·71	321·73	26	80·81	204·04	14	68·61	112·26	7	62·36	1,490·99	74	49·63

Statement No. XVII.—Showing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899 *according to the length of time passed in Jail.*

1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
Serial No.	Jails.	Not exceeding 6 months in jail.			Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.			Above 1 year and not exceeding 2 years.			Above 2 years and not exceeding 3 years.			Above 3 years and not exceeding 7 years.			Above 7 years.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.
1	Silchar	43·33	1	23·08	1·67	...	...	3·08	...	...	1·25	...	...	3·75	...	...	...	...	...
2	Sylhet	239·08	14	58·56	138·75	8	57·66	72·83	5	68·65	30·75	1	32·52	21·50	4	186·05	1·17	...	...
3	Dhubri	11·92	1	83·89	1·08	...	...	1·58	...	...	·25	...	...	·08	...	...	...	...	...
4	Gauhati	90·33	15	166·06	49·58	7	141·19	43·75	3	68·57	8·25	1	121·21	24·67	2	81·07	11·25	...	...
5	Tezpur	77·42	1	12·92	58·92	4	67·89	57·42	1	17·42	14·58	...	...	25·91	2	77·19	4·00	...	...
6	Nowgong	27·75	...	...	9·58	...	...	1·42	...	...	1·25	...	...	1·17	...	...	...	...	...
7	Sibsagar	51·08	...	...	6·42	...	...	6·25	...	...	1·17	...	...	1·42	...	...	·41	...	...
8	Dibrugarh	51·25	...	...	3·33	...	...	2·50	...	...	1·17	...	...	4·42	...	...	...	...	...
9	Shillong	18·00	1	5·56	6·00	...	...	8·75	...	...	3·67	...	...	3·58	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Jails	610·16	33	54·08	275·33	19	69·01	197·58	9	45·55	62·34	2	32·08	86·50	8	92·49	16·83	...	...
1	Hailakandi	7·00	...	...	·08	...	...	·17	...	...	·08	...	...	6·67	...	...	...	...	...
2	Haflong	8·58	1	116·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Sunamganj	27·33	...	...	1·58	...	...	1·25	1	800·00	·17	...	...	·25	...	...	...	...	...
4	Karimganj	18·92	...	...	1·50	...	...	·42	...	...	·91	...	...	3·75	...	...	...	...	...
5	Habiganj	38·58	...	...	·67	...	...	·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	South Sylhet	16·67	...	...	·83	...	...	1·33	...	...	1·33	...	...	·17	...	...	...	...	...
7	Goalpara	8·25	...	...	...	...	...	·92	...	...	1·83	...	...	·33	...	...	...	...	...
8	Barpeta	4·50	...	...	·58	...	...	...	...	...	·33	...	...	2·00	...	...	...	...	...
9	Mangaldai	13·84	...	...	3·58	...	...	1·33	...	...	1·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Jorhat	18·33	...	...	1·33	...	...	1·25	...	...	·17	...	...	...	...	...	·67	...	...
11	Golaghat	17·25	1	57·97	...	...	...	1·58	...	...	·17	...	...	1·00	...	...	·08	...	...
12	Lakhimpur	8·25	...	...	·42	...	...	·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Kohima	12·33	...	...	6·08	...	...	1·58	...	...	·17	...	...	1·17	...	...	·75	...	...
14	Tura	9·58	...	...	·58	...	...	·67	...	...	...	...	...	·42	...	...	...	...	...
15	Aijal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails ...	209·41	2	9·55	17·23	...	...	11·91	1	83·96	7·24	...	...	15·76	...	...	1·50	...	...
	Grand Total	819·57	35	42·71	292·56	19	64·94	209·49	10	47·73	69·58	2	28·74	102·26	8	78·23	18·33	...	...

Statement No. XVIII.—Showing particulars regarding Prisoners under trial in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3		4		5			6			7			8			9		10		11		12		
Serial No.	Jails.	Number remaining at the end of the previous year.		Number received.		Total.			Daily average number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced.			Transferred.		Escaped.		Died.		Remaining on 31st December 1899.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Silchar ...	8	...	201	5	209	5	214	10·27	·35	10·62	116	3	119	71	1	72	3	...	...	...	...	...	19	1	20
2	Sylhet ...	8	2	193	4	201	6	207	11·41	1·07	12·48	96	2	98	84	2	86	6	2	...	...	1	...	14	...	14
3	Dhubri ...	11	...	192	17	203	17	220	5·86	·18	6·04	113	17	130	87	...	87	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
4	Gauhati ...	9	1	250	7	259	8	267	10·73	·27	11·00	151	6	157	88	2	90	6	...	...	...	1	...	13	...	13
5	Tezpur ...	5	...	177	29	182	29	211	4·70	·56	5·26	69	13	82	100	14	114	8	2	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
6	Nowgong ...	1	...	125	2	126	2	128	2·27	·04	2·31	51	2	53	67	...	67	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
7	Sibsagar ...	9	...	183	11	192	11	203	9·48	·34	9·82	64	5	69	112	6	118	4	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12
8	Dibrugarh ...	7	...	285	42	292	42	334	8·63	1·12	9·75	97	7	104	185	29	214	7	3	...	1	...	...	3	2	5
9	Shillong ...	...	...	47	2	47	2	49	2·81	·04	2·85	21	...	21	24	2	26	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
	Total of Jails ...	58	3	1,653	119	1,711	122	1,833	66·16	3·97	70·13	778	55	833	818	56	874	43	7	1	1	2	...	69	3	72
1	Hailakandi ...	1	...	37	1	38	1	39	1·19	·01	1·20	22	1	23	6	...	6	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Haflong ...	...	...	125	3	125	3	128	2·54	·03	2·57	59	1	60	65	2	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
3	Sunamganj ...	3	...	200	6	203	6	209	11·71	·33	12·04	77	3	80	73	2	75	46	1	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
4	Karimganj ...	4	...	136	8	140	8	148	3·75	·11	3·86	74	5	79	52	3	55	13	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
5	Habiganj ...	6	...	142	5	148	5	153	5·38	·17	5·55	50	1	51	80	3	83	13	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
6	South Sylhet ...	...	...	168	5	168	5	173	4·67	·18	4·85	73	3	76	85	1	86	7	...	...	1	...	...	3	...	3
7	Goalpara ...	3	...	47	5	50	5	55	2·03	·33	2·36	14	...	14	22	4	26	4	1	...	...	...	...	10	...	10
8	Barpeta ...	...	...	38	...	38	...	38	·80	...	·80	16	...	16	20	...	20	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
9	Mangaldai ...	4	·1	113	2	117	3	120	3·35	·05	3·40	46	1	47	58	1	59	2	1	1	...	...	...	10	...	10
10	Jorhat ...	1	...	201	14	202	14	216	5·30	·27	5·57	39	6	45	138	6	144	20	2	1	...	...	...	4	...	4
11	Golaghat ...	...	...	151	14	151	14	165	4·89	·17	5·06	46	6	52	90	8	98	7	...	...	...	1	...	7	...	7
12	Lakhimpur ...	...	...	100	4	100	4	104	2·73	·04	2·77	37	4	41	60	...	60	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
13	Kohima ...	7	...	63	...	70	...	70	2·98	...	2·98	22	...	22	44	...	44	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
14	Tura ...	3	...	137	...	140	...	140	5·20	...	5·20	86	...	86	36	...	36	2	...	1	...	1	...	14	...	14
15	Aijal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Subsidiary Jails ...	32	1	1,658	67	1,690	68	1,758	56·52	1·69	58·21	661	31	692	829	30	859	127	6	3	1	2	...	68	...	68
	Grand total ...	90	4	3,311	186	3,401	190	3,591	122·68	5·66	128·34	1,439	86	1,525	1,647	86	1,733	170	13	4	2	4	...	137	3	140

C.—PRISONS.

Statement A.—Showing the Nature and Amount of Accommodation for each Class of Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

Serial No.	Jails.	Description of accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on the 31st December 1899 in the parts of the jail devoted to													Superficial area per prisoner, in square yards, in the enclosures (ward and workshop) to which the prisoners are ordinarily confined.	Spent on jail buildings during the year.	
			Hospital.		Observation cells.		Civil prisoners.		Under-trials.		Europeans.		Juvenile convicts.	Female convicts.	Male convicts.	Grand total.		By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
																		Rs.	Rs.
		Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	16	...	...	...	8	...	16	...	...	...	...	8	46	94			
1	Silchar	Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	377	828
		Total	16	...	6	...	8	...	16	...	...	...	...	8	46	100			
		Total average population	2·03	...	...	...	·29	...	9·79	...	...	...	...	·70	53·57	66·38			
		Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	10			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	79	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	15	465	599			
2	Sylhet ...	Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1,273	25,342
		Total	79	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	15	475	609			
		Total average population	30·06	...	...	...	...	...	11·15	...	...	...	...	7·07	476·14	524·42			
		Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	2	10	20			
3	Dhubri ...	Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	66	1,061
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	2	10	20			
		Total average population	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·86	...	...	...	...	·25	14·64	20·75			

4	Gauhati ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	716	669	64
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	32	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	1	...	...	32	264	351			
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total	32	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	1	...	...	32	268	355			
		Total average population	8·41	...	...	...	...	...	10·69	...	...	...	...	1·53	218·05	238·68			
5	Tezpur ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	4	7	7	276	730
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	49	4	...	...	4	...	29	...	...	...	...	23	198	307			
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total	49	4	1	...	4	...	29	...	1	...	...	24	202	314			
		Total average population	4·84	·22	...	...	·08	...	4·68	...	...	...	...	10·81	225·06	245·69			
6	Nowgong ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	245	1,309
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	10	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	10	99	134			
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total	10	...	2	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	10	99	136			
		Total average population	3·68	...	...	...	...	...	1·91	...	...	...	...	·18	38·34	44·11			
7	Sibsagar ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	108	1,068
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	8	...	...	...	10	...	15	...	...	...	...	6	41	80			
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total	8	...	2	...	10	...	15	...	...	...	...	6	41	82			
		Total average population	1·58	...	...	...	·03	...	9·46	...	...	...	...	1·32	59·92	72·31			
8	Dibrugarh ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	8	369	2,407
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	43	...	...	...	11	...	11	...	4	...	...	21	50	140			
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total	43	...	6	...	11	...	11	...	4	...	...	21	50	146			
		Total average population	5·57	...	...	...	·32	...	8·18	...	...	...	...	2·72	51·71	68·50			

Statement A—continued.

Serial No.	Jails.	Description of accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on the 31st December 1899 in the parts of the jail devoted to													Superficial area per prisoner, in square yards, in the enclosures (ward and workshop) to which the prisoners are ordinarily confined.	Spent on jail buildings during the year.	
			Hospital.		Observation cells.		Civil prisoners.		Under-trials.		Europeans.		Juvenile convicts.	Female convicts.	Male convicts.	Grand total.		By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
																		Rs.	Rs.
		Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	10	...	...	...	...	...	5	7	...	...	...	7	45	74			
9	Shillong ...	Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	74	791
		Total	10	...	...	...	...	...	5	7	...	...	...	7	49	78			
		Total average population	2·94	...	...	...	...	...	2·78	·04	...	...	...	2·91	33·96	42·63			
		Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	22	41			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	247	4	...	...	33	...	161	7	5	...	...	124	1,218	1,799			
	Total of Jails ...	Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,457	33,600
		Total	247	4	17	...	33	...	161	7	6	...	...	125	1,240	1,840			
		Total average population	60·52	1·37	...	...	1·02	...	63·92	3·71	...	...	...	22·86	1,170·07	1,323·47			
		Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	3	5	10			
1	Hailakandi ...	Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	367
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	3	5	10			
		Total average population	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·19	...	...	...	...	·16	6·76	8·11			

2	Haflong ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	10	15	50	...	...		
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	10	15						
		Total average population	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·54	...	...	...	...	...	8·27	10·81						
3	Sunamganj ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	4	...	...	...	4	...	10	...	...	...	...	4	10	32	4	140	299		
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Total	4	...	...	...	4	...	10	...	...	...	...	4	10	32						
		Total average population	·64	...	...	...	·44	...	11·71	...	...	...	...	·39	25·51	38·69						
4	Karimganj ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	4	...	10	...	...	...	...	4	10	28	37	...	462		
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Total	...	...	...	...	4	...	10	...	...	...	...	4	10	28						
		Total average population	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·75	...	...	...	...	·15	21·85	25·75						
5	Habiganj ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	3	...	...	...	4	...	8	...	...	...	...	4	31	50	5	56	374		
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Total	3	...	...	...	4	...	8	...	...	...	...	4	31	50						
		Total average population	1·33	...	...	...	·99	...	5·31	...	...	...	...	·72	33·87	42·22						
6	South Sylhet ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	3	...	2	...	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	3	22	38	7	113	225		
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
		Total	3	...	2	...	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	3	22	38						
		Total average population	·06	...	...	...	·24	...	4·66	...	...	...	...	·24	17·95	23·15						

Statement A—continued.

Serial No.	Jails.	Description of accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on the 31st December 1899 in the parts of the jail devoted to														Superficial area per prisoner, in square yards, in the enclosure (ward and workshop) to which the prisoners are ordinarily confined.	Spent on jail buildings during the year.	
			Hospital.		Observation cells.		Civil prisoners.		Under-trials.		Europeans.		Juvenile convicts.	Female convicts.	Male convicts.	Grand total.		By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
																		Rs.	Rs.
		Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	3	21	32			
7	Goalpara ...	Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	36
		Total	...	...	...	...	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	3	21	32			
		Total average population	...	...	...	...	·13	...	2·03	...	...	...	...	·84	10·96	13·96			
		Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	2	15	25			
8	Barpeta ...	Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	2	99
		Total	...	...	...	...	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	2	15	25			
		Total average population	...	...	...	...	·61	...	·80	...	...	...	...	·07	7·57	9·05			
		Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	2	2	...	...	2	...	7	...	...	...	...	2	24	39			
9	Mangaldai ...	Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	895
		Total	2	2	...	...	2	...	7	...	...	...	...	2	24	39			
		Total average population	·25	...	...	...	...	...	3·35	...	...	...	...	·63	19·25	23·48			

| | | |

Statement A—concluded.

Serial No.	Jails.	Description of accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on the 31st December 1899 in the parts of the jail devoted to													Superficial area per prisoner, in square yards, in the enclosures (ward and workshop) to which the prisoners are ordinarily confined.	Spent on jail buildings during the year.	
			Hospital.		Observation cells.		Civil prisoners.		Under-trials.		Europeans.		Juvenile convicts.	Female convicts.	Male convicts.	Grand total.		By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
																		Rs.	Rs.
	Aijal ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Ditto, without ditto ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total average population	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Total of Subsidiary Jails.	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	29	6	2	...	23	...	79	...	...	...	...	39	215	393	...	426	4,964
		Ditto, without ditto ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3	...	...	...	3	20	32			
		Total	29	6	2	...	23	...	85	3	...	...	...	42	135	425			
		Total average population	7·55	·39	...	...	3·94	...	55·68	1·65	...	...	...	3·59	228·03	300·83			
	Grand total ...	Cells, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	22	41			
		Barracks, with separate sleeping accommodation, at 36 square feet and 540 cubic feet per prisoner	276	10	2	...	56	...	240	7	5	...	...	163	1,433	2,192	...	3,883	38,564
		Ditto, without ditto ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3	...	...	...	3	20	32			
		Total	276	10	19	...	56	...	246	10	6	...	...	167	1,475	2,265			
		Total average population	68·07	1·76	...	...	4·96	...	119·60	5·36	...	...	...	26·45	1,398·10	1,624·30			

Statement B.—Showing the Condition of the Prisoners discharged from the Jails of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4	5					6				
				Number who had gained weight.					Number who had lost weight.				
				a	*b*	*c*	*d*		*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	
Serial No.	Jails.	Number discharged during the year.	Number who had neither lost nor gained weight in jail.	Up to 1 lb.	From 1 to 5 lbs.	From 5 to 10 lbs.	Over 10 lbs.	Total.	Up to 1 lb.	From 1 to 5 lbs.	From 5 to 10 lbs.	Over 10 lbs.	Total.
1	Silchar	290	59	28	90	50	27	195	6	21	5	4	36
2	Sylhet	945	178	114	189	116	57	476	93	140	47	11	291
3	Dhubri	186	150	20	14	2	...	36	...	...	...	...	...
4	Gauhati	291	33	34	87	39	33	193	16	26	11	12	65
5	Tezpur	374	63	91	73	53	35	252	16	28	12	3	59
6	Nowgong	171	28	22	55	32	31	140	...	2	...	1	3
7	Sibsagar	369	174	13	122	40	17	192	1	1	1	...	3
8	Dibrugarh	354	62	25	163	51	18	257	4	28	3	...	35
9	Shillong	60	16	5	13	8	4	30	1	6	4	3	14
	Total	3,040	763	352	806	391	222	1,771	137	252	83	34	506

Statement C.—Showing the Working of the Mark System during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4											5											6											7	8
			Number of convicts during the year who gained remission under the mark system.											Maximum remission, in days, gained by any convict released during the year.											Average remission gained by convicts entered in column 4.												
			Sentenced to											Sentenced to											Sentenced to												
Serial No.	Jails.	Number released during the year who came under the mark system for industry, but failed to gain remission.	One year exactly.	Not exceeding two years.	Ditto three years.	Ditto four years.	Ditto five years.	Ditto six years.	Ditto seven years.	Ditto eight years.	Ditto nine years.	Ditto ten years.	Exceeding ten years.	One year exactly.	Not exceeding two years.	Ditto three years.	Ditto four years.	Ditto five years.	Ditto six years.	Ditto seven years.	Ditto eight years.	Ditto nine years.	Ditto ten years.	Exceeding ten years.	One year exactly.	Not exceeding two years.	Ditto three years.	Ditto four years.	Ditto five years.	Ditto six years.	Ditto seven years.	Ditto eight years.	Ditto nine years.	Ditto ten years.	Exceeding ten years.	Maximum gratuity earned by any convict released during the year.	Average gratuity earned by the convicts entered in column 4.
1	Silchar		1											20											20												
2	Sylhet		70	36	11	6	3	4	6					31	75	103	140	205	209	634					25	45	81	121	169	175	323						
3	Dhubri			2											73											58											
4	Gauhati		28	34	2	2	3	2				2		39	75	105	135	89	181				336		22	44	89	111	70	119				282			
5	Tezpur		16	35	4	4		1		1		2		29	96	107	137		266		242		278		24	46	51	119		266		242		277			
6	Nowgong		27		2	1								36		204	264	310							28		193	264	310								
7	Sibsagar		9	9	2									34	62	126									27	45	118										
8	Dibrugarh		2	3	2									30	87	76									27	70	73										
9	Shillong		4	5			2							28	81			162							25	62			152								
10	Hailakandi					1											112											112									
11	Haflong																																				
12	Sunamganj			1		1	1	1							57		95		216							57		95		216							
13	Karimganj		1			1	1							29			178	184							29			178	184								
14	Habiganj			1	1			1							39	83			216							39	83			216							
15	South Sylhet					1											281											281									
16	Goalpara																																				
17	Barpeta																																				
18	Mangaldai		2	1										45	31										35	31											
19	Jorhat		5									1		32									460		27									460			
20	Golaghat			2	1		1								41	116		180								38	116		180							
21	Lakhimpur			1											120											120											
22	Kohima			1					1						37					254						37					254						
23	Tura			1			1								26			213								26			213							
24	Aijal																																				
	Total		165	132	25	17	12	9	7	1	...	5	...	45	120	204	281	310	266	634	242	...	460	...	25	47	90	139	159	182	313	242	...	316	...	...	...

Statement D.—Showing the Nature of the Crimes for which Convicts were imprisoned during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4	5																				6		
				Convicts admitted under sentence not exceeding																						
Serial No.	Chapter of Penal Code.	Sections.	Nature of offences.	One month.		Above one month, and not exceeding three months.		Above three months, and not exceeding six months.		Above six months, and not exceeding one year.		Above one year, and not exceeding two years.		Above two years, and not exceeding five years.		Above five years, and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.		Total.		
																				a For life.		*b* For a term.						
				M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	VI	All sections ...	Offences against the State	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
2	VII	Ditto ...	Offences relating to the Army and Navy	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
3	VIII	Ditto ...	Offences against the public tranquillity	263	7	376	2	184	3	157	...	36	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,036	12	1,048
4	IX	162, 163, 170, and 171.	,, by others relating to public servants	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	7
5	,,	All other sections	,, by public servants	6	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	11
6	X	All sections ...	Contempt of the lawful authority of public servants	20	...	6	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	29
7	XI	193, 194, 200, and 205.	False evidence and the like, and false personation in a suit or criminal proceeding.	6	1	6	...	9	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	1	24
8	,,	201 to 204 ...	Causing disappearance of evidence and omitting to inform, or giving false information, regarding an offence.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	,,	206 to 210 ...	Fraudulent claims, decrees, disposals of property	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
10	,,	211 ...	Making false criminal charge	3	...	11	3	12	3	9	1	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	7	46
11	,,	212, 216, 224 to 227	Harbouring offenders, compounding offences, resisting apprehensions, and the like.	8	1	22	...	9	1	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	2	45
12	,,	217 to 223 ...	Offences by public servants against public justice	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6
13	,,	228 and 229 ...	Interrupting public servant and personating juror or assessor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	XII	241 to 254 ...	Lighter offences relating to coin	1	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
15	,,	All other sections ...	Graver offences relating to coin and stamps	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
16	XIII	All sections ...	Offences relating to weights and measures	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
17	XIV	264 to 289 ...	,, affecting the public health and safety	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	7
18	,,	290 and 291 ...	Nuisances	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
19	,,	292 to 294*a* ...	Obscene books and lotteries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	XV	All sections ...	Offences relating to religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	XVI	302, 303, and 307 ...	Murder and attempt to murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	14	2	...	...	6	...	23	3	26
22	,,	304, 304*a*, 305, 306, and 308.	Culpable homicide and attempt to commit the same and abetting suicide.	...	...	2	...	1	...	5	...	1	...	11	...	10	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	32	...	32
23	,,	309 ...	Attempt to commit suicide	10	5	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	5	19
24	,,	311 ...	Being a thug	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	,,	312 to 318 ...	Causing miscarriage, exposing children, and concealment of birth of child.	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
26	,,	323, 334, 352, and 355.	Hurt and assault with or without provocation	115	...	48	...	13	...	8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	186	...	186
27	,,	324 to 333, 335 to 338.	Aggravated cases of hurt, all cases of grievous hurt and doing acts dangerous to human life.	31	1	32	3	39	3	28	1	10	...	15	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	158	8	166

1	2	3	4	5																								
				Convicts admitted under sentence not exceeding																						Total.		
				One month.		Above one month, and not exceeding three months.		Above three months, and not exceeding six months.		Above six months, and not exceeding one year.		Above one year, and not exceeding two years.		Above two years, and not exceeding five years.		Above five years, and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.				
																				a For life.		*b* For a term.						
Serial No.	Chapter of Penal Code.	Sections.	Nature of offences.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
28	XVI	341 to 348 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement	14	...	36	...	4	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	...	59
29	,,	353, 354, 356, and 357.	Aggravated assault	16	...	35	1	16	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72	1	73
30	,,	363 to 373 ...	Kidnapping, abduction, selling minors to slavery ...	2	...	3	...	3	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10
31	,,	374 ...	Unlawful compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	,,	376 ...	Rape	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
33	,,	377 ...	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9
34	XVII	379 to 381, 461, and 462.	Theft, including theft in building and by servants and breaking open closed receptacles.	187	13	177	1	107	2	50	1	29	...	10	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	562	17	579
35	,,	384 and 385 ...	Extortion, unaggravated	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9
36	,,	386 to 389 ...	,, aggravated	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	,,	382, 392, and 394 ...	Robbery and aggravated theft	...	...	...	...	2	...	8	...	8	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	20
38	,,	395, 400 to 402 ...	Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	9	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	18
39	,,	403 and 404 ...	Dishonest misappropriation	7	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	22
40	,,	406 to 409 ...	Criminal breach of trust	8	1	25	...	12	...	11	1	8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	2	68
41	,,	411 to 414 ...	Receiving and concealing stolen property ...	61	3	93	5	43	4	22	...	33	...	9	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	262	12	274
42	,,	417 to 420 ...	Cheating	3	...	7	...	6	...	3	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	24
43	,,	421 to 424 ...	Fraudulent deeds and distribution of property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	,,	426 to 440 ...	Mischief	16	1	16	...	2	...	...	1	4	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	2	47
45	,,	447 and 448 ...	Simple trespass and house-trespass	27	...	6	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	...	35
46	,,	449, 450, 459, and 460.	House-breaking in order to commit offence punishable with death or imprisonment for life and causing death or grievous hurt in house-breaking.	7	...	10	1	14	...	6	...	7	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	1	49
47	,,	451 to 458 ...	House-breaking and house-trespass	22	1	50	1	37	1	31	1	42	2	8	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	194	6	200
48	XVIII	465 to 489 ...	Forgery and offences relating to trade and property marks...	1	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
49	XIX	490 to 492 ...	Criminal breach of contract	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13
50	XX	493 to 498 ...	Offences relating to marriage	2	...	10	1	15	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	1	32
51	XXI	500 to 502 ...	Defamation	3	1	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	7
52	XXII	504 to 510 ...	Criminal intimidation, insult, and annoyance	5	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12
53	Criminal Procedure Code.	505 to 517 ...	Bad livelihood and belonging to wandering gang of thieves...	...	1	3	...	10	...	70	...	10	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97	1	98
54	All other offences.	.....	.....	103	9	40	3	19	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	167	12	179
			Act XIII of 1859	7	7	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	10	26
			,, I of 1882	203	58	10	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	214	58	272
			Total number admitted into the jails during the year ...	1,189	112	1,068	25	586	17	433	7	214	2	110	1	34	...	...	...	17	2	...	...	6	...	3,657	166	3,823

D.—POLICE.

RETURN OF COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART I.—Return of cases instituted by complaint to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate suo motu *in the year* 1899.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Number remaining for disposal from previous year.	Number of complaints and cases instituted *suo motu* by a Magistrate.	Number of complaints dismissed after examining the complainant (section 203, Criminal Procedure Code).	Number of cases referred for investigation to the police.	Number otherwise investigated before issue of process.	Number dismissed after investigation under section 203, Criminal Procedure Code	Number remaining for trial.	Number declared by a court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistake of law or fact.	Number in which the court held that a non-cognisable offence only was committed.	Number of cognisable offences committed that were tried.					Number of cognisable offences that were under investigation or trial at close of the year.	Remarks.					
												Not referred to the police for investigation.		Referred to the police for investigation.		Percentage of convictions to total of columns 15 and 16.		Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Died.	Abandoned.	Absconded.
												Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19					
1	115	Abetment of cognisable offence not committed, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of cognisable offence by public, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit cognisable offence, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, SAFETY, AND JUSTICE.																						
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 254	,, ,, to coin	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
3a	255 to 263A	,, ,, to stamps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3b	467 and 471	,, ,, to Government Promissory Notes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3c	489A to 489D ...	,, ,, to Currency Notes and Bank Notes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212, 216 and 216A ...	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224, 225, 225B and 226 ...	Other offences against public justice	1	9	2	...	...	...	8	...	...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158, 159...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	48	367	80	36	90	81	254	20	2	69	91	7	23	76·7	41	4	3	7	...	9	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	49	379	82	36	90	81	265	21	2	73	95	7	23	76·7	43	4	3	8	...	9	...

	CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																									
8	302, 303, 396	Murder	by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9			,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10			,, robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11			,, poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	...	...	...	3	...	1	1	1	2	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape by a person other than the husband	...	...	15	5	5	3	5	5	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	...	3	25	6	7	2	8	14	...	1	2	2	1	4	80·0	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	...	...	65	7	3	16	13	54	3	1	7	17	...	2	100·0	9	13	3	1	...	2	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	...	12	166	80	12	58	66	32	4	...	12	2	4	1	20·0	7	1	3	2	...	...	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	1	22	3	1	12	12	8	...	...	3	1	...	1	100·0	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or women, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	...	9	73	14	7	19	19	49	5	1	24	14	3	2	40·0	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	35	377	118	36	112	125	169	12	4	50	40	8	11	57·9	32	15	6	4	...	2	1
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY.																									
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt	by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			,, other means	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

RETURN OF COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART I.—Return of cases instituted by complaint to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate suo motu *in the year* 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Number remaining for disposal from previous year.	Number of complaints and cases instituted *suo motu* by a Magistrate.	Number of complaints dismissed after examining the complainant (section 203, Criminal Procedure Code).	Number of cases referred for investigation to the police.	Number otherwise investigated before issue of process.	Number dismissed after investigation under section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number remaining for trial.	Number declared by a court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the court held that a non-cognisable offence only was committed.	Number of cognisable offences committed that were tried.					Number of cognisable offences that were under investigation or trial at close of the year.	Remarks.					
												Not referred to the police for investigation.		Referred to the police for investigation.		Percentage of convictions to total of columns 15 and 16.		Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Died.	Abandoned.	Absconded.
												Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19					
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY—*contd.*																						
33	392, 393 ...	Robbery ... in dwelling-house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies ...	...	2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	2	39	10	8	11	16	15	...	1	1	5	1	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	428, 429 ...	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	15	152	32	13	67	64	71	1	3	28	22	4	3	42·9	6	6	...	...	...	2	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	2	9	1	1	1	2	8	...	...	1	5	...	1	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
37	449 to 452 ...	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	...	3	...	1	1	...	3	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	412, 413 ...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	19	205	43	23	82	84	97	2	4	30	34	6	4	40·0	14	6	...	...	...	3	...

CLASS IV.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																										
40	341 to 344	...	Wrongful restraint and confinement	...	...	24	505	156	46	148	190	183	13	3	52	21	5	1	16·7	29	51	12	5	...	7	...
41	336, 337	...	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life		...	...	2	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	...	Compulsory labour	...	...	2	3	1	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total	...	...	26	510	157	46	153	195	184	13	3	52	22	5	1	16·7	29	51	12	5	...	7	...
CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																										
43	453, 456	...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking		...	4	20	4	3	7	6	14	4	...	8	4	...	1	100·0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	...	Theft	of cattle	...	6	59	4	34	17	41	20	7	1	4	3	5	5	50·0	1	...	1	1	...	...	...
				ordinary	...	195	1,516	431	184	581	571	709	78	7	277	150	37	14	27·5	183	4	7	16	...	17	4
45	406 to 408	...	Criminal breach of trust		...	17	293	129	27	68	79	102	11	...	51	11	2	...	...	25	1	3	5	...	4	...
45a	409	...	,, by public servant, or by banker, etc.			...	8	1	...	...	...	7	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	411, 414	...	Receiving stolen property	...	...	...	12	1	4	5	5	6	...	...	...	2	1	1	50·0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
46a	419, 420	...	Cheating	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47	447, 448	...	Criminal or house-trespass	...	...	71	1,435	390	33	635	516	600	22	4	166	137	6	2	25·0	74	120	15	11	...	69	...
48	461, 462	...	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total	...	...	293	3,346	961	286	1,313	1,219	1,459	122	12	511	307	51	23	31·1	289	125	26	33	...	90	4
CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																										
49	295 to 297	...	Offences against religion	...	...	...	8	2	1	3	3	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
50	Cases under Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.		Vagrancy and bad character	...	...	1	33	3	11	...	2	29	...	...	10	7	2	5	71·4	1	...	4	...	...	...	...
51	Cognisable offences under the Acts specified opposite.		Offences against Gambling Act	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52			,, ,, Excise Laws	...	...	1	14	...	...	...	...	15	1	...	1	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53			,, ,, Opium Laws	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
54			,, ,, Railway Laws	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
55			,, ,, Salt and Customs Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56			,, ,, Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878)		...	...	194	...	3	...	1	193	...	...	4	185	...	1	100·0	2	...	...	1	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, section 34 of Act V of 1861, and offences under any other Municipal or Local Laws.		Public and local nuisances	...	...	2	84	11	1	30	18	57	...	...	9	40	...	...	...	1	2	1	2	...	2	...
			Total	...	...	5	349	16	16	33	24	314	1	...	30	256	2	6	75·0	6	3	6	3	...	2	...
			Cruelty to Animals	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	...
58	Offences under other special or local laws declared to be cognisable.		Fisheries Act	...	...	17	161	37	6	31	19	122	1	...	18	18	...	1	100·0	19	13	37	2	...	14	...
			Ferries Act	...	...	11	59	16	1	12	3	51	2	...	5	5	...	1	100·0	3	3	34	...	...	...	...
			Forest Regulation	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Garo Hills Administration Rules		...	...	17	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	1	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total	...	...	29	249	53	7	43	22	203	3	...	25	47	...	2	100·0	24	17	71	2	...	15	...
			Grand total	...	...	456	5,415	1,430	450	1,826	1,750	2,691	174	25	771	801	79	70	47·0	437	221	124	55	...	128	5

RETURN OF COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART II.—Return of persons concerned in cases instituted by complaint to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate suo motu *in the year* 1899.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Number of persons against whom process issued.		Number of persons		Number of persons appearing before court (either personally or by pleader).	Number concerned in cases pending at beginning of year.	Total before courts.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 11 and 12.	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.					
			Warrant.	Summons.	Against whom warrant issued, but could not be executed.	Evading service of summons or not complying therewith, and whose attendance was not eventually obtained.								Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Died.	Abandoned.	Absconded.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15					
1	115	Abetment of cognisable offence not committed, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of cognisable offence by public, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit cognisable offence, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, SAFETY, AND JUSTICE.																		
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 254 ...	„ „ to coin	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
3a	255 to 263A ...	„ „ to stamps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3b	467 and 471 ...	„ „ to Government Promissory Notes...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3c	489A to 489D ...	„ „ to Currency Notes and Bank Notes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212, 216 and 216A ...	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224, 225, 225B and 226 ...	Other offences against public justice	1	7	...	...	6	1	7	3	4	57·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158, 159	Rioting or unlawful assembly	170	426	11	56	618	55	673	237	396	62·6	18	7	1	5	...	9	...
7	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	172	434	11	56	626	56	682	240	400	62·5	20	7	1	5	...	9	...
	CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																		
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		„ dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		„ robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		„ poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

13	307	... ...	Attempts at murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308	... ...	Culpable homicide	...	15	...	...	18	...	18	5	13	72·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	... ...	Rape by a person other than the husband ...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	50·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	... ...	Unnatural offences	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	... ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	...	Grievous hurt	2	8	...	...	14	5	19	6	9	60·0	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	328	... ...	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	... ...	Hurt by dangerous weapon	11	46	...	2	57	4	61	15	20	57·1	4	21	1	...	...	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	... ...	Kidnapping or abduction	5	18	1	...	31	5	36	29	3	9·4	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	... ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	1	5	...	...	8	...	8	4	3	42·9	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	... ...	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	... ...	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	...	Criminal force to public servant or women, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	17	34	...	...	55	8	63	37	21	36·2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
29	304A, 336	... ...	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total	42	127	1	2	191	22	213	98	71	42·0	16	24	3	...	...	...		1
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY.																				
30	395, 397, 398	...	Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402	...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	...	Robbery with hurt ... by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Robbery with hurt ... „ other means ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	...	Robbery ... in dwelling-house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Robbery ... other robberies ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440		Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	...	6	...	...	11	...	11		7	63·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	428, 429	...	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	9	70	...	7	83	6	89	40	36	47·4	1	9	1	...	...	2	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460	...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	5	4	...	1	12	8	20	5	15	75·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

RETURN OF COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART II.—Return of persons concerned in cases instituted by complaint to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate suo motu *in the year* 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Number of persons against whom process issued.		Number of persons		Number of persons appearing before court (either personally or by pleader).	Number concerned in cases pending at beginning of year.	Total before courts.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 11 and 12.	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.					
			Warrant.	Summons.	Against whom warrant issued, but could not be executed.	Evading service of summons or not complying therewith, and whose attendance was not eventually obtained.								Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Died.	Abandoned.	Absconded.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15					
		CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY—*contd.*																	
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	...	1	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	50·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	412 to 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	14	81	...	8	108	14	122	50	50	54·1	1	9	1	...	...	2	...
		CLASS IV.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																	
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	25	195	3	9	224	4	228	88	48	35·3	7	71	7	2	...	5	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	25	195	3	9	225	4	229	88	49	35·8	7	71	7	2	...	5	...
		CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																	
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	7	8	...	...	21	1	22	8	11	57·9	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... ... { of cattle ... ... / ordinary	2	5	...	...	29	...	29	13	15	53·6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
			158	534	1	43	744	75	819	512	257	33·4	27	11	7	2	2	1	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	29	52	3	11	74	8	82	57	14	19·7	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
45a	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by banker, etc.	4	7	...	...	10	1	11	4	3	42·9	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	...	2	...	...	5	...	5	3	2	40·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46a	419, 420	Cheating	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	50	693	2	54	704	24	728	289	191	39·8	17	172	15	2	2	40	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	280	701	6	108	1,583	109	1,697	887	493	35·7	62	183	23	4	4	41	...

CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.

49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	4	...	...	4	...	4	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
50	Cases under Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	4	46	...	...	12	...	52	24	28	53·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	Cognisable offences under the Acts specified opposite.	Offences against Gambling Act	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52		" " Excise Laws	...	16	...	...	17	1	18	1	17	94·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53		" " Opium Laws	2	3	...	...	6	...	6	2	4	66·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54		" " Railway Laws	1	9	...	1	10	...	10	3	7	70·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		" " Salt and Customs Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		" " Arms Act, 18;8 (XI of 1878) ...	2	73	...	...	202	...	202	3	198	98·5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 282, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, section 34 of Act V of 1861, and offences under any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	...	40	...	3	65	...	65	11	50	82·0	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
		Total	9	192	...	4	357	1	358	47	304	86·6	1	4	...	2	...	...	...
	Offences under other special or local laws declared to be cognisable.	Cruelty to Animals	...	5	...	...	7	...	7	...	6	100·0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		Fisheries Act	11	176	...	34	173	17	190	43	50	53·8	3	42	33	...	...	19	...
		Ferries Act	7	39	...	28	18	5	23	9	7	43·7	...	1	6	...	...	...	...
		Forest Regulation...	...	21	...	...	21	...	21	2	19	90·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Garo Hills Administration Rules	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	1	24	96·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	18	241	...	62	244	22	266	55	106	65·8	4	43	39	...	...	19	...
		Grand total	530	1,971	21	249	3,339	228	3,567	1,465	1,482	50·3	111	341	74	13	4	76	1

RETURN OF COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART III.—Return of cases reported at a police station, or taken up by the police, in the year 1899.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Cases (originally reported at a police station or taken up on suspicion by the police) pending under police investigation from 1898.	Reported during the year.					Cases taken up by station officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the police (*i.e.*, of columns 4, 5, 6, and 10).	Not sent to Magistrate (accused, if any, released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code).				Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16, in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the courts.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by court after trial never to have occurred, or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the court held after trial that a non-cognisable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.						
				Investigated by the police							In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken, or non-cognisable.	In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case.																				
				Upon the report.	Under Magistrate's order after investigation had been refused by the police.	Not investigated.	Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (column 5 to total).					Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of year.												Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Died.	Abandoned.	Lunatic.	Absconded.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28						
1	115	Abetment of cognisable offence not committed, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of cognisable offence by public, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit cognisable offence, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, SAFETY AND JUSTICE.																															
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 254, 407 and 471	Offences relating to coin ...	...	27	1	1	29	95·6	1	29	3	1	...	...	...	2	1	22	1	23	8	13	61·9	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
3a	255 to 263A ...	Offences relating to stamps ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3b	467 and 471 ...	Offences relating to Government Promissory Notes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3c	489A to 489D ...	Offences relating to Currency Notes and Bank Notes ...	...	1	...	...	1	100·0	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212, 216 and 216A ...	Harbouring an offender ...	...	2	...	...	2	100·0	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224, 225, 225B and 226	Other offences against public justice	6	54	...	...	54	100·0	18	78	...	...	...	...	...	15	1	62	3	55	8	54	87·1	5	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158, 159	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	16	604	3	3	610	99·0	3	626	185	1	5	6	...	15	24	390	50	420	87	274	75·9	45	22	50	6	2	1	...	...	...	...
7	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	...	6	...	...	6	100·0	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	5	1	4	80·0	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	22	694	4	4	702	98·7	22	742	188	2	5	6	...	34	27	480	34	514	105	345	76·7	54	23	54	6	3	1	...	...	...	...

CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.

| | | |

D.—POLICE.

RETURN OF COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART III.—Return of cases reported at a police station, or taken up by the police, in the year 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Cases (originally reported at a police station or taken up on suspicion by the police) pending under police investigation from 1898.	Reported during the year.					Cases taken up by station officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the police (*i.e.*, of columns 4, 5, 6 and 10).	Not sent to Magistrate (accused, if any, released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code).				Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16, in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the courts.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by court after trial never to have occurred, or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the court held after trial that a non-cognisable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.						
				Investigated by the police																												
				Upon the report.	Under Magistrate's order after investigation had been refused by the police.	Not investigated.	Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (column 5) to total.			In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognisable.	In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case.																			
													Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of year.												Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Died.	Abandoned.	Lunatic.	Absconded.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28						
CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY.																																
30	395, 397, 398 ...	Dacoity	2	15	...	...	15	100·0	...	17	2	...	...	...	...	6	1	8	1	9	2	5	71·4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ...	Robbery with hurt, by poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt, other means ...	...	6	...	...	6	100·0	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	4	...	4	...	4	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery in dwelling-house...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery on the highway between sunset and sunrise ...	...	5	...	...	5	100·0	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	2	...	2	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery other robberies	...	22	...	...	22	100·0	...	22	11	...	...	...	...	3	3	5	...	5	...	4	100·0	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences...	11	120	...	3	123	97·6	...	131	31	1	...	...	...	70	4	25	8	33	15	13	46·4	5	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal ...	8	156	2	8	166	94·0	...	166	35	1	1	5	...	56	5	63	6	69	25	31	55·4	3	4	9	2	1	...	...	...	1
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	44	1,366	13	80	1,459	93·6	...	1,423	163	4	...	2	...	1,009	34	220	15	235	43	166	79·4	13	...	22	...	...	...	...	2	...

37	449 to 452 ...	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	...	23	...	...	23	100·0	...	23	4	...	...	...	...	5	...	14	...	14	4	8	66·7	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	65	1,713	15	91	1,819	94·2	...	1,793	247	6	1	7	...	1,143	48	341	30	371	89	233	72·4	21	7	39	2	4	...	...	...	3	1			
CLASS IV.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																																				
40	341 to 344 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement	11	225	4	36	265	84·9	1	241	96	...	1	1	...	42	2	99	6	105	31	43	58·1	12	3	5	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...	3	...	...	3	100·0	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour ...	...	1	...	...	1	100·0	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	11	229	4	36	269	85·1	1	245	97	...	1	1	...	43	2	101	6	107	31	45	59·2	12	3	5	26	...	...	...	...	...	...			
CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	2	106	...	4	110	96·4	...	108	15	1	...	3	...	19	3	67	4	71	18	45	71·9	6	...	4	...	2	1	...	...	...	...			
44	379 to 382 ...	Theft ... of cattle ...	13	370	5	8	383	96·6	...	388	96	...	1	3	...	63	11	214	4	218	57	140	71·1	26	5	8	...	5	2	...	...	...	6			
		Theft ... ordinary ...	66	2,339	60	382	2,780	84·1	1	2,466	718	4	8	7	1	807	62	859	34	893	198	629	76·1	77	15	54	...	9	...	...	1	2	...			
45	406 to 408 ...	Criminal breach of trust ...	7	133	...	10	143	93·0	...	140	42	...	1	2	...	40	4	51	9	60	28	28	50·0	13	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
45a	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servant, or by banker, etc.	...	20	...	...	20	100·0	5	25	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	3	27	7	18	72·0	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property ...	12	273	2	1	276	98·9	2	289	21	...	1	2	...	2	...	263	6	269	58	206	78·0	21	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...			
46a	419, 420	Cheating	...	7	1	...	8	87·5	3	11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	...	9	100·0	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...			
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass ...	17	345	5	42	392	88·0	...	367	107	...	2	1	...	85	4	168	6	174	30	82	73·2	8	5	3	56	3	...	...	...	...	...			
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total	117	3,593	73	446	4,112	87·4	11	3,794	1,001	5	13	18	1	1,016	84	1,656	66	1,722	396	1,158	74·5	153	31	79	56	20	3	...	1	3	6			
CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																																				
49	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	118	120	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	112	10	122	46	63	57·8	...	...	10	...	...	3	...	...	...			
51	Cognisable offences under the Acts specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	...	10	...	...	10	100·0	12	22	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	21	...	21	1	20	95·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
52		,, ,, Excise Laws...	2	45	...	1	46	97·8	262	309	4	...	...	1	...	9	1	294	2	296	34	258	88·4	20	2	3	...	1	...	...	...	...			
53		,, ,, Opium Laws	...	17	...	...	17	100·0	98	115	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	112	5	117	21	90	81·1	6	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	...			
54		,, ,, Railway Laws	...	23	...	...	23	100·0	...	23	2	...	...	...	...	5	2	14	...	14	...	8	100·0	...	...	2	...	1	2	...	1	...			
55		,, ,, Salt and Customs Laws...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
56		,, ,, Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878).	1	14	...	...	14	100·0	107	122	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	118	10	128	19	106	84·8	7	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...			
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 285, 289, 291 to 294, section 34 of Act V of 1861, and offences under any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances ...	7	47	...	1	48	97·9	1,494	1,548	3	1	...	...	...	11	1	1,532	3	1,535	110	1,414	92·8	2	1	5	...	3	3	...	...	...	...			
		Total	12	156	...	2	158	98·7	2,091	2,259	12	1	...	1	...	35	7	2,203	30	2,233	231	1,959	89·5	35	3	27	...	5	10	...	1	...	...			

D.—POLICE.

RETURN OF COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART III.—Return of cases reported at a police station, or taken up by the police, in the year 1899—concluded.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Cases (originally reported at a police station or taken up on suspicion by the police) pending under police investigation from 1899.	Reported during the year.				Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (column 5) to total.	Cases taken up by station officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the police (*i.e.*, of columns 4, 5, 6 and 10).	Not sent to Magistrate (accused, if any, released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code).				Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the courts.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the court held after trial that a non-cognisable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.						
				Investigated by the police							In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognisable.	In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case.																			
				Upon the report.	Under Magistrate's order after investigation had been refused by the police.	Not investigated.	Total.						Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of year.												Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Died.	Abandoned.	Lunatic.	Absconded.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28						
58.	Offences under other special or local laws declared to be cognisable.	Cruelty to Animals	...	28	...	...	28	100·0	34	62	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	60	...	60	8	52	80·7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Fisheries Act	3	51	1	4	56	91·1	2	57	19	...	...	...	...	8	1	29	...	29	4	13	76·5	4	...	4	6	...	1	...	1	...	...
		Explosives Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ferries Act	...	1	...	...	1	100·0	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Forest Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	50·0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	3	80	1	4	85	94·1	41	125	20	...	...	...	...	9	1	95	...	95	13	70	84·3	9	...	4	6	...	1	...	1	...	...
		Grand total	262	7,313	102	603	8,018	91·2	2,185	9,862	1,842	16	22	35	2	2,367	198	5,380	237	5,617	977	4,127	80·9	310	114	277	151	36	18	1	3	19	8

PART IV.

D.—POLICE.

RETURN OF COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART IV.—Return of persons concerned in cases reported at a police station, or in cases taken up by the police in the year 1899.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Persons in police custody, or on bail under section 170, Criminal Procedure Code, at beginning of year, as concerned in cases reported to, or in cases taken up by, the police.	Persons arrested by the police: Upon the report or other information.	Persons arrested by the police: Under Magistrate's orders after investigation had been refused by the police or the police had reported the charge to be false.	Persons not arrested because absconded (in cases occurring during the year).	Persons released by the station officer under section 169, and not required to appear by Magistrate.	Percentage of column 8 to column 5.	Persons released by Magistrate's order before trial.	Persons on bail or still in police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under the order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the courts at beginning of year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by the police on report or information (column 5).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.					
																			Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Died.	Lunatic.	Abandoned.	Absconded.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
1	115	Abetment of cognisable offence not committed, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of cognisable offence by public, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit cognisable offence, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, SAFETY AND JUSTICE.																							
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 254	Offences relating to coin	...	28	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	28	10	13	56·5	12	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
3a	255 to 263A	,, ,, to stamps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3b	467 and 471	,, ,, to Government Promissory Notes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3c	489A to 489D	,, ,, to Currency Notes and Bank Notes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212 to 216 and 216A ...	Harbouring an offender	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 225, 225b and 226 ...	Other offences against public justice	1	122	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157 to 159... ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	...	2,362	4	148	10	...	10	...	110	203	2,659	738	1,607	68·5	1,508	257	30	8	17	...	...	2	...
7	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	5	71·4	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	1	2,521	4	156	11	...	10	...	113	208	2,826	785	1,718	68·6	1,613	265	30	8	17	...	...	3	...

CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.

8	302, 303, 396	Murder	by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9			„ dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10			„ robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11			„ poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	...	...	...	...	...	76	...	1	1	...	...	4	1	19	91	36	16	30·8	15	37	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	2	66·7	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	...	...	...	...	...	61	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	13	71	12	46	82·1	45	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape by a person other than the husband	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	15	6	7	53·8	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	18	6	11	64·7	11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	10	2	3	60·0	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	...	...	...	...	...	33	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	2	33	7	21	75·0	21	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	...	...	...	...	...	212	1	2	7	...	3	2	9	33	243	67	121	64·4	115	18	32	1	1	1	2	...	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	20	5	15	75·0	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	...	...	...	...	1	149	...	6	1	...	...	...	5	11	165	19	90	82·6	85	7	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	...	...	...	...	...	31	...	2	5	...	...	...	2	7	35	17	10	37·0	4	5	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion	...	...	...	...	1	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	8	13	61·9	13	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or women, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	...	...	...	...	...	189	...	2	1	...	...	...	6	6	200	65	101	60·8	99	30	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11	5	5	50·0	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	6	832	1	16	20	...	4	6	28	109	946	260	461	63·9	440	127	84	4	1	4	4	1	...	...	...

CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY.

30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	48	1	6	10	...	...	...	...	3	42	20	13	39·4	13	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt..	by poisonous or stupefying drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			„ other means	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	21	9	12	57·1	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

RETURN OF COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART IV.—Return of persons concerned in cases reported at a police station, or in cases taken up by the police, in the year 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Persons in police custody, or on bail under section 170, Criminal Procedure Code, at beginning of year, as concerned in cases reported to, or in cases taken up by the police.	Persons arrested by the police: Upon the report or other information.	Persons arrested by the police: Under Magistrate's orders after investigation had been refused by the police or the police had reported the charge to be false.	Persons not arrested because absconded (in cases occurring during the year).	Persons released by the station officer under section 169, and not required to appear by Magistrate.	Percentage of column 8 to column 5.	Persons released by Magistrate's order before trial.	Persons on bail or still in police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the courts at beginning of year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by the police on report or information (column 5).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks: Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Died.	Lunatic.	Abandoned.	Absconded.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY—*contd.*																								
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling-house	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	5	83·3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	3	9	75·0	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	...	32	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	6	33	17	12	41·4	11	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal ...	1	80	2	1	8	...	...	...	9	8	92	43	40	48·2	33	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	1
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	3	437	1	4	65	...	4	...	7	16	395	91	248	73·4	246	54	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
37	449 to 452 ...	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	6	14	70·0	14	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	4	667	4	11	94	...	4	...	16	33	626	190	353	65·0	343	74	3	2	...	1	1	1	1

		CLASS IV.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																											
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	...	...	...	273	16	...	6	...	2	...	5	6	292	124	92	42·6	79	18	57	...	...	1	...	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100·0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100·0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	275	16	...	6	...	2	...	5	6	294	124	94	43·1	81	18	57	...	...	1	...	...	...
		CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																											
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	...	...	...	77	...	1	4	...	...	...	1	4	78	24	46	65·7	46	5	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft of cattle	...	...	...	294	9	5	6	...	...	...	4	4	305	114	167	59·4	176	10	...	5	2	...	...	...	7
		Theft ordinary	...	...	2	1,366	14	21	110	...	7	...	35	54	1,354	359	863	70·6	821	101	...	23	1	1	...	6	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	...	...	...	80	2	14	3	...	1	...	3	15	96	56	33	37·1	30	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45a	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servant, or by banker, etc.	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	28	9	18	66·7	16	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	...	...	2	461	1	1	3	...	...	...	5	13	479	161	311	65·9	307	5	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
46a	419, 420	Cheating	...	...	...	14	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	13	100·0	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	...	...	1	355	1	1	1	...	2	...	12	19	385	103	166	61·7	163	5	98	12	...	...	...	1	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	5	2,672	28	43	127	...	10	...	60	112	2,740	826	1,617	66·2	1,572	134	98	42	3	2	4	16	7
		CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																											
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	...	...	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	160	11	192	78	98	55·7	10	15	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
51	Cognisable offences under the Acts specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	...	...	...	82	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	14	67	82·7	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
52		,, ,, Excise Laws	...	...	...	327	...	1	2	...	...	...	2	1	328	43	278	86·6	277	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
53		,, ,, Opium Laws	...	...	...	126	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	4	129	27	95	77·9	95	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
54		,, ,, Railway Laws	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	8	...	4	1	20	1	15	93·7	15	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
55		,, ,, Salt and Customs Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		,, ,, Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878)	...	...	...	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	152	30	118	79·7	114	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 288, 289, 291 to 294, section 34 of Act V of 1861, and offences under any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	...	...	...	1,637	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1,639	134	1,478	91·7	1,452	7	...	2	2	...	2	10	4
		Total	...	...	...	2,355	1	2	4	...	8	...	166	33	2,543	327	2,149	86·8	2,026	39	1	3	4	1	2	13	4
58	Offences under other special or local laws declared to be cognisable.	Cruelty to Animals	...	...	...	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	10	57	85·1	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Fisheries Act	...	...	...	131	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	131	25	68	75·1	68	11	22	...	2	...	...	2	1
		Ferries Act	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100·0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Explosives Act	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	100·0	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Forest Regulation	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	50·0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	205	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	205	36	131	78·4	131	11	22	...	2	...	...	2	1
		Grand total	...	...	16	9,527	54	231	262	...	38	6	388	501	10,180	2,548	6,523	71·9	6,206	668	295	59	27	9	8	30	13

D.—POLICE.

RETURN OF NON-COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART I.—Return of non-cognisable cases.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Pending at beginning of year.			Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by the Magistrate of his own motion or upon information from the police.	Referred to police for investigation.	Total for disposal (*i.e.*, total of columns 4 to 8).	Number dismissed without trial.	Number tried.		Number of cases pending at close of the year.			Number declared by court never to have occurred or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the court held that a cognisable offence was committed.	Remarks.					
			Under investigation by order of Magistrate										Under investigation										
			With the police.	Otherwise under investigation.	Under trial.						Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.	With the police.	Otherwise under investigation.	Under trial.			Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Abandoned.	Absconded.	Died.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19					
1	115	Abetment of non-cognisable offence not committed, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of non-cognisable offence by public, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit non-cognisable offence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, ETC., ETC.																							
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 225A, 227 to 229.	Offences against public justice	...	12	12	82	254	...	360	8	89	225	...	1	24	3	...	3	...	4	6	...	...
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Offences by public servants	...	2	6	27	8	...	43	12	13	12	...	1	3	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property.	...	7	15	62	98	4	182	19	72	68	...	5	12	4	...	...	...	6	...	...	...
7	465 to 477A	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents not being Government Promissory Notes, and falsifying accounts.	...	...	2	13	3	...	18	6	2	5	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures ...	...	...	...	14	13	...	27	4	7	15	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks ...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
10	149, 153A to 154, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	...	...	2	13	8	...	23	4	2	13	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	21	37	211	388	4	657	53	187	339	...	10	43	9	...	4	2	11	7	...	1

	CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																								
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	...	...	1	2	1	...	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12a	376	Rape by the husband	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PROPERTY.																								
13	384 to 389	Extortion	...	...	...	7	2	55	...	...	64	34	14	9	1	2	1	4	...	2	1	...	...	...	...
	CLASS IV.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																								
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	...	...	...	157	134	5,683	7	19	5,981	3,514	585	772	...	133	126	48	4	527	210	63	501	...	...
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	3	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	...	2	31	58	974	...	4	1,026	426	76	166	...	33	41	6	...	154	27	8	95	...	...
		Total	...	...	2	188	192	6,619	7	23	7,009	3,941	661	939	...	166	167	54	4	681	237	71	596	...	...
	CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																								
18	417, 418	Cheating	...	...	...	12	5	234	...	...	251	165	42	22	...	2	7	8	...	2	8	1	2	...	...
19	403 to 405	Criminal misappropriation of property	...	...	1	20	1	299	1	9	322	229	44	23	...	7	6	9	...	12	...	...	1	...	...
20	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	...	...	...	62	37	1,633	...	8	1,732	922	197	186	1	44	47	46	1	134	44	43	143	1	...
		Total	...	...	1	94	43	2,156	1	17	2,305	1,316	283	231	1	53	60	63	1	148	52	14	146	1	...
	CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																								
21	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	...	...	...	...	...	32	2	...	34	7	1	12	...	3	2	...	...	6	1	...	2	...	...
23	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	...	...	...	28	23	616	...	2	667	418	71	38	1	24	22	9	...	57	15	11	9	...	1
24	500 to 502	Defamation	...	...	...	12	2	201	1	...	216	118	35	15	...	8	6	4	...	28	...	4	2	...	...
25	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation, insult and annoyance	...	...	...	19	5	330	1	...	355	214	26	56	...	6	7	1	...	32	2	1	11	...	...
26	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	...	...	...	...	6	52	58	3	116	8	16	90	...	1	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	294 A	Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Cases under Chapter VIII(A), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	...	...	...	4	12	156	79	97	251	84	69	58	...	4	14	7	...	3	14	3	2	...	...
29	Cases under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	...	...	3	3	92	7	1	105	43	15	33	...	5	2	...	...	2	2	3	...	...	...
30	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property	...	...	...	...	1	20	4	1	25	4	5	11	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
31	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children	...	...	...	4	1	141	...	...	146	47	29	35	...	2	2	...	...	22	3	3	3	...	...
32	514, C. P. C.	Forfeiture of bond and bail	...	...	...	1	...	1	79	...	81	4	11	64	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
33	250 and 552, C. P. C.	Frivolous or vexatious complaints	...	...	...	...	...	1	40	...	41	...	...	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	71	53	1,644	271	104	2,039	947	278	453	1	54	59	28	...	152	39	25	29	...	1

D.—POLICE.

RETURN OF NON-COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART I.—Return of non-cognisable cases—continued.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Pending at beginning of year.			Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by the Magistrate of his own motion or upon information from the police.	Referred to police for investigation.	Total for disposal (i.e., total of columns 4 to 8).	Number dismissed without trial.	Number tried.		Number of cases pending at close of the year.			Number declared by court never to have occurred or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the court held that a cognisable offence was committed.	Remarks.					
			Under investigation by order of Magistrate								Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.	Under investigation										
			With the police.	Otherwise under investigation.	Under trial.								With the police.	Otherwise under investigation.	Under trial.			Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Abandoned.	Absconded.	Died.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19					
OFFENCES UNDER OTHER SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS NOT COGNISABLE BY THE POLICE.																							
	Act XVII of 1878...	Ferries Act	...	1	4	90	11	...	106	28	17	31	...	2	5	1	...	5	10	3	6	...	...
	,, IX of 1870...	Railway Act	...	...	...	21	24	...	45	...	4	37	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
	,, VII (B.C.) of 1878...	Abkari Act	...	2	...	9	39	...	50	...	9	40	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, I of 1878...	Opium Act	...	...	...	1	12	1	13	1	2	9	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, XIII of 1859...	Breach of Contract	...	5	5	529	...	4	539	134	49	227	...	5	9	...	...	23	22	51	19	...	...
	,, XI of 1878...	Arms Act	...	...	...	7	6	...	13	...	2	10	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, V of 1861...	Police Act	...	...	11	...	293	5	304	...	23	274	...	2	7	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...
	,, XXVI of 1870...	Jails Act	...	...	...	2	6	...	8	...	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Regulation VII of 1891...	Forest Regulation...	...	1	...	101	18	...	120	...	24	83	...	4	3	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...
	Act VI of 1879...	Elephant Preservation Act	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, XIII of 1880...	Vaccination Act	...	...	1	...	3	...	4	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, XVIII of 1879...	The Legal Practitioners Act	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Regulation V of 1873...	Inner Line Regulation	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Act XIV of 1866...	Post Office Act	...	...	...	3	1	...	4	...	1	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, I of 1879...	Stamp Act	...	2	2	48	40	...	92	...	5	72	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	1
	,, IX of 1867...	Gambling Act	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, I of 1871...	Pound Act	...	57	47	1,756	...	1	1,860	847	233	257	...	40	37	31	...	136	83	54	145	28	...

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RETURN OF NON-COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART II.—Return of persons concerned in non-cognisable cases.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Persons concerned in cases pending at beginning of the year (*viz.*, under trial or against whom process had issued).	Persons against whom process issued		Persons not arrested because absconded, or evading or not complying with summons during the year; also, those against whom processes were outstanding at end of the year.	Appeared before the courts.	Persons discharged after appearance without trial.	Persons tried.		Percentage of number convicted to number against whom process issued (columns 5 and 6).	Persons under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.					
				On complaint.	On Magistrate's own motion, or information from the police.				Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.			Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Abandoned.	Absconded.	Died.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14					
1	115	Abetment of non-cognisable offence not committed, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of non-cognisable offence by public, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit non-cognisable offence ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, ETC., ETC.																	
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 225A, 227 to 229.	Offences against public justice	16	194	233	7	463	6	143	318	72·0	7	2	...	...	...	...	...
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	5	19	12	1	35	1	15	14	45·2	2	1	...	...	...	...	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints, and claims and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property.	18	62	88	3	165	6	80	66	44·0	12	...	...	...	1	2	...
7	465 to 477A	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents, not being Government Promissory Notes, and falsifying accounts.	...	9	4	...	13	...	5	4	30·8	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	...	14	18	1	31	2	15	14	43·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	...	3	...	...	3	...	2	1	33·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	149, 153A to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	2	13	22	6	51	...	11	35	100·0	...	...	5	...	...	...	...
		Total	41	314	382	18	767	15	271	445	61·9	24	3	5	...	1	2	1

	CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																								
11	312 to 316	...	...	...	Causing miscarriage	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	370	...	...	...	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12a	376	...	...	...	Rape by the husband	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PROPERTY.																								
13	384 to 389	...	...	...	Extortion	...	...	...	...	...	12	27	11	...	50	8	23	16	42·1	...	3	...	...	...	...
	CLASS IV.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																								
14	345	...	...	...	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	...	...	...	Criminal force	...	...	...	...	147	3,296	12	649	3,012	85	853	1,063	32·1	46	631	103	79	143	8	1
16	334	...	...	...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	323	...	...	...	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	...	...	...	45	778	5	153	674	12	120	269	34·4	26	190	15	14	27	1	...
					Total	...	...	...	...	192	4,076	17	802	3,688	97	973	1,334	32·6	72	821	118	93	170	9	1
	CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																								
18	417, 418	...	...	...	Cheating	...	...	...	...	3	102	...	11	94	1	56	23	22·5	5	2	5	...	2	...	...
19	403 to 405	...	...	...	Criminal misappropriation of property	...	...	...	...	7	99	2	4	104	1	49	35	34·7	4	11	...	2	1	1	...
20	426, 427, 434	...	...	...	Mischief (simple)	...	...	...	...	43	1,088	10	143	998	26	341	282	25·7	28	224	23	13	53	8	...
					Total	...	...	...	...	53	1,289	12	158	1,196	28	446	340	26·1	37	237	28	15	56	9	...
	CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																								
21	298	...		...	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
22	490 to 492	...	...	...	Criminal breach of contract of service	...	...	...	...	...	65	...	28	37	...	1	31	47·7	...	...	...	2	3	...	...
23	493 to 498	...	...	...	Offences relating to marriage	...	...	...	...	19	224	1	26	219	7	86	40	17·8	11	41	24	2	5	...	...
24	500 to 502	...	...	...	Defamation	...	...	...	...	3	109	...	2	111	2	41	18	16·5	7	26	...	11	1	...	2
25	504, 506 to 510	...	...	...	Intimidation, insult and annoyance	...	...	...	...	14	166	...	32	150	4	33	67	40·4	4	37	...	2	3	...	...
26	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	...			Public and local nuisances	...	...	...	...	1	65	56	1	125	...	16	109	50·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	514, C. P. C.	...	...	...	Forfeiture of bond and bail	...	...	...	...	1	1	136	3	125	3	22	100	78·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Cases under Chapter VIII (A), C. P. C.				Security for keeping the peace on conviction	...	...	...	...	7	232	120	25	416	...	204	185	52·6	13	13	...	...	1	...	...
29	Cases under Chapter X, C. P. C.	...			Public nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	118	6	1	128	...	37	89	71·8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
30	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	...			Disputes as to immovable property	...	...	...	...	2	23	5	1	29	...	13	16	57·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.				Maintenance of wives and children	...	...	...	...	3	95	...	9	92	1	29	35	36·8	1	22	3	...	1	...	...
32	250 and 552, C. P. C.	...	...		Frivolous or vexatious complaints	...	...	...	...	...	1	35	...	43	...	...	43	119·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					Total	...	...	...	...	50	1,102	349	128	1,478	17	485	733	50·5	36	147	27	17	14	...	2

RETURN OF NON-COGNISABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

PART II.—Return of persons concerned in non-cognisable cases—continued.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Persons concerned in cases pending at beginning of the year (viz., under trial or against whom process had issued).	Persons against whom process issued		Persons not arrested because absconded, or evading or not complying with summons during the year; also those against whom processes were outstanding at end of the year.	Appeared before the courts.	Persons discharged after appearance without trial.	Persons tried.		Percentage of number convicted to number against whom process issued (columns 5 and 6).	Persons under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.						
				On complaint.	On Magistrate's own motion, or information from the police.				Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.			Compounded.	Withdrawn.	Struck off.	Abandoned.	Absconded.	Died.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14						
OFFENCES UNDER OTHER SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS NOT COGNISABLE BY THE POLICE.																			
	Act XVII of 1878 ...	Ferries Act	1	87	14	8	96	1	24	38	37·6	...	6	20	...	7	...	...
	,, IX of 1870 ...	Railway Act	6	21	...	1	51	...	5	42	294·8	2	...	...	...	1	...	...
	,, VII (B.C.) of 1878 ...	Abkari Act	2	9	38	...	49	...	9	40	85·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, I of 1878 ...	Opium Act	...	49	3	3	49	...	4	42	89·8	1	...	2	...	...	...	...
	,, XIII of 1859 ...	Breach of Contract...	17	318	...	43	322	4	39	212	66·7	4	18	17	3	4	1	...
	,, XI of 1878 ...	Arms Act	...	11	5	...	16	...	2	13	81·2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, V of 1861 ...	Police Act	11	17	34	4	332	...	30	299	586·3	1	...	2	...	...	...	...
	,, XXVI of 1870 ...	Jails Act	10	2	4	...	8	...	1	7	116·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Regulation VII of 1891 ...	Forest Regulation	...	309	63	5	383	...	80	281	77·4	5	12	5	...	...	...	...
	Act VI of 1879 ...	Elephant Preservation Act	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, XIII of 1880 ...	Vaccination Act	...	...	29	...	29	...	28	1	34·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Regulation V of 1873 ...	Inner Line Regulation	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Act XIV of 1866 ...	Post Office Act	...	3	1	1	3	...	1	2	50·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, I of 1879 ...	Stamp Act	6	58	39	9	94	...	5	86	88·7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	,, I of 1871 ...	Pound Act	75	1,551	30	228	1,438	44	437	444	28·1	18	242	107	23	213	3	...
	,, IV (B.C.) of 1873 ...	Registration of Births and Deaths	...	66	141	32	196	...	19	153	76·1	...	3	1	...	...	...	...

| | | |

Property stolen and recovered for the year 1899.

Offence.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A.—Cognisable.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
1. Theft ... (*a*) In conjunction with lurking house-trespass, or house-breaking.	1,161	323	27·8	104,227 11 4	16,881 5 0	16·2	
1. Theft ... (*b*) In conjunction with receiving of stolen property.	242	239	98·8	13,475 14 6	6,779 7 8	50·3	
1. Theft ... (*c*) Other thefts ...	1,759	961	54·6	70,579 7 2	28,002 3 6	39·7	
2. Robbery (*a*) Dacoity ...	9	2	22·2	3,270 6 0	225 4 0	6·9	
2. Robbery (*b*) Other robbery ...	9	3	33·3	2,396 3 3	130 8 3	5·5	
3. Criminal breach of trust ...	82	30	36·6	9,179 9 0	1,630 10 0	17·8	
4. Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by a banker, merchant or agent.	15	9	60·0	6,174 2 0	4,121 4 0	66·7	
Total	3,277	1,567	47·8	2,09,303 5 3	57,770 10 5	27·6	
B.—Non-cognisable.							
5. Extortion	10	1	10·0	356 0 0	55 0 0	15·4	
6. Criminal misappropriation	23	17	73·9	666 0 0	441 0 0	66·2	
Total	33	18	54·5	1,022 0 0	496 0 0	48·5	
Grand total	3,310	1,585	47·9	2,10,325 5 3	58,266 10 5	27·7	

Return of Professional Crime for the year 1899.

Offences.	Cases.				Persons.			Return of police work for three years.										Remarks.
	Committed during the previous two years, and in which no conviction nor acquittal or discharge had taken place up to beginning of the year.	Occurred during the year.	Number of cases in which conviction was obtained		Number concerned in cases in columns 2 and 3.	Convicted.	Under trial or arrest at close of the year.	Persons brought to trial after being arrested by the police.			Persons convicted.			Value of property stolen.			Value of property recovered.			
			Of those in column 2.	Of those in column 3.				1897.	1898.	1899.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1897.	1898.	1899.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			10			11			12			13
Thuggee (*a*) By strangulation.																				
Thuggee (*b*) By poisoning																				
Other professional crime—										BLANK.										
Dacoity																				
Robbery																				
Cattle theft, etc., etc. ...																				

D.—POLICE.

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution, and Employment of District Police in the year 1899.

District.	Sanctioned strength of Police Force.											Cost of Police.										Distribution of Force.			
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial or Provincial Revenues.								Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial or Provincial Revenues.		Pay and travelling or other allowances (of all kinds) of controlling officers (column 2), and pay and travelling or other allowances of their establishments.	Pay and travelling or other allowances (of all kinds) of District and Assistant District Superintendents and their office and personal establishments.	Total pay of subordinate officers (columns 4 to 6).	Total pay of constables of all classes (columns 7 to 9).	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in columns 13 and 14.	Average pay of		Contingencies and all expenses other than those included in columns 13 to 17.	Total cost.	Payable from (a) Imperial, (b) Provincial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	District Force.			
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Inspectors.	Number of Deputy Inspectors, Sub-inspectors, or chief or European constables.	Number of head constables or sergeants (mounted and unmounted).	Number of Mounted constables.	Number of Foot constables.	Number of Water constables.	Total.	Officers.	Men.						Mounted constables.	Foot and Water constables.					Guards at district, central, or subsidiary jails.		Reserve.	
																						Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
												Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				
Cachar	...	2	1	6	19	...	126	...	154	...	...	...	29,168	10,873	13,372	...	...	...	8,041	61,454	61,454	...	...	...	7	30
Sylhet ... ... { Civil Police	...	2	6	16	74	...	457	...	555	...	...	...	12,199	38,097	38,147	...	...	...	29,100	1,17,543	1,17,543	...	3	28	18	110
Sylhet ... ... { Union „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	706	...	...	...	...
Goalpara	...	1	2	8	30	...	215	...	256	...	...	...	8,643	12,783	18,636	...	...	...	9,808	50,170	50,170	...	1	6	2	23
Kamrup	...	1	2	7	30	...	273	...	313	...	...	...	10,270	12,359	21,925	...	...	...	18,107	62,661	62,661	...	1	13	8	69
Darrang	...	1	2	6	24	...	173	...	206	...	...	...	10,007	10,236	13,547	...	...	...	5,332	40,022	40,022	...	1	10	8	51
Nowgong	...	1	1	4	16	...	151	...	173	...	...	...	6,693	8,077	13,274	...	...	...	4,884	32,933	32,933	...	1	9	3	24
Sibsagar ... { Civil Police	...	2	3	7	30	...	246	...	288	...	8	...	13,113	14,836	22,673	...	...	...	11,934	68,656	68,656	...	2	6	4	69
Sibsagar ... { Union „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	780	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	1	2	4	14	...	117	...	138	...	...	...	12,649	8,957	11,377	...	...	...	10,895	43,878	43,878	...	...	...	1	17
Naga Hills	...	1	...	1	3	...	26	...	31	...	...	...	10,117	1,579	2,891	...	...	...	3,390	17,977	17,977	...	1	...	...	...
Khasi „	...	...	1	4	34	...	159	...	178	...	...	...	1,048	7,414	17,338	...	...	...	14,112	39,912	29,912	...	1	9	5	35
Garo „	...	...	...	1	8	...	58	...	67	...	...	...	42	2,125	4,987	...	...	...	3,339	10,493	10,493	...	...	4	2	18
Lushai „	...	3	...	2	15	...	86	...	106	...	...	...	14,045	4,817	9,049	...	...	...	7,348	35,259	35,259	...	...	...	...	8
Total ... ... { Civil Police	...	15	20	66	277	...	2,087	...	2,465	...	...	...	1,29,199	1,32,153	1,87,216	...	...	...	1,26,290	5,74,858	5,74,858	...	11	85	58	454
Total ... ... { Union „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	14	...	...	175	1,270	...	...	...	41	1,486	...	1,486	...	...	...	...
Office of the Inspector General of Police	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50,223	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,962	62,185	62,185	...	...	...	...	...
Grand total	1	15	20	66	277	...	2,087	...	2,465	1	14	50,223	1,29,199	1,32,328	1,88,486	...	...	...	1,38,293	6,38,529	6,37,043	1,486	11	85	58	454

D.—POLICE.

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution, and Employment of District Police in the year 1899—continued.

District.	Distribution of Force—*continued.*											Area of whole district, in square miles.	Population of whole district.	Number of police stations.	Number of outposts.	Proportion of the police engaged on prevention and detection of crime (officers and men)						Total amount of cognisable crime reported (column 5 of Part I and columns 8 and 10 of Part III of Statement A).	Proportion of cognisable crime to the Police Force engaged in the prevention and detection of crime (columns 32 and 33).
	District Force—*continued.*															To area			To population				
	Guards over lock-ups and treasuries, or escorts to prisoners and treasure (if not included in columns 26 and 27), also policemen on orderly duty.		Police employed in courts.		Engaged in prevention and detection of crime.		Total.		On town, municipal, or harbour duty.		In cantonments.					Of the whole district.	Of district, exclusive both of the area and the force in towns.	Of towns, exclusive of the force outside towns.	Of the whole district.	Of district, exclusive both of the population and the force in towns.	Of towns, exclusive of the force outside towns.		
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.													
	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
Cachar	...	14	4	11	14	59	25	114	1	12	...	2,471	367,542	7	6	1 to 33·8	1 to 34·3	10 to 1 sq.m.	1 to 5,034·8	1 to 5,000·3	1 to 578·0	1,365	18·7
Sylhet ... { Civil Police ...	7	29	11	24	55	228	94	419	2	38	...	5,414	2,154,593	17	15	1 „ 19·1	1 „ 12·7	1 „ ·08 „	1 „ 7,613·4	1 „ 5,036·6	1 „ 350·6	4,955	17·5
Union „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Goalpara	11	61	3	11	21	96	38	197	2	18	...	3,954	452,304	7	6	1 to 33·8	1 to 33·7	1 to ·15 „	1 to 3,865·8	1 to 3,778·0	1 to 513·8	1,284	11·0
Kamrup	2	29	3	10	22	112	36	233	3	40	...	3,660	634,249	4	10	1 „ 27·3	...	10 „ 1 „	1 „ 4,733·2	1 „ 5904·0	1 „ 486·0	1,799	13·4
Darrang	2	27	4	11	15	71	30	170	...	...	...	3,418	307,761	5	2	1 „ 39·7	...	...	1 „ 3,578·6	...	...	1,060	12·3
Nowgong	3	36	2	6	12	67	21	142	...	9	...	3,258	344,141	3	7	1 „ 41·2	1 to 20·8	4 to 1 „	1 „ 4,356·2	1 to 4,289·8	1 to 617·7	839	10·6
Sibsagar ... { Civil Police ...	7	59	5	16	21	89	39	239	1	7	...	2,855	457,274	4	7	1 „ 26·0	1 „ 25·9	...	1 „ 4,157·6	1 „ 4,109·3	1 „ 656·1	2,462	22·4
Union „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	9	3	12	14	60	18	98	2	19	...	3,724	254,053	3	5	1 to 50·3	1 to 50·3	...	1 to 3,433·1	1 to 3,299·6	1 to 470·2	1,449	19·6
Naga Hills	...	...	1	2	2	24	4	26	...	...	...	5,710	122,867	1	1	1 „ 219·6	...	...	1 „ 4,725·6	...	...	110	4·2
Khasi „	2	45	1	2	9	52	18	143	1	16	...	6,040	197,904	3	2	1 „ 99·0	1 to 54·5	...	1 „ 3,244·3	1 to 3,124·0	1 to 110·0	123	2·0
Garo „	...	...	2	4	5	32	9	58	...	...	...	3,270	121,570	1	4	1 „ 88·4	...	...	1 „ 3,285·7	...	...	172	4·7
Lushai „	1	10	...	...	16	68	17	86	...	...	...	7,000	70,000	2	5	1 „ 83·3	...	...	1 „ 833·3	...	...	27	·3
Total ... { Civil Police ...	35	319	39	109	206	958	349	1,925	12	159	...	50,774	5,484,258	57	70	1 to 43·6	...	...	1 to 4,711·6	...	...	15,645	13·4
Union „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Office of the Inspector General of Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand total	35	319	39	109	206	958	349	1,925	13	173	...	50,774	5,484,258	57	70	1 to 43·6	...	...	1 to 4,711·6	...	...	15,645	13·4

Supplement to the Statement showing Strength, Cost, Distribution, and Employment of Village Police for the year 1899.

District.	Village and Town Police not subject to Regular Police.					Remarks.
	Number of men.	Average number of houses in each man's charge.	Average annual emoluments of each man.	By whom paid.	Total annual cost.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Rs. a. p.		Rs.	
Cachar	636	67	48 13 11	Villagers ...	31,083	
Sylhet	5,327	71	45 0 0	Ditto ...	2,39,889	
Goalpara	799	72	65 4 11	Ditto ...	54,581	
Total	6,762	70	47 12 2	...	3,25,553	

D.—POLICE.

Showing the Strength, Cost, Distribution, and Employment of the Military Police on the 31st December 1899.

Battalion.	Actual strength of Military Police Force paid from Provincial Revenues.									Cost of Military Police.						
	Number of Commandants.	Number of Assistant Commandants.	Number of Subadars.	Number of Jemadars.	Number of Havildars.	Number of naiks.	Number of sepoys.	Number of buglers.	Total.	Total pay of Commandants and Assistant Commandants.	Travelling allowance of Commandants and Assistant Commandants.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of Native Officers, (columns 4 and 5).	Total pay of Non-Commissioned Officers and men (columns 6 to 9).	Contingencies and all other expenses not included in the preceding columns.	Total cost payable from Provincial Revenues.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
										Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Silchar	...	1	4	5	40	...	296	6	352	7,320	630	1,273	9,444	36,108	40,150	94,925
Lushai Hills	1	2	10	11	101	...	796	13	934	26,419	2,434	4,892	19,289	1,25,718	2,45,475	4,24,227
Lakhimpur	1	...	7	8	76	...	746	10	848	8,633	1,711	2,291	14,369	86,531	87,321	2,00,856
Naga Hills	1	...	5	7	60	50	536	12	671	8,765	2,042	2,363	12,377	86,124	74,144	1,85,815
Garo „	1	...	2	2	20	...	175	3	203	7,853	813	425	3,967	23,554	10,424	47,036
Total	4	3	28	33	297	50	2,549	44	3,008	57,990	7,630	11,244	59,446	3,58,935	4,57,514	9,52,859

Battalion.	Distribution of Military Police.														Area of whole district, in square miles.	Population of whole district.	Proportion of the whole force (officers and men).		Remarks.
	In district.										Out of district.		Grand total.						
	Guards over prisons, treasuries, or other buildings.		On miscellaneous duties at headquarters and subdivisions.		Escort to prisoners and treasure.		In frontier outposts.		Reserve at headquarters.		Total.		For any purpose whatever.						
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.			To area.	To population.	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Silchar	6	34	10	59	...	...	4	36	28	164	48	293	1	9	49	302	9,614	2,541,076	1 to 27·3	1 to 7,219·0	
Lushai Hills	4	22	48	319	...	2	43	278	23	150	118	771	4	38	122	809	6,000*	40,000*	1 „ 6·4	1 „ 43·0	* North Lushai Hills only.
Lakhimpur	3	30	13	123	...	4	32	340	20	50	68	547	23	209	91	756	6,597	711,327	1 „ 7·8	1 „ 838·8	
Naga Hills	5	28	13	49	...	...	23	210	30	297	71	584	2	14	73	598	5,110	122,867	1 „ 7·6	1 „ 183·1	
Garo „	2	9	4	30	...	...	3	24	10	69	19	132	5	46	24	178	3,270	121,570	1 „ 16·1	1 „ 598·9	
Total	20	123	88	580	...	6	105	888	111	730	324	2,327	35	316	359	2,643	30,591	3,536,840	1 to 10·2	1 to 1,175·8	

D.—POLICE.

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General Internal Management of the Civil Police Force for 1899.

District.	Total strength.				Armament of the force.					Punishments.										Rewards.		Education.		Number enlisted during the year.	Number who have left the force during the year.						Percentage to total actual strength of			Remarks.
	Sanctioned.		Actual.		With firearms.			Not with firearms.		Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally, or departmentally punished in any other way provided in section 7 of the Police Act.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate or Sessions Court.						Rewarded during the year.		Number of police who can read and write.			Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	On pension or gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal.	By discharge otherwise than under preceding column.	By desertion.	By death.	Admissions into hospital.	Daily average sick.	Deaths.	
														Under Police Act.		Under sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX of Penal Code.		Other offences.														
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with rifles (special reserves, etc).	Number provided with breach-loading smooth-bore carbines.	Number provided with muzzle-loading smooth-bores.	Number provided with swords.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.												
																				By promotion.	By khillats, presents, good-conduct stripes, or money rewards.													
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Cachar	26	126	26	126	...	40	...	7	105	...	2	6	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	35	26	45	15	75	62	4	3	2	4	...	2	53·9	·1	1·3	
Sylhet	96	457	95	457	...	213	...	22	442	...	3	27	9	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	30	187	95	178	47	189	316	4	9	3	5	...	15	75·4	·2	2·7	
Goalpara ...	40	215	39	200	...	113	...	10	132	...	7	2	6	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	23	9	37	63	16	163	60	1	21	7	3	...	4	70·7	·2	1·7	
Kamrup	39	273	39	269	...	144	...	7	154	...	6	7	23	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	62	37	96	63	191	54	2	40	6	4	...	6	78·9	·2	1·9	
Darrang	32	173	32	168	...	92	...	7	71	...	3	4	12	...	2	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	4	94	8	58	92	50	2	17	10	1	...	3	45·5	·1	1·5	
Nowgong ...	21	151	20	150	...	91	...	5	79	1	2	4	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	5	16	48	30	109	31	...	17	3	3	...	4	96·5	·3	2·3	
Sibsagar ...	40	246	40	241	...	168	...	10	108	...	8	2	56	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	48	33	59	48	153	80	...	17	8	1	...	...	45·2	·1	...	
Lakhimpur ...	20	117	20	117	...	40	...	6	91	2	3	6	31	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	81	20	26	15	90	32	...	9	5	...	...	...	44·5	·1	...	
Naga Hills ...	4	26	4	26	...	29	...	1	...	...	2	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	2	4	11	5	24	1	...	1	2	2	...	...	20·0	·05	...	
Khasi ,, ...	19	159	18	156	...	130	...	5	21	...	2	1	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	158	18	49	14	102	58	3	7	2	1	...	3	144·3	·4	1·7	
Garo ,, ...	9	58	9	58	...	20	...	...	46	...	...	2	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	29	23	9	18	10	54	3	...	5	...	1	...	2	56·7	·2	2·0	
Lushai ,, ...	17	86	16	78	101	...	...	2	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	2	1	19	19	15	65	14	4	16	2	...	...	2	18·1	·05	2·1	
Total	363	2,087	358	2,046	101	1,080	...	82	1,249	3	40	60	197	1	19	...	1	...	5	...	18	152	615	408	620	336	1,307	761	20	162	50	25	...	41	...	...	1·7	

D.—POLICE.

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General Internal Management of the Military Police Force for 1899.

Battalions.	Total strength. Sanctioned. Officers.	Total strength. Sanctioned. Men.	Total strength. Actual. Officers.	Total strength. Actual. Men.	Armament of the force. With firearms. Number provided with rifles (special reserves, etc.)	Armament of the force. With firearms. Number provided with breach-loading smooth-bores carbines.	Armament of the force. With firearms. Number provided with muzzle-loading smooth-bores.	Armament of the force. Not with firearms. Number provided with swords.	Armament of the force. Not with firearms. Number provided with batons only.	Punishments. Dismissed. Officers.	Dismissed. Men.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally, or departmentally punished in any other way provided in section 7 of the Police Act. Officers.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally, or departmentally punished in any other way provided in section 7 of the Police Act. Men.	Punished judicially by a Magistrate or Sessions Court. Under Police Act. Officers.	Under Police Act. Men.	Under sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code. Officers.	Under sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code. Men.	Under Chapter IX of Penal Code. Officers.	Under Chapter IX of Penal Code. Men.	Other offences. Officers.	Other offences. Men.	Rewards. Rewarded during the year. By promotion.	Rewards. Rewarded during the year. By khillats, presents, good-conduct stripes, or money rewards.	Education. Number of police who can read and write. Officers.	Education. Number of police who can read and write. Men.	Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the force during the year. On pension or gratuity.	Number who have left the force during the year. By resignation without pension or gratuity.	Number who have left the force during the year. By dismissal.	Number who have left the force during the year. By discharge otherwise than under preceding column.	Number who have left the force during the year. By desertion.	Number who have left the force during the year. By death.	Percentage to total actual strength of. Admissions into hospital.	Percentage to total actual strength of. Daily average sick.	Percentage to total actual strength of. Deaths.	Remarks.
1	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Silchar	49	322	49	302	380	...	...	9	...	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	135	49	228	33	267	84	20	17	6	8	1	4	121·6	19·7	1·1	
Lushai Hills ...	123	874	122	809	908	...	...	21	...	...	3	2	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	139	122	715	81	657	193	14	41	3	47	1	10	97·3	3·4	1·1	
Lakhimpur ...	91	756	91	756	832	...	...	15	...	...	3	6	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	4	8	186	90	672	93	555	243	6	28	3	5	21	11	120·5	·4	1·3	
Naga Hills ...	73	598	72	598	658	...	...	13	...	...	7	2	44	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	67	116	66	340	71	357	242	28	22	7	7	...	11	92·4	3·3	1·6	
Garo ,, ...	24	178	24	178	198	...	...	4	...	...	1	2	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	41	22	52	11	101	90	1	2	1	...	2	2	76·6	4·6	1·0	
Total	360	2,728	358	2,643	2,976	...	...	62	...	...	19	12	100	...	7	...	...	...	...	2	7	105	617	349	2,007	298	1,937	852	69	110	20	67	26	38	...	...	1·3	

D.—POLICE.

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Civil and the Armed Civil Police Force on the 31st December 1899.

| District. | Race. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Religion or caste. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

D.—POLICE.

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Military Police on the 31st December 1899.

Battalion.	Race.															Religion or caste.																								
																Officers.												Men.												
	Europeans.					Eurasians.					Natives.							Hindus.									Other religions.			Hindus.								Other religions.			
	Commandants.	Assistant Commandants.	Subadars.	Jemadars and Havildars.	Sepoys.	Commandants.	Assistant Commandants.	Subadars.	Jemadars and Havildars.	Sepoys.	Commandants.	Assistant Commandants.	Subadars.	Jemadars and Havildars.	Sepoys.	Christians.	Muhammadans.	Brahmans.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Jharwas.	Assamese Kolita.	Kacharis and Rabhas.	Hindus of all other castes.	Garos.	Christians.	Muhammadans.	Brahmans.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Assamese Kolita.	Jharwas.	Kacharis and Rabhas.	Hindus of all other castes.	Garos.	Lushais and Kukis.	Nagas.	Grand total, officers and men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
Silchar ...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	45	302	3	2	...	...	36	...	5	...	...	4	...	1	9	...	...	244	...	...	1	43	3	1	...	...	332
Lushai Hills ...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	112	809	3	...	...	2	99	...	...	3	17	1	...	...	1	1	1	724	...	4	...	62	2	7	8	...	934
Lakhimpur ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	84	756	3	5	1	7	46	2	25	...	...	...	3	4	13	...	9	591	4	...	118	...	3	14	...	...	848
Naga Hills ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	67	598	2	1	3	12	32	...	...	...	...	16	7	2	8	8	191	227	...	...	...	...	120	28	6	8	671
Garo ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	1	21	177	8	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	5	5	...	6	...	4	...	76	...	...	...	46	27	19	...	...	203
Total ...	4	3	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	25	329	2,642	19	8	4	21	220	2	30	3	22	26	10	13	31	13	201	1,862	4	4	119	150	155	69	14	8	3,008

Statement showing the Caste, Religion, or Nationality of Offenders convicted of Cognisable Crime in the Province of Assam during the year 1899.

District.	Christian.	Muhammadan.	Brahman.	Kayasta.	Kolita.	Koch.	Keot.	Kachari.	Rabha.	Gurkha.	Sikh.	Manipuri.	Naga.	Kuki.	Garo.	Dhobi.	Mali.	Shaha.	Dom.	Kumat.	Katoni.	Bhutia.	Mikir.	Bhunia.	Kahar.	Kurmi.	Dubey.	Ashwai.	Nat.	Patia.	Sutia.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
Cachar	...	168	1	2	...	...	...	5	...	2	...	20	7	1	...	2	12	1	15	...	...	...	...	3	7	28	1	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	...	1,797	35	129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	18	21	38	7	14	...	...	...	...	11	13	...	...	11	...	...
Goalpara	...	264	6	23	31	...	4	41	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	...	6	3	2	18	...	...	...	31	47	2	...	...	2	...
Kamrup	2	162	26	11	135	82	19	45	5	9	6	1	...	...	2	3	1	10	29	20	8	...	7	...	4	24	...	...	...	...	...
Darrang	3	48	5	4	39	50	39	62	9	5	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	4	25	3	5	...	2	14	1	9	...	...	...	...	4
Nowgong	3	45	9	...	22	26	8	12	...	5	...	1	...	...	2	5	...	...	20	2	8	...	3	4	3	7	...	...	...	9	12
Sibsagar	37	119	21	7	31	25	13	38	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	46	9	...	...	12	34	4	9	...	...	...	...	28
Lakhimpur	...	6	5	...	6	4	3	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	5	4	...	...	...	6
Naga Hills	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	14	...	...	98	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Khasi „	1	8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Garo „	...	30	1	1	...	3	...	...	12	2	...	...	...	...	90	...	1		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
Total	46	2,648	110	179	264	190	86	215	31	43	6	47	111	4	99	38	36	59	148	51	39	...	24	56	63	143	8	...	14	11	50

District.	Sut.	Ahom.	Lalong.	Hozai.	Charal.	Raya.	Patnia.	Dass.	Jugi.	Dhuli.	Baishnab.	Kaibarta.	Muchi or Chamar.	Mistri.	Maharatha.	Malo or Jhalo.	Napit.	Acharya or Ganak.	Pal or Teli.	Tanti.	Hindustani.	Khasia.	Chhatri.	Kamar or Blacksmith.	Sonar or Goldsmith.	Santhal.	Ghatwal.	Bowri.	Kabuli.	Gowala or milkman.	Ahir.	Bhar.
33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
Cachar	...	...	...	...	5	...	14	3	15	4	...	...	15	8	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	3	5	4	25	20	19	8	5	15	10
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	66	...	45	208	53	6	2	56	3	3	...	...	21	1	23	...	...	9	2	17	8	...	33	3	...	7	...	2
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	125	...	...	...	...	4	10	...	40	2	...	...	1	15	...	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	21	...	...
Kamrup	...	3	2	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	3	9	8	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	21	...	18	8	...	...	...	13	4	5
Darrang	4	3	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	2	1	4	3	...	3	3	1	5	4	4	...	5	4	...	7	1	5	...	28	...	...
Nowgong	15	...	15	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	...	1	1	...	1	3	4	...	...	2	1	8	...	2	...	12	5	...	...
Sibsagar	6	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	24	...	...	2	7	3	20	8	...	...	10	20	1	39	24	25	...	17	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	6	...	3	...	...
Naga Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
Khasi „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Garo „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	25	101	17	...	94	1	59	339	69	10	7	70	70	29	1	46	39	6	55	20	25	58	43	49	39	86	82	58	20	101	19	17

Statement showing the Caste, Religion, or Nationality of Offenders convicted of Cognisable Crime in the Province of Assam during the year 1899—continued.

District.	Nunia.	Dusad.	Mushar.	Mura.	Col.	Panchi.	Gnasi.	Barai.	Tippera.	Kairi.	Mura.	Bin.	Kaya.	Nepali.	Malla.	Agarwala.	Hari or Gor.	Other castes.	Total.
	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83
Cachar	7	17	5	1	12	14	8	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	533
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	26	2,721
Goalpara	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	11	18	...	...	19	814
Kamrup	15	9	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	33	...	37	839
Darrang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	130	597
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	21	326
Sibsagar	2	1	...	21	...	...	13	...	...	1	...	...	15	...	3	14	11	275	1,084
Lakhimpur	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	633	733
Naga Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	126
Khasi „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	8	88
Garo „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	144
Total	50	27	6	23	12	14	21	10	1	5	2	7	57	11	37	47	51	1,150	8,005

Statement showing the Caste, Religion, or Nationality of Offenders convicted of Non-cognisable Crime in the Province of Assam during the year 1899.

District.	Christian.	Muhammadan.	Brahman.	Kayasta.	Kolita.	Koch.	Keot.	Kachari.	Rabha.	Gurkha.	Sikh.	Manipuri.	Naga.	Kuki.	Garo.	Dhobi.	Mali.	Shaha.	Dom.	Kumar.	Katoni.	Bhutia.	Mikir.	Bhunia.	Kahar.	Kurmi.	Dubey.	Ashwai.	Nat.	Patia.	Sutia.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
Cachar	220	2	4	...	...	...	10	...	3	...	15	5	2	...	2	8	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	10	25	1	...	...	...	...
Sylhet	1,153	36	147	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	6	19	33	46	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	5	...	...
Goalpara	37	1	6	11	...	4	5	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup 1	59	7	10	65	23	15	14	3	...	1	...	...	...	2	4	...	11	55	4	3	...	...	...	1	10	...	...	4	...	1
Darrang 3	28	4	6	16	28	9	19	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	29	1	18	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	1	...	1
Nowgong 1	33	13	2	27	46	22	6	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	44	3	9	...	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	12	12
Sibsagar 11	247	36	34	52	47	49	17	...	...	...	2	3	...	...	9	1	...	116	3	2	...	...	5	4	4	1	31	1	...	95
Lakhimpur 7	89	8	8	8	8	4	18	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	18	7	7	43	11	4	...	...	27	...	22	...	8	...	17	13
Naga Hills	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khasi „	18	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	12	1	5	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Garo „	11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lushai „	6	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total 23	1,902	110	220	179	152	103	91	14	22	8	35	33	2	85	56	50	71	292	48	42	...	5	40	24	67	2	33	11	29	122

Statement showing the Caste, Religion, or Nationality of Offenders convicted of Non-cognisable Crime in the Province of Assam during the year 1899—continued.

District.	Sut.	Ahom.	Lalong.	Hozai.	Charal.	Raya.	Patnia.	Dass.	Jugi.	Dhuli.	Baishnab.	Kaibarta.	Muchi or Chamar.	Mistri.	Maharatha.	Malo or Jhalo.	Napit.	Acharya or Ganak.	Pal or Teli.	Tanti.	Hindustani.	Khasia.	Chhatri.	Kamar or blacksmith.	Sonar or goldsmith.	Sonthal.	Ghatwal.	Bowri.	Kabuli.	Gowala or milkman.	Ahir.	Bhar.
	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
Cachar	...	...	...	...	10	...	30	10	14	10	2	...	8	5	...	...	1	...	2	...	2	1	11	6	2	20	18	33	20	28	15	12
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	62	...	29	159	45	11	16	43	17	16	...	7	10	6	30	2	...	9	3	19	1	...	9	...	...	2	1	1
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	1	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	4	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
Kamrup	...	2	1	...	5	...	1	1	3	...	...	...	2	3	...	...	1	2	3	...	...	2	7	1	2	...	...	...	...	9	14	8
Darrang	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	1	10	7	6	...	6	2	...	5	14	6	...	6	1	...
Nowgong	21	4	7	...	8	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	1	...	...	1	...	...
Sibsagar	1	172	...	...	...	1	...	17	13	...	1	...	15	...	...	10	...	...	10	2	3	...	30	18	1	29	21	15	1	34	...	...
Lakhimpur	...	58	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	13	1	3	...	...	...	32	21	3	3	10	26	8	16	12	10	...	29	...	...
Naga Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Khasi ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Garo ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lushai ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	24	236	9	...	85	1	60	218	75	21	20	46	64	27	3	21	12	9	87	32	22	128	70	72	27	70	75	64	21	114	31	21

Statement showing the Caste, Religion, or Nationality of Offenders convicted of Non-cognisable Crime in the Province of Assam during the year 1899—concluded.

District.	Dusad.	Nunia.	Miri.	Agarwala.	Paharia.	Majee.	Gour.	Hari.	Urang.	Mura.	Rajoar.	Kairi.	Bagdi.	Domai.	Newar.	Lushais.	Other castes.	Total.
	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82
Cachar	9	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	599
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	2,005
Goalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	127
Kamrup	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	387
Darrang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	290
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	321
Sibsagar	...	...	4	15	5	5	15	15	16	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	86	1,337
Lakhimpur	20	16	14	35	7	5	...	...	48	44	11	13	21	...	...	...	102	918
Naga Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	32
Khasi ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	165
Garo ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	88
Lushai ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	25
Total	32	26	18	50	12	10	15	15	64	56	11	13	21	2	1	12	294	6,294

Statement showing the number of Offences cognisable by the Police reported, and number of Persons convicted, in the Province of Assam in the year 1899.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Cachar.		Sylhet.		Goalpara.		Kamrup.		Darrang.		Nowgong.		Sibsagar.		Lakhimpur.		Naga Hills.		Khasi Hills.		Garo Hills.		Lushai Hills.		Total.	
			Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.
1	2	3	4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16	
1	115	Abetment of cognisable offence not committed, etc. ..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of cognisable offence by public, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119 ...	Concealing design to commit cognisable offence, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, SAFETY AND JUSTICE.																											
2	131 to 136, 138...	Offences relating to Army and Navy...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 254 ...	Offences relating to coin ...	4	3	8	1	1	1	2	...	2	1	4	3	4	2	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
3a	255 to 263A ...	Offences relating to stamps...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	13
3b	467 and 471 ...	Offences relating to Government Promissory Notes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3c	489A to 489D ...	Offences relating to Currency Notes and Bank Notes ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212, 216 and 216A.	Harbouring an offender ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
5	224, 215, 225B, and 226.	Other offences against public justice	3	4	25	33	11	14	14	11	8	10	...	...	9	15	5	2	2	7	1	...	...	...	2	4	4	4
6	143 to 153, 157 to 159.	Rioting or unlawful assembly	91	188	690	1,291	37	79	39	38	34	109	8	16	52	195	22	79	1	5	2	3	3	1	...	2	81	99
7	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	1	1	2	2	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	980	2,003
		Total	99	196	727	1,327	52	96	56	49	44	120	12	19	65	212	33	83	3	12	3	3	9	1	2	6	1,105	2,124
	CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																											
8	302, 303, 396	Murder... by thugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder... ,, dacoits ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder... ,, robbers ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder... ,, poison ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	6	...	12	5	3	2	4	1	6	...	1	...	9	3	9	3	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	52	16

13	307 ...	Attempts at murder ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	2
14	304, 308 ...	Culpable homicide ...	1	2	20	13	5	11	1	1	3	4	1	1	12	12	6	4	1	10	...	...	...	1	1	1	51	60
15	376 ...	Rape by a person other than the husband	2	1	14	1	5	1	...	...	6	...	4	1	8	1	9	1	1	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	51	8
16	377 ...	Unnatural offences ...	...	...	1	...	7	4	9	3	1	...	4	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	28	12
17	317, 318 ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...	...	3	1	1	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.	10	3
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	2	1	8	2	4	2	1	...	6	3	3	1	6	5	11	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	21
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession, or deterring public servant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	1	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	29	11	95	44	11	4	22	7	8	3	8	6	38	24	37	27	1	...	6	5	...	...	...	...	255	131
21	328 ...	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession, or deterring public servant ..	...	...	...	14	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	15
23	324 ...	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	9	...	122	42	22	8	7	4	10	5	12	5	33	25	44	13	1	1	7	5	4	2	1	...	272	110
24	363 to 369 ...	Kidnapping or abduction ...	16	..	34	3	7	...	19	6	22	...	36	1	73	2	17	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	226	13
25	346 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	...	...	18	1	12	12	9	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	43	16
26	372, 373 ...	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...		1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...
27	371 ...	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	22	15	52	30	30	24	23	8	12	9	8	...	29	16	25	13	1	...	4	4	4	2	...	...	210	121
29	304A, 338 ...	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt ...	1	1	4	1	2	...	3	1	1	1	...	..	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	13	6
		Total	91	31	385	157	113	69	103	35	80	26	79	17	218	91	160	69	6	13	22	16	12	8	6	2	1,275	534
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY.																													
30	395, 397, 398 ...	Dacoity	6	2	2	...	4	11	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	15	13
31	399, 402 ...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ...	Robbery with hurt. — by poisonous or stupefying drugs...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. — by other means ...	1	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	6	12
33	392, 393 ...	Robbery ... — in dwelling-house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... — on the highway between sunset and sunrise	...	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5
		Robbery ... — other robberies	6	1	3	4	...	...	1	...	4	...	1	...	5	4	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	25	10

Statement showing the number of Offences cognizable by the Police reported, and number of Persons convicted, in the Province of Assam in the year 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Cachar.		Sylhet.		Goalpara.		Kamrup.		Darrang.		Nowgong.		Sibsagar.		Lakhimpur.		Naga Hills.		Khasi Hills.		Garo Hills.		Lushai Hills.		Total.	
			Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.
1	2	3	4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16	
		CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY, OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY—*contd.*																										
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	13	...	65	6	12	2	11	...	5	1	3	2	24	5	20	...	1	...	5	...	3	3	...	...	162	19
35	428, 429 ...	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal ...	27	8	111	26	5	...	23	3	22	6	21	6	42	10	57	12	3	1	2	3	5	1	...	...	318	76
36	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	127	14	482	32	124	23	217	26	97	32	56	23	202	59	117	32	6	5	8	5	32	12	1	1	1,469	264
37	449 to 452 ...	House-trespass with view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	2	3	2	1	6	4	4	...	2	2	1	...	1	...	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	15
38	412, 413 ...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity, or habitually ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	182	28	670	71	151	40	257	29	131	42	84	32	274	78	206	59	12	6	16	11	41	16	2	2	2,026	414
		CLASS IV.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																										
40	341 to 344 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement	43	12	253	46	31	17	69	4	43	6	41	...	191	31	99	23	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	771	140
41	336, 337 ...	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	5	2
42	374	Compulsory labour ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		4	1
		Total	45	13	254	47	31	17	70	4	44	6	41	...	192	31	101	23	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	780	143

	CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																										
43	453, 456 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	6	...	54	17	18	7	11	8	9	3	4	1	8	6	14	12	...	...	2	1	4	2	...	...	130	57
44	379 to 382 ...	Theft { of cattle... ... / ordinary... ...	45	14	93	47	21	7	45	9	31	7	27	11	106	45	57	31	4	...	1	1	13	10	...	...	442	182
45	406 to 408 ...	Criminal breach of trust ...	468	121	1,427	343	303	77	475	85	315	104	253	52	566	140	350	107	31	27	58	15	51	49	16	9	4,313	1,129
45a	409 ...	Criminal breach of trust by a public servant, or by banker, etc.	86	14	125	11	22	4	56	2	16	3	13	...	63	9	53	4	1	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	436	47
46	411, 414 ...	Receiving stolen property ...	1	...	7	4	6	3	3	1	4	2	4	2	5	7	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	33	26
46a	419, 420 ...	Cheating ...	28	15	99	97	18	19	27	38	15	14	14	15	41	58	42	49	3	5	1	2	2	1	...	...	290	313
47	447, 448 ...	Criminal or house-trespass ...	...	...	1	1	...	...	4	2	...	...	1	...	7	7	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	13
48	461, 462 ...	Breaking closed receptacle ...	212	23	475	94	95	41	118	39	108	16	96	20	503	63	204	51	4	5	7	4	5	1	...	...	1,827	357
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			847	187	2,279	614	483	158	733	184	498	149	412	101	1,299	335	724	259	43	37	72	23	79	63	16	14	7,485	2,124
	CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																										
49	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion ...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...
50	Cases under Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character...	16	16	112	56	...	...	12	6	1	1	...	...	3	1	6	4	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	151	126
51	Cognisable offences under the Acts specified opposite.	Offences against Gambling Act	...	...	...	...	1	5	1	...	5	16	...	...	...	...	6	15	7	3	3	28	...	...	...	...	23	67
52		,, ,, Excise Laws	27	24	38	32	44	39	23	18	31	31	17	16	62	55	72	68	2	7	...	...	6	5	...	...	322	295
53		,, ,, Opium Laws	8	5	9	4	8	5	30	24	20	18	9	8	18	15	14	14	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	122	99
54		,, ,, Railway Laws	7	6	9	3	...	...	3	2	1	2	..	...	5	5	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	22
55		,, ,, Salt and Customs Laws.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		,, ,, Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878) ...	10	8	159	157	8	8	31	30	42	35	2	3	8	6	17	19	35	45	1	1	2	4	1	4	316	320
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, section 34 of Act V of 1861 and offences under any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances ...	7	5	139	137	365	355	435	409	148	144	139	122	300	248	93	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,626	,528
		Total	75	64	471	429	426	412	537	489	249	247	167	149	396	330	214	232	44	53	10	35	9	11	1	4	2,599	2,457
58	Offences under other Special or Local Laws declared to be cognisable.	Cruelty to Animals ...	...	...	7	2	23	19	23	25	7	7	...	...	1	...	8	8	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	63
		Fisheries Act	26	14	102	66	2	...	20	24	7	...	44	8	16	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	219	118
		Explosives Act	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3
		Ferries Act	...	...	59	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	60	9
		Forest Regulation ...	...	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	19	...	...	6	20
		Garo Hills Administration Rules	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	24	...	...	17	24
		Total	26	14	169	76	28	22	43	49	14	7	44	8	18	7	11	8	1	2	...	...	21	44	...	...	375	237
		Grand total	1,365	533	4,955	2,721	1,284	814	1,799	839	1,060	597	839	326	2,462	1,084	1,449	733	110	126	123	88	172	144	27	28	15,645	8,033

Statement showing the number of Persons tried and convicted for each Offence not cognisable by the Police in the year 1899.

Serial No	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Cachar.		Sylhet.		Goalpara.		Kamrup.		Darrang.		Nowgong.		Sibsagar.		Lakhimpur.		Naga Hills.		Khasi Hills.		Garo Hills.		Lushai Hills.		Total.	
			Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.	
			Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.
1	2	3	4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16	
1	115	Abetment of non-cognisable offence not committed, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of non-cognisable offence by public, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit non-cognisable offence ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, ETC., ETC.																											
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 225A, 227 to 229.	Offences against public justice	22	10	176	107	23	13	11	6	30	18	27	22	61	46	12	4	4	4	77	71	2	1	9	9	454	311
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223...	Offences by public servants ...	...	...	6	1	3	...	3	3	1	1	...	...	7	3	3	1	3	3	...	...	1	...	2	2	29	14
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	7	4	41	21	15	9	10	1	11	2	19	6	15	5	17	9	...	...	10	8	1	1	...	...	146	66
7	465 to 477A ...	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents, not being Government Promissory Notes, and falsifying accounts	...	...	1	...	2	2	...	...	2	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	4
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	...	...	...	...	2	2	9	6	3	...	5	1	5	2	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	14
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	3	1
10	149, 153A to 156, 160.	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	...	...	9	8	2	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	35	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	35
		Total	29	14	233	137	47	27	33	16	47	22	52	30	124	82	37	17	9	7	90	80	4	2	11	11	716	445

	CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																											
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage ...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12a	376	Rape by the husband ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PROPERTY.																											
13	384 to 389	Extortion	5	4	9	3	5	5	10	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	3	1	1	39	16
	CLASS IV.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																											
14	345	Wrongful confinement ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358 ...	Criminal force	60	27	814	498	37	24	157	86	131	65	289	98	222	127	162	118	11	8	25	11	7	...	1	1	1,916	1,063
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt ...	26	16	200	129	15	12	14	11	6	6	39	20	46	35	33	33	7	4	...	...	...	...	3	3	389	269
		Total	86	43	1,016	629	52	36	171	97	137	71	328	118	268	162	195	151	18	12	25	11	7	...	4	4	2,307	1,334
	CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																											
18	417, 418	Cheating	11	3	25	3	2	2	8	4	6	...	5	1	14	5	2	...	3	3	1	...	2	2	...	...	79	23
19	403 to 405	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	7	2	10	2	6	1	5	2	10	5	16	6	19	8	4	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	6	6	84	35
20	426, 427, 434 ...	Mischief (simple)	44	30	380	157	14	3	24	7	15	9	52	23	47	24	47	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	623	282
		Total	62	35	415	162	22	6	37	13	31	14	73	30	80	37	53	31	4	4	1	...	2	2	6	6	786	340
	CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																											
21	298	Offences against religion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	13	12	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	13	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	..	32	31
23	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage...	12	4	51	17	7	5	6	2	13	2	3	1	13	4	13	3	4	1	...	...	2	...	2	1	126	40
24	500 to 502	Defamation	...	...	9	1	2	2	9	2	8	4	3	...	19	7	9	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	62	18
25	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation insult and annoyance	...	...	19	12	4	4	10	5	6	3	18	9	20	16	16	12	7	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	67
26	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances ...	9	9	28	25	6	5	33	29	18	18	3	1	5	5	8	4	...	...	15	13	...	...	...	...	125	109
27	294(a)	Keeping a lottery office ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	*Cases* under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	3	3	321	126	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	2	46	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	16	...	...	389	185
29	*Cases* under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	30	28	72	46	...	...	10	9	...	...	1	1	13	5	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	126	89
30	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immovable property	14	12	10	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	16
31	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children	2	...	12	5	...	...	6	4	6	2	3	2	17	9	16	12	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	64	35
	Section 514, C. P.C. ...	Forfeiture of bond and bail ...	12	11	62	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4	33	21	9	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	122	100
	Sections 250 & 552, C. P. C.	Frivolous or vexatious complaints	...	...	11	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	15	9	9	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	43
		Total	95	79	599	310	19	16	74	51	52	29	54	35	180	115	92	58	11	7	19	16	21	16	2	1	1,218	733

D.—POLICE.

Statement showing the number of Persons tried and convicted for each Offence not cognisable by the Police in the year 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Cachar.		Sylhet.		Goalpara.		Kamrup.		Darrang.		Nowgong.		Sibsagar.		Lakhimpur.		Naga Hills.		Khasi Hills.		Garo Hills.		Lushai Hills.		Total.	
			Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.		Persons.	
			Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.	Tried.	Convicted.
	2	3	4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16	
	OFFENCES UNDER OTHER SPECIAL OR LOCAL LAWS NOT COGNISABLE BY THE POLICE.																											
Act XVII of 1878		Ferries	7	1	13	7	6	5	8	5	5	4	6	1	10	8	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62	38
,, IX of 1870		Railway Act	...	...	14	13	...	...	22	20	1	1	...	...	6	4	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	43
,, VII (B.C.) of 1878		Excise ,,	7	6	2	2	14	11	4	3	4	3	...	...	17	14	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	40
,, XIII of 1859		Breach of Contract	35	28	19	12	...	...	19	3	19	18	19	14	79	72	56	40	...	...	...	...	25	25	...	...	271	212
,, XI of 1878		Arms Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	9	8	...	...	...	...	15	13
,, V of 1861		Police ,,	258	241	36	28	4	4	9	7	19	17	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	329	299
,, XXVI of 1870		Jails ,,	..	...	...	...	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	...	...	1	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	8	7
Regulation VII of 1891		Forest Regulation	7	7	193	126	2	2	19	13	...	...	1	1	34	32	23	19	...	...	45	45	37	36	...	...	361	281
,, V of 1873		Inner Line ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
Act XIII of 1880		Vaccination Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	22	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	1
,, III of 1867		Gambling ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	7
Regulation IV of 1890		Military Police Regulation	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Act XIV of 1866		Post Office Act	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2
,, I of 1879		Stamp Act	...	...	20	20	...	...	2	1	5	4	2	2	59	56	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	91	86
,, VI of 1879		Elephant Preservation Act	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	2
,, I of 1871		Pound Act	87	48	235	116	3	3	32	12	38	18	210	70	157	91	126	83	1	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	891	444
,, I of 1883		Emigration Act	12	11	25	24	...	...	...	...	53	48	11	8	125	114	227	208	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	453	413
Regulation I of 1882		Garo Hills Administration Rules	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	6	6
,, I of 1886		Assam Land and Revenue Regulations	..	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2
,, II of 1889																												
Act IV (B.C.) of 1873		Registration of Births and Deaths	43	43	45	39	9	9	28	22	11	9	9	7	17	14	10	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	172	153
,, V (B.C.) of 1876		Bengal Municipal Act and Local Municipal Bye-laws	2	2	54	46	...	...	158	123	25	25	5	4	567	499	311	269	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,122	968
,, III (B.C.) of 1884																												
,, I (B.C.) of 1869		Cruelty to Animals	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2
,, II (B.C.) of 1889		Fisheries Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
,, III of 1877		Registration Act	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2
,, I of 1878		Opium Act	1	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	33	8	6	...	.	1	1	..	...	...	...	46	42
,, VI (B.C.) of 1870, ,, I (B.C.) of 1871 and Regulation I of 1883.		Village Chaukidari Act and Rural Police Regulation	40	36	328	322	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	368	358
,, VI of 1878		Hidden Treasure	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1
.....		Other Special Laws	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3
		Total	500	424	997	764	43	37	302	210	187	154	264	108	1,135	941	797	661	2	2	59	58	68	67	...	...	4,354	3,426
		Grand total	777	599	3,271	2,005	88	127	627	387	458	290	771	321	1,788	1,337	1,174	918	44	32	195	165	105	90	24	23	9,422	6,294

[62] D.—POLICE.

Statement showing the Result of Cases reported to each Police Station and Outpost in the Province of Assam during the year 1899.

Names of police stations and outposts.	Number of offences reported.	Number of offences in which enquiry was refused under section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number of cases sent up in A Form.	Number of cases in which conviction was obtained.	Number of persons sent up for trial.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons pending.	Number of B Form cases declared by Magistrate to be false.	Number of B Form cases declared by Magistrate to be true.	Number of C Form cases declared by Magistrate to be false.	Number of C Form cases declared by Magistrate to be true.	Number struck off by Magistrate as civil or non-cognisable, or as erroneous owing to mistake of law or fact.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
CACHAR—													
Silchar P. S. ...	273	13	106	50	240	104	98	38	2	2	14	78	48
Katigora P. S. ...	95	1	39	15	94	23	64	7	...	1	12	19	22
Lakhipur P. S. ...	99	2	30	16	68	25	37	6	...	...	2	41	18
Sonai O. P. ...	56	1	23	10	77	40	30	7	...	....	3	10	19
Barkhola O. P. ...	29	...	5	3	10	6	4	...	...	...	5	11	6
Silchar Ry. P. S. ...	4	...	1	1	2	2	...	...	...	1	...	2	...
Hailakandi P. S. ...	155	13	50	32	154	99	39	16	...	...	18	35	37
Cutlicherra O. P. ...	45	1	20	16	37	29	7	1	...	...	3	8	12
Haflong P. S. ...	73	4	20	15	31	25	6	...	...	...	9	28	12
Deako P. S. ...	37	...	9	8	19	15	4	...	...	...	1	15	10
Milangdisa O. P. ...	62	3	23	11	31	9	22	...	...	...	...	16	18
Mahersadle O. P. ...	53	1	23	18	61	43	17	1	...	6	6	10	7
Hatikhali O. P. ...	19	...	6	3	7	3	4	...	...	...	...	7	6
Total ...	1,000	39	355	198	831	423	332	76	2	10	73	280	215
SYLHET—													
Sylhet P. S. ...	151	5	64	36	171	94	58	19	3	3	10	33	27
Sylhet Town O. P. ...	110	3	37	29	49	33	10	6	3	1	4	46	16
Balaganj P. S. ...	108	3	50	23	155	76	63	16	...	1	12	27	12
Kanairghat P. S. ...	78	12	23	15	48	32	5	11	1	1	6	19	12
Gowainghat O. P. ...	46	4	19	12	53	31	17	5	...	...	10	3	10
Biswanath O. P. ...	85	3	36	24	129	94	25	10	1	1	10	18	13
Golapganj O. P. ...	73	9	23	17	58	46	10	2	1	...	3	14	23
Jaintia O. P. ...	27	3	7	7	12	11	1	...	...	...	4	6	7
Maulvi Bazar P. S. ...	128	6	38	24	68	31	31	6	4	...	40	14	23
Rajnagar O. P ...	66	4	20	11	39	24	15	...	1	1	4	22	8
Motiganj O. P. ...	112	9	41	26	100	70	29	1	1	1	3	34	21
Kamalganj O. P. ...	85	6	29	21	58	44	10	4	...	4	4	35	7
Hingajia P. S. ...	84	4	28	18	53	37	16	...	2	...	6	30	13
Karimganj P. S. ...	202	9	83	44	197	102	61	34	6	6	43	18	37
Karimganj Ry. P. S.	32	...	15	11	21	17	4	...	1	...	1	7	8
Srimangal Ry. P. S.	28	...	9	4	17	10	7	...	...	...	1	7	11
Jaldhub P. S. ...	108	2	43	18	97	33	38	26	...	3	5	25	30
Carried over ...	1,523	82	565	340	1,325	785	400	140	24	22	166	358	278

[62] D.—POLICE.

Statement showing the Result of Cases reported to each Police Station and Outpost in the Province of Assam during the year 1899—continued.

Names of police stations and outposts.	Number of offences reported.	Number of offences in which enquiry was refused under section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number of cases sent up in A Form.	Number of cases in which conviction was obtained	Number of persons sent up for trial.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons pending.	Number of B Form cases declared by Magistrate to be false.	Number of B Form cases declared by Magistrate to be true.	Number of C Form cases declared by Magistrate to be false.	Number of C Form cases declared by Magistrate to be true.	Number struck off by Magistrate as civil or non-cognisable, or as erroneous owing to mistake of law or fact.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Brought forward ...	1,523	82	565	340	1,325	785	400	140	24	22	166	358	278
SYLHET—*contd.*—													
Patharkandi O. P. .	64	2	26	11	65	31	16	18	...	1	4	12	19
Ratabari O. P. ...	40	4	11	8	35	22	7	6	...	2	1	4	18
Sunamganj P. S. ...	97	5	42	30	81	42	39	...	...	...	9	21	16
Chhatak P. S. ...	70	2	34	23	80	38	37	5	...	2	1	15	11
Dharampasa P. S....	89	2	45	34	111	69	24	18	...	1	6	16	18
Derai P. S. ..	79	4	35	21	127	92	25	10	...	...	8	15	12
Jagannathganj O. P.	48	1	20	16	69	42	23	4	...	...	3	8	12
Tahirpur O. P. ...	25	2	11	7	28	14	14	...	...	...	...	5	7
Habiganj P. S. ...	182	15	68	50	174	110	43	21	1	3	4	60	27
Nabiganj P. S. ...	84	10	30	14	87	39	37	11	...	...	3	17	16
Baniachang P. S. ...	85	9	29	19	82	61	21	...	2	2	5	23	12
Madhabpur P. S. ...	87	9	28	21	86	55	3	28	1	2	...	29	17
Muchikandi O. P....	93	10	36	22	112	63	43	6	...	4	4	25	13
Abidabad O. P. ...	35	5	10	7	23	16	2	5	...	...	1	11	7
Lakhai O. P. ...	34	3	8	3	14	4	9	1	1	...	2	10	9
Total ...	2,635	165	998	626	2,499	1,483	743	273	29	39	217	629	492
GOALPARA—													
Dhubri P. S. ...	180	19	84	56	123	70	40	13	1	...	7	44	19
Agamoni P. S. ...	121	13	57	35	194	111	59	24	...	...	9	23	15
South Salmara P. S.	70	6	37	31	77	60	13	4	...	...	5	15	6
Bogribari O. P. ...	52	7	18	15	31	22	9	...	...	...	3	14	9
Fakiragram O. P...	35	2	19	13	30	14	16	...	...	...	5	5	4
Mankarchar O. P....	44	8	14	10	19	11	5	3	...	...	...	17	5
Bijni O. P. ...	31	4	13	11	13	11	2	...	...	...	...	9	4
Sidli O. P. ..	18	1	8	5	24	13	11	...	...	...	...	5	4
Gossaingaon O. P.	14	2	5	4	7	5	1	1	...	...	1	1	5
Goalpara P. S. ...	93	14	40	24	39	25	14	...	...	...	5	28	5
North Salmara P. S.	101	11	63	41	106	54	23	29	...	...	7	12	7
Lakhipur P. S. ...	36	3	13	6	24	9	13	2	...	...	4	7	9
Dudnai P. S. ...	38	4	15	8	17	8	9	...	...	...	6	9	1
Total ...	833	94	386	259	704	413	215	76	1	...	52	189	93

[62] D.—POLICE.

Statement showing the Result of Cases reported to each Police Station and Outpost in the Province of Assam during the year 1899—continued.

Names of police stations and outposts.	Number of offences reported.	Number of offences in which enquiry was refused under section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number of cases sent up in A Form.	Number of cases in which conviction was obtained.	Number of persons sent up for trial.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons pending.	Number of B Form cases declared by Magistrate to be false.	Number of B Form cases declared by Magistrate to be true.	Number of C Form cases declared by Magistrate to be false.	Number of C Form cases declared by Magistrate to be true.	Number struck off by Magistrate as civil or non-cognisable or as erroneous owing to mistake of law or fact.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
KAMRUP—													
Gauhati P. S. ...	275	21	120	88	159	110	46	3		6	8	100	15
Nalbari P. S. ...	58	1	22	9	83	10	58	15	...	2	2	19	10
Palasbari O. P. ...	86	6	29	22	54	38	16	...	...	4	2	34	9
Hajo O. P. ...	57	3	22	12	46	17	17	12	...	1	3	17	8
Sonapur O. P. ...	38	4	16	12	26	17	5	4	...	...	1	11	4
Kamalpur O. P. ...	77	4	33	21	52	29	21	2	...	1	6	14	17
Tambulpur O. P. ...	28	5	9	6	24	13	11	...	...	...	...	8	6
Rangia P. S. ...	77	16	27	15	61	24	28	9	...	...	1	14	15
Chhaygaon O. P. ...	28	2	12	10	26	12	14	...	...	...	1	9	3
Baroma O. P. ...	51	11	12	4	20	12	13	5	...	1	3	9	12
Boko O. P. ...	34	1	14	9	18	11	4	3	...	1	1	13	3
Barpeta P. S. ...	95	4	42	35	82	19	32	1		3	5	24	15
Bojali O. P. ...	59	6	20	15	39	41	18	...	...	...	3	13	14
Roha O. P. ...	33	3	10	6	15	28	7	...	1	...	2	2	13
Total ...	996	87	388	264	715	371	290	54	1	19	38	287	144
DARRANG—													
Tezpur P. S. ...	231	12	145	117	288	199	85	4	1	1	9	27	30
Sutia P. S. ...	115	3	75	59	133	95	32	6	...	...	10	18	5
Gohpur P. S. ...	58	2	34	17	53	23	24	6	1	...	7	7	6
Mangaldai P. S. ...	96	6	51	45	90	62	28	...	...	...	15	18	6
Kalaigaon P. S. ...	61	4	39	21	57	29	15	13	1	...	5	8	4
Chatgari O. P. ...	43	4	27	22	30	25	5	...	...	...	5	5	2
Kariapara O. P. ...	17	...	11	9	22	14	...	8	...	...	2	4	...
Total	621	31	382	290	673	447	189	37	3	1	53	87	53
NOWGONG—													
Nowgong P. S. ...	139	8	51	44	64	53	10	1	...	...	12	42	25
Samaguri P. S. ...	66	2	37	28	50	37	13	...	...	1	6	11	8
Roha P. S. ...	50	...	20	11	35	13	21	1	...	...	6	15	9
Koliabar O. P. ...	32	...	15	12	21	16	5	...	...	...	1	12	4
Jamunamukh O. P.	14	...	6	5	6	5	1	...	...	...	2	5	1
Nakhola O. P. ...	17	...	8	4	10	4	6	...	...	1	1	5	1
Jagi O. P. ...	19	1	5	5	11	11	...	...	...	...	2	6	4
Lumding O. P. ...	11	...	7	5	19	14	5	...	...	1	...	2	1
Kharikhana O. P....	6	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	...
Rangapahar O. P....	1	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	355	11	151	114	219	153	64	2	...	3	30	103	53
SIBSAGAR—													
Sibsagar P. S. ...	171	21	89	67	164	109	45	10	1	2	12	33	16
Bartala P. S. ...	172	23	73	56	179	125	42	12	2	...	14	32	21
Sonari O. P. ...	65	...	36	26	83	42	34	7	...	...	2	16	7
Selleng O. P. ...	93	6	53	42	89	67	21	1	...	...	6	20	9
Jorhat P. S. ...	411	58	159	123	268	196	61	11	1	3	34	107	43
Majuli O. P. ...	35	4	11	4	18	4	13	1	...	1	1	14	4
Golaghat P. S. ...	215	20	81	59	153	91	51	11	...	...	28	49	32
Dergaon O. P. ...	54	...	16	10	37	28	8	1	...	...	12	12	11
Bokakhat O. P. ...	42	6	18	15	79	60	19	...	...	...	3	8	6
Dimapur O. P. ...	18	1	12	10	14	11	3	...	...	...	1	2	1
Barpathar O. P. ...	9	...	5	5	5	5	...	...	...	...	1	2	1
Total	1,285	139	553	417	1,089	738	297	54	4	6	114	295	151

[62] D.—POLICE.

Statement showing the Result of Cases reported to each Police Station and Outpost in the Province of Assam during the year 1899—concluded.

Names of police stations and outposts.	Number of offences reported.	Number of offences in which enquiry was refused under section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number of cases sent up in A Form.	Number of cases in which conviction was obtained.	Number of persons sent up for trial.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons pending.	Number of B Form cases declared by Magistrate to be false.	Number of B Form cases declared by Magistrate to be true.	Number of C Form cases declared by Magistrate to be false.	Number of C Form cases declared by Magistrate to be true.	Number struck off by Magistrate as civil or non-cognisable or as erroneous owing to mistake of law or fact.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
LAKHIMPUR—													
Dibrugarh P. S. ...	490	9	237	176	464	284	112	13	...	5	24	144	58
Dum Duma P.S. ...	124	3	68	50	94	65	14	1	...	1	6	29	13
Sadiya O. P. ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1
Margherita O. P. ...	60	1	27	23	46	32	10	2	1	1	8	14	5
Jaipur O. P. ...	36	...	18	15	21	17	4	...	...	...	1	12	5
Kathalguri O. P. ...	20	2	5	3	9	5	4	...	...	...	1	3	7
North Lakhimpur P. S.	173	10	96	65	168	104	30	8	...	1	12	29	23
Dhakuakhana O. P.	39	1	21	7	30	9	11	10	...	...	1	7	8
Total	945	26	472	339	832*	516	185	34	1	8	54	239	120
NAGA HILLS—													
Kohima P. S. ...	44	1	25	24	34	29	5	...	...	...	...	10	7
Zubza O. P. ...	11	...	6	5	14	12	2	...	...	...	...	3	2
Total	55	1	31	29	48	41	7	...	...	...	...	13	9
KHASI HILLS—													
Shillong P. S. ...	80	12	36	26	75	47	18	10	5	4	11	10	2
Nongpoh O.P. ...	3	...	2	...	4	2	...	2	...	...	1	...	...
Cherra P. S. ...	10	1	6	4	9	4	2	3	...	...	2	...	..
Bholaganj O. P. ...	5	1	3	2	8	5	3	...	...	...	2	...	...
Jowai P. S. ...	23	1	20	19	36	29	7	...	...	...	2	...	...
Total	121	15	67	51	132	87	30	15	5	4	18	10	2
GARO HILLS—													
Tura P. S. ...	13	...	5	4	11	4	7	...	1	...	...	7	...
Mahendraganj O. P.	45	...	14	5	44	5	20	19	...	2	...	23	1
Fulbari O. P. ...	45	1	30	25	67	61	5	1	1	...	1	9	2
Dalu O. P. ...	12	...	6	4	7	4	3	...	...	2	...	4	...
Garobadha O. P. ...	19	...	9	6	12	7	...	5	1	1	2	4	...
Total	134	1	64	44	141	81	35	25	3	5	3	47	3
Grand total ...	8,980	609	3,847	2,631	7,883*	4,753	2,387	646	49	95	652	2,179	1,335

*Compounded. 74 Struck-off. 13 Lunatic. 1 Absconded. 9

[63] E.—MILITARY.

1.—*Statement showing the Strength, Cost, and other Particulars for the Army attached to the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Arm of Service.	Total number of officers and men.								Detail of force at the end of the year.							Average annual pay and allowance of each class.					
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, etc.	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of regiments, battalions or batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					European commissioned officers.	Native commissioned officers.	Non-commissioned officers.	Fighting men.	Camp followers.	Total cost, including contingencies.
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European commissioned officers.	Native commissioned officers.	Non-commissioned officers.	Fighting men (sepoys).	Paid camp followers and non-combatants.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
																Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
3rd Bengal Infantry	890	75	...	21	21	16	43	885	1	2	12	16	78	791	25	72,766	12,960	14,900	1,49,529	2,286	3,03,221
10th Jats ...	907	84	...	11	11	21	51	908	1	...	14	16	79	813	55	7,255	1,425	453	324	160	2,79,077
43rd Gurkha Rifles	687	56	...	10	10	25	61	647	1	2	8	12	58	507	103	45,954	10,510	13,930	97,394	12,051	2,59,628
44th „ ...	922	96	...	11	11	33	40	934	1	2	11	14	80	840	37	79,200	10,734	15,796	1,03,278	3,682	2,99,393

[64] E.—MILITARY.

2.—*Statement showing the Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Assam in the year* 1899.

Arm of Service.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						
	Number of regiments, batteries, etc., on active service.	Number of permanent cantonments occupied.	Number of outposts occupied.	Average number of men at headquarters of each regiment not on active service.		Average number of each regiment detailed for outpost duty.		Average number of men at headquarters of each regiment not on active service.	Average number of days spent by each man not in active service.			Number of divisional or station parades during the year.	Number of regimental parades during the year.	Average number of days devoted to musketry instruction, etc.
				On duty.	Off duty.	On duty.	Off duty.		On duty.	With corps or company not on duty.	On furlough.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
3rd Bengal Infantry	*Nil.*	On the march to Manipur.	*Nil.*	25	785	...	...	722	52	281	32	2	102	37
10th Jats ...	.	2	2	80	728	15	85	624	40	325	250	10	250	104
43rd Gurkha Rifles ...	..	1	4	85	303	16	101	485·18	51·85	275·91	37·24	16	169	185
44th „ ...	...	1	...	31	573	3	166	432	60	305	244	5	280	112 days musketry drill, 135 days annual course musketry.

[65] E.—MILITARY.

3.—Statement showing the Religion, Races and Classes of the Native Officers and men of the Army attached to the Province of Assam on the last day of the year 1899.

Classification according to religion, race, etc.	Number.	Average.			General physiognomy and characteristics of each class and race.
		Age.	Height.	Weight.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
3rd Bengal Infantry.		Y. m.	Ft. in.	St. lbs.	
Brahmins	817	34 0	5 8	10 12	Oudh Brahmins a tall handsome race; fairly light in complexion; chiefly cultivators.
Rajputs	1				
Mahomedans	52				Chiefly employed in the band; undersized, with usual Mahomedan physiognomy.
Other Hindustani Hindus	6				
Christians	9				No distinctive characteristics.
10th Jats.				St.	
Hindu	860	25 0	5 9	10½	Jats fair complexion, open countenance, well set up.
Mahomedans	26	30 0	5 6	9	Hindustani Mahomedans.
Christians	22	27 0	5 6	8½	Eurasian class, employed as drummers.
43rd Gurkha Rifles.				lbs.	
Mahomedans of Hindustan	1	39 1	5 4	132	Gurkhas of Mongolian type low in stature, square built and sturdy, with large chest and limb development. Complexion tending to fair; little hair in face or body.
,, ,, Assam	2				
Hindus ... Other Hindustani Hindus ...	1	44 10	5 3	125	
Hindus ... Gurkhas	642	29 9	5 3	125½	Hardy and thoroughly imbued with the military instinct. Other classes too few to require description.
Assam Garo	1	...	...	127	
44th Gurkha Rifles.				St. lbs.	
Mahomedan	4	38	5 5	9 5	Bandsmen and armourer.
Gurkhas	915	22 0	5 4½	9 6	Good physique. Cheerful, light-hearted, and ugly.
Kunaonis	7	33 0	5 6	9 2	Inferior physique, and rather like Gurkhas.
Jhurwahs	8	29 0	5 6	9 2	

[66] F.—MARINE.

1.—[Blank.]

[67] F.—MARINE.

2.—[Blank.]

PART III.

STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

[68, 69, 70] A.—FINANCE.

[1, 2, 3.—*See* Chapter V.—Finance.]

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[71] B.—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

1.—Statement showing the Expenditure incurred on Imperial, Provincial, and Local Service in the Public Works Department during the year 1899-1900.

[*See* Chapter IV.—Section 7.]

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[72] B.—PUBLIC WORKS.

2.—Statement showing the Income and Expenditure on reproduction works for 1899-1900.

[Blank.]

Railway.	Miles opened during the year.	Miles opened on 31st December 1899.	Number of passengers carried during 1899.					Receipt for 1899.				Working expenses.	Net receipts.	Percentage of working expenses to gross receipts.	Number of passengers carried one mile (unit miles).	Number of goods carried one mile (ton miles).	Persons employed.				Capital outlay including steamboat and suspense.
			First class.	Second class.	Third or intermediate class.	Fourth class.	Total.	Coaching.	Goods.	Miscellaneous including steamboat.	Total.						Europeans.	East Indians.	Natives.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.								Rs.
Jorhat State Railway	...	28	*	*	*	*	62,044	12,278	82,622	1,588	96,488	1,02,433	*5,945*	106·16	†	291,937	2	...	187‡	189	22,181
Cherra-Companyganj State Railway.	...	8§	*	*	*	*	‖	‖	9,015	...	9,015	43,622	*34,607*	¶	†	38,010	1	...	70**	71	—*849*
Dibru-Sadiya Railway.	...	77·50	4,311	2,864	236,714	...	2,43,889	1,38,763	6,79,175	41,476	8,59,414	4,09,726	4,49,688	47·68	5,023,022	15,287,908	9	...	941	950	74,56,183 (or 5,27,546£)
Assam-Bengal Railway.	130·14††	434·66	3,765½	8,743	...	1,410,044½	1,422,553	9,27,737	6,47,365	44,545	16,19,647	12,96,943	3,22,704	80·08	53,189,986	33,896,959	43	77	4,201	4,321	5,40,37,000

* The up-keep of the detailed register of coaching traffic has been discontinued under the orders conveyed in Assam, Public Works Department, letter No. 5452, dated the 19th October 1895; hence the details under these heads cannot be furnished.

† Information not available under the existing half-yearly accounts introduced as per Government of India, Public Works Department, letter No. 309R., dated the 26th July 1895.

‡ Includes 13 trollymen, 2 night chaukidars, 2 watermen, 3 pointsmen, and 25 regular porters employed in the Traffic Department, and 37 artificers attached to the Railway workshop.

§ Ordinarily this is the length of the railway, but it was closed to traffic from 28th March 1899 to 2nd January 1900.

‖ Railway closed for passenger traffic since 12th June 1897 owing to the damage sustained in the earthquake on that date.

¶ Not given, as the railway was only opened for traffic during the year from 1st January to 27th March 1899.

** Includes 4 trollymen and 11 porters attached to the Traffic Department.

	Miles.
†† From Gauhati to Lanka for all classes of traffic, from 2nd January 1899	93·50
Ghat line, Gauhati, for goods and parcels only	1·21
From Lanka to Lumding, for goods and parcels only, from 1st March 1899	16·93
From Badarpur to Damcherra, for goods and parcels only, from 5th April 1899	18·50
Total	130·14

[74] D.—MARINE.

1.—*Statement showing the various Government vessels in the Province of Assam during the official year* 1899-1900.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Names of vessels.	Tonnage.	Horse-power of steamer.	Number of officers.	Number of men.	Total annual cost.	Total annual earnings of the vessels.	Remarks.
					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Steamer *Brahmakund* ...	257·2	77	4	37	33,024 6 2	12 8 10	
Yacht *Sunamukhi*	47	...	...	15	3,989 7 2	29 0 0	
Steam-launch *Kestrel* ...	76·7* 35·44†	40	2	8	8,181 10 6	...	* Builder's old measurement. † Gross register.
Steam-launch *Cygnet* ...	19	65	1	6‡	4,705 11 9	...	‡ 5 men. 1 pilot.
Steamer *David Scott*	15	87	1	11	6,814 0 0	10,349 0 0	6
Steam-launch *Osprey*	5·725	8	...	3§	828 8 3‖	...	§ 1 tindal. 2 firemen. 3 ‖ Pay of establishment. Rs. a. p. 600 0 0 Contingent charges ... 228 8 3 Total ... 828 8 3
Ferry-steamer *Nelly*	68	108·31	4¶	7	5,748 0 0	8,051 13 0	¶ Including serang and engine-driver.

In addition to the expenditure entered in column 6, there was a charge of Rs. 21,750 on account of other transactions, *viz.*,—

	Rs. a. p.
Pilotage fees to the Rivers Steam Navigation Company	1,750 0 0
Subsidy to the Steam Boat Company (Brahmaputra Mail Service)	20,000 0 0
Total	21,750 0 0

[75] D.—MARINE.

2.—*Statement showing the number of officers and men employed otherwise than in Government vessels in the province of Assam during the official year* 1899-1900.

[Blank.]

[76] F.—PRICES OF PRODUCE AND LABOUR.

2.—*Lobour* (1899-1900).

District.	Wages per diem.		Cart per day.	Boat per day.	Elephant per day.
	Skilled.	Unskilled.			
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cachar	0 12 0	0 5 0	0 14 0	0 15 0	4 0 0
Sylhet	0 12 0	0 6 6	1 12 0	1 5 0	5 0 0
Goalpara	1 8 0	0 5 0	1 8 0	5 8 0	2 0 0
Kamrup	0 13 0	0 9 0	1 12 0	0 6 0	4 0 0
Darrang	1 0 0	0 6 0	1 0 0	0 9 6	2 0 0
Nowgong	0 12 0	0 7 0	1 4 0	0 6 0	2 8 0
Sibsagar	0 14 0	0 6 6	1 8 0	0 5 0	2 8 0
Lakhimpur	1 8 0	0 6 0	1 8 0	0 8 0	2 8 0
Naga Hills	1 4 0	0 7 0	1 4 0	...	...
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	1 7 0	0 9 6	2 0 0	...	...
Garo Hills	0 12 0	0 4 0	1 0 0	1 2 0	...
General averages	1 0 6	0 6 6	1 6 4	1 3 7	3 1 0

[77] G.—MINES AND QUARRIES (1899-1900).

Where situated.	Mineral produce.	Number of mines.	Annual produce.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
Sylhet—				
Village Chailakhel in pargana Jaflang ...	Limestone	1	Nil.	Not worked.
Kamrup—				
Bathabari in mauza Chapaguri (subdivision Barpeta).	Ditto	1	Nil.	Ditto.
Lakhimpur—				
Tikak, Ledo, and Ledo Valley ...	Coal	3	4,870,736 maunds	Figures are correct.
Namdang and Tirap	Ditto	2	1,859,359 ,,	Ditto.
Makum and Digboi	Petroleum	3	62,337 ,,	Ditto.
Bed of the Digaru and Sidir Hill streams, Brahmaputra and its tributaries.	Limestone	Unknown...	40,316 ,,	Estimated figures.
Naga Hills—				
Sriju	Ditto	Ditto ...	Unknown.	
Tiru	Coal	1	Nil.	
Desai	Ditto	1	Nil.	
Gelakey (Deokhona)	Ditto	Unknown...	4,403 maunds.	
Dikhu	Ditto	1	24,835 ,,	Worked by Assam Company.
Khasi and Jaintia Hills—				
Khasi Hills	Limestone	27	19,91,930 ,,	Seven of these are worked.
Ditto	Coal	11	.....	None worked.
Jaintia Hills	Limestone	7	14,482 maunds.	1 worked.
Ditto	Coal	5	.....	None worked.
Garo Hills—				
On the bank of Moheshkhali river in the Garo Hills.	Limestone	Unknown...	.....	Not worked.
West of Tura	Coal	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto.
Darrangiri	Ditto	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto.

[78] H.—MANUFACTURES (1899-1900).

	Class of Manufactures.											
	Silk.	Cotton.	Wool.	Other fibres.	Paper.	Wood.	Iron.	Brass and copper.	Building.	Brick and pottery.	Petroleum.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Number of mills and large manufactures	...		...	...	...	13	3	...	...	1	1	18
Private looms or small works ...	302,681		...	...	...	2,515	1,514	195	...	...	...	306,905
Number of workmen in large works. Male ...	...		...	...	...	841	500	4	...	106	75	1,526
Number of workmen in large works. Female ...	...		...	...	...	359	1	...	...	44	34	438
Number of workmen in small works or independent artizans	411,350		...	...	...	4,976	3,208	356	500	...	...	420,390
Number of European Superintendents in large works ...	...		...	...	...	14	5	...	...	1	1	21
Value of block in ditto Rs.	...		...	...	...	85,000	...	...	...	...	...	85,000
Estimated annual outturn of all works ... ... Rs.	13,09,850		...	...	...	5,40,389	1,64,280	2,400	15,000	29,898	70,270	21,32,087

[79] I.—TRADE.

I.—Imports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Imports during the two preceding years.

Articles, and countries from which imported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
I.—Animals, living (for sale)—						
1. Horses, ponies, and mules—						
Bhutan	146	7,891	124	6,191	148	10,206
Towang	85	4,250	811	40,550	90	4,500
Manipur	...	...	1	120	4	587
Total...	231	12,141	936	46,861	242	15,293
2. Cattle—						
Bhutan	...	...	400	10,000	...	...
Towang	40	600	554	11,080	...	...
Manipur	2,438	40,572	756	16,157	189	4,524
Total	2,478	41,172	1,710	37,237	189	4,524
3. Sheep and goats—						
Bhutan	516	1,273	2,205	5,973	1,071	2,728
Towang	325	948	368	909	833	2,084
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	55	291	40	160	120	587
Hill Tipperah	...	...	...	...	50	100
Total	896	2,512	2,613	7,042	2,074	5,499
4. Other kinds—						
Bhutan	73	86	111	107	160	108
Towang	11	22	73	126	45	112
Abor, Mishmi, etc, Hills	302	141	...	...	250	285
Manipur	52	28	2,450	455	4,115	970
Hill Tipperah	70	35	200	100	50	25
Total	508	312	2,834	788	4,690	1,500
Ia.—Arms and ammunition—	Mds.		Mds.		Mds.	
Bhutan	1	32	...	...	...	...
Manipur	...	...	136	4,080	...	...
Total	1	32	136	4,080	...	...
Ib.—Betel-leaves—						
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	2	10
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	8	93	4	80	25	200
Manipur	2	16	5	21	10	44
Total	10	109	9	101	37	254
III.—Canes and rattans—						
Bhutan	...	...	...	...	9	34
Hill Tipperah	6,625	10,467	9,773	18,314	6,874	13,101
Total	6,625	10,467	9,773	18,344	6,883	13,135
IV.—Caoutchouc—						
Bhutan	224	13,619	159	10,475	550	38,554
Towang	60	3,600	...	...	70	4,200
Aka and Dafla Hills	480	28,850	1,270	83,282	1,554	99,565
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	824	46,505	807	48,411	1,367	82,054
Manipur	29	1,168	14	515	217	14,869
Total	1,617	93,742	2,250	1,42,683	3,758	2,39,242
V.—Chinese and Japanese ware—						
Bhutan	...	...	...	...	...	204
VIb.—Cordage and rope of vegetable fibre—						
Hill Tipperah	...	...	36	117	...	...
VII.—Cotton, raw—						
Bhutan	...	...	...	...	2	16
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	1	5
Manipur	181	905	269	1,445	115	483
Hill Tipperah	9,938	51,041	15,199	66,004	10,597	56,651
Total	10,119	51,946	15,468	67,449	10,715	57,155

[7*d*] I.—TRADE.

I.—Imports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Imports during the two preceding years—continued.

Articles, and countries from which imported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
VIII.—Cotton, manufactured—		Rs.		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
1. Twist and yarn (European)—						
Manipur	...	...	...	...	14	560
2. Twist and yarn (Indian)—						
Manipur	...	...	...	...	71	2,790
3. Piece-goods (European)—						
Manipur	...	...	...	...	15 mds. = 5,170 yds.	600
4. Piece-goods (Indian)—						
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	...	...	9 mds. = 480 yds.	570	3 mds. = 152 yds.	188
Manipur	7 mds. = 1,665 yds.	869	10 mds. = 2,857 yds.	963	56 mds. = 15,165 yds.	3,754
Total	7 mds. = 1,665 yds.	869	19 mds = 3,337 yds.	1,533	59 mds. = 15,317 yds.	3,942
X.—Dyeing materials—	Mds.		Mds.		Mds.	
2. Madder or manjit—						
Bhutan	7	124	18	276	5	84
Towang	1	7	1	3	5	23
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	4	40
Total	8	131	19	279	14	147
XII.—Fibrous products, raw (excluding jute)—						
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	2	2
XIII.—Fruits, vegetables, and nuts—						
1*a*. Oranges—						
Bhutan	61	107	25	134	70	486
Towang	10	31	4	14	8	25
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	1	5
Total	71	138	29	148	79	516
1*b*. Potatoes—						
Bhutan	4	10	1	2	7	17
Towang	...	...	...	...	34	169
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	10	30
Manipur	...	...	...	...	14	80
Total	4	10	1	2	65	296
2. Kinds other than cocoanuts, oranges, and potatoes—						
Bhutan	3	10	4	18	18	90
Towang	4	18	2	5	97	478
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	10	50
Manipur	...	...	3	40	11	115
Total	7	28	9	63	136	733
XIV.- Grain and pulse—						
1. Wheat—						
Bhutan	5	20	13	54	17	86
2. Gram and pulse—						
Bhutan	...	...	66	456	...	...
Manipur	...	...	90	600	136	757
Total	...	...	156	1,056	136	757
3. Spring crops other than wheat and gram and pulse—						
Bhutan	30	183	28	190	433	1,126
Towang	...	...	7	37	...	...
Total	30	183	35	227	433	1,126

[79] I.—TRADE.

I.—Imports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Imports during the two preceding years—continued.

Articles, and countries from which imported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
XIV.—Grain and pulse—*concld.*—						
4. Rice, husked—						
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	240	1,011	45	200	...	...
Manipur	42	83	25,646	41,479	34,725	63,858
Hill Tipperah	124	364	70	247	1,530	3,038
Total	406	1,458	25,761	41,926	36,255	66,896
5. Rice, unhusked—						
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	490	1,140	230	577	...	...
Manipur	...	...	465	217	180	150
Hill Tipperah	2,818	5,601	2,800	3,300	4,605	4,605
Total	3,308	6,741	3,495	4,094	4,785	4,755
6. Rain crops other than rice, husked and unhusked—						
Bhutan	37	370	37	372	85	823
Towang	45	163	...	...	...	...
Total	82	533	37	372	85	823
XV.—Gums and resins—						
Towang	...	...	20	52	...	...
XVI.—Hides and skins—						
1. Hides of cattle—						
Manipur	...	...	...	...	27	814
XVII.—Horns—	Mds. srs.		Mds. srs		Mds. srs.	
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	0 26*	1,415	0 10*	850	0 7*	700
Manipur	...	...	1 0	20	...	...
Total	0 26	1,415	1 10	870	0 7	700
XVII*a*.—Ivory—						
Bhutan	...	...	1 0	350	0 20	200
Towang	3 0	1,115	...	...	...	...
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	2 0	200
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	1 14	700	3 8	1,630	0 13	195
Manipur	...	...	...	...	1 20	566
Total	4 14	1,815	4 8	1,980	4 13	1,161
XVII*b*.—Jute—					Mds.	
1. Raw—						
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	2	2
2. Gunny bags and cloths—						
Bhutan	...	...	...	...	No. 263 =6 mds.	65
Towang	...	...	...	...	No. 274 =2 mds.	68
Total	...	...	...	...	No. 537 =8 mds.	133
XVIII.—Lac—	Mds.		Mds.		Mds.	
3. Stick and other kinds—						
Bhutan	28	193	24	206	11	120
Towang	4	40	...	...	8	80
Total	32	233	24	206	19	200
XIX.—Leather—						
1. Unmanufactured—						
Bhutan	...	4	...	...	...	...
Manipur	...	...	...	...	...	638
Total	..	4	...	...	..	638
2. Manufactured—						
Manipur	...	18	...	86	...	14

* Rhinoceros' horns.

[79] I.—TRADE.

I.—Imports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Imports during the two preceding years—continued.

Articles, and countries from which imported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
XXI.—Mats—						
Bhutan	...	...	...	75	...	...
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	...	100
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	...	184	...	270	...	180
Manipur	...	70	...	17	...	1
Hill Tipperah	...	2,109	...	2,381	...	2,670
Total	...	2,363	...	2,743	...	2,951
XXII.—Metals and manufactures of metals—						
2. Iron—						
Bhutan	...	...	1	15	7	88
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	...	...	3	19	...	...
Total	...	...	4	34	7	88
3. Kinds other than brass, and copper and iron—						
Bhutan	...	...	1	20	...	...
Manipur	2	101	3	204	4	271
Total	2	101	4	224	4	271
XXII*a*.—Musk—	Oz.		Oz.		Oz.	
Bhutan	34	729	50	1,557	76	1,875
Towang	15	672	6	272	12	365
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	70	700	105	1,605	9	130
Total	119	2,101	161	3,434	97	2,370
XXIII.—Oils—	Mds.		Mds.		Mds.	
(*b*) Oils other than mineral oils—						
Bhutan	...	...	...	...	1	12
XXVI.—Provisions—						
1. Ghi—						
Bhutan	3	130	3	140	5	197
Towang	1	25	2	54	1	47
Manipur	...	...	2	80	1	30
Total	4	155	7	274	7	274
2. Fish, dry—						
Manipur	...	...	109	2,220	151	3,570
3. Other kinds						
Bhutan	70	560	...	...	3	15
Towang	10	35	2	5	6	28
Manipur	...	...	2	3	43	204
Hill Tipperah	6	21	...	...	9	23
Total	86	616	4	8	61	270
VII.—Salt—						
Bhutan	157	786	92	434	110	531
Towang	188	940	95	474	467	2,315
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	95	455	7	39	45	226
Total	440	2,181	194	947	622	3,072
XXVIII.—Saltpetre, etc.—						
2. Saline substances other than saltpetre—						
Towang	1	3	...	...	...	...
XXIX.—Seeds—						
1. Oil-seeds—						
(*a*) Linseed—						
Hill Tipperah	851	2,725	241	803	102	365
(*b*) Rape and mustard—						
Bhutan	2	14	...	...	...	...
Towang	52	260	7	34	...	...
Total	54	274	7	34	...	...

[79] I.—TRADE.

I.—Imports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Imports during the two preceding years—continued.

Articles, and countries from which imported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
XXIX.—Seeds—*contd.*—	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
1. Oil-seeds—*contd.*—						
(*c*) *Til* or jinjili—						
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	5	20
Hill Tipperah	6,621	24,324	4,300	16,480	6,651	25,682
Total	6,621	24,324	4,300	16,480	6,656	25,702
2. Other seeds—						
(*b*) Tea-seed—						
Manipur	645	25,800	...	...	38	475
XXX.—Silk—						
2. Manufactured—						
Manipur	...	...	2 Mds. 3,567 yds.	600	...	...
XXXI.—Spices—			Mds.			
1. Betel-nuts—						
Towang	...	...	...	...	150	481
2. Other kinds—						
Bhutan	206	2,753	171	1,338	390	3,692
Towang	109	1,994	46	582	12	37
Manipur	3	15	12	79	54	369
Total	378	4,762	229	1,999	456	4,098
XXXIII.—Sugar—						
2. Unrefined—						
Manipur	...	...	25	130	20	80
Hill Tipperah	87	382	...	...	...	...
Total	87	382	25	130	20	80
XXXIV.—Tea—						
2. Foreign—						
Bhutan	...	...	1	45	3	90
XXXV.—Tobacco—						
Manipur	...	...	44	479	58	561
XXXVa.—Wax—						
Bhutan	135	4,412	166	5,206	247	5,380
Towang	13	515	22	888	52	2,052
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	5	50
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills... ...	29	782	89	2,891	4	160
Manipur	...	...	...	...	1	30
Total	177	5,709	277	8,985	309	7,672
XXXVI.—Wood—	No.		No.		No.	
1. Timber—						
Hill Tipperah	10	1,83,239	30,059	2,01,562	15,097	2,85,644
2. Firewood—	Mds.		Mds.		Mds.	
Hill Tipperah	4,150	912	7,263	1,817	5,552	1,344
3. Bamboos—	No.		No.		No.	
Hill Tipperah	7,026,824	1,18,778	6,035,555	1,03,977	6,039,213	1,09,979
XXXVII.—Wool—						
4. Blankets—						
Bhutan	1,733	4,433	3,077	7,228	1,816	4,621
Towang	2,759	6,565	929	2,246	835	2,014
Total	4,492	10,998	4,006	9,474	2,651	6,635

[79] I.—TRADE.

I.—Imports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900 as compared with the Imports during the two preceding years—concluded.

Articles, and countries from which imported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
XXXVII*a*.—Yâk tails—						
Bhutan	88	175	47	45	76	76
Towang	105	105	12	12	34	34
Total	193	280	59	57	110	110
XXXVIII.—All other articles of merchandise—						
1. Unmanufactured—						
Manipur	...	...	...	60	...	60
Hill Tipperah	...	52,449	...	35,296	...	54,368
Total	...	52,449	...	35,356	...	54,428
2. Manufactured—						
Bhutan	...	562	...	5,207	...	285
Towang	...	207	...	154	...	...
Manipur	...	1,819	...	1,121	...	1,412
Hill Tipperah	...	3,151	...	5,807	...	6,332
Total	...	5,739	...	12,289	...	8,029
XXXVIII*a*.—Treasure—						
Gold—						
Bhutan	...	100	...	...	...	150
Towang	...	500	...	625	...	128
Total	...	600	...	625	...	278
Silver—						
Bhutan	...	80	...	...	...	125
Total—						
Bhutan	...	38,656	...	56,114	...	72,084
Towang	...	22,615	...	58,122	...	19,240
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	28,850	...	83,282	...	1,00,079
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	...	53,417	...	57,302	...	84,905
Manipur	...	71,464	...	71,191	...	1,03,236
Hill Tipperah	...	4,55,598	...	4,56,235	...	5,63,927
Grand total	...	6,70,600	...	7,82,246	...	9,43,471

[79] I.—TRADE.

2.—*Exports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Exports during the preceding two years.*

Articles, and countries to which exported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
I.—Animals, living (for sale)—	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
1. Horses, ponies, and mules—						
Manipur	...	...	10	345	15	574
2. Cattle—						
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	20	200
Manipur	...	...	80	1,228	36	702
Total	...	...	80	1,228	56	902
3. Sheep and goats—						
Manipur	13	39	68	173	107	499
Hill Tipperah	250	325	165	325	250	425
Total	263	364	233	498	357	924
4. Other kinds—						
Bhutan	6	3	46	229	88	341
Towang	...	...	...	...	3	30
Manipur	...	...	1,148	767	1,427	1,055
Hill Tipperah	...	...	250	1,900	...	...
Total	6	3	1,444	2,896	1,518	1,426
	Mds.		Mds.		Mds.	
Ia.—Arms and ammunition—						
Manipur	...	...	...	...	1	25
Ib.—Betel-leaves—						
Bhutan	30	108	28	114	25	100
Towang	6	6	8	19	4	6
Manipur	7	61	...	...	5	46
Total	43	175	36	133	34	152
II.—Borax—						
Bhutan	4	16	...	...	...	...
IIa.—Building materials—						
1. Limestone—						
Manipur	...	...	2,000	2,000	...	...
Hill Tipperah	...	...	150	60	100	100
Total	...	...	2,150	2,060	100	100
2. Lime—						
Bhutan	...	...	...	...	2	34
Manipur	98	301	115	460	85	268
Hill Tipperah	110	105	381	402	1,300	1,280
Total	208	406	496	862	1,387	1,582
V.—Chinese and Japanese ware—						
Bhutan	...	...	...	21	...	28
Towang	...	1	...	...	...	...
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	...	...	...	200	...	...
Hill Tipperah	...	...	...	40	...	230
Total	...	1	...	261	...	258
VIII.—Cotton, manufactured—						
1. Twist and yarn (European)—						
Bhutan	44	1,656	34	1,370	64	2,229
Towang	10	406	4	145	2	92
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills	28	1,142	39	1,615	12	478
Manipur	214	6,477	563	20,048	807	27,801
Hill Tipperah	72	2,567	144	4,385	82	2,655
Total	368	12,248	784	27,563	967	33,255
2. Twist and yarn (Indian)—						
Bhutan	19	940	48	2,090	41	1,865
Towang	6	443	...	...	...	...
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	1	32
Manipur	...	...	160	6,150	150	5,750
Hill Tipperah	81	3,240	104	4,160	59	2,615
Total	106	4,623	312	12,400	251	10,262

[79] I.—TRADE.

2.—*Exports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Exports during the preceding two years*—continued.

Articles, and countries to which exported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mds.	Rs	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
VIII.—Cotton, manufactured—*contd.*—						
3. Piece-goods (European)—						
Bhutan	26 mds.= 6,584 yds.	1,230	77 mds.= 20,586 yds.	3,106	140 mds.= 33,021 yds	5,253
Towang	3 mds.= 604 yds.	197	3 mds.= 348 yds.	194	3 mds.= 651 yds	513
Aka and Dafla Hills	1 md = 240 yds.	105	18 mds.= 5,982 yds.	911	9 mds.= 2,674 yds.	608
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	21 mds.= 5,680 yds.	1,430	21 mds.= 4,966 yds.	1,177	16 mds.= 2,985 yds.	778
Manipur	387 mds.= 150,774 yds.	27,826	487 mds.= 147,743yds.	48,956	502 mds = 160,682 yds.	44,864
Hill Tipperah	122 mds.= 37,895 yds.	6,466	197 mds.= 75,610 yds.	7,646	124 mds.= 52,900 yds.	5,480
Total	560 mds.= 201,777yds.	37,256	803 mds.= 255,235 yds.	61,990	794 mds.= 2,913 yds.	57,496
4. Piece-goods (Indian)—						
Bhutan	26 mds.= 6,438 yds.	1,151	76 mds.= 17,229 yds.	3,046	75 mds.= 17,165 yds.	3,305
Towang	14 mds.= 2,848 yds.	1,433	28 mds.= 32,162 yds.	4,896	1 md.= 276 yds.	115
Manipur	...	...	72 mds.= 24,686 yds.	2,880	245 mds.= 57,635 yds.	10,200
Hill Tipperah	150 mds.= 37,500 yds.	6,000	4 mds.= 1,000 yds	200	10 mds.= 2,500 yds.	500
Total	190 mds.= 46,786 yds.	8,584	180 mds.= 75,077 yds.	11,022	331 mds.= 77,576 yds.	14,120
IX.—Drugs and Medicines—	Mds.		Mds.		Mds.	
2. Other sorts (non-intoxicating)—						
Manipur	...	...	...	...	50	1.000
X.—Dyeing materials—						
4. Turmeric—						
Hill Tipperah	74	638	48	396	64	653
5. Kinds other than indigo, madder or manjit, safflower, and turmeric—						
Towang	...	...	2	18	14	137
XI.—Earthenware and porcelain—						
Bhutan	...	16	...	...	...	23
Towang	...	5	...	6	...	18
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	...	20
Hill Tipperah	...	1,433	...	1,761	...	1 825
Total	...	1,454	...	1,767	...	1,886
XIII.—Fruits, vegetables, and nuts—	No.		No.		No.	
1. Cocoanuts—						
Manipur	...	...	90	8	752	56
Hill Tipperah	12,873	513	22,825	931	19,798	858
Total	12,873	513	22,915	939	20,550	914

[79] I.—TRADE.

2.—*Exports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Export during the preceding two years*—continued.

Articles, and countries to which exported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
XIII.—Fruits, vegetables, and nuts—*contd.*—	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
1*a*. Oranges—						
Hill Tipperah	71	395	54	376	49	335
1*b*. Potatoes—						
Manipur	...	...	15	75	5	35
Hill Tipperah	133	374	291	841	354	1,083
Total	133	374	306	916	359	1,118
2. Kinds other than cocoanut, oranges, and potatoes—						
Manipur	...	...	2	10	...	...
XIV.—Grain and pulse—						
1. Wheat—						
Manipur	...	...	26	298	185	1,531
Hill Tipperah	17	93	64	256	103	412
Total	17	93	90	554	288	1,943
2. Gram and pulse—						
Manipur	19	138	108	763	288	1,999
Hill Tipperah	1,099	6,164	1,688	5,853	2,126	6,024
Total	1,118	6,302	1,796	6,616	2,414	8,023
3. Spring crops other than wheat and gram and pulse—						
Towang	...	...	...	...	245	606
Hill Tipperah	...	...	15	85	...	...
Total	...	...	15	85	245	606
4. Rice, husked—						
Bhutan	1,044	2,921	535	1,153	764	1,212
Towang	552	1,379	577	1,399	1,673	2,857
Aka and Dafla Hills	52	172	18	53	488	1,243
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	129	594	26	96	...	...
Manipur	...	...	280	1,400	...	...
Hill Tipperah	1,957	4,512	2,320	7,306	1,900	3,800
Total	2,834	9,578	3,756	11,407	4,825	9,112
5. Rice, unhusked—						
Bhutan	123	188	67	100	716	575
Towang	2,437	4,271	2,221	2,559	2,051	2,220
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	100	100
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	1	4	...	...	...	...
Hill Tipperah	200	400	179	311	...	...
Total	2,761	4,863	2,467	3,370	2,867	2,895
XVII*b*.—Jute—						
1. Raw—						
Manipur	...	...	...	...	7	42
Hill Tipperah	155	463	258	974	577	2,885
Total	155	463	258	974	584	2,927
2. Gunny bags and cloths—	No.		No.			
Manipur	...	...	...	...	No. 533 = 11 mds.	80
Hill Tipperah	1,343	312	3,467	810	No. 3,998 = 120 mds.	938
Total	1,343	312	3,467	810	No 4,531 = 131 mds.	1,018
XVIII.—Lac—	Mds.				Mds.	
3. Stick and other kinds—						
Towang	2	20	...	...	16	162
XIX.—Leather—						
2. Manufactured—						
Manipur	...	...	...	...	...	144
Hill Tipperah	...	2,000	...	2,000	...	2,250
Total	...	2,000	...	2,000	...	3,624

[79] I.—TRADE.

2.—*Exports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Exports during the preceding two years*—continued.

Articles, and countries to which exported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
XX.—Liquors—						
Bhutan	...	10	...	...	...	78
XXI.—Mats—						
Hill Tipperah	...	53	...	30	...	45
XXII.—Metals and manufactures of metals—						
1. Brass and copper—						
Bhutan	44	2,456	39	2,106	44	2,098
Towang	14	865	9	513	7	333
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	3	120	1	50	...	...
Manipur	54	2,700	150	7,500	17	877
Hill Tipperah	96	4,736	353	15,238	376	19,573
Total	211	10,877	552	25,407	444	22,881
2.—Iron—						
Bhutan	43	251	44	256	35	288
Towang	27	439	20	208	21	211
Aka and Dafla Hills	10	60	16	152	576	3,509
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	...	...	21	172	11	96
Manipur	273	2,740	661	8,258	151	1,376
Hill Tipperah	178	1,522	253	5,026	511	6,481
Total	531	5,012	1,015	14,072	1,305	11,961
Other metals—						
Bhutan	17	272	47	192	14	176
Towang	20	603	4	212	3	100
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	1	50	1	40	...	...
Manipur	...	...	5	140	1	45
Hill Tipperah	17	956	209	9,663	233	3,776
Total	55	1,881	266	10,547	251	4,097
XXIII.—Oils—						
(*a*) Mineral oils—						
Bhutan	...	...	7	44	...	...
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	8	20	...	...
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	49	270	28	152	11	63
Manipur	4,862	24,316	3,017	16,962	3,251	16,246
Hill Tipperah	992	4,109	976	3,717	1,168	4,604
Total	5,903	28,695	4,036	20,895	4,430	20,913
(*b*) Other oils—						
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	17	350	5	100	1	20
Manipur	58	751	41	644	11	158
Hill Tipperah	616	8,809	540	6,820	567	7,187
Total	691	9,910	586	7,564	579	7,365
XXIV.—Opium—	Mds. srs.		Mds. srs.		Mds. srs.	
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	5 5	10,318	1 21	2,994	0 19	908

[79] I.—TRADE.

2.—*Exports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Exports during the preceding two years*—continued.

Articles, and countries to which exported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
XXVI.—Provisions—						
1. Ghi—						
Manipur	5	195	123	4,994	228	8,059
Hill Tipperah	39	1,463	56	2,196	77	2,934
Total	44	1,658	179	7,190	305	10 993
2. Fish, dry—						
Bhutan	122	1,014	30	297	57	202
Towang	11	59	10	50	10	48
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	30	300
Manipur	3,073	15,367	1,671	9,350	986	5,490
Hill Tipperah	956	7,366	1,813	10,774	1,826	12,004
Total	4,162	23,806	3,524	20,471	2,909	18,044
3. Other kinds—						
Bhutan	2	11	31	240	14	52
Towang	3	7	3	12	5	21
Manipur	70	350	60	600	279	2,290
Hill Tipperah	421	2,324	242	1,684	1,063	6,959
Total	496	2,692	336	2,536	1,361	9,322
XXVII.—Salt—						
Towang	1	3	...	...	...	...
Aka and Dafla Hills	38	206	90	477	422	2,250
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	297	1,506	349	1,750	154	766
Manipur	378	1,889	801	4,310	648	3,125
Hill Tipperah	2,885	11,238	2,547	9,719	3,514	13,221
Total	3,599	14,842	3,787	16,256	4,738	19,662
XXVIII.—Saltpetre, etc.—						
2. Saline substances other than saltpetre—						
Manipur	...	...	...	...	59	784
Hill Tipperah	20	100	20	100	...	...
Total	20	100	20	100	59	784
XXIX.—Seeds—						
1. Oil-seeds—						
(*b*) Rape and mustard—						
Towang	...	...	1	3	...	...
(*c*) *Til* or jinjilli—						
Towang	1	4	...	...	...	...
XXX.—Silk—						
1. Raw—						
Bhutan	29	5,424	35	6,221	83	13,267
2.—Manufactured—						
Bhutan	16 mds.= 2,285 yds.	3,518	43 mds.= 7,185 yds.	10,472	55 mds.= 8,237 yds.	12,678
Towang	70 mds.= 11,254 yds.	18,772	66 mds.= 8,357 yds.	13,215	24 mds.= 5,808 yds.	9,202
Aka and Dafla Hills	5 mds.= 640 yds.	880	22 mds.= 3,824 yds.	5,586	31 mds.= 4,721 yds.	8,399
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	3 mds.= 434 yds.	835	5 mds.= 666 yds.	1,231	10 mds.= 1,112 yds.	1,904
Manipur	...	...	100 mds.= 17,800 yds.	30,000	...	...
Hill Tipperah	1 md.= 1,250 yds.	600	2 mds.= 2,500 yds.	1,900	1 md.= 1,500 yds.	1,083
Total	95 mds.= 15,863 yds.	24,605	238 mds.= 40,332 yds.	62,404	121 mds.= 21,378 yds.	33,183 yds

[79] I.—TRADE.

2.—*Exports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Exports during the preceding two years*—continued.

Articles, and countries to which exported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
XXXI.—Spices—						
1. Betel-nuts—						
Bhutan	165	155	91	116	102	187
Towang	57	158	9	31	18	18
Aka and Dafla Hills	...	...	...	...	12	48
Manipur	4,913	24,584	6,910	46,934	8,412	57,318
Hill Tipperah	388	3,047	337	2,389	328	3,162
Total	5,523	27,944	7,347	49,470	8,872	60,733
2. Other kinds—						
Manipur	366	1,830	48	772	29	532
Hill Tipperah	1,034	8,900	783	5,202	1,020	6,174
Total	1,400	10,730	831	5,974	1,049	6,706
XXXII.—Stone and marble—						
Hill Tipperah	100	400	500	150	450	155
XXXIII.—Sugar—						
1. Refined—						
Bhutan	...	...	...	...	1	19
Manipur	62	872	212	3,460	178	2,249
Hill Tipperah	97	1,101	164	1,641	225	2,724
Total	159	1,973	376	5,101	404	4,992
2. Unrefined—						
Bhutan	...	...	3	15	...	...
Towang	...	...	7	25	...	...
Manipur	...	...	...	...	1	5
Hill Tipperah	591	3,127	733	3,480	959	4,868
Total	591	3,127	743	3,520	960	4,873
XXXIV.—Tea—						
1. Indian—						
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	9	228	1	30	4	70
Manipur	10	173	20	288	13	215
Total	19	401	21	318	17	285
XXXV.—Tobacco—						
Bhutan	...	...	22	425	25	469
Towang	18	359	10	196	4	81
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	6	166	8	152	4	100
Manipur	8	120	2	24	14	244
Hill Tipperah	743	7,366	729	7,593	840	10,054
Total	775	8,011	771	8,390	887	10,948
XXXV*a*.—Wax—						
Towang	...	...	1	22	...	...
XXXVII.—Wool—						
2. Manufactured (piece-goods)—						
Towang	2 mds. = 225 yds.	375	...	...	...	...
Manipur	...	...	...	...	2 mds. = 450 yds.	361
Hill Tipperah	100 mds. = 2,000 yds.	8,000	10 mds. = 310 yds.	490	20 mds. = 500 yds.	800
Total	102 mds. = 2,225 yds.	8,375	10 mds. = 310 yds.	490	22 mds. = 950 yds.	1,161
3. Shawls—	No.		No.		No.	
Hill Tipperah	50	500	15	300	20	400

[79] I.—TRADE.

2.—*Exports across the Frontier of Assam during the year ending the 31st March 1900, as compared with the Exports during the preceding two years*—concluded.

Articles, and countries to which exported.	1897-98.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
XXXVII.—Wool—*contd.*—						
4. Blankets—						
Aka and Dafla Hills ...	...	...	2	6	460	632
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	1	6	5	21	...	...
Manipur	...	...	...	...	124	282
Hill Tipperah	310	570	500	700	200	350
Total	311	576	507	727	784	1,264
XXXVIII.—All other articles of merchandise—						
1. Unmanufactured—						
Towang	...	31	...	...	...	...
Hill Tipperah	...	3	...	269	...	...
Total	...	34	...	269	...	...
2. Manufactured—						
Bhutan	...	25	...	162	...	68
Towang	...	...	...	49	...	16
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	...	80	...	...	...	...
Manipur	...	3,802	...	8,685	...	10,301
Hill Tipperah	...	4,328	...	3,609	...	3,121
Total	...	8,235	...	12,505	...	13,506
XXXVIIIa.—Treasure—						
Silver—						
Aka and Dafla Hills ...	...	2,362	...	1,596	...	...
Manipur	...	...	...	2,81,600	...	...
Total	...	2,362	...	2,83,196	...	...
Total—						
Bhutan	...	21,365	...	31,775	...	44,547
Towang	...	29,836	...	24,172	...	16,786
Aka and Dafla Hills ...	...	3,785	...	8,801	...	17,341
Abor, Mishmi, etc., Hills ...	...	17,101	...	9,780	...	5,183
Manipur	...	1,14,531	...	5,10,082	...	2,06,898
Hill Tipperah	...	1,16,618	...	1,34,008	...	1,43,940
Grand total ...	...	3,03,236	...	7,18,618	...	434,695

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1905.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Coal and coke—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	150,909	75,454	2,511	1,255	153,420	76,709	...	...	1,586,492	7,93,246	1,586,492	7,93,246
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	552	276	46,849	23,424	47,401	23,700	...	...	121,935	60,967	121,935	60,967
Total	151,461	75,730	49,360	24,679	200,821	1,00,409	...	...	1,708,427	8,54,213	1,708,427	8,54,213
Cotton, raw—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	41	661	10	161	51	822	4,581	26,627	18,092	1,05,160	22,673	1,31,787
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	4	61	4	61	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	1	13	1	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
	41	661	15	235	56	896	4,581	26,627	18,092	1,05,160	22,673	1,31,787
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	85	1,371	96	1,548	181	2,919	54	314	16,113	93,657	16,167	93,971
Total	126	2,032	111	1,783	237	3,815	4,635	26,941	34,205	1,98,817	38,840	2,25,758
Cotton, manufactured—												
1. Twist and yarn (European)—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	29	1,363	54	2,538	83	3,901	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	189	8,883	11,451	5,38,197	11,640	5,47,080	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	218	10,246	11,505	5,40,735	11,723	5,50,981	...	...	...	...	...	...

2. *Twist and yarn (Indian)*—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	49	1,115	1	23	50	1,138	5	125	45	1,125	50	1,250
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	30	1	30	2	60	...	...	...	...	...	...
	50	1,145	2	53	52	1,198	5	125	45	1,125	50	1,250
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	65	1,478	7,557	1,71,922	7,622	1,73,400	...	...	39	975	39	975
Total	115	2,623	7,559	1,71,975	7,674	1,74,598	5	125	84	2,100	89	2,225
3. Piece-goods (European)—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	74	3,655	1,051	68,578	1,125	72,233	16	1,044	2	130	18	1,174
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	12	705	55	2,530	67	3,235	35	2,284	...	...	35	2,284
Punjab	1	47	6	280	7	327	...	...	...	...	...	...
	87	4,407	1,112	71,388	1,199	75,795	51	3,328	2	130	53	3,458
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	2	130	...	...	2	130	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Bombay	1	41	7	288	8	329	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	11,939	6,24,270	84,981	55,45,010	96,920	61,69,280	12	783	13	848	25	1,631
	11,940	6,24,311	84,988	55,45,298	96,928	61,69,609	12	783	13	848	25	1,631
Total	12,029	6,28,848	86,100	56,16,686	98,129	62,45,534	63	4,111	15	978	78	5,089
4. Piece-goods (Indian)—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	1,035	35,817	900	53,775	1,935	89,592	23	920	72	2,880	95	3,800
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	95	4,315	172	6,245	267	10,560	7	280	9	360	16	640
Punjab	3	108	15	540	18	648	...	...	4	160	4	160
Central Provinces ...	2	80	...	...	2	80	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1,135	40,320	1,087	60,560	2,222	1,00,880	30	1,200	85	3,400	115	4,600

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Cotton, manufactured—*contd.*—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
4. Piece-goods (Indian)—*conta.*—												
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	40	6	240	7	280
Chief sea-port towns—												
Bombay	9	310	72	2,295	81	2,605	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta, ...	613	22,702	72	4,302	685	27,004	14	560	65	2,600	79	3,160
	622	23,012	144	6,597	766	29,609	14	560	65	2,600	79	3,160
Total	1,757	63,332	1,231	67,157	2,988	1,30,489	45	1,800	156	6,240	201	8,040
Total Cotton, manufactured—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	1,187	41,950	2,006	1,24,914	3,193	1,66,864	44	2,089	119	4,135	163	6,224
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	108	5,050	228	8,805	336	13,855	42	2,564	9	360	51	2,924
Punjab	4	155	21	820	25	975	...	...	4	160	4	160
Central Provinces ...	2	80	...	...	2	80	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1,301	47,235	2,255	1,34,539	3,556	1,81,774	86	4,653	132	4,655	218	9,308
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India...	2	130	...	...	2	130	1	40	6	249	7	280
Chief sea-port towns—												
Bombay	10	351	79	2,583	89	2,934	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	12,806	6,57,333	104,061	62,59,431	116,867	69,16,764	26	1,343	117	4,423	143	5,766
	12,816	6,57,684	104,140	62,62,014	116,956	69,19,698	26	1,343	117	4,423	143	5,766
Total	14,119	7,05,049	106,395	63,96,553	120,514	71,01,602	113	6,036	255	9,318	368	15,354

Drugs and chemicals—												
1. Intoxicating other than opium—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	644	7,084	644	7,084	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	140	1,540	...	...	140	1,540	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	140	1,540	644	7,084	784	8,624	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Non-intoxicating—												
(*a*) Cinchona bark	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Others—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	6	66	22	242	28	308	60	1,500	4	100	64	1,600
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	11	...	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	75	3	75
	7	77	22	242	29	319	60	1,500	7	175	67	1,675
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	1,124	12,364	6,719	73,909	7,843	86,273	332	8,300	310	7,750	642	16,050
Total	1,131	12,441	6,741	74,151	7,872	86,592	392	9,800	317	7,925	709	17,725
Total Drugs and chemicals—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	6	66	666	7,326	672	7,392	60	1,500	4	100	64	1,600
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	11	...	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	75	3	75
	7	77	666	7,326	673	7,403	60	1,500	7	175	67	1,675
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	1,264	13,904	6,719	73,909	7,983	87,813	332	8,300	310	7,750	642	16,050
Total	1,271	13,981	7,385	81,235	8,656	95,216	392	9,800	317	7,925	709	17,725

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Dyes and tans—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1. Indigo—												
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	33	6,410	33	6,410	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Myrabolams—												
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	4	13	4	13	...	...	203	660	203	660
3. Cutch—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	38	465	38	465	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	17	208	390	4,777	407	4,985	...	...	10	122	10	122
Total	17	208	428	5,242	445	5,450	...	...	10	122	10	122
4. Turmeric—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal ...	2	18	2,642	23,778	2,644	23,796	...	...	11	161	11	161
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	17	187	17	187	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2	18	2,659	23,965	2,661	23,983	...	...	11	161	11	161
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	48	432	10,957	98,613	11,005	99,045	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	50	450	13,616	1,22,578	13,666	1,23,028	...	...	11	161	11	161
5. Alizarine and aniline dyes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

6. *Âl* (*Morinda citrifolia*) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Others—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	1	18	13	237	14	255	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	30	547	1,675	30,569	1,705	31,116	...	...	160	2,400	160	2,400
Total	31	565	1,688	30,806	1,719	31,371	...	...	160	2,400	160	2,400
Total Dyes and tans—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	3	36	2,693	24,480	2,696	24,516	...	...	11	161	11	161
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	17	187	17	187	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3	36	2,700	24,667	2,703	24,703	...	...	11	161	11	161
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	95	1,187	13,059	1,40,382	13,154	1,41,569	...	...	373	3,182	373	3,182
Total	98	1,223	15,759	1,65,049	15,857	1,66,272	...	...	384	3,343	384	3,343
Grain and pulse—												
1. Wheat—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	138	414	597	1,791	735	2,205	...	...	474	978	474	978
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	203	596	203	596	...	...	...	...	...	...
	138	414	800	2,387	938	2,801	...	...	474	978	474	978
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	1,541	4,623	2,346	7,038	3,887	11,661	...	...	2,501	5,158	2,501	5,158
Total	1,679	5,037	3,146	9,425	4,825	14,462	...	...	2,975	6,136	2,975	6,136
2. Rice in the husk—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	200	325	6,144	9,984	6,344	10,309	295	369	1,392,161	17,40,201	1,392,456	17,40,570
Central Provinces ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1
	200	325	6,144	9,984	6,344	10,309	296	370	1,392,161	17,40,201	1,392,457	17,40,571
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	5	8	5	8	...	...	800	1,000	800	1,000
Total	200	325	6,149	9,992	6,349	10,317	296	370	1,392,961	17,41,201	1,393,257	17,41,571

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Grain and pulse—*contd.*—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
3. Rice not in the husk—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	43,713	1,36,603	662,196	20,69,362	705,909	22,05,965	482	1,205	6,798	16,995	7,280	18,200
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,884	4,710	...	...	1,884	4,710
	43,713	1,36,603	662,196	20,69,362	705,909	22,05,965	2,366	5,915	6,798	16,995	9,164	22,910
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	597	1,492	55	137	652	1,629
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	1,017	3,178	21,466	67,081	22,483	70,259	228	570	106,401	2,66,002	106,629	2,66,572
Total	44,730	1,39,781	683,662	21,36,443	728,392	22,76,224	3,191	7,977	113,254	2,83,134	116,445	2,91,111
4. Jowar and bajra—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	4	9	4	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	17	40	17	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	21	49	21	49	...	...	...	...	...	...

5. Gram and pulse—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	10,522	28,935	237,612	6,53,433	248,134	6,82,368	4	18	507	2,281	511	2,299
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	6,697	15,905	6,697	15,905	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	4	13	4	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10,522	28,935	244,313	6,69,351	254,835	698,286	4	18	507	2,281	511	2,299
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	3,328	9,152	255,296	7,02,064	258,624	7,11,216	...	...	8,774	39,483	8,774	39,483
Total	13,850	38,087	499,609	13,71,415	513,459	14,09,502	4	18	9,281	41,764	9,285	41,782
6. Others—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	445	779	10,026	17,545	10,471	18,324	...	...	25	62	25	62
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	212	371	157	275	369	646	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	657	1,150	10,183	17,820	10,840	18,970	...	...	25	62	25	62
Total Grain and pulse—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	55,018	1,67,056	916,579	27,52,124	971,597	29,19,180	781	1,592	1,399,965	17,60,517	1,400,746	17,62,109
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	6,900	16,501	6,900	16,501	1,884	4,710	...	...	1,884	4,710
Punjab	...	...	4	13	4	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1
	55,018	1,67,056	923,483	27,68,638	978,501	29,35,694	2,666	6,303	1,399,965	17,60,517	1,402,631	17,66,820
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	597	1,492	55	137	652	1,629
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	6,098	17,324	279,287	7,76,506	285,385	7,93,830	228	570	118,476	3,11,643	118,704	3,12,213
Total	61,116	1,84,380	1,202,770	35,45,144	1,263,886	37,29,524	3,491	8,365	1,518,496	20,72,297	1,521,987	20,80,662
Hides and skins—												
1. Hides of cattle—												
(*a*) Dressed or tanned ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	10	187	10	187	1,935	39,184	24,994	5,06,128	26,929	5,45,312
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	1	19	1	19	28	567	1,485	30,071	1,513	30,638
Total	...	...	11	206	11	206	1,963	39,751	26,479	5,36,199	28,442	5,75,950

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Hides and skins—*contd.*—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
2. Skins of sheep—												
(*a*) Dressed or tanned ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	2	43	...	...	2	43	258	4,596	795	14,161	1,053	18,757
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	891	106	1,888	156	2,779
Total	2	43	...	...	2	43	308	5,487	901	16,049	1,209	21,536
Total Hides and skins—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	2	43	10	187	12	230	2,193	43,780	25,789	5,20,289	27,982	5,64,069
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	1	19	1	19	78	1,458	1,591	31,959	1,669	33,417
Total	2	43	11	206	13	249	2,271	45,238	27,380	5,52,248	29,651	5,97,486
Horns—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	98	401	5,614	408	5,712
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	28	2	28
	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	98	403	5,642	410	5,740
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	25	219	25	219	57	798	203	2,842	260	3,640
Total	...	...	25	219	25	219	64	896	606	8,484	670	9,380

Hemp and other fibres—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	792	4,158	792	4,158	11	143	...	...	11	143
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	7	37	...	...	7	37	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	7	37	792	4,158	799	4,195	11	143	...	...	11	143
Jute—												
1. Raw—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	133	615	301	1,392	434	2,007	34	153	65,068	2,92,806	65,102	2,92,959
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	44	203	9	42	53	245	...	...	102,812	4,62,654	102,812	4,62,654
Total	177	818	310	1,434	487	2,252	34	153	167,880	7,55,460	167,914	7,55,613
2. Gunny bags and cloths—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	278	2,919	750	7,875	1,028	10,794	849	8,914	784	8,232	1,633	17,146
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	3	30	3	30	8	84	76	798	84	882
Punjab	...	...	43	473	43	473	...	...	...	...	...	...
	278	2,919	796	8,378	1,074	11,297	857	8,998	860	9,030	1,717	18,028
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	624	6,552	13,236	138,978	13,860	1,45,530	162	1,701	723	7,591	885	9,292
Total	902	9,471	14,032	1,47,356	14,934	1,56,827	1,019	10,699	1,583	16,621	2,602	27,320
Total Jute—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	411	3,534	1,051	9,267	1,462	12,801	883	9,067	65,852	3,01,038	66,735	3,10,105
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	3	30	3	30	8	84	76	798	84	882
Punjab	...	...	43	473	43	473	...	...	...	...	...	...
	411	3,534	1,097	9,770	1,508	13,304	891	9,151	65,928	3,01,836	66,819	3,10,987
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	668	6,755	13,245	1,39,020	13,913	1,45,775	162	1,701	103,535	4,70,245	103,697	4,71,946
Total	1,079	10,289	14,342	1,48,790	15,421	1,59,079	1,053	10,852	169,463	7,72,081	170,516	7,82,933

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Lac—												
1. Stick—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	460	46	460
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	5	112	5	112	...	...	13,949	1,39,490	13,949	1,39,490
Total	...	...	5	112	5	112	...	...	13,995	1,39,950	13,995	1,39,950
2. Shell—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	439	...	...	14	439
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	4	125	4	125	1,221	38,309	...	...	1,221	38,309
Total	...	...	4	125	4	125	1,235	38,748	...	...	1,235	38,748
Total Lac—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	439	46	460	60	899
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	9	237	9	237	1,221	38,309	13,949	1,39,490	15,170	1,77,799
Total	...	...	9	237	9	237	1,235	38,748	13,995	1,39,950	15,230	1,78,698

Leather, manufactured—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	13	2,918	39	8,755	52	11,673	...	...	29	6,510	29	6,510
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	33	4,620	50	7,000	83	11,620	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1,571	7	1,571
Central Provinces ...	6	900	...	...	6	900	...	...	...	...	...	...
	52	8,438	89	15,755	141	24,193	...	...	36	8,081	36	8,081
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	2	449	...	...	2	449	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	129	28,960	1,007	2,26,071	1,136	2,55,031	7	1,571	21	4,714	28	6,285
Total	183	37,847	1,096	2,41, 26	1,279	2,79,673	7	1,571	57	12,795	64	14,366
Liquors—												
1. Ale and Beer—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	2	22	1	11	3	33	9	99	...	...	9	99
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	1,549	17,039	8,568	94 248	10,117	1,11,287	...	...	8	88	8	88
Total	1,551	17,061	8,569	94,259	10,120	1,11,320	9	99	8	88	17	187
2. Spirits of all kinds, including country spirits—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	1	61	...	...	1	61	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	8	400	8	400	16	800	...	...	...	...	...	...
	9	461	8	400	17	861	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	355	21,566	305	18,529	660	40,095	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	364	22,027	313	18,929	677	40,956	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Wines—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	11	660	11	660	3	180	...	...	3	180
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	24	1,680	...	...	24	1,680	...	...	...	...	...	...
	24	1,680	11	660	35	2,340	3	180	...	...	3	180

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Liquors—*contd.*—												
3. Wines—*contd.*—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Chief sea-port towns—												
Bombay	3	232	2	155	5	387	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	1,245	74,700	6,707	4,02,420	7,952	4,77,120	5	300	10	600	15	900
	1,248	74,932	6,709	4,02,575	7,957	4,77,507	5	300	10	600	15	900
Total	1,272	76,612	6,720	4,03,225	7,992	4,79,847	8	480	10	600	18	1,080
4. All other sorts, including toddy and fermented liquors other than Ale and Beer—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	13	39	...	...	13	39	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	47	94	...	...	47	94	...	..	...	...	...	...
	60	133	...	...	60	133	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	171	513	...	...	171	513	...	...	..	...	...	...
Total	231	646	...	...	231	646	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Liquors—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	16	122	12	671	28	793	12	279	...	...	12	279
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	79	2,174	8	400	87	2,574	...	...	...	...	...	...
	95	2,296	20	1,071	115	3,367	12	279	...	...	12	279

Chief sea-port towns—													
Bombay	3	232	2	155	5	387	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Calcutta	3,320	1,13,818	15,580	5,15,197	18,900	6,29,015	5	300	18	688	23	988	
	3,323	1,14,050	15,582	5,15,352	18,905	6,29,402	5	300	18	688	23	988	
Total	3,418	1,16,346	15,602	5,16,423	19,020	6,32,769	17	579	18	688	35	1,267	
Metals—													
1. Copper, unwrought—													
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—													
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	220	5	220	
Chief sea-port towns—													
Calcutta	...	...	409	17,996	409	17,996	...	...	2	88	2	88	
Total	...	...	409	17,996	409	17,996	...	...	7	308	7	308	
2. Brass, unwrought—													
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—													
Bengal	...	...	83	2,822	83	2,822	...	...	14	233	14	233	
Chief sea-port towns—													
Calcutta	2	68	717	24,378	719	24,446	...	...	212	3,524	212	3,524	
Total	2	68	800	27,200	802	27,268	...	...	226	3,757	226	3,757	
3. Copper, wrought—													
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—													
Bengal	2	93	...	...	2	93	1	46	36	1,674	37	1,720	
Chief sea-port towns—													
Calcutta	14	651	71	3,301	85	3,952	...	...	234	10,881	234	10,881	
Total	16	744	71	3,301	87	4,045	1	46	270	12,555	271	12,601	
4. Brass, wrought—													
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—													
Bengal	16	736	330	15,180	346	15,916	14	644	122	5,612	136	6,256	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	2	72	86	3,118	88	3,190	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	46	...	...	1	46	
Central Provinces ...	...	...	29	1,196	29	1,196	...	...	...	..	...	...	
	18	808	445	19,494	463	20,302	15	690	122	5,612	137	6,302	
Chief sea-port towns—													
Calcutta	177	8,142	4,510	2,07,460	4,687	2,15,602	76	3,496	3,487	1,60,402	3,563	1,63,898	
Total	195	8,950	4,955	2,26,954	5,150	2,35,904	91	4,186	3,609	1,66,014	3,700	1,70,200	

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900* continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Metals—*contd.*—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
5. Iron and steel—												
(*a*) Cast—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	5	12	73	182	78	194	...	...	5	12	5	12
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	517	1,292	18,855	47,137	19,372	48,429	106	265	90	225	196	490
Total	522	1,304	18,928	47,319	19,450	48,623	106	265	95	237	201	502
(*b*) Unwrought—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	9	19	2	4	11	23	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	346	735	324	688	670	1,423	...	...	2	4	2	4
Total	355	754	326	692	681	1,446		...	2	4	2	4
(*c*) Wrought—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	130	747	315	1,811	445	2,558	167	960	22	126	189	1,086
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	52	377	52	377	...	...	...	...	...	...
	130	747	367	2,188	497	2,935	167	960	22	126	189	1,086
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	15,720	90,390	67,978	3,90,873	83,698	4,81,263	253	1,455	75	431	328	1,886
Total	15,850	91,137	68,345	3,93,061	84,195	4,84,198	420	2,415	97	557	517	2,972

(*d*) Manufactures of iron and steel—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Madras	...	...	15	131	15	131	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	5	125	5	125	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	257	1,799	758	5,306	1,015	7,105	7	49	153	1,071	160	1,120
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	16	128	9	72	25	200	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	28	4	28
	273	1,927	787	5,634	1,060	7,461	7	49	157	1,099	164	1,148
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	2	14	...	...	2	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Bombay	1	25	...	...	1	25	...	...	1	7	1	7
Calcutta	20,552	1,43,864	58,200	4,07,100	78,752	5,51,264	160	1,120	550	3,913	719	5,033
	20,553	1,43,889	58,200	4,07,400	78,753	5,51,289	160	1,120	560	3,920	720	5,040
Total	20,828	1,45,830	58,987	4,13,034	79,815	5,58,864	167	1,169	717	5,019	884	6,188
Total Iron and steel—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Madras ...	...	...	15	131	15	131	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	5	125	5	125	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	401	2,577	1,148	7,303	1,549	9,880	174	1,009	186	1,209	354	2,218
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	16	128	61	449	77	577	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	28	4	28
	417	2,705	1,229	8,008	1,646	10,713	174	1,009	184	1,237	358	2,246
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	2	14	...	...	2	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Bombay	1	25	...	...	1	25	...	...	1	7	1	7
Calcutta	37,135	2,36,281	145,357	8,46,098	182,492	10,82,379	519	2,840	726	4,573	1,245	7,413
	37,136	2,36,306	145,357	8,46,098	182,493	10,82,404	519	2,840	727	4,580	1,246	7,420
Total	37,555	2,39,025	146,586	8,54,106	184,141	10,93,131	693	3,849	911	5,817	1,604	9,666
6. Others—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	34	382	449	5,051	483	5,433	32	1,600	47	2,350	79	3,959
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	25	...	...	1	25	1	50	...	...	1	50
	35	407	449	5,051	484	5,458	33	1,650	47	2,350	80	4,000

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Metals—*concld.*—												
6. Others—*contd.*—												
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	50	1	50
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	7,614	85,657	194,076	21,83,355	201,690	22,69,012	153	7,650	859	42,950	1,012	50,600
Total	7,649	86,064	194,525	21,88,406	202,174	22,74,470	186	9,300	907	45,350	1,093	54,650
Total Metals—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Madras	...	...	15	131	15	131	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	5	125	5	125	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	453	3,788	2,010	30,356	2,463	34,144	221	3,299	404	11,298	625	14,597
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	19	225	147	3,567	166	3,792	1	50	...	...	1	50
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	46	4	28	5	74
Central Provinces ...	...	...	29	1,196	29	1,196	...	...	...	...	...	...
	472	4,013	2,206	35,375	2,678	39,388	223	3,395	408	11,326	631	14,721
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	2	14	...	...	2	14	...	...	1	50	1	50
Chief sea-port towns—												
Bombay	1	25	...	...	1	25	...	...	1	7	1	7
Calcutta	44,942	3,30,799	345,140	32,82,588	390,082	36,13,387	748	13,986	5,520	2,22,418	6,268	2,36,404
	44,943	3,30,824	345,140	32,82,588	390,083	36,13,412	748	13,986	5,521	2,22,425	6,269	2,36,411
Total	45,417	3,34,851	347,346	33,17,963	392,763	36,52,814	971	17,381	5,930	2,33,801	6,901	2,51,182

Oils—												
1. Kerosine—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	22,459	95,451	96,614	4,10,609	119,073	5,06,060	...	...	102	433	102	433
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	2,140	9,095	137,737	5,85,382	139,877	5,94,477	...	...	25	106	25	106
Total	24,599	1,04,546	234,351	9,95,991	258,950	11,00,537	...	...	127	539	127	539
2. Castor—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	2	24	155	1,899	157	1,923	1	12	...	...	1	12
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	238	2,915	3,370	41,282	3,608	44,197	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	240	2,939	3,525	43,181	3,765	46,120	1	12	...	...	1	12
3. Cocoanut—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	23	328	198	2,821	221	3,149	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	151	2,152	8,859	1,26,241	9,010	1,28,393	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	174	2,480	9,057	1,29,062	9,231	1,31,542	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Mustard and rape—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	221	2,541	31,430	3,61,445	31,651	3,63,986	...	...	928	12,296	928	12,296
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	15	167	15	167	...	...	...	...	...	...
	221	2,541	31,445	3,61,612	31,666	3,64,153			928	12,296	928	12,296
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	55	632	66,573	7,65,589	66,628	7,66,221	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	276	3,173	98,018	11,27,201	98,294	11,30,374	...	...	928	12,296	928	12,296
5. Others—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	19	218	6,561	75,451	6,580	75,669	3	18	...	...	3	18
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	10	...	...	1	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
	20	228	6,561	75,451	6,581	75,679	3	18	...	...	3	18
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	674	7,751	5,481	63,031	6,155	70,782	...	...	456	2,736	456	2,736
Total	694	7,979	12,042	1,38,482	12,736	1,46,461	3	18	456	2,736	459	2,754

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Oils—*contd.*—												
Total Oils—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	22,724	98,362	134,958	8,52,225	157,682	9,50,787	4	30	1,030	12,729	1,034	12,759
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	10	15	167	16	177	...	...	...	...	...	...
	22,725	98,372	134,973	8,52,392	157,698	9,50,964	4	30	1,030	12,729	1,034	12,759
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	3,258	22,545	222,020	15,81,525	225,278	16,04,070	...	...	481	2,842	481	2,842
Total	25,983	1,21,117	356,993	24,33,917	382,976	25,55,034	4	30	1,511	15,571	1,515	15,601
Oil-seeds—												
1. Linseed—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	35	144	35	144	197	689	725	2,537	922	3,226
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	4	16	69	285	73	301	51	178	137,263	4,80,420	137,314	4,80,598
Total	4	16	104	429	108	445	248	867	137,988	4,82,957	138,236	4,83,824
2. Rape and mustard—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	6	25	1,225	5,053	1,231	5,078	900	3,150	87,862	3,07,517	88,762	3,10,667
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	104	429	104	429	...	...	474,753	16,61,635	474,753	16,61,635
Total	6	25	1,329	5,482	1,335	5,507	900	3,150	562,615	19,69,152	563,515	19,72,302

3. *Til* or *jinjili*—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,817	9,993	2,230	12,265	4,047	22,258
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	110	...	...	20	110
Punjab	8	40	...	...	8	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
	8	40	...	...	8	40	1,837	10,103	2,230	12,265	4,067	22,368
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	37	139	2	7	39	146	512	2,816	9,009	49,549	9,521	52,365
Total	45	179	2	7	47	186	2,349	12,919	11,239	61,814	13,588	74,733
4. Poppy—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal ...	...	...	14	84	14	84	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	588	3,528	588	3,528	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	602	3,612	602	3,612	...		...	...	...	...
5. Earthnuts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Castor—												
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,691	8,073	2,691	8,073
7. Others—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	43	124	2	6	45	130	68	204	...	...	68	204
Chief sea port towns—												
Calcutta	70	201	1	3	71	204	...	...	213	639	213	639
Total	113	325	3	9	116	334	68	204	213	639	281	843
Total Oil-seeds—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	49	149	1,276	5,287	1,325	5,436	2,982	14,036	90,817	3,22,319	93,799	3,36,355
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	110	...	...	20	110
Punjab	8	40	...	...	8	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
	57	189	1,276	5,287	1,333	5,476	3,002	14,146	90,817	3,22,319	93,819	3,36,465
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	111	356	764	4,252	875	4,608	563	2,994	623,929	22,00,316	624,492	22,03,310
Total	168	545	2,040	9,539	2,208	10,084	3,565	17,140	714,746	25,22,635	718,311	25,39,775

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Opium—												
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	57	13,680	1,258½	3,02,040	1,315½	3,15,720	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paper and pasteboard—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	25	234	1,422	13,331	1,447	13,565	1	9	3	28	4	37
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	87	816	5,168	48,450	5,255	49,266	2	19	4	37	6	56
Total	112	1,050	6,590	61,781	6,702	62,831	3	28	7	65	10	93
Provisions—												
1. Ghi—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bombay	...	...	68	2,478	68	2,478	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	9	352	703	27,505	712	27,857	...	...	282	10,293	282	10,293
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	54	1,620	125	3,750	179	5,370	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	527	17,259	527	17,259	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces ...	...	...	467	13,076	467	13,076	...	...	...	...	...	...
	63	1,972	1,890	64,068	1,953	66,040	...	...	282	10,293	282	10,293
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	763	29,852	19,266	7,53,782	20,029	7,83,634	...	...	10	365	10	365
Total	826	31,824	21,156	8,17,850	21,982	8,49,674	...	...	292	10,658	292	10,658

2. Dried fruits and nuts—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	297	3,415	29,102	3,34,673	29,399	3,38,088	...	...	18	207	18	207
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	15	...	...	1	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	15	238	15	238	...	...	...	...	...	...
	298	3,430	29,117	3,34,911	29,415	3,38,341	...	...	18	207	18	207
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	341	3,921	896	10,304	1,237	14,225	...	...	5	57	5	57
Total	639	7,351	30,013	3,45,215	30,652	3,52,566	...	...	23	264	23	264
3. Other kinds—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bombay	...	...	3	24	3	24	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	4,683	44,488	84,144	7,99,368	88,827	8,43,856	645	1,935	90,621	2,71,863	91,266	2,73,798
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	48	576	13	156	61	732	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	12	99	10	82	22	181	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4,743	45,163	84,170	7,99,630	88,913	8,44,793	645	1,935	90,621	2,71,863	91,266	2,73,798
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	1	3	6	18	7	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nizam's territory (Hyderabad)	2	6	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3	9	6	18	9	27	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Bombay	2	16	10	80	12	96	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	12,704	1,20,688	195,506	18,57,307	208,210	19,77,995	4	12	53,273	1,59,819	53,277	1,59,831
	12,706	1,20,704	195,516	18,57,387	208,222	19,78,091	4	12	53,273	1,59,819	53,277	1,59,831
Total	17,452	1,65,876	279,692	26,57,035	297,144	28,22,911	649	1,947	143,894	4,31,682	144,543	4,33,629
Total Provisions—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bombay	...	...	71	2,502	71	2,502	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	4,989	48,255	113,949	11,61,546	118,938	12,09,801	645	1,935	90,921	2,82,363	91,566	2,84,298
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	103	2,211	138	3,906	241	6,117	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	12	99	552	17,579	564	17,678	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces ...	...	...	467	13,076	467	13,076	...	...	...	...	...	...
	5,104	50,565	115,177	11,98,609	120,281	12,49,174	645	1,935	90,921	2,82,363	91,566	2,84,298

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Total Provisions—*contd.*—												
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	1	3	6	18	7	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nizam's territory (Hyderabad)	2	6	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3	9	6	18	9	27	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Bombay	2	16	10	89	12	96	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	13,808	1,54,461	215,668	26,21,393	229,476	27,75,854	4	12	53,288	1,60,241	53,292	1,60,253
	13,810	1,54,477	215,678	26,21,473	229,488	27,75,950	4	12	53,288	1,60,241	53,292	1,60,253
Total	18,917	2,05,051	330,861	38,20,100	349,778	40,25,151	649	1,947	144,209	4,42,604	144,858	4,44,551
Railway plant and rolling stock—												
1. Locomotive engines and tenders—												
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	1,740	46,980	1,740	46,980	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Carriages and trucks and parts thereof—												
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	129	1,548	129	1,548	..	...	...	...	...	...
3. Materials for construction—												
(*a*) Steel rails and fish-plates—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	6,076	17,468	6,076	17,468	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	11,222	32,263	11,222	32,263	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	17,298	49,731	17,298	49,731	...	...	...	...	...	..

(*b*) Sleepers and keys of steel and cast iron—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	20,497	69,177	20,497	69,177	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	2,955	9,973	2,955	9,973	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	23,452	79,150	23,452	79,150	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*c*) Other sorts—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	1,291	8,876	1,291	8,876	...	...	224	1,540	224	1,540
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	65	447	39,524	2,71,727	39,589	2,72,174	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	65	447	40,815	2,80,603	40,880	2,81,050	...	...	224	1,540	224	1,540
Total Railway plant and rolling stock—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	27,864	95,521	27,864	95,521	...	...	224	1,540	224	1,540
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	65	447	55,570	3,62,491	55,635	3,62,938	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	65	447	83,434	4,58,012	83,499	4,58,459	...	...	224	1,540	224	1,540
Salt—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	1,419	4,257	57,530	1,72,590	58,949	1,76,847	...	...	319	957	319	957
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	2,968	8,904	502,961	15,08,883	505,929	15,17,787	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	4,387	13,161	560,491	16,81,473	564,878	16,94,634	...	...	319	957	319	957
Saltpetre, etc.—												
1. Saltpetre—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	2	16	...	...	2	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	79	632	232	1,856	311	2,488	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	81	648	232	1,856	313	2,504	...	...	...	...	...	...

3.— *Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Saltpetre, etc.—*contd.*—												
2. Other saline substances—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	107	588	18,452	1,01,486	18,559	1,02,074	...	...	70	245	70	245
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	5	27	2,450	13,475	2,455	13,502	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	112	615	20,902	1,14,961	21,014	1,15,576	...	...	70	245	70	245
Total Saltpetre, etc.—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	109	604	18,452	1,01,486	18,561	1,02,090	...	...	70	245	70	245
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	84	659	2,682	15,331	2,766	15,990	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	193	1,263	21,134	1,16,817	21,327	1,18,080	...	...	70	245	70	245
Silk, raw—												
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Indian—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	25	12,725	25	12,725	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Silk, raw—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	25	12,725	25	12,725	...	...	...	...	...	...
Silk piece-goods—												
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

2. Indian—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	124	1,21,024	124	1,21,024	...	...	10	7,047	10	7,047
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	375	2,64,281	375	2,64,281
Total	...	...	124	1,21,024	124	1,21,024	...	...	385	2,71,328	385	2,71,328
Total Silk piece-goods—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	124	1,21,024	124	1,21,024	...	...	10	7,047	10	7,047
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	375	2,64,281	375	2,64,281
Total	...	...	124	1,21,024	124	1,21,024	...	...	385	2,71,328	385	2,71,328
Spices—												
1. Betel-nuts—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	6,823	51,172	42,433	3,18,247	49,256	3,69,419	17	206	26,770	3,24,586	26,787	3,24,792
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	254	1,905	5,557	41,677	5,811	43,582	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	7,077	53,077	47,990	3,59,924	55,067	4,13,001	17	206	26,770	3,24,586	26,787	3,24,792
2. Pepper—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	15	315	344	7,224	359	7,539	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	18	378	3,038	63,798	3,056	64,176	...	...	5	105	5	105
Total	33	693	3,382	71,022	3,415	71,715	...	...	5	105	5	105
3. Ginger—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	204	765	204	765	4	16	...	...	4	16
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	23	86	23	86	...	...	18	73	18	73
Total	...	...	227	851	227	851	4	16	18	73	22	89
4. Chillies—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	1,329	10,632	36,728	2,93,824	38,057	3,04,456	...	...	2	25	2	25
Chief sea-port towns)—												
Calcutta	178	1,424	5,859	46,872	6,037	48,296	...	...	2	25	2	25
Total	1,507	12,056	42,587	3,40,696	44,094	3,52,752	...	...	4	50	4	50

3.—*Statement sohwing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Spices—*contd.*—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
5. Cardamoms—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	1	179	1	179	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	2	358	2	358	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	3	537	3	537	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Others—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	165	2,062	47,099	5,88,737	47,264	5,90,799	...	...	22,433	44,866	22,433	44,866
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	20	...	...	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
	166	2,082	47,099	5,88,737	47,265	5,90,819	...	...	22,433	44,866	22,433	44,866
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	430	5,375	7,035	87,937	7,465	93,312	...	...	4,020	8,040	4,020	8,040
Total	596	7,457	54,134	6,76,674	54,730	6,84,131	...	...	26,453	52,906	26,453	52,906
Total Spices—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	8,332	64,181	126,809	12,08,977	135,141	12,73,158	21	222	49,205	3,69,477	49,226	3,69,699
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	20	...	...	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
	8,333	64,201	126,809	12,08,977	135,142	12,73,178	21	222	49,205	3,69,477	49,226	3,69,699
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	880	9,082	21,514	2,40,728	22,394	2,49,810	...	...	4,045	8,243	4,045	8,243
Total	9,213	73,283	148,323	14,49,705	157,536	15,22,988	21	222	53,250	3,77,720	53,271	3,77,942

Stone and lime—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	341	426	12,541	15,676	12,882	16,102	42	18	668,304	2,92,383	668,346	2,92,401
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	340	340	340	340	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces ...	...	...	340	21	340	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
	341	426	13,221	16,037	13,562	16,463	42	18	668,304	2,92,383	668,346	2,92,401
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	638	797	5,807	7,259	6,445	8,056	...	...	897,539	3,92,673	897,539	3,92,673
Total ...	979	1,223	19,028	23,296	20,007	24,519	42	18	1,565,843	6,85,056	1,565,885	6,85,074
Sugar—												
1. Refined or crystallised, including sugarcandy—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	705	6,609	8,296	77,775	9,001	84,384	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	28	336	28	336	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	1	11	...	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
	706	6,620	8,324	78,111	9,030	84,731	...	...	...		...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	1,097	10,284	37,876	3,55,087	38,973	3,65,371	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,803	16,904	46,200	4,33,198	48,003	4,50,102	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Unrefined—												
(a) Sugar—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	867	6,936	9,767	78,136	10,624	85,072	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1,202	9,015	1,202	9,015	...	...	...	...	...	...
	867	6,936	10,969	87,151	11,836	94,087	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	1,182	9,456	23,256	1,86,048	24,438	1,95,504	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,049	16,392	34,225	2,73,199	36,274	2,89,591	...	...	...	...	...	...

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Sugar -*contd.*—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
2. Unrefined—*contd.*—												
(*b*) *Gur, rab,* jaggery, molasses, and other crude saccharine produce—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	5,491	26,082	197,381	9,37,560	202,872	9,63,642	29	156	446	2,397	475	2,553
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	833	3,072	833	3,072	...	...	...	...	...	...
	5,491	26,082	198,214	9,40,632	203,705	9,66,714	29	156	446	2,397	475	2,553
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	3,255	15,461	30,744	1,46,034	33,999	1,61,495	...	...	2	11	2	11
Total	8,746	41,543	228,958	10,86,666	237,704	11,28,209	29	156	448	2,408	477	2,564
Total Sugar—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	7,063	39,627	215,444	10,93,471	222,507	11,33,098	29	156	446	2,397	475	2,553
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	2,063	12,423	2,063	12,423	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	1	11	...	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
	7,064	39,638	217,507	11,05,894	224,571	11,45,532	29	156	446	2,397	475	2,553
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	5,534	35,201	91,876	6,87,169	97,410	7,22,370	...	...	2	11	2	11
Total	12,598	74,839	309,383	17,93,063	321,981	18,67,902	29	156	448	2,408	477	2,564

Tea—												
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Indian—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	42	1	42
Bengal	3	91	35	1,063	38	1,154	5,854	2,45,868	73	3,066	5,927	2,48,934
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	168	4	168	8	336
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	210	5	210
	3	91	35	1,063	38	1,154	5,858	2,46,036	83	3,486	5,941	2,49,522
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	42	1	42
Nizam's territory (Hyderabad)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	42	1	42
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	84	2	84
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	24	729	71	2 157	95	2,886	190,368	79,95,456	1,042,825	4,37,98,650	1,233,193	5,17,94,106
Total	27	820	106	3,220	133	4,040	196,226	82,41,492	1,042,910	4,38,02,220	1,239,136	5,20,43,712
Total Tea—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	42	1	42
Bengal	3	91	35	1,063	38	1,154	5,854	2,45,868	73	3,066	5,927	2,48,934
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	168	4	168	8	336
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	210	5	210
	3	91	35	1,063	38	1,154	5,858	2,46,036	83	3,486	5,941	2,49,522
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	42	1	42
Nizam's territory (Hyderabad)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	42	1	42
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	84	2	84
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	24	729	71	2,157	95	2,886	190,368	79,95,456	1,042,825	4,37,98,650	1,233,193	5,17,94,106
Total	27	820	106	3,220	133	4,040	196,226	82,41,492	1,042,910	4,38,02,220	1,239,136	5,20,43,712

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tobacco—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1. Unmanufactured												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	66	421	144,776	9,22,947	144,842	9,23,368	...	...	172	1,591	172	1,591
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	13	97	32	240	45	337	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	31	225	31	225	...	...	...	...	...	...
	79	518	144,839	9,23,412	144,918	9,23,930	...	...	172	1,591	172	1,591
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	69	440	6,220	39,652	6,289	40,092	...	...	1	9	1	9
Total	148	958	151,059	9,63,064	151,207	9,64,022	...	...	173	1,600	173	1,600
2. Manufactured—												
(*a*) Cigars—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Madras	5	264	5	264	10	528	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	39	1,765	...	...	39	1,765	...	...	...	...	...	...
	44	2,029	5	264	49	2,293	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Madras sea-ports ...	4	211	...	...	4	211	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	12	543	60	2,715	72	3,258	2	90	1	45	3	135
	16	754	60	2,715	76	3,469	2	90	1	45	3	135
Total	60	2,783	65	2,979	125	5,762	2	90	1	45	3	135

(*b*) Other sorts—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Madras	...	...	2	142	2	142	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	9	270	170	5,100	179	5,370	...	...	24	720	24	720
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	4	60	107	1,605	111	1,665	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	7	98	7	98	...	...	...	...	...	...
	13	330	286	6,945	299	7,275	...	...	24	720	24	720
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	35	1,050	844	25,320	879	26,370	...	...	68	2,040	68	2,040
Total	48	1,380	1,130	32,265	1,178	33,645	...	...	92	2,760	92	2,760
Total Tobacco, manufactured—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Madras	5	264	7	406	12	670	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	48	2,035	170	5,100	218	7,135	...	...	24	720	24	720
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	4	60	107	1,605	111	1,665	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	7	98	7	98	...	...	...	...	...	...
	57	2,359	291	7,209	348	9,568	...	...	24	720	24	720
Chief sea-port towns—												
Madras sea-ports ...	4	211	...	...	4	211	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	47	1,593	904	28,035	951	29,628	2	90	69	2,085	71	2,175
	51	1,804	904	28,035	955	29,839	2	90	69	2,085	71	2,175
Total	108	4,163	1,195	35,244	1,303	39,407	2	90	93	2,805	95	2,895
Wool—												
1. Raw—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	...	...	2	33	2	33	...	...	14	233	14	233
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	6	100	8	133	14	233	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	6	100	10	166	16	266	...	...	14	233	14	233

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.	Quantity, in mds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Wool—*contd.*—												
2. Manufactured—												
(i) Carpets and rugs—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	3	372	12	1,489	15	1,861	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	20	2,000	20	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	19	4,420	19	4,420	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3	372	51	7,909	54	8,281	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	422	52,381	422	52,381	...	...	5	621	5	621
Total	3	372	473	60,290	470	60,662	...	...	5	621	5	621
(ii) Piece-goods (European)—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	11	3,231	3	881	14	4,112	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	1	200	...	...	1	200	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	587	...	...	2	587
	12	3,431	3	881	15	4,312	2	587	...	...	2	587
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	200	58,750	...	...	200	58,750	5	1,469	...	...	5	1,469
Total	212	62,181	3	881	215	63,062	7	2,056	...	...	7	2,056

(iii) Piece-goods (Indian)—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	5	1,535	94	28,858	99	30,393	1	307	...	...	1	307
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	79	5,688	2	144	81	5,832	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	3	300	...	...	3	300	...	...	...	...	...	...
	87	7,523	96	29,002	183	36,525	1	307	...	...	1	307
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	2	614	...	...	2	614	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	123	37,761	1,656	5,08,392	1,779	5,46,153	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	212	45,898	1,752	5,37,394	1,964	5,83,292	1	307	...	...	1	307
(iv) Other sorts of manufactures—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	2	806	...	...	2	806	...	...	1	403	1	403
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	11	11,000	11	11,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	2	251	2	251	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2	806	13	11,251	15	12,057	...	...	1	403	1	403
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	37	14,911	3	1,209	40	16,120	28	11,284	...	...	28	11,284
Total	39	15,717	16	12,460	55	28,177	28	11,284	1	403	29	11,687
Total Wool, manufactured—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	21	5,944	109	31,228	130	37,172	1	307	1	403	2	710
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	80	5,888	33	13,144	113	19,032	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	3	300	21	4,671	24	4,971	2	587	...	...	2	587
	104	12,132	163	49,043	267	61,175	3	894	1	403	4	1,297
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	2	614	...	...	2	614	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	370	1,11,422	2,081	5,61,982	2,441	6,73,404	33	12,753	5	621	38	13,374
Total	466	1,24,168	2,244	6,11,025	2,710	7,35,193	36	13,647	6	1,024	42	14,671

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
All other articles of merchandise—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Madras	3	16	19	66	22	76	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	242	847	242	847	...	...	24	84	24	84
Bengal	18,030	63,105	111,871	3,91,548	129,901	4,54,653	4,861	17,013	2,200,623	77,02,180	2,205,484	77,19,193
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	536	1,876	1,940	6,790	2,476	8,666	642	2,247	114	399	756	2,646
Punjab	52	182	308	1,078	360	1,260	22	77	69	241	91	318
Central Provinces ...	9	31	57	199	66	230	2	7	2	7	4	14
	18,630	65,204	114,437	4,00,528	133,067	4,65,732	5,527	19,344	2,200,832	77,02,911	2,206,359	77,22,255
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India	1	3	50	175	51	178	...	...	2	7	2	7
Nizam's territory (Hyderabad)	...	...	9	31	9	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1	3	59	206	60	209	...	...	2	7	2	7
Chief sea-port towns—												
Madras sea-ports ...	...	...	6	21	6	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	7	24	54	189	61	213	1	3	16	56	17	59
Calcutta	83,759	2,93,156	316,198	11,06,693	399,957	13,99,849	16,722	58,527	39,570	1,38,495	56,292	1,97,022
	83,766	2,93,180	316,258	11,06,903	400,024	14,00,083	16,723	58,530	39,586	1,38,551	56,309	1,97,081
Total	102,397	3,58,387	430,754	15,07,637	533,151	18,66,024	22,250	77,874	2,240,420	78,41,469	2,262,670	79,19,343

Treasure—												
1. Gold coin and bullion ...	Troy oz. ...	...	Troy oz. ...	...	Troy oz. ...	...	Troy oz. ...	...	Troy oz. ...	...	Troy oz. ...	...
2. Silver coin (Government rupees)—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	39,495	1,05,320	56,277	1,50,072	95,772	2,55,392	12,120	32,572	19,832	53,298	31,952	85,870
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	105,600	2,81,600	256,488	6,83,968	362,088	9,65,568	375,600	10,09,425	...	...	375,600	10,09,425
Total	145,095	3,86,920	312,765	8,34,040	457,860	12,20,960	387,720	10,41,997	19,832	53,298	407,552	10,95,295
3. Silver bullion (namely, bars, ingots and coin other than current coin of the Government of India)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Treasure—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	39,495	1,05,320	56,277	1,50,072	95,772	2,55,392	12,120	32,572	19,832	53,298	31,952	85,870
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	105,600	2,81,600	256,488	6,83,968	362,088	9,65,568	375,600	10,09,425	...	...	375,600	10,09,425
Total	145,095	3,86,920	312,765	8,34,040	457,860	12,20,960	387,720	10,41,997	19,832	53,298	407,552	10,95,295
Animals—												
1. Horned cattle—	No.		No.		No.		No.		No.		No.	
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	2	54	79	2,133	81	2,187	1	25	...	...	1	25
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	...	...	24	648	24	648	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2	54	103	2,781	105	2,835	1	25	...	...	1	25
2. Sheep and goats—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	2,724	8,172	350	1,050	3,074	9,222	9	27	...	...	9	27
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	15	45	...	...	15	45	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,739	8,217	350	1,050	3,089	9,267	9	27	...	...	9	27
3. Horses, ponies, and mules—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	15	1,695	...	...	15	1,695	18	7,200	...	...	18	7,200
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	30	3,390	...	...	30	3,390	32	12,800	...	...	32	12,800
Total	45	5,085	...	...	45	5,085	50	20,000	...	...	50	20,000

3.—*Statement showing the Total Rail and River-borne Trade of Assam with external blocks during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—concluded.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.						Exports from Assam.					
	By rail.		By river.		Total.		By rail.		By river.		Total.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Animals—*contd*—	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.		Rs.	No.	Rs.
4. Other kinds—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	20	85	22	93	42	178	28	224	...	...	28	224
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	16	...	...	2	16
	20	85	22	93	42	178	30	240	...	...	30	240
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	14	59	...	...	14	59	18	144	...	...	18	144
Total	34	144	22	93	56	237	48	384	...	...	48	384
Total Animals—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Bengal	2,761	10 006	451	3,276	3,212	13,282	58	7,476	...	...	58	7,476
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	16	...	...	2	16
	2,761	10,006	451	3,276	3 212	13,282	60	7,492	...	...	60	7,492
Chief sea-port towns—												
Calcutta	59	3,494	24	648	83	4,142	50	12,944	...	...	50	12,944
Total	2,820	13,500	475	3,924	3,295	17,424	110	20,436	...	...	110	20,436

	Mds.		Mds.		Mds.		Mds.		Mds.		Mds.	
Provincial total—												
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—												
Madras	8	274	41	603	49	877	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	318	3,474	318	3,474	...		25	126	25	126
Bengal	271,278	6,23,519	1,895,736	91,69,432	2,167,014	97,92,951	23,247	3,68,507	6,199,460	1,25,08,206	62,22,707	1,28,76,713
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	978	22,242	12,025	75,166	13,003	97,408	2,601	9,933	205	1,753	2,806	11,686
Punjab	80	787	988	24,970	1,068	25,757	25	710	92	2,285	117	2,995
Central Provinces ...	17	1,011	893	14,492	910	15,503	3	8	2	7	5	15
	272,361	6,47,833	1,910,001	92,88,137	2,182,362	99,35,970	25,876	3,79,158	6,199,784	1,25,12,377	6,225,660	1,28,91,535
Native States—												
Rajputana and Central India ...	10	1,213	56	193	66	1,406	598	1,532	65	476	663	2,008
Nizam's territory (Hyderabad)	2	6	9	31	11	37	...	...	1	42	1	42
	12	1,219	65	224	77	1,443	598	1,532	66	518	664	2,050
Chief sea-port towns—												
Madras sea-ports	4	211	6	21	10	232	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	23	648	145	3,007	168	3,655	1	3	17	63	18	66
Calcutta	181,721	18,26,153	2,275,848½	2,05,56,724	2,457,569⅓	2,23,82,877	210,612	81,38,501	3,044,294	4,83,22,482	3,254,906	5,64,60,983
	181,748	18,27,012	2,275,999½	2,05,59,752	2,457,747⅓	2,23,86,764	210,613	81,38,504	3,044,311	4,83,22,545	3,254,924	5,64,61,049
Total	454,121	24,76,064	4,186,065½	2,98,48,113	4,640,186½	3,23,24,177	237,087	85,19,194	9,244,161	6,08,35,440	9,481,248	6,93,54,634

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Coal and coke—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	150,369	540	...	150,909	75,454	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	254	298	...	552	276	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	150,623	838	...	151,461	75,730	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cotton, raw—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	41	...	...	41	661	...	...	4,581	...	...	4,581	26,627
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	69	16	...	85	1,371	...	...	54	...	...	54	314
Total	...	...	110	16	...	126	2,032	...	...	4,635	...	...	4,635	26,941
Cotton, manufactured—														
1. Twist and yarn (European)—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	29	...	...	29	1,363	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	35	16	138	...	189	8,883	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	35	45	138	...	218	10,246	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

2. Twist and yarn (Indian)—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	40	9	...	49	1,115	...	...	5	...	...	5	125
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1	...	...	1	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	41	9	...	50	1,145	...	...	5	...	...	5	125
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	62	2	1	...	65	1,478	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	62	43	10	...	115	2,623	...	...	5	...	...	5	125
3. Piece-goods (European)—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	68	6	...	74	3,655	...	...	5	11	...	16	1,044
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	3	9	...	12	705	...	...	4	31	...	35	2,284
Punjab	...	...	...	1	...	1	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	71	16	...	87	4,407	...	...	9	42	...	51	3,328
Native States—															
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	2	...	2	130	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—															
Bombay	...	...	...	1	...	1	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	37	8,897	3,005	...	11,939	6,24,270	...	...	7	5	...	12	783
	...	37	8,897	3,006	...	11,940	6,24,311	...	...	7	5	...	12	783
Total	...	37	8,968	3,024	...	12,029	6,28,848	...	...	16	47	...	63	4,111
4. Piece-goods (Indian)—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	731	304	...	1,035	35,817	...	...	17	6	...	23	920
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	47	48	...	95	4,315	...	...	7	...	...	7	280
Punjab	...	...	3	...	...	3	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces ...	...	...	2	...	...	2	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	783	352	...	1,135	40,320	...	...	24	6	...	30	1,200
Native States—															
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	40
Chief sea-port towns—															
Bombay	...	...	...	9	...	9	310	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	24	494	95	...	613	22,702	...	...	9	5	...	14	560
	...	24	494	104	...	622	23,012	...	...	9	5	...	14	560
Total	...	24	1,277	456	...	1,757	63,332	...	...	33	12	...	45	1,800

4.—*Statemment showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Cotton manufactured—*contd.*—														
Total Cotton, manufactured—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	868	319	...	1,187	41,950	...	...	27	17	...	44	2,089
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	51	57	...	108	5,050	...	...	11	31	...	42	2,564
Punjab	...	...	3	1	...	4	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces ...	...	...	2	...	...	2	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	924	377	...	1,301	47,235	...	...	38	48	...	86	4,653
Native States—														
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	40
Chief sea-port towns—														
Bombay	...	...	...	10	...	10	351	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	9,409	3,239	...	12,806	6,57,333	...	...	16	10	...	26	1,343
	...	...	9,409	3,249	...	12,816	6,57,684	...	...	16	10	...	26	1,343
Total	...	...	10,333	3,626	...	14,119	7,05,049	...	...	54	59	...	113	6,036
Drugs and Chemicals—														
1. *Intoxicating other than opium* —														
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	140	...	...	...	140	1,540	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 *Non-intoxicating*—														
„ (*a*) Cinchona bark	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(*b*) Others—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	3	3	...	6	66	...	...	54	6	...	60	1,500
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1	...	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	4	3	...	7	77	...	...	54	6	...	60	1,500
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	936	188	...	1,124	12,364	...	...	313	19	...	332	8,300
Total	...	...	940	191	...	1,131	12,441	...	...	367	26	...	392	9,800
Total Drugs and Chemicals—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	3	3	...	6	66	...	...	54	6	...	60	1,500
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1	...	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	4	3	...	7	77	...	...	54	6	...	60	1,500
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	140	936	188	...	1,264	13,904	...	...	313	19	...	332	8,300
Total	...	140	940	191	...	1,271	13,981	...	...	367	25	...	392	9,800
Dyes and Tans—															
1. Indigo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Myrabolams	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Cutch—															
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	17	...	...	17	208	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Turmeric—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	11	37	...	...	48	432	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	11	39	...	...	50	450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Alizarine and Aniline dyes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. *Âl* (*Morinda citrifolia*) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Dyes and Tans.—*contd.*—														
7. Others—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	1	...	...	1	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	21	9	...	30	547	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	22	9	...	31	565	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Dyes and Tans—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	3	...	...	3	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	75	9	...	95	1,187	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	78	9	...	98	1,223	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grain and Pulse—														
1. Wheat—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	138	...	...	138	414	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	156	1,385	...	1,541	4,623	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	294	1,385	...	1,679	5,037	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Rice in the husk—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	200	...	200	325	...	...	89	206	...	295	369
Central Provinces ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1
Total	...	...	...	200	...	200	325	...	...	90	206	...	296	370

3. Rice not in the husk—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	33,163	10,550	...	43,713	1,36,603	...	...	464	18	...	482	1,205
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1,875	...	1,884	4,710
	...	...	33,163	10,550	...	43,713	1,36,603	...	...	473	1,893	...	2,366	5,915
Native States—															
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	597	...	597	1,492
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	199	818	...	1 017	3,178	...	...	228	...	...	228	570
Total	...	...	33,362	11,368	...	44,730	1,39,781	...	...	701	2,490	...	3,191	7,977
4. Jowar and bajra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Gram and pulse—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	10	7,969	2,543	...	10,522	28,935	...	...	4	...	...	4	18
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	2,168	1,160	...	3,328	9,152	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	10	10,137	3,703	...	13,850	38,087	...	...	4	...	...	4	18
6. Others—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	445	...	...	445	779	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	138	53	21	...	212	371	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	138	498	21	...	657	1,150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Grain and Pulse—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	10	41,715	13,293	...	55,018	1,67,056	...	...	557	224	...	781	1,592
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1,875	...	1,884	4,710
Central Provinces ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1
	...	10	41,715	13,293	...	55,018	1,67,056	...	...	567	2,099	...	2,666	6,303
Native States—															
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	597	...	597	1,492
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	138	...	2,576	3,384	6,098	17,324	...	...	228	...	...	228	570
Total	...	148	41,715	15 869	3,384	61,116	1,84,380	...	...	795	2,696	...	3,491	8,365

4.—*Satetement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Hides and Skins—														
1. Hides of cattle—														
(*a*) Dressed or tanned ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	604	1,149	182	...	1,935	39,184
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	12	...	28	567
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	604	1,165	194	...	1,963	39,751
2. Skins of sheep—														
(*a*) Dressed or tanned ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	43	...	...	128	130	...	258	4,596
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	17	...	50	891
Total	...	...	2	...	...	2	43	...	...	161	147	...	308	5,487
Total Hides and Skins—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	43	...	604	1,277	312	...	2,193	43,780
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	29	...	78	1,458
Total	...	...	2	...	...	2	43	...	604	1,326	341	...	2,271	45,238

Horns—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	...	7	98	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	2	2	...	57	798	
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	5	6	...	64	896	
Hemp and other fibres—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	11	143	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	2	5	...	7	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	...	2	5	...	7	37	...	...	11	...	...	11	143	
Jute—															
1. Raw—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	133	...	...	133	615	...	...	34	...	...	34	153	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	13	26	5	...	44	203	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	13	159	5	...	177	818	...	...	34	...	...	34	153	
2. Gunny bags and cloths—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	273	5	...	278	2,919	...	...	675	174	...	849	8,914	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	84	
	...	...	273	5	...	278	2,919	...	...	683	174	...	857	8,998	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	82	214	328	...	624	6,552	...	...	151	11	...	162	1,701	
Total	...	82	487	333	...	902	9,471	...	...	834	185	...	1,019	10,699	
Total Jute—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	406	5	...	411	3,534	...	...	709	174	...	883	9,067	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	84	
	...	...	406	5	...	411	3,534	...	...	717	174	...	891	9,151	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	..	95	240	333	...	668	6,755	...	...	151	11	...	162	1,701	
Total	...	95	646	338	...	1,079	10,289	...	...	868	185	...	1,053	10,852	

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Lac—														
1. Stick—														
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Shell—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	14	439
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,212	9	...	...	1,221	38,309
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1,212	23	...	...	1,235	38,748
Total Lac—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	14	439
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,212	9	...	...	1,221	38,309
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,212	23	...	...	1,235	38,748
Leather, manufactured—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	13	...	...	13	2,918	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	10	23	...	33	4,620	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces ...	...	...	...	6	...	6	900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	23	29	...	52	8,438	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Native States—															
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	2	...	2	449	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	1	64	64	...	129	28,960	...	...	6	1	...	7	1,571	
Total ...	...	1	87	95	...	183	37,847	...	...	6	1	...	7	1,571	
Liquors—															
1. Ale and beer—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	22	...	...	9	...	...	9	99	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	26	1,212	311	...	1,549	17,039	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	26	1,214	311	...	1,551	17,061	...	...	9	..	...	9	99	
2. Spirits of all kinds, including country spirits—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	1	...	...	1	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	8	...	...	8	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	9	...	...	9	461	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	278	77	...	355	21,566	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	...	287	77	...	364	22,027	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Wines—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	3	180	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	23	1	...	24	1,680	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	23	1	...	24	1,680	...	...	1	2	..	3	180	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Bombay	...	...	3	...	...	3	232	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Calcutta	...	27	761	457	...	1,245	74,700	...	1	2	2	...	5	300	
	...	27	764	457	...	1,248	74,932	...	1	2	2	...	5	300	
Total	...	27	787	458	...	1,272	76,612	...	1	3	4	...	8	480	

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Liquors—*contd.*—														
4. All other sorts, including toddy and fermented liquor other than ale and beer—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	12	1	...	13	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	47	...	...	47	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	59	1	...	60	133	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	121	50	...	171	513	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	180	51	...	231	646	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Liquors—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	15	1	...	16	122	...	...	10	2	...	12	279
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	79	...	...	79	2,174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	94	1	...	95	2,296	...	...	10	2	...	12	279
Chief sea-port towns—														
Bombay	...	...	3	...	...	3	232	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	53	2,372	895	...	3,320	1,13,818	...	1	2	2	...	5	300
	...	53	2,375	895	...	3,323	1,14,050	...	1	2	2	...	5	...
Total	...	53	2,469	896	...	3,418	1,16,346	...	1	12	4	...	17	679

Metals—														
1. Copper, unwrought... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Brass, unwrought—														
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	2	...	...	2	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Copper, wrought—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	93	...	...	1	...	...	1	46
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	5	9	...	14	651	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	7	9	...	16	744	...	...	1	...	...	1	46
4. Brass, wrought—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	1	15	...	16	736	...	...	13	1	...	14	644
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	2	...	...	2	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	46
	...	...	3	15	...	18	808	...	...	14	1	...	15	690
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	7	101	69	...	177	8,142	...	...	53	23	...	76	3,496
Total	...	7	104	84	....	195	8,950	...	...	67	24	...	91	4,186
5. Iron and steel—														
(*a*) Cast—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	5	...	...	5	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	369	148	...	...	517	1,292	...	...	100	6	...	106	265
Total	...	369	153	...	...	522	1,304	...	...	100	6	...	106	265
(*b*) Unwrought—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	9	...	...	9	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	187	159	...	346	735	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	196	159	...	355	754	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

4.—Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Metals—*contd.*—														
5. Iron and steel—*contd.*—														
(*c*) Wrought—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	104	26	...	130	747	...	103	57	7	...	167	960
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	13,566	2,154	...	15,720	90,390	...	...	215	38	...	253	1,455
Total	...	...	13,670	2,180	...	15,850	91,137	...	103	272	45	...	420	2,415
(*d*) Manufactures of iron and steel—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	32	225	...	257	1,799	...	...	7	...	...	7	49
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	3	13	...	16	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	35	238	...	273	1,927	...	...	7	...	...	7	49
Native States—														
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	2	...	2	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Bombay	...	...	1	...	...	1	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	17,944	2,608	...	20,552	1,43,864	...	15	75	70	...	160	1,120
	...	...	17,945	2,608	...	20,553	1,43,889	...	15	75	70	...	160	1,120
Total	...	...	17,980	2,848	...	20,828	1,45,830	...	15	82	70	...	167	1,169

Total Iron and steel—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	153	248	...	401	2,577	...	103	64	7	...	174	1,009
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	3	13	...	16	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	156	261	...	417	2,705	...	103	64	7	...	174	1,009
Native States—															
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	2	...	2	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—															
Bombay	...	...	1	...	...	1	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	369	31,845	4,921	...	37,135	2,36,281	...	15	390	114	...	519	2,840
	...	369	31,846	4,921	...	37,136	2,36,306	...	15	390	114	...	519	2,840
Total	...	369	32,002	4,924	...	37,555	2,39,025	...	118	454	121	...	693	3,849
6. Others—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	29	5	...	34	382	...	..	32	...	...	32	1,600
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1	...	...	1	25	...	...	1	...	...	1	50
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	30	5	...	35	407	...	...	33	...	...	33	1,650
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	6,762	852	...	7,614	85,657	...	30	104	19	...	153	7,650
Total	...	...	6,792	857	...	7,649	86,064	...	30	137	19	...	186	9,300
Total metals—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	185	268	...	453	3,788	...	103	110	8	...	221	3,299
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	6	13	...	19	225	...	...	1	...	...	1	50
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	46
	...	...	191	281	..	472	4,013	...	103	112	8	...	223	3,395
Native States—															
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	...	2	...	2	14	...	...	....	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—															
Bombay	...	...	1	...	...	1	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	376	38,715	5,851	...	44,942	3,30,799	...	45	547	156	...	748	13,986
	...	376	38,716	5,851	...	44,943	3,30,824	...	45	547	156	...	748	13,986
Total	...	376	38,907	6,134	...	45,417	3,34,851	...	148	659	164	...	971	17,381

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Oils—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
1. Kerosine—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	10,643	11,816	...	22,459	95,451	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	250	1,704	186	...	2,140	9,095	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	250	12,347	12,002	...	24,599	1,04,546	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Castor—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	24	...	1	...	...	...	1	12
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	231	7	...	238	2,915	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	233	7	...	240	2,939	...	1	...	...	...	1	12
3. Cocoanuts—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	..	7	16	...	23	328	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	1	142	8	...	151	2,152	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	1	149	24	...	174	2,480	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Mustard and rape—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	180	41	...	221	2,541	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	31	24	...	55	632	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	211	65	...	276	3,173	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

5. Others—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	11	8	...	19	218	...	...	3	...	...	3	18
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1	...	...	1	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	12	8	...	20	228	...	...	3	...	...	3	18
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	25	519	130	...	674	7,751	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	25	531	138	...	694	7,979	...	...	3	...	...	3	18
Total Oils—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	10,843	11,881	...	22,724	98,562	...	1	3	...	...	4	30
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1	...	...	1	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	10,844	11,881	...	22,725	...	...	1	3	...	...	4	30
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	276	2,627	355	...	3,258	22,545	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	276	13,471	12,236	...	25,983	1,21,117	...	1	3	...	...	4	30
Oil-seeds—															
1. Linseed—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	197	...	...	197	689
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	3	1	...	4	16	...	...	51	...	...	51	178
Total	...	...	3	1	...	4	16	...	...	248	...	...	248	867
2. Rape and mustard—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	6	...	...	6	25	...	...	900	...	...	900	3,150
3. *Til or Jinjili*—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,817	...	...	1,817	9,993
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	20	110
Punjab	...	...	8	...	...	8	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	8	...	...	8	40	...	...	1,837	...	...	1,837	10,103
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	37	...	...	37	139	...	512	...	...	...	512	2,816
Total	...	...	45	...	...	45	179	...	512	1,837	...	...	2,349	12,919

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Oil-seeds—*contd.*—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
4. Poppy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Earthnuts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Castor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Others—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	9	27	7	...	43	124	...	...	68	...	...	68	204
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	69	1	...	...	70	201	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	78	28	7	...	113	325	...	...	68	...	...	68	204
Total Oil-seeds—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	9	33	7	...	49	149	...	...	2,982	...	...	2,982	14,036
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	20	110
Punjab	...	...	8	...	...	8	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	9	41	7	...	57	189	...	...	3,002	...	...	3,002	14,146
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	69	41	1	...	111	356	...	512	51	...	...	563	2,994
Total	...	78	82	8	...	168	545	..	512	3,053	...	...	3,565	17,140
Opium—														
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	7½	49½	...	57	13,680	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Paper and Pasteboard—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	13	12	...	25	234	...	...	1	...	...	1	9	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	36	51	...	87	816	...	...	2	...	...	2	19	
Total	...	...	49	63	...	112	1,050	...	...	3	...	...	3	28	
Provisions—															
1. Ghi—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	9	...	...	9	352	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	37	17	...	54	1,620	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	46	17	...	63	1,972	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	9	275	479	...	763	29,852	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	9	321	496	...	826	31,824	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Dried fruits and nuts—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	269	28	...	297	3,415	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1	...	...	1	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	270	28	...	298	3,430	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	144	197	...	341	3,921	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	...	414	225	...	639	7,351	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Others—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	2,447	2,236	...	4,683	44,488	...	...	645	...	...	645	1,935	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	39	9	...	48	576	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Punjab	...	...	6	6	...	12	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	2,492	2,251	...	4,743	45,163	...	...	645	...	...	645	1,935	

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Provisions—*contd.*—														
Native States—														
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nizam's territory (Hyderabad)	...	...	2	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	3	...	...	3	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Bombay	...	...	2	...	...	2	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	156	6,020	6,528	...	12,704	1,20,688	...	...	3	1	...	4	12
	...	156	6,022	6,528	...	12,706	1,20,704	...	...	3	1	...	4	12
Total	...	156	8,517	8,779	...	17,452	1,65,876	...	...	648	1	...	649	1,947
Total Provisions—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2,725	2,264	...	4,989	48,255	...	...	645	...	...	645	1,935
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	77	26	...	103	2,211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	6	6	...	12	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	2,808	2,296	...	5,104	50,565	...	...	645	...	...	645	1,935
Native States—														
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nizam's territory (Hyderabad)	...	...	2	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	3	...	...	3	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Chief sea-port towns—														
Bombay	...	...	2	...	...	2	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	165	6,439	7,204	...	13,808	1,54,461	...	...	3	1	...	4	12
	...	...	6,441	7,194	...	13,810	1,54,477	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	18,740	2,05,051	...	...	618	1	...	649	12
Railway Plant and Rolling stock—														
1. Locomotive engines and tenders and parts thereof	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Carriages and trucks and parts thereof	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Materials for construction—														
(*a*) Steel rails and fish-plates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Sleepers and keys of steel cast-iron.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*c*) Other sorts—														
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	65	..	...	65	447	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Railway Plant and Rolling-stock—														
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	65	...	...	65	447	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salt—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	1,349	70	...	1,419	4,257	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	2,950	3	15	...	2,968	8,904	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	2,950	1,352	85	...	4,387	13,161	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saltpetre, etc.—														
1. Saltpetre—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-ports towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	43	36	...	79	632	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	45	36	...	81	648	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Saltpetre, etc.—*contd.*—														
Other saline substances—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	46	61	...	107	588	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	3	2	...	5	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	49	63	...	112	615	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Saltpetre, etc.—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	48	61	...	109	604	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	46	38	...	84	659	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	94	99	...	193	1,263	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Silk, raw—														
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Silk, raw	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Silk piece-goods—														
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Indian	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Silk piece-goods ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Spices—														
1. Betel-nuts—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	914	5,909	...	6,823	51,172	...	...	...	17	...	17	206
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	226	28	...	254	1,905	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	1,140	5,937	...	7,077	53,077	...	...	...	17	...	17	206
2. Pepper—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	15	...	...	15	315	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	3	15	...	...	18	378	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	3	30	...	...	33	693	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Ginger—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	16
4. Chillies—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	2	1,115	212	...	1,329	10,632	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	1	109	68	...	178	1,424	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	3	1,224	280	...	1,507	12,056	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Cardamoms	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Others—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	32	115	18	...	165	2,062	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1	...	...	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	32	116	18	...	166	2,082	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	5	251	174	...	430	5,375	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	37	367	192	...	596	7,457	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Spices—*contd.*—														
Total Spices—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	34	2,159	6,139	...	8,332	64,181	...	...	4	17	...	21	222
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	1	...	...	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	34	2,160	6,139	...	8,333	64,201	...	...	4	17	...	21	222
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	9	601	270	...	880	9,082	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	43	2,761	6,409	...	9,213	73,283	...	...	4	17	...	21	222
Stone and Lime—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	341	...	...	341	426	...	...	42	...	...	42	18
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	325	282	31	...	638	797	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	325	623	31	...	979	1,223	...	...	42	...	...	42	18
Sugar—														
1. Refined or crystallised, including sugarcandy—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	1	84	620	...	705	6,609	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	1	...	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	1	85	620	...	706	6,620	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	9	379	709	...	1,097	10,284	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	10	464	1,329	...	1,803	16,904	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

2. Unrefined—															
(*a*) Sugar—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	696	171	...	867	6,936	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	858	324	...	1,182	9,456	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	...	1,554	495	...	2,049	16,392	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(*b*) *Gur, rab*, jaggery, molasses, and other saccharine produce—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	80	4,802	609	...	5,491	26,082	...	...	29	...	...	29	156	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	176	3,079	...	...	3,255	15,461	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	256	7,881	609	...	8,746	41,543	...	...	29	...	...	29	156	
Total Sugar—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	81	5,582	1,400	...	7,063	39,627	...	...	29		...	29	156	
Punjab	...	...	1	...	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	81	5,583	1,400	...	7,064	39,638	...	...	29	...	...	29	156	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	185	4,316	1,033	...	5,534	35,201	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	266	9,898	2,433	...	12,598	74,839	...	...	29	...	...	29	156	
Tea—															
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Indian—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	3	...	...	3	91	...	...	5,132	722	...	5,854	2,45,868	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	4	168	
	...	...	3	...	...	3	91	...	...	5,133	725	...	5,858	2,46,036	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	17	7	...	24	729	...	358	183,502	6,508	...	190,368	79,95,456	
Total	...	...	20	7	...	27	820	...	358	188,635	7,233	...	196,226	82,41,492	

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Tea—*contd.*—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Total Tea—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	3	...	...	3	91	...	...	5,132	722	...	5,854	2,45,868
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	4	168
	...	...	3	...	...	3	91	...	...	5,133	725	...	5,858	2,46,036
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	17	7	...	24	729	...	358	183,502	6,508	...	190,368	79,95,456
Total	...	...	20	7	...	27	820	...	358	188,635	7,233	...	196,226	82,41,492
Tobacco—														
1. Unmanufactured—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	66	...	...	66	421	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	13	...	...	13	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	79	...	...	79	518	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	21	34	14	...	69	440	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	21	113	14	...	148	958	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Manufactured—														
(*a*) Cigars—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Madras	...	...	4	1	...	5	264	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	39	...	...	...	39	1,765	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	39	4	1	...	44	2,029	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Chief sea-port towns—															
Madras sea-ports ...	...	...	1	3	...	4	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Calcutta	...	...	5	7	...	12	543	...	...	...	2	...	2	90	
	...	...	6	10	...	16	754	...	...	...	2	...	2	90	
Total	...	39	10	11	...	60	2,783	...	...	...	2	...	2	90	
(*b*) Other sorts—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	8	1	...	9	270	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	4	...	...	4	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	12	1	...	13	330	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	14	21	...	35	1,050	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	...	26	22	...	48	2,610	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total Tobacco, manufactured—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Madras	...	...	4	1	...	5	264	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Bengal	...	39	8	1	...	48	2,035	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	4	...	...	4	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	39	16	2	...	57	2,359	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chief sea-port towns—															
Madras sea-ports ...	...	...	1	3	...	4	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Calcutta	...	...	19	28	...	47	1,539	...	...	...	2	...	2	90	
	...	...	20	31	...	51	1,804	...	...	...	2	...	2	90	
Total	...	39	36	33	...	108	4,163	...	...	...	2	...	2	90	
Wool—															
1. Raw—															
Chief sea-port towns—															
Calcutta	...	...	...	6	...	6	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Manufactured—															
(i) Carpets and rugs—															
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—															
Bengal	...	...	...	3	...	3	372	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Wool—*contd.*—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
2. Manufactured—*contd.*—														
(ii) Piece-goods (European)—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	11	...	11	3,231	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	1	...	1	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	587
	...	...	...	12	...	12	3,431	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	171	29	...	200	58,750	...	...	4	1	...	5	1,469
Total	...	...	171	41	...	212	62,181	...	...	4	3	...	7	2,056
(iii) Piece-goods (Indian)—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—							1							
Bengal	...	...	...	5	...	5	1,535	...	...	1	...	...	1	307
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	35	44	...	79	5,688	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	3	...	...	3	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	38	49	...	87	7,523	...	...	1	...	...	1	307
Native States—														
Rajputana and Central India...	...	...	...	2	...	2	614	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	123	...	...	123	37,761	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	161	51	...	212	45,898	...	...	1	...	...	1	307

(iv) Other sorts of manufactures—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	806	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	37	...	...	37	14,911	...	28	...	...	...	28	11,284
Total	...	...	39	...	...	39	15,717	...	28	...	...	...	28	11,284
Total Wool, manufactured—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	..	2	19	...	21	5,944	...	...	1	...	...	1	307
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	35	45	...	80	5,888	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	...	...	3	...	...	3	300	...	...	...	2	...	2	587
	...	...	40	64	...	104	12,132	...	...	1	2	...	3	894
Native States—														
Rajputana and Central India...	...	...	2	...	...	2	614	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	331	29	...	360	1,11,422	...	28	4	1	...	33	12,753
Total	...	...	373	93	...	466	1,24,168	...	28	5	3	...	36	13,647
All other articles of merchandise—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Madras	...	...	3	...	...	3	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	4	6,347	11,679	...	18,030	63,105	...	...	4,044	817	...	4,861	17,013
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	45	491	...	536	1,876	...	...	78	564	...	642	2,247
Punjab	...	...	48	4	...	52	182	...	...	18	4	...	22	77
Central Provinces... ...	...	...	5	4	...	9	31	...	...	2	...	...	2	7
	...	4	6,448	12,178	...	18,630	65,204	...	...	4,142	1,385	...	5,527	19,344
Native States—														
Rajputana and Central India...	...	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Bombay	...	...	4	3	...	7	24	...	...	...	1	...	1	3
Calcutta	...	243	76,051	7,465	...	83,759	2,93,156	...	...	15,063	1,659	...	16,722	58,527
	...	243	76,055	7,468	...	83,766	2,93,180	...	...	15,063	1,660	...	16,723	58,530
Total	...	247	82,504	19,646	...	102,397	3,58,387	...	...	19,205	3,045	...	22,250	77,874
Treasure—	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.		Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	
1. Gold coin and bullion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

4.—*Statement showing the Trade by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900—concluded.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Treasure—*contd.*—	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Rs.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Rs.
2. Silver coin (Government rupees)—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	39,495	...	...	39,495	1,05,320	...	...	12,120	...	...	12,120	32,572
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	105,600	...	...	105,600	281,600	...	...	...	375,600	...	375,600	10,09,425
Total	...	...	145,095	...	...	145,095	3,86,920	...	...	12,120	375,600	...	387,720	10,41,997
3. Silver bullion, *viz.*, bars, ingots, and coin other than current coin of the Government of India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Treasure—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	39,495	...	...	39,495	1,05,320	...	...	12,120	...	...	12,120	32,572
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	105,600	...	...	105,600	2,81,600	...	...	...	375,600	...	375,600	10,09,425
Total	...	...	145,095	...	...	145,095	3,86,920	...	...	12,120	375,600	...	387,720	10,41,997
Animals—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
1. Horned cattle—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	54	...	...	1	...	...	1	25
2. Sheep and goats—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2,026	698	...	2,724	8,172	...	...	9	...	...	9	27
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	15	...	...	15	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	2,041	698	...	2,739	8,217	...	...	9	...	..	9	27

3. Horses, ponies, and mules—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	11	4	...	15	1,695	...	...	13	5	...	18	7,200
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	17	13	...	30	3,390	...	...	13	19	...	32	12,800
Total	...	...	28	17	...	45	5,085	...	...	26	24	...	50	20,000
4. Other kinds—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	16	4	...	20	85	...	...	26	2	...	28	224
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	16
	...	...	16	4	...	20	85	...	...	26	4	...	30	240
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	9	5	...	14	59	...	...	14	4	...	18	144
Total	...	...	25	9	...	34	144	...	...	40	8	...	48	384
Total Animals—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	2,055	706	...	2,761	10,006	...	...	51	7	...	58	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	41	18	...	59	3,494	...	...	27	23	...	50	...
Total	...	...	2,096	724	...	2,820	13,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Provincial Total—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—	Md.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Madras	...	...	7	1	...	8	274	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	177	223,313	47,965	...	271,278	6,23,519	...	708	20,236	2,303	...	23,247	3,68,507
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	322	656	...	978	22,242	...	...	128	2,473	...	2,601	9,933
Punjab	...	...	69	11	...	80	787	...	...	19	6	...	25	710
Central Provinces... ...	...	...	7	10	...	17	1,011	...	...	3	...	...	3	8
	...	177	223,718	48,643	...	272,361	6,47,833	...	708	20,386	4,782	...	25,876	3,79,158
Native States—														
Rajputana and Central India ...	...	...	2	8	...	10	1,213	...	...	...	598	...	598	1,532
Nizam's Territory (Hyderabad)	...	...	2	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	4	8	....	12	1,219	...	...	...	598	...	598	1,532
Chief sea-port towns—														
Madras sea-ports	...	...	1	3	...	4	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	10	13	...	23	648	...	...	1	...	...	1	3
Calcutta	...	5,215	145,590½	30,915½	...	181,721	18,26,153	...	2,209	200,002	8,401	...	210,612	81,38,501
	...	5,215	145,601½	30,931½	...	181,748	18,27,012	...	2,209	200,003	8,401	...	210,613	81,38,504
Total	...	5,392	369,323½	79,582½	...	454,121	24,76,064	...	2,917	220,389	13,771	...	237,087	85,19,194

4a.—Statement showing the Trade carried by Boat between the different Blocks of Assam and (1) *Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March* 1900.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Coal and coke—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	600	20	...	...	620	310
Calcutta	...	...	1,100	...	...	1,100	550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	..	...	1,100	...	...	1,100	550	...	600	20	...	...	620	310
Cotton, raw—														
Bengal	5	...	5	...	...	10	161	...	10,030	7,102	...	...	17,132	99,580
Cotton, manufactured—														
1. Twist and yarn (European)—														
Bengal	...	24	30	...	...	54	2,538	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Twist and yarn (Indian)—														
Bengal	1	...	...	...	...	1	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Piece-goods (European)—														
Bengal	...	58	950	...	...	1,008	65,772	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Piece-goods (Indian)—														
Bengal	38	26	155	55	...	274	16,372	4	...	...	...	...	4	160
Total Cotton, manufactured—														
Bengal	39	108	1,135	55	...	1,337	84,705	4	...	...	...	...	4	160
Drugs and chemicals—														
1. Intoxicating other than opium—														
Bengal	152	50	...	...	...	202	2,222	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Non-intoxicating—														
(*a*) Cinchona bark ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Total Drugs and chemicals—															
Bengal	152	50	...	...	...	202	2,222	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Dyes and tans—															
1. Indigo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Myrabolams															
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	203	...	...	...	203	660	
3. Cutch –															
Bengal	...	...	38	...	...	38	465	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Turmeric—															
Bengal	14	10	2,557	29	...	2,610	23,490	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Alizarine and Aniline dyes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6. *Âl* (*Morinda citrifolia*) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7. Others—															
Bengal	...	...	13	...	...	13	237	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total Dyes and tans—															
Bengal	14	10	2,608	29	...	2,661	24,192	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	203	...	...	...	203	660	
Total ...	14	10	2,608	29	...	2,661	24,192	...	203	...	...	...	203	660	
Grain and pulse—															
1. Wheat—															
Bengal	272	41	110	170	...	593	1,779	...	474	...	...	...	474	978	
2. Rice in the husk—															
Bengal	1	6,142	...	...	...	6,143	9,982	...	12,566	1,370,010	9,585	...	1,392,161	17,40,201	
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	...	...	800	1,000	
Total	1	6,142	...	...	...	6,143	9,982	...	12,566	1,370,810	9,585	...	1,392,961	17,41,201	
3. Rice not in the husk—															
Bengal	59,233	24,951	1,339	25	...	85,548	2,67,337	...	672	6,058	...	...	6,730	16,825	
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	400	58,375	...	...	58,775	1,46,937	
Total ...	59,233	24,951	1,339	25	...	85,548	2,67,337	...	1,072	64,433	...	...	65,505	1,63,762	
4. Jowar and bajra—															
Bengal	...	4	...	...	...	4	9	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	

4a.—*Statement showing the Trade carried by Boat between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal* (*excluding Calcutta*) *and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Grain and pulse—*contd.*—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
5. Gram and pulse—														
Bengal	5,827	8,253	129,846	5,861	...	149,787	4,11,914	...	73	...	...	...	73	328
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	852	6,525	...	...	7,377	33,196
Total	5,827	8,253	129,846	5,861	...	149,787	4,11,914	...	925	6,525	...	...	7,450	33,524
6. Others—														
Bengal	200	5,523	...	3,805	...	9,528	16,674	...	25	...	...	...	25	62
Total Grain and pulse—														
Bengal	65,533	44,914	131,295	9,861	...	251,603	7,07,695	...	13,810	1,376,068	9,585	...	1,399,463	17,58,394
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,252	65,700	...	...	66,952	1,81,133
Total	65,533	44,914	131,295	9,861	...	251,603	7,07,695	...	15,062	1,441,768	9,585	...	1,466,415	19,39,527
Hides and skins—														
1. Hides of cattle—														
(*a*) Dressed or tanned ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw—														
Bengal	...	10	...	...	...	10	187	676	6,708	15,007	1,395	...	23,786	4,81,666
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	61
Total	...	10	...	...	...	10	187	676	6,711	15,007	1,395	...	23,789	4,81,727
2. Skins of sheep—														
(*a*) Dressed or tanned ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	388	35	...	423	7,535
Total Hides and skins—														
Bengal	...	10	...	...	...	10	187	676	6,708	15,395	1,430	...	24,209	4,89,201
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	61
Total	...	10	...	...	...	10	187	676	6,711	15,395	1,430	...	24,212	4,89,262

Horns—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	98	63	...	...	...	161	2,254
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	14
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	98	64	...	...	...	162	2,268
Hemp and other fibres—															
Bengal	...	147	645	...	...	792	4,158	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jute—															
1. Raw—															
Bengal	...	...	...	200	...	200	925	...	57,168	7,363	...	...	...	64,531	2,90,389
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,036	300	...	...	...	5,336	24,012
	...	...	...	200	...	200	925	...	62,204	7,663	...	...	...	69,867	3,14,401
2. Gunny bags and cloths—															
Bengal	...	53	...	...	...	53	557	155	204	...	...	...	...	359	3,769
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	...	...	...	...	44	462
Total	...	53	...	...	...	53	557	155	248	...	...	...	...	403	4,231
Total Jute—															
Bengal	...	53	...	200	...	253	1,482	155	57,372	7,363	...	...	...	64,890	2,94,158
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,080	300	...	...	...	5,380	24,474
Total	...	53	...	200	...	253	1,482	155	62,452	7,663	...	...	...	70,270	3,18,632
Lac—															
1. Stick—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	15	...	...	...	...	25	250
2. Shell	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Lac—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	15	...	...	...	...	25	250
Leather, manufactured—															
Bengal	11	5	...	...	...	16	3,592	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Liquors—															
1. Ale and beer—															
Bengal	...	1	...	...	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Spirits of all kinds, including country spirits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Wines—															
Bengal	1	2	...	...	...	3	180	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

4a.—*Statement showing the Trade by Boat between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal* (*excluding Calcutta*) *and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the* 31*st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Liquors—*contd.*—														
4. All other sorts, including toddy and fermented liquor other than ale and beer ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Liquors—														
Bengal	1	3	...	...	...	4	191	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Metals—														
1. Copper, unwrought ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Brass, unwrought—														
Bengal	...	60	...	...	...	60	2,040	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Copper, wrought	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Brass, wrought—														
Bengal	29	199	102	...	...	330	15,180	9	33	...	...	...	42	1,932
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	...	...	...	38	1,748
Total	29	199	102	...	...	330	15,180	9	71	...	...	...	80	3,680
5. Iron and steel—														
(*a*) Cast—														
Bengal	...	73	...	...	...	73	182	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Unwrought	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*c*) Wrought—														
Bengal	...	108	125	...	...	233	1,340	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(*d*) Manufactures of iron and steel—															
Bengal •	...	...	160	285	65	...	510	3,570	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	150	...	...	150	1,050	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	160	435	65	...	660	4,620	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Iron and steel—															
Bengal	...	...	...	341	410	65	...	816	5,092	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	150	...	...	150	1,015	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	..	...	341	560	65	...	966	6,102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Others—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	435	...	...	435	4,894	...	10	...	...	...	10	500
Total Metals—															
Bengal	...	...	29	600	947	65	...	1,641	27,206	9	43	...	...	...	52	2,432
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	150	...	...	150	1,050	...	38	...	...	...	38	1,748
Total	...	...	29	600	1,097	65	...	1,791	28,256	9	81	...	...	...	90	4,180
Oils—															
1. Kerosine—															
Bengal	..	...	65	7,656	50,327	699	...	58,747	2,49,675	...	101	...	...	...	101	429
Calcutta	...	...	...	900	13,725	...	...	14,625	62,156	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	65	8,556	64,052	699	...	73,372	3,11,831	...	101	...	...	...	101	429
2. Castor—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	5	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Cocoanut—															
Bengal	...	...	...	25	59	12	...	96	1,368	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Mustard and rape—															
Bengal	...	...	...	22,364	8,174	119	...	30,657	3,52,556	...	75	...	...	...	75	994
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	100	1,150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	22,364	8,274	119	...	30,757	3,53,706	...	75	...	...	...	75	994
5. Others—															
Bengal	...	...	10	6,487	8	...	...	6,505	74,807	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Oils—															
Bengal	...	...	75	36,532	58,573	830	...	96,010	6,78,467	...	176	...	...	...	176	1,423
Calcutta	...	...	...	900	13,825	...	...	14,725	63,306	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	75	37,432	72,398	830	...	1,10,735	7,41,773	...	176	...	...	...	176	1,423

4a.—Statement showing the Trade carried by Boat between the different Blocks of Assam and (1) Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and (2) Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Oil-seeds—														
1. Linseed—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	725	...	...	725	2,537
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	66,925	...	...	66,925	2,34,237
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67,650	...	...	67,650	2,36,774
2. Rape and mustard—														
Bengal	...	46	1,179	...	...	1,225	5,053	782	73,020	7,542	...	...	81,344	2,84,704
Calcutta	...	...	100	...	...	100	413	...	9,197	3,250	...	...	12,447	43,564
Total	...	46	1,279	...	...	1,325	5,466	782	82,217	10,792	...	...	93,791	3,28,268
3. *Til* or *jinjili*—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,230	...	...	2,230	12,265
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,081	...	...	...	1,081	5,945
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,081	2,230	...	...	3,311	18,210
4. Poppy—														
Bengal	4	...	8	...	...	12	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Earthnuts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Castor—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	307	...	...	...	307	921

7. Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Oil-seeds—															
Bengal	4	46	1,187	...	...	1,237	5,125	782	73,020	10,497	...	...	84,299	2,99,506
Calcutta	...	...	100	...	...	100	413	...	10,585	70,175	...	...	80,760	2,84,667
Total	4	46	1,287	...	...	1,337	5,538	782	83,605	80,672	...	...	165,059	5,84,173
Opium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paper and pasteboard—															
Bengal	...	12	221	18	...	251	2,353	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Provisions—															
1. Ghi—															
Bengal	205	41	34	...	...	280	10,955	...	1	234	...	...	235	8,578
2. Dried fruits and nuts—															
Bengal	120	6,244	19,446	464	...	26,274	3,02,151	...	12	...	...	...	12	138
3. Others—															
Bengal	1,241	16,417	51,195	1,730	...	70,583	6,70,538	120	16,545	73,773	...	...	90,438	2,71,314
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43,050	...	...	43,050	1,29,150
Total	1,241	16,417	51,195	1,730	...	70,583	6,70,538	120	16,545	1,16,823	...	...	133,488	4,00,464
Total Provisions—															
Bengal	1,566	22,702	70,675	2,194	...	97,137	9,83,644	120	16,558	74,007	...	...	90,685	2,80,030
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43,050	...	...	43,050	1,29,150
Total	1,566	22,702	70,675	2,194	...	97,137	9,83,644	120	16,558	117,057	...	...	133,735	4,09,180
Railway plant and rolling-stock—															
1. Locomotive engines and tenders	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Carriages and trucks and parts thereof	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Materials for construction—															
(a) Steel rails and fish-plates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) Sleepers and keys of steel and cast-iron	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(c) Other sorts—															
Bengal	...	132	...	...	...	132	908	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Railway plant and rolling-stock—															
Bengal	...	132	...	...	...	132	908	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

4a.—*Statement showing the Trade carried by Boat between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal* (*excluding Calcutta*) *and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the* 31*st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Salt—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Bengal	35	10,330	46,358	750	...	57,473	1,72,419	...	319	...	...	...	319	957
Calcutta	...	250	108,075	...	...	108,925	3,26,775	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	35	10,580	155,033	750	...	166,398	4,99,194	...	319	...	...	...	319	957
Saltpetre, etc.—														
1. Saltpetre	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Other saline substances—														
Bengal	70	704	14,799	2,605	...	18,178	99,979	50	20	...	...	...	70	245
Total Saltpetre, etc.—														
Bengal	70	704	14,799	2,605	...	18,178	99,979	50	20	...	...	...	70	245
Silk, raw—														
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Indian—														
Bengal	...	25	...	...	...	25	12,725	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Silk, raw—														
Bengal	...	25	...	...	...	25	12,725	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Silk piece-goods—														
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Indian—														
Bengal	50	19	2	...	...	71	69,296	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Silk piece-goods—														
Bengal	50	19	2	...	...	71	69,296	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Spices—															
1. Betel-nuts—															
Bengal	...	...	5	583	38,619	167	...	39,374	2,95,305	...	26,765	...	...	...	26,765	3,24,526
2. Pepper—															
Bengal	...	...	...	180	150	9	...	339	7,119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Ginger—															
Bengal	...	...	...	17	182	5	...	204	765	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Chillies—															
Bengal	...	...	18	23	35,286	168	...	35,595	2,84,760	...	2	...	...	...	2	25
5. Cardamoms—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	179	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Others—															
Bengal	...	...	7	701	44,603	107	...	45,418	5,67,725	...	8	21,751	...	...	21,759	43,518
Total Spices—															
Bengal	...	...	30	1,504	118,941	456	...	120,931	11,55,853	...	26,775	21,751	...	...	48,526	3,68,069
Stone and lime—															
Bengal	...	...	1,078	10,690	270	...	...	12,038	15,047	...	8	654,420	...	...	654,428	2,86,312
Calcutta	...	...	...	80	...	...	...	80	100	...	...	604,600	...	...	664,600	2,90,762
Total	...	...	1,078	10,770	270	...	...	12,118	15,147	...	8	13,19,020	...	...	13,19,028	5,77,074
Sugar—															
1. Refined or crystallised (including sugarcandy)—															
Bengal	...	...	...	57	4,247	119	...	4,423	41,466	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	20	187	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total			...	77	4,247	119	...	4,443	41,653	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Unrefined—															
(*a*) Sugar—															
Bengal	...	...	1,031	1,965	5,228	20	...	8,244	65,952	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) *Gur, rab*, jaggery, molasses and other crude saccharine produce—															
Bengal	...	...	536	19,314	170,362	2,656	...	192,868	9,16,123	...	446	...	...	...	446	2,397
Calcutta	...	...	...	572	475	...	...	1,047	4,973	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	536	19,886	170,837	2,656	...	193,915	9,21,096	...	446	...	...	...	446	2,397
Total Sugar—															
Bengal	...	...	1,567	21,336	179,837	2,795	...	205,535	10,23,541	...	446	...	...	...	446	2,397
Calcutta	...	...	...	592	475	...	...	1,067	5,160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	1,567	21,928	180,312	2,795	...	206,602	10,28,701	...	446	...	...	...	446	2,397

4a.—Statement showing the Trade carried by Boat between the different Blocks of Assam and (1) *Bengal* (*excluding Calcutta*) *and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—concluded.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Tea—														
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Indian—														
Bengal	12	7	...	...	...	19	577	6	...	...	...	...	6	252
Total Tea—														
Bengal	12	7	...	...	...	19	577	6	...	...	...	...	6	252
Tobacco—														
1. Unmanufactured—														
Bengal	11,255	32,900	85,084	465	...	130,424	8,31,453	...	161	...	...	...	161	1,489
2. Manufactured—														
(a) Cigars	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) Other sorts—														
Bengal	105	20	...	...	...	125	3,750	...	4	...	...	...	4	120
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	...	...	...	66	1,980
Total	105	20	...	...	...	125	3,750	...	70	...	...	...	70	2,100
Total Tobacco, manufactured—														
Bengal	105	20	...	...	...	125	3,750	...	4	...	...	...	4	120
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	...	...	...	66	1,980
Total	105	20	...	...	...	125	3,750	...	70	...	...	...	70	2,100
Wool—														
1. Raw—														
Bengal	2	...	...	...	...	2	33	9	...	...	...	...	9	150
2. Manufactured—														
(i) Carpets and rugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(ii) Piece-goods (European)—														
Bengal	...	...	3	...	...	3	881	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(iii) Piece-goods (Indian) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(iv) Other sorts of manufactures	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Wool, manufactured—														
Bengal	...	...	3	...	...	3	881	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All other articles of merchandise—														
Bengal	1,294	4,667	79,530	16,768	...	102,259	3,57,906	20,664	943,502	1,189,843	7,336	...	2,161,345	75,64,707
Calcutta	...	2,619	74,000	...	...	76,619	2,68,166	...	4,184	15,468	...	...	19,652	68,782
Total	1,294	7,286	153,530	16,768	...	178,878	6,26,072	20,664	947,686	1,205,311	7,336	...	2,180,997	76,33,489
	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.		Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	Troy oz.	
Treasure—														
1. Gold coin and bullion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Silver coin (Government rupees)—														
Bengal	...	56,277	...	...	...	56,277	1,50,072	398	19,434	...	...	...	19,832	53,298
3. Silver bullion, *viz.*, bars, ingots, and coin other than current coin of the Government of India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Treasure—														
Bengal	...	56,277	...	...	...	56,277	1,50,782	398	19,434	...	...	...	19,832	53,298
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Animals—														
1. Horned cattle—														
Bengal	...	...	67	...	...	67	1,809	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Sheep and goats—														
Bengal	...	...	140	160	...	300	900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Horses, ponies, and mules ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Other kinds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Animals—														
Bengal	...	...	207	160	...	367	3,207	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Provincial Total—														
Bengal	82,927	187,526	792,835	37,091	...	1,100,379	62,69,748	22,583	1,149,630	3,356,466	18,351	...	4,547,030	1,14,52,396
Calcutta	...	4,441	198,325	...	...	202,766	6,65,520	...	21,412	859,293	...	...	880,705	9,83,431
Total	82,927	191,967	991,160	37,091	...	1,303,145	69,35,268	22,583	1,171,042	4,215,759	18,351	...	5,427,735	1,24,35,827

4½.—*Statement showing the Trade carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal* (*excluding Calcutta*) *and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the* 31*st March* 1900.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Coal and coke—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Bengal	...	...	2,008	503	...	2,511	1,255	1,585,869	...	3	...	...	1,585,872	7,92,936
Calcutta	4,067	...	41,682	...	...	45,749	22,874	121,785	150	...	...	...	121,935	60,967
Total	4,067	...	43,690	503	...	48,260	24,129	1,707,654	150	3	...	...	2,707,807	8,53,903
Cotton, raw—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	945	9	...	960	5,580
Calcutta	8	37	8	43	...	96	1,548	...	16,006	107	...	...	16,113	93,657
Total	8	37	8	43	...	96	1,548	6	16,006	1,052	9	...	17,073	99,237
Cotton, manufactured—														
1. Twist and yarn (European)—														
Calcutta	4,776	4,687	1,727	261	...	11,451	5,38,197	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Twist and yarn (Indian)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	45	1,125
Calcutta	1,356	5,994	207	...	...	7,557	1,71,922	...	39	...	...	...	39	975
Total	1,356	5,994	207	...	...	7,557	1,71,922	...	39	45	...	...	84	2,100
3. Piece-goods (European)—														
Bengal	15	...	28	...	...	43	2,806	...	2	...	...	...	2	130
Calcutta	38,027	26,604	19,038	1,312	...	84,981	55,45,010	6	7	...	...	...	13	848
Total	38,042	26,604	19,066	1,312	...	85,024	55,47,816	6	9	...	...	...	15	978
4. Piece-goods (Indian)—														
Bengal	217	40	323	46	...	626	37,403	12	7	16	33	...	68	2,720
Calcutta	19	53	...	...	...	72	4,302	23	30	11	1	...	65	2,600
Total	236	93	323	46	...	698	41,705	35	37	27	34	...	133	5,320

Total Cotton, manufactured—															
Bengal	232	40	351	46	...	669	40,209	12	9	61	33	...	115	3,975
Calcutta	44,178	37,338	20,972	1,573	...	104,061	62,59,431	29	76	11	1	...	117	4,423
Total	44,410	37,378	21,323	1,619	...	104,730	62,99,640	41	85	72	34	...	232	8,398
Drugs and chemicals—															
1. Intoxicating other than opium—															
Bengal	175	18	123	126	...	442	4,862	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Non-intoxicating—															
(*a*) Cinchona bark ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Others—															
Bengal	14	1	7	...	...	22	242	...	4	...	...	...	4	100
Calcutta	3,541	1,485	1,316	377	...	6,719	73,909	75	142	93	...	...	310	7,750
Total	3,555	1,486	1,323	377		6,741	74,151	75	146	93	...	...	314	7,850
Total Drugs and chemicals—															
Bengal	189	19	130	126	...	464	5,104	...	4	...	...	...	4	100
Calcutta	3,541	1,485	1,316	377	...	6,719	73,909	75	142	93	...	...	310	7,750
Total	3,730	1,504	1,446	503	...	7,183	79,013	75	146	93	...	...	314	7,850
Dyes and tans—															
1. Indigo															
Calcutta	2	1	30	...	...	33	6,410	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Myrabolams—															
Calcutta	..	...	4	...	...	4	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Cutch—															
Calcutta	201	56	133	...	...	390	4,777	...	10	...	...	...	10	122
4. Turmeric—															
Bengal	13	4	15	...	...	32	288	...	11	...	...	...	11	161
Calcutta	4,387	2,638	3,931	1	...	10,957	98,613	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	4,400	2,942	3,946	1	...	10,989	98,901	...	11	...	...	...	11	161
5. Alizarine and aniline dyes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. *Al* (*Morinda citrifolia*) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Others—															
Calcutta	969	286	302	118	...	1,675	30,569	46	87	27	...	...	160	2,400
Total Dyes and tans—															
Bengal	13	4	15	...	...	32	288	...	11	...	...	...	11	161
Calcutta	5,559	2,981	4,400	119	...	13,059	1,40,382	46	97	27	...	...	170	2,522
Total	5,572	2,985	4,415	119	...	13,091	1,40,670	46	108	27	...	...	181	2,683

4¼.—*Statement showing the Trade carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal* (*excluding Calcutta*) *and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the* 31*st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Grain and pulse—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
1. Wheat—														
Bengal	4	...	...	...	...	4	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	1,604	271	327	144	...	2,346	7,038	...	2,501	...	...	...	2,501	5,158
Total	1,608	271	327	144	...	2,350	7,050	...	2,501	...	...	...	2,501	5,158
2. Rice in the husk—														
Bengal	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	5	...	...	...	5	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	6	...	...	...	6	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Rice not in the husk—														
Bengal	513,882	62,566	...	200	...	576,648	18,02,025	...	32	36	...	...	68	170
Calcutta	12,026	9,411	29	...	...	21,466	67,081	...	7,274	40,352	...	...	47,626	1,19,065
Total	525,908	71,977	29	200	...	598,114	18,69,106	...	7,306	40,388	...	...	47,694	1,19,235
4. Jowar and bajra—														
Calcutta	9	8	...	...	...	17	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Gram and pulse—														
Bengal	75,158	11,687	395	585	...	87,825	2,41,519	328	46	60	...	...	434	1,953
Calcutta	137,440	62,655	52,318	2,883	...	255,296	7,02,064	6	109	1,218	64	...	1,397	6,287
Total	212,598	74,342	52,713	3,468	...	343,121	9,43,583	334	155	1,278	64	...	1,831	8,240
6. Others—														
Bengal	238	136	32	92	...	498	871	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	22	62	60	13	...	157	275	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	260	198	92	105	...	655	1,146	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Total Grain and pulse—															
Bengal ...	...	589,282	74,390	427	877	...	664,976	20,44,429	328	78	96	...	...	502	2,123
Calcutta ...	...	151,101	72,412	52,734	3,040	...	279,287	7,76,506	6	9,884	41,570	64	...	51,524	1,30,510
Total ...	...	740,383	146,802	53,161	3,917	...	944,263	28,20,935	334	9,962	41,666	64	...	52,026	1,32,633
Hides and skins—															
1. Hides of cattle—															
(*a*) Dressed or tanned	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw—															
Bengal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	801	310	97	...	...	1,208	24,462
Calcutta ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	19	605	808	69	...	...	1,482	30,010
Total ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	19	1,406	1,118	166	...	...	2,690	54,472
2. Skins of sheep—															
(*a*) Dressed or tanned	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw—															
Bengal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	155	93	124	...	...	372	6,626
Calcutta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	39	7	37	...	106	1,888
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	178	132	131	37	...	478	8,514
Total Hides and skins—															
Bengal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	956	403	221	...	...	1,580	31,088
Calcutta ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	19	628	847	76	37	...	1,588	31,898
Total ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	19	1,584	1,250	297	37	...	3,168	62,986
Horns—															
Bengal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	159	74	7	...	...	240	3,360
Calcutta ...	...	2	...	23	...	...	25	219	31	171	...	...	...	202	2,828
Total ...	...	2	...	23	...	...	25	219	190	245	7	...	...	442	6,188
Hemp and other fibres ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jute—															
1. Raw—															
Bengal ...	...	5	96	...	...	...	101	467	2	535	...	...	...	537	2,417
Calcutta ...	...	9	...	...	...	...	9	42	...	96,796	680	...	...	97,476	4,38,642
Total ...	...	14	96	...	...	...	110	509	2	97,331	680	...	...	98,013	4,41,059
2. Gunny bags and cloths—															
Bengal ...	...	608	46	43	...	...	697	7,318	141	245	38	1	...	425	4,463
Calcutta ...	...	2,697	9,173	1,257	109	...	13,236	1,38,978	35	478	11	155	...	679	7,129
Total ...	...	3,305	9,219	1,300	109	...	13,933	1,46,296	176	723	49	156	...	1,104	11,592

Statement 4¼.—showing the Trade carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and (1) Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and (2) Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Jute—*contd.*—														
Total Jute—														
Bengal	613	142	43	...	...	798	7,785	143	780	38	1	...	962	6,880
Calcutta	2,706	9,173	1,257	109	...	13,245	1,39,020	35	97,274	691	155	...	98,155	4,45,781
Total	3,319	9,315	1,300	109	...	14,043	1,46,805	178	98,054	729	156	...	99,117	4,52,661
Lac—														
1. Stick—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	9	...	...	21	210
Calcutta	...	...	5	...	...	5	112	21	13,928	...	...	...	13,949	1,39,490
Total	...	...	5	...	...	5	112	21	13,940	9	...	...	13,970	1,39,700
2. Shell—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	4	...	4	125	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Lac—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	9	...	...	21	210
Calcutta	...	...	5	4	...	9	237	21	13,928	...	...	...	13,949	1,39,490
Total	...	...	5	4	...	9	237	21	13,940	9	...	...	13,970	1,39,700
Leather, manufactured—														
Bengal	10	...	3	10	...	23	5,163	21	8	...	...	...	29	6,510
Calcutta	175	94	609	129	...	1,007	2,26,071	9	12	...	...	...	21	4,714
Total	185	94	612	139	...	1,030	2,31,234	30	20	...	...	...	50	11,224
Liquors—														
1. Ale and beer—														
Calcutta	5,192	2,034	508	834	...	8,568	94,248	8	...	...	...	...	18	88

2. Spirits of all kinds, including country spirits—															
Calcutta	242	57	1	5	...	305	18,529	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Wines—															
Bengal	...	3	5	...	...	8	480	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Calcutta	4,310	1,872	312	213	...	6,707	4,02,420	5	4	1	...	...	10	...	600
Total	4,310	1,875	317	213	...	6,715	4,02,900	5	4	1	...	...	10		600
4. All other sorts, including toddy and fermented liquor other than ale and beer ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total Liquors—															
Bengal	...	3	5	...	...	8	480	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Calcutta	9,744	3,963	821	1,052	...	15,580	5,15,197	13	4	1	...	...	18	...	688
Total	9,744	3,966	826	1,052	...	15,588	5,15,677	13	4	1	...	...	18		688
Metals—															
1. Copper, unwrought—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5		220
Calcutta	409	...	...	...	...	409	17,996	...	2	...	...	...	2		83
Total	409	...	...	...	...	409	17,996		2	...	5	...	7		308
2. Brass, unwrought—															
Bengal	23	...	...	...	...	23	782	...	...	14	...	...	14		233
Calcutta	393	317	4	3	...	717	24,378	67	145	...	...	...	212		3,524
Total	416	317	4	3	...	740	25,160	67	145	14	...	...	226		3,757
3. Copper, wrought—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	...	...	36		1,674
Calcutta	28	32	1	10	...	71	3,301	...	196	19	19	...	234		10,881
Total	28	32	1	10	...	71	3,301	...	196	55	19	...	270		12,555
4. Brass, wrought—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	74	4	...	80		3,680
Calcutta	2,468	1,552	438	52	...	4,510	2,07,460	909	2,147	321	72	...	3,449		1,58,654
Total	2,468	1,552	438	52	...	4,510	2,07,460	909	2,149	395	76	...	3,529		1,62,334
5. Iron and Steel—															
(a), Cast—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5		12
Calcutta	10,897	1,259	2,907	3,792	...	18,855	47,137	24	23	28	15	...	90		225
Total	10,897	1,259	2,907	3,792	...	18,855	47,137	24	28	28	15	...	95		237

Statement 4¼.—showing the Trade by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and (1) Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and (2) Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Metals—*contd.*—														
5. Iron and Steel—*contd.*														
(*b*) Unwrought—														
Bengal	...	...	2	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	302	22	...	324	688	...	...	2	...	...	2	4
Total	...	...	304	22	...	326	692	...	...	2	...	...	2	4
(*c*) Wrought—														
Bengal	58	...	24	...	...	82	471	...	15	7	...	...	22	126
Calcutta	34,637	16,310	12,650	4,381	...	67,978	3,90,873	18	38	10	9	...	75	431
Total	34,695	16,310	12,674	4,381	...	68,060	3,91,344	18	53	17	9	...	97	557
(*d*) Manufactures of iron and steel—														
Bengal	217	13	16	2	...	248	1,736	21	100	32	...	...	153	1,071
Calcutta	32,084	15,674	6,852	3,440	...	58,050	4,06,350	341	139	35	44	...	559	3,913
Total	32,301	15,687	6,868	3,442	...	58,298	4,08,086	362	239	67	44	...	712	4,984
Total Iron and Steel—														
Bengal	275	13	42	2	...	332	2,211	21	120	39	...	...	180	1,209
Calcutta	77,618	33,243	22,711	11,635	...	145,207	8,45,048	383	200	75	68	...	726	4,573
Total	77,893	33,256	22,753	11,637	...	145,539	8,47,259	404	320	114	68	...	906	5,782
6. Others—														
Bengal	10	4	...	...	...	14	157	...	...	18	19	...	37	1,850
Calcutta	95,582	40,879	38,025	19,590	...	194,076	21,83,355	462	278	26	93	...	859	42,950
Total	95,592	40,883	38,025	19,590	...	194,090	21,83,512	462	278	44	112	...	896	44,800

Total Metals—															
Bengal	308	17	42	2	...	369	3,150	21	122	181	28	...	352	8,866
Calcutta	176,498	76,023	61,179	31,290	...	344,990	32,81,538	1,821	2,968	441	252	...	5,482	2,20,670
Total	176,806	76,040	61,221	31,292	...	345,359	32,84,688	1,842	3,090	622	280	...	5,834	2,29,536
Oils—															
1. Kerosine—															
Bengal	19,178	12,041	6,353	295	...	37,867	1,60,934	...	1	...	...	...	1	4
Calcutta	46,142	35,105	41,249	616	...	123,112	5,23,226	...	25	...	...	...	25	106
Total	65,32[illegible]	47,146	47,602	911	...	160,979	6,84,160	...	26	...	...	...	26	110
2. Castor—															
Bengal	113	37	...	...	...	150	1,838	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	2,129	922	222	97	...	3,370	41,282	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,242	959	222	97	...	3,520	43,12[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Coconnut—															
Bengal	65	...	36	1	...	102	1,453	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	4,803	2,464	1,585	7	...	8,859	1,26,241	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	4,868	2,464	1,621	8	...	8,961	1,27,694	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Mustard and rape—															
Bengal	716	54	...	3	...	773	8,889	143	710	...	...	...	853	11,302
Calcutta	8,627	8,359	49,202	285	...	66,473	7,64,439	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	9,343	8,413	49,202	288	...	67,246	7,73,328	143	710	...	...	...	853	11,302
5. Others—															
Bengal	9	45	2	...	...	56	644	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	3,411	1,132	596	342	...	5,481	63,031	126	...	330	...	...	456	2,736
Total	3,420	1,177	598	342	...	5,537	63,675	126	...	330	...	...	456	2,736
Total Oils—															
Bengal	20,081	12,177	6,391	299	...	38,948	1,73,758	143	711	...	...	...	854	11,306
Calcutta	65,112	47,982	92,854	1,347	...	207,295	15,18,219	126	25	330	...	...	481	8,842
Total	85,193	60,159	99,245	1,646	...	246,243	16,91,977	269	736	330	...	...	1,335	20,148
Oil-seeds—															
1. Linseed—															
Bengal	35	...	...	...	...	35	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	60	9	...	...	...	69	285	...	...	70,338	...	...	70,338	2,46,183
Total	95	9	...	...	...	104	429	...	...	70,338	...	...	70,338	2,46,183

4½.—*Statement showing the Trade carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Oil-seeds—*contd.*—														
2. Rape and mustard—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,518	...	...	...	6,518	22,813
Calcutta	4	...	...	...	...	4	16	111,312	343,784	7,210	...	...	462,306	16,18,071
Total	4	...	...	...	...	4	16	111,312	350,302	7,210	...	...	468,824	16,40,884
3. *Til* or *jinjili*—														
Calcutta	2	...	...	...	...	2	7	1,638	5,881	375	34	...	7,928	43,604
4. Poppy—														
Bengal	2	...	...	...	...	2	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	237	73	257	21	...	588	3,528	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	239	73	257	21	...	590	3,540	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Earthnuts	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Castor—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	2,374	...	...	...	2,384	7,152
7. Others—														
Bengal	...	2	...	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	213	...	...	213	639
Total	1	2	...	...	...	3	9	...	...	213	...	...	213	639

Total Oil-seeds—															
Bengal	37	2	...	...	...	39	162	...	6,518	...	...	...	6,518	22,813
Calcutta	304	82	257	21	...	664	3,839	112,960	352,039	78,136	34	...	543,169	19,15,649
Total	341	84	257	21	...	703	4,001	112,960	358,557	78,136	34	...	549,687	19,38,462
Opium—														
Calcutta	844½	406½	7½	...	...	1,258½	3,02,040	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paper and pasteboard—														
Bengal	122	1,047	2	...	...	1,171	10,978	...	...	...	3	...	3	28
Calcutta	2,012	1,932	939	285	...	5,168	48,450	3	1	...	...	...	4	37
Total	2,134	2,979	941	285	...	6,339	59,428	3	1	...	3	...	7	65
Provisions—														
1. Ghi—														
Bengal	260	128	35	...	...	423	16,550	...	45	2	...	...	47	1,715
Calcutta	9,397	7,083	2,571	215	...	19,266	7,53,782	7	3	...	...	...	10	365
Total	9,657	7,211	2,606	215	...	19,689	7,70,332	7	48	2	...	...	57	2,080
2. Dried fruits and nuts—														
Bengal	2,703	110	15	...	...	2,828	32,522	1	5	...	...	...	6	69
Calcutta	220	180	458	38	...	896	10,304	...	5	...	...	...	5	57
Total	2,923	290	473	38	...	3,724	42,826	1	10	...	...	...	11	126
3. Others—														
Bengal	3,846	9,381	280	54	...	13,561	1,28,830	6	71	106	...	...	183	549
Calcutta	98,237	59,935	33,007	4,327	...	195,506	18,57,307	18	879	9,326	...	...	10,223	30,669
Total	102,083	69,316	33,287	4,381	...	209,067	19 86,137	24	950	9,432	...	...	10,406	31,218
Total Provisions—														
Bengal	6,809	9,619	330	54	...	16,812	177,902	7	121	108	...	...	236	2,333
Calcutta	107,854	67,198	36,036	4,580	...	215,668	26,21,393	25	887	9,326	...	...	10,238	31,091
Total	114,663	76,817	36,366	4,634	...	232,480	27,99,295	32	1,008	9,434	...	...	10,474	33,424
Railway plant and rolling-stock—														
1. Locomotive engines and tenders—														
Calcutta	963	...	631	146	...	1,740	46,980	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Carriages and trucks and parts thereof—														
Calcutta	129	...	...	...	...	129	1,548	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

4¼.—*Statement showing the Trade carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar Block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Railway plant and rolling-stock—*contd.*														
3. Materials for construction—														
(*a*) Steel rails and fish-plates—														
Bengal	...	6,076	...	...	...	6,076	17,468	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	7,798	1,156	1,758	510	...	11,222	32,263	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	7,798	7,232	1,758	510	...	17,298	49,731	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Sleepers and keys of steel and cast-iron—														
Bengal	...	20,497	...	...	...	20,497	69,177	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	...	2,955	...	2,955	9,973	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	20,497	...	2,955	...	23,452	79,150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*c*) Other sorts—														
Bengal	...	1,159	...	...	...	1,159	7,968	...	224	...	...	...	224	1,540
Calcutta	20,476	19,014	4	...	...	39,524	2,71,727	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	20,476	20,203	4	...	...	40,683	2,79,695	...	224	...	...	...	224	1,540
Total Railway plant and rolling-stock—														
Bengal	...	27,732	...	...	...	27,732	94,613	...	224	...	...	...	224	1,540
Calcutta	29,366	20,200	2,393	3,611	...	55,570	3,62,491	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	29,366	47,932	2,393	3,611	...	83,302	4,57,104	...	224	...	...	...	224	1,540

Salt—															
Bengal	...	50	...	...	7	...	57	171	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	144,180	176,682	71,774	1,400	...	394,036	11,82,108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	144,230	176,682	71,774	1,407	...	394,093	11,82,279	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saltpetre, etc.—															
1. Saltpetre—															
Calcutta	...	20	48	164	...	...	232	1,856	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Other saline substances—															
Bengal	...	...	90	159	25	...	274	1,507	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	1,008	681	703	58	...	2,450	13,475	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	1,008	771	862	83	...	2,724	14,982	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Saltpetre, etc.—															
Bengal	...	...	90	159	25	...	274	1,507	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	1,028	729	867	58	...	2,682	15,331	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	1,028	819	1,026	83	...	2,956	16,838	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Silk, raw—															
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Indian	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Silk, raw	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Silk Piece-goods—															
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Indian—															
Bengal	...	20	33	...	...	...	53	51,728	6	4	...	...	...	10	7,047
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	368	7	...	...	...	375	2,64,281
Total	...	20	33	...	...	...	53	51,728	374	11	...	...	...	385	2,71,328
Total Silk Piece-goods—															
Bengal	...	20	33	...	...	...	53	51,728	6	4	...	...	...	10	7,047
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	368	7	...	...	...	375	2,64,281
Total	...	20	33	...	...	...	53	51,728	374	11	...	...	...	385	2,71,328

[81]

I.—TRADE.

Statement 4¼.—showing the Trade carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and (1) Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and (2) Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Spices—														
1. Betel-nuts—														
Bengal	2,252	807	...	...	...	3,059	22,942	5	...	...	...	...	5	60
Calcutta	1,251	1,160	2,925	221	...	5,557	41,677	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	3,503	1,967	2,925	221	...	8,616	64,619	5	...	...	...	...	5	60
2. Pepper—														
Bengal	...	...	5	...	...	5	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	1,427	967	610	34	...	3,038	63,798	3	...	2	...	...	5	105
Total	1,427	967	615	34	...	3,043	63,903	3	...	2	...	...	5	105
3. Ginger—														
Calcutta	21	...	2	...	...	23	86	...	...	18	...	...	18	73
4. Chillies—														
Bengal	906	80	41	106	...	1,133	9,064	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	1,009	1,278	3,572	...	...	5,859	46,872	...	2	...	...	...	2	25
Total	1,915	1,358	3,613	106	...	6,992	55,936	...	2	...	...	...	2	25
5. Cardamoms—														
Calcutta	2	...	...	...	...	2	358	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Others—														
Bengal	1,411	151	97	22	...	1,681	21,013	106	9	559	...	...	674	1,348
Calcutta	3,265	2,083	1,611	76	...	7,035	87,937	...	...	4,020	...	...	4,020	8,040
Total	4,676	2,234	1,708	98	...	8,715	1,08,950	106	9	4,579	...	...	4,694	9,388

Total Spices—																
Bengal	...	...	4,569	1,079	196	34	...	5,878	53,124	111	9	559	...	...	679	1,408
Calcutta	...	...	6,975	5,488	8,720	331	...	21,514	2,40,728	3	2	4,040	...	...	4,045	8,243
Total	...	...	11,544	6,567	8,916	365	...	27,392	2,93,852	114	11	4,599	...	...	4,724	9,651
Stone and lime—																
Bengal	...	...	503	...	...	...	...	503	629	...	...	13,876	...	...	13,876	6,071
Calcutta	...	...	3,011	2,526	190	...	...	5,727	7,159	...	3	232,936	...	...	232,939	1,01,911
Total	...	...	3,514	2,526	190	...	...	6,230	7,788	...	3	246,812	...	...	246,815	1,07,982
Sugar—																
1. Refined or crystallised, including sugarcandy—																
Bengal	...	...	3,546	325	2	...	...	3,873	36,309	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	11,559	14,527	11,273	497	...	37,856	3,54,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	15,105	14,852	11,275	497	...	41,729	3,91,209	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Unrefined—																
(*a*) Sugar—																
Bengal	...	...	423	145	955	...	...	1,523	12,184	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	7,328	14,268	1,523	137	...	23,256	1,86,048	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	7,751	14,413	2,478	137	...	24,779	1,98,232	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) *Gur, rab*, jaggery, molasses and other crude saccharine produce—																
Bengal	...	...	2,813	462	1,238	...	...	4,513	21,437	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	2,209	7,276	19,990	222	...	20,697	1,41,061	2	...	...	...	...	2	11
Total	...	...	5,022	7,738	21,228	222	...	34,210	1,62,498	2	...	...	...	...	2	11
Total Sugar—																
Bengal	...	...	6,782	932	2,195	...	...	9,909	69,930	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	21,096	36,071	32,786	856	...	90,809	6,82,009	2	...	...	...	...	2	11
Total	...	...	27,878	37,003	34,981	856	...	100,718	7,51,939	2	...	...	...	...	2	11
Tea—																
1. Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Indian—																
Bengal	...	...	...	15	...	1	...	16	486	9	7	5	46	...	67	2,814
Calcutta	...	...	2	20	49	...	...	71	2,157	587,784	114,668	172,746	167,627	...	1,042,825	4,37,98,650
Total	...	...	2	35	49	1	...	87	2,643	587,793	114,675	172,751	167,673	...	1,042,892	4,38,01,464

4½.—*Statement showing the Trade carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal* (*excluding Calcutta*) *and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the* 31*st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Tea—*contd.*—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Total Tea—														
Bengal	...	15	...	1	...	16	486	9	7	5	46	...	67	2,814
Calcutta	2	20	49	...	...	71	2,157	587,784	114,668	172,746	167,627	...	1,042,825	4,37,98,650
Total	2	35	49	1	...	87	2,643	587,793	114,675	172,751	167,673	...	1,042,892	4,38,01,464
Tobacco—														
1. Unmanufactured—														
Bengal	9,851	3,288	1,212	1	...	14,352	91,494	...	11	...	...	...	11	102
Calcutta	4,158	778	1,238	46	...	6,220	39,652	...	...	1	...	...	1	9
Total	14,009	4,066	2,450	47	...	20,572	1,31,146	...	11	1	...	...	12	111
2. Manufactured—														
(*a*) Cigars—														
Calcutta	47	11	2	...	...	60	2,715	1	...	...	...	...	1	45
(*b*) Other sorts—														
Bengal	24	16	2	3	...	45	1,350	2	18	...	...	...	20	600
Calcutta	469	235	110	30	...	844	25,320	2	...	...	...	...	2	60
Total	493	251	112	33	...	889	26,670	4	18	...	...	...	22	660
Total Tobacco, manufactured—														
Bengal	24	16	2	3	...	45	1,350	2	18	...	...	...	20	600
Calcutta	516	246	112	30	...	904	28,035	3	...	...	...	...	3	105
Total	540	262	114	33	...	949	29,385	5	18	...	...	...	23	705

Wool—															
1. Raw—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	5	83
Calcutta	4	4	...	...	...	8	133	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	4	4	...	...	...	8	133	5	...	...	...	...	5	83	
2. Manufactured—															
(i) Carpets and rugs—															
Bengal	...	12	...	...	...	12	1,489	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Calcutta	257	165	...	...	...	422	52,381	...	5	...	...	...	5	621	
Total	257	177	...	...	...	434	53,870	...	5	...	...	...	5	621	
(ii) Piece-goods (European) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(iii) Piece-goods (Indian)—															
Bengal	30	64	...	...	...	94	28,858	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Calcutta	1,215	289	152	...	...	1,656	5,08,392	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	1,245	353	152	...	...	1,750	5,37,250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(iv) Other sorts of manufactures—															
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	403	
Calcutta	3	...	...	...	...	3	1,209	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
Total	3	...	...	...	...	3	1,209	...	1	...	...	...	1	403	
Total Wool, manufactured—															
Bengal	30	76	...	...	...	106	30,347	...	1	...	...	...	1	403	
Calcutta	1,475	454	152	...	...	2,081	5,61,982	...	5	...	...	...	5	621	
Total	1,505	530	152	...	...	2,187	5,92,329	...	6	...	...	...	6	1,024	
All other articles of merchandise—															
Bengal	3,811	1,914	2,274	1,613	...	9,612	33,642	32,706	1,608	4,917	47	...	39,278	1,37,473	
Calcutta	129,263	69,946	29,284	11,086	...	239,579	8,38,527	10,559	3,551	5,483	325	...	19,918	69,713	
Total	133,074	71,860	31,558	12,699	...	249,191	8,72,169	43,265	5,159	10,400	372	...	59,196	2,07,186	
Treasure—															
1. Gold coin and bullion ...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	Troy oz. ...	...	
2. Silver coin—															
Calcutta	141,494	38,474	5,597	48,423	...	233,988	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Silver bullion (*viz.*, bars, ingots, and coin other than current coin of the Government of India)...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total Treasure—															
Calcutta	141,494	38,474	5 597	48,423	...	233,988	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

4½.—*Statement showing the Trade carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal* (*excluding Calcutta*) *and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the* 31*st March* 1900—concluded.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Animals—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.
1. Horned cattle—														
Bengal	...	12	...	...	...	12	324	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	24	...	...	...	24	648	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	36	...	...	...	36	972	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Sheep and goats—														
Bengal	...	...	...	50	...	50	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Horses, ponies, and mules ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Other kinds—														
Bengal	...	...	...	22	...	22	93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Animals—														
Bengal	...	12	...	72	...	84	567	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	24	...	...	...	24	648	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	36	...	72		108	1,215	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Provincial Total—														
Bengal	643,336	132,594	15,732	3,695	...	795,357	28,99,684	1,620,504	10,733	21,026	167	...	1,652,430	10,55,810
Calcutta	914,780½	634,250½	462,664½	61,387	...	2,073,082½	1,98,91,204	836,332	612,747	546,015	168,495	...	2,163,589	4,73,39,051
Total	1,558,116½	766,844½	478,396½	65,082	...	2,868,439½	2,27,90,888	2,456,836	623,480	567,041	168,662	...	3,816,019	4,83,94,861

[82] I.—TRADE.

4½.—*Statement showing the River-borne Trade between the two Valleys of Assam and the different Provinces other than Bengal during the year ending the 31st March 1900.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.				Exports from Assam.			
	To Brahmaputra Valley.	To Surma Valley.	Total.		From Brahmaputra Valley.	From Surma Valley.	Total.	
			Quantity.	Value.			Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Cotton, raw—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	3	1	4	61	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	1	...	1	13	...	...	...	...
Total ...	4	1	5	74	...	...	...	...
Cotton, manufactured—								
2. Twist and yarn (Indian)—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	...	1	1	30	...	...	...	...
3. Piece-goods (European)—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	18	37	55	2,530	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	6	...	6	280	...	...	...	...
	24	37	61	2,810	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—								
Bombay ...	1	6	7	288	...	...	...	...
Total ...	25	43	68	3,098	...	...	...	...
4. Piece-goods (Indian)—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	153	19	172	6,245	1	8	9	360
Punjab ...	15	...	15	540	4	...	4	160
	168	19	187	6,785	5	8	13	520
Native States—								
Rajputana and Central India.	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	240
Chief sea-port towns—								
Bombay ...	7	65	72	2,295	...	...	...	...
Total ...	175	84	259	9,080	11	8	19	760
Drugs and Chemicals—								
2. Non-intoxicating—								
(*b*) Others—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
Punjab ...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	75

[82] I.—TRADE.

4½—*Statement showing the River-borne Trade between the two Valleys of Assam and the different Provinces other than Bengal during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.				Exports from Assam.			
	To Brahmaputra Valley.	To Surma Valley.	Total.		From Brahmaputra Valley.	From Surma Valley.	Total.	
			Quantity.	Value.			Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Dyes and Tans—								
4. Turmeric—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	...	17	17	187	...	...	...	...
Grain and Pulse—								
1. Wheat—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	203	...	203	596	...	...	...	...
3. Rice not in the husk—								
Native States—								
Rajputana and Central India.	...	...	...	...	55	...	55	137
5. Gram and pulse—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	6,697	...	6,697	15,905	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	...	4	4	13	...	...	...	...
Total ...	6,697	4	6,701	15,918	...	...	...	...
Horns—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	28
Jute—								
2. Gunny bags and cloths—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	3	...	3	30	76	...	76	798
Punjab ...	43	...	43	473	...	...	...	...
Total ...	46	...	46	503	76	...	76	798
Leather, manufactured—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	39	11	50	7,000	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	1,571
Total ...	39	11	50	7,000	7	...	7	1,571

[82] I.—TRADE.

4½.—*Statement showing the River-borne Trade between the two Valleys of Assam and the different Provinces other than Bengal during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.				Exports from Assam.			
	To Brahmaputra Valley.	To Surma Valley.	Total.		From Brahmaputra Valley.	From Surma Valley.	Total.	
			Quantity.	Value.			Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Liquors—								
2. Spirits of all kinds, including country spirits—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	8	...	8	400	...	...	...	...
3. Wines—								
Chief sea-port towns—								
Bombay ...	2	...	2	155	...	...	...	...
Metals—								
4. Brass, wrought—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	86	...	86	3,118	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces	29	...	29	1,196	...	...	...	...
Total ...	115	...	115	4,314	...	...	...	...
5. Iron and Steel—								
(*c*) Wrought—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	52	...	52	377	...	...	...	...
(*d*) Manufactures of iron and steel—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
Madras ...	15	...	15	131	...	...	...	...
Bombay ...	4	1	5	125	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	...	9	9	72	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	28
	19	10	29	328	4	...	4	28
Chief sea-port towns—								
Bombay ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	7
Total ...	19	10	29	328	5	...	5	35
6. Others—								
Native states—								
Rajputana and Central India.	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	50
Oils—								
4. Mustard and rape—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	15	...	15	167	...	...	...	...

[82] I.—TRADE.

4½.—*Statement showing the River-borne Trade between the two Valleys of Assam and the different Provinces other than Bengal during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.				Exports from Assam.			
	To Brahmaputra Valley.	To Surma Valley.	Total.		From Brahmaputra Valley.	From Surma Valley.	Total.	
			Quantity.	Value.			Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Provisions—								
1. Ghi—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
Bombay ...	68	...	68	2,478	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	124	1	125	3,750	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	527	...	527	17,259	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces	467	...	467	13,076	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,186	1	1,187	36,563	...	...	...	...
2. Dried fruits and nuts—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
Punjab ...	15	...	15	238	...	...	...	...
3. Others—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
Bombay ...	3	...	3	24	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	4	9	13	156	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	3	7	10	82	...	...	...	...
	10	16	26	262	...	...	...	...
Native States—								
Rajputana and Central India.	6	...	6	18	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—								
Bombay ...	...	10	10	80	...	...	...	...
Total ...	16	26	42	360	...	...	...	...
Stone and Lime—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	340	...	340	340	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces	340	...	340	21	...	...	...	...
Total ...	680	...	680	361	...	...	...	...
Sugar—								
1. Refined or crystallised, including sugarcandy—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	28	...	28	336	...	...	...	...

[82] I.—TRADE.

4½.—*Statement showing the River-borne Trade between the two Valleys of Assam and the different Provinces other than Bengal during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.				Exports from Assam.			
	To Brahmaputra Valley.	To Surma Valley.	Total.		From Brahmaputra Valley	From Surma Valley.	Total.	
			Quantity.	Value.			Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Sugar—*contd*—								
2. Unrefined—								
(*a*) Sugar—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	1,149	53	1,202	9,015	...	...	...	...
(*b*) *Gur, rab*, jaggery, molasses and other crude saccharine produce—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	833	...	833	3,072	...	...	...	...
Tea—								
2. Indian—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
Bombay ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	42
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	168
Punjab ...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5	210
	...	...	...	...	5	5	10	420
Native States—								
Rajputana and Central India.	...	...	..	...	1	...	1	42
Nizam's territory (Hyderabad).	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	42
	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	84
Total ...	...	...	...	...	7	5	12	504
Tobacco—								
1. Unmanufactured—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	28	4	32	240	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	...	31	31	225	...	...	...	...
Total ...	28	35	63	465	...	...	...	...
2. Manufactured—								
(*a*) Cigars—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
Madras ...	2	3	5	264	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Other sorts—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
Madras ...	2	...	2	142	...	...	...	...
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	101	6	107	1,605	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	...	7	7	98	...	...	...	...
Total ...	103	13	116	1,845	...	...	...	...

[82] I.—TRADE.

4½.—*Statement showing the River-borne Trade between the two Valleys of Assam and the different Provinces other than Bengal during the year ending the 31st March 1900*—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.				Exports from Assam.			
	To Brahmaputra Valley.	To Surma Valley.	Total.		From Brahmaputra Valley.	From Surma Valley.	Total.	
			Quantity.	Value.			Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Wool—								
2. Manufactured—								
(*i*) Carpets and rugs—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	9	11	20	2,000	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	19	...	19	4,420	...	...	...	...
Total ..	28	11	39	6,420	...	...	...	...
(*iii*) Piece-goods (Indian)—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	...	2	2	144	...	...	...	...
(*iv*) Other sorts of manufactures—								
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—								
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	6	5	11	11,000	...	...	...	...
Punjab ...	2	...	2	251	...	...	...	...
Total ...	8	5	13	11,251	...	...	...	...
All other articles of merchandise—								
Madras ...	11	8	19	66	...	...	...	...
Bombay ...	235	7	242	847	17	7	24	84
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	1,711	229	1,940	6,790	89	25	114	399
Punjab ...	261	47	308	1,078	68	1	69	241
Central Provinces ...	7	50	57	199	2	...	2	7
	2,225	341	2,566	8,980	176	33	209	731
Native States—								
Rajputana and Central India.	41	9	50	175	2	...	2	7
Nizam's Territory (Hyderabad).	9	...	9	31	...	...	...	...
	50	9	59	206	2	...	2	7
Chief sea-port towns—								
Madras sea-ports ...	3	3	6	21	...	...	...	...
Bombay ...	31	23	54	189	16	...	16	56
	34	26	60	210	16	...	16	56
Total ...	2,309	376	2,685	9,396	194	33	227	794
Provincial total—								
Madras ...	30	11	41	603	...	...	...	...
Bombay ...	310	8	318	3,474	17	8	25	126
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	11,612	413	12,025	75,166	171	34	205	1,753
Punjab ...	892	96	988	24,970	88	4	92	2,285
Central Provinces ...	843	50	893	14,492	2	...	2	7
	13,687	578	14,265	118,705	278	46	324	4,171

[82] I.—TRADE.

4½.—*Statement showing the River-borne Trade between the two Valleys of Assam and the different Provinces other than Bengal during the year ending the 31st March 1900—concluded.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.				Exports from Assam.			
	To Brahmaputra Valley.	To Surma Valley.	Total.		From Brahmaputra Valley.	From Surma Valley.	Total.	
			Quantity.	Value.			Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Provincial total—*contd.*—								
Native States—								
Rajputana and Central India.	47	9	56	193	65	...	65	476
Nizam's Territory (Hyderabad).	9	...	9	31	1	...	1	42
	56	9	65	224	66	...	66	518
Chief sea-port towns—								
Madras sea-ports ...	3	3	6	21	...	...	...	...
Bombay ...	41	104	145	3,007	17	...	17	63
	44	107	151	3,028	17	...	17	63
Total ...	13,787	694	14,481	121,957	361	46	407	4,752

5a.—*Statement showing the Articles of provincial interest carried by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March 1900.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Lime—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	225	...	...	225	168	...	...	5	...	...	5	2
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	2	1	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	227	1	...	228	170	...	...	5	...	...	5	2
Canes and rattans—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	1	1	...	2	5	...	...	1,258	338	...	1,596	3,990
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	7
Total	...	...	1	1	...	2	5	...	...	1,261	338	...	1,599	3,997
Caoutchouc	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Oranges—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,440	...	...	3,440	69
Cocoanuts—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	22,000	666	...	22,666	850	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Potatoes—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
British provinces (excluding chief sea-ports towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	113	155	...	268	871	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	62	35	...	97	315	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	175	190	...	365	1,186	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ivory	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mats—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	3	...	...	3	24	...	...	114	...	...	114	570
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	1	...	...	1	8	...	...	15	...	...	15	75
Total	...	...	4	...	...	4	32	...	...	129	...	...	129	645
Tea-seed—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	45	28	...	73	5,840	...	...	231	297	...	528	39,996
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	27	20	...	47	3,760	...	...	300	323	...	623	47,192
Total	...	...	72	48	...	120	9,600	...	...	531	620	...	1,151	87,188
Fish, raw—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	11
Fish, dry—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	30	139
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	1	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	1	...	...	1	5	...	...	30	...	...	30	139
Birds—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	5	1	...	6	3
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	2
Total	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	9	1	...	10	5

5a.—*Statement showing the Articles of provincial interest carried by Rail between the different Blocks of Assam and different other Provinces during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Cocoons	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wax—														
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	120
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Timber—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	320	...	...	320	720	...	...	166	...	...	166	498
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	229	2	...	231	520	...	...	1	...	...	1	3
Total	...	...	549	2	...	551	1,240	...	...	167	...	...	167	501
Bamboos—														
British provinces (excluding chief sea-port towns)—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	300	32
Chief sea-port towns—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35,980	...	...	35,980	3,814
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36,280	...	...	36,280	3,846

5b.—*Statement Showing the Articles of provincial interest carried by Boat between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the* 31*st March* 1900.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Lime—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Bengal	1,078	10,629	...	...	...	11,707	8,780	...	...	641,684	...	...	641,684	2,82,341
Calcutta	...	80	...	...	...	807	60	...	8	664,600	...	...	664,608	2,92,427
Total	1,078	10,709	...	...	...	11,787	8,840	...	8	1,306,284	...	...	1,306,292	5,74,768
Canes and rattans—														
Bengal	...	...	...	200	...	200	500	19,934	3,252	8,487	3,232	...	34,905	87 262
Caoutchouc	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Oranges—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,406,100	...	...	11,406,100	2,28,122
Cocoanuts—														
Bengal	8,000	416,266	1,264,105	31,000	...	1,719.371	64,476	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Potatoes—														
Bengal	870	11,863	33,943	1,710	...	48,386	1,57,254	204	1,496	3,076	...	...	4,776	13,432
Calcutta	165	824	...	...	...	989	3,214	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,035	12,6 87	33,943	1,710	...	49,375	1,60,468	204	1,496	3,0 6	...	...	4.776	13,432
Ivory	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

5b.—Statement showing the Articles of provincial interest carried by Boat between the different blocks of Assam and (1) *Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total. Quantity.	Total. Value.	From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total. Quantity.	Total. Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mats—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Bengal	...	846	...	...	...	846	6,768	...	...	98,729	2,275	...	101,004	5,05,020
Tea-seed—														
Calcutta	139	13	...	...	...	152	12,160	259	21	...	...	...	280	21,210
Fish, raw—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,133	6,440	...	...	19,573	1,07,651
Fish, dry—														
Bengal	...	1,557	...	...	...	1,557	7,201	120	3,111	37,733	...	...	40,964	1,89,458
Birds	No. ...	No. ...	No. ...	No. ...	No. ...	No. ...	...	No. ...	No. ...	No. ...	No. ...	No. ...	No. ...	...
Cocoons	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	...	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	Mds. ...	...
Wax—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	4	...	...	...	4	160
Timber—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Bengal	...	...	14,240	...	...	14,240	32,040	39	433,915	3,744	549	...	438,247	13,14,741
Bamboos—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	600	10,661,279	75,200	...	10,737,079	1,38,130

5c.—*Statement showing the Articles of provincial interest carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and (1) Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and (2) Calcutta during the year ending the 31st March 1900.*

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Lime—	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.
Bengal	501	...	...	...	...	501	376	...	...	13,613	...	...	13,613	5,990
Calcutta	754	1,230	...	...	...	1,984	1,488	...	...	148,254	...	...	148,254	65,232
Total	1,255	1,230	...	...	...	2,485	1,864	...	...	161,867	...	...	161,867	71,222
Canes and rattans—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32,034	820	...	...	...	32,854	82,135
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	293	...	...	...	...	293	732
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32,327	820	...	...	...	33,147	82,867
Caoutchouc—														
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,318	184	6	...	...	2,508	1,88,100
Oranges—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,580	...	...	2,580	52
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,148,890	...	...	3,148,890	62,978
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,151,470	...	...	3,151,470	63,030

5c.—*Statement showing the Articles of provincial interest carried by Steamer between the different Blocks of Assam and* (1) *Bengal (excluding Calcutta) and* (2) *Calcutta during the year ending the* 31*st March* 1900—continued.

Articles, and whence imported or whither exported.	Imports into Assam.							Exports from Assam.						
	To Upper Assam block.	To Lower Assam block.	To Sylhet block.	To Cachar block.	To Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.		From Upper Assam block.	From Lower Assam block.	From Sylhet block.	From Cachar block.	From Khasi and Jaintia Hills block.	Total.	
						Quantity.	Value.						Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.
Cocoanuts—														
Bengal	168,333	6,933	...	...	...	175,266	6,572	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	7,733	400	...	...	...	8,133	304	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	176,066	7,333	...	...	...	183,399	6,876	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Potatoes—														
Bengal	...	40	...	...	...	40	130	...	71	...	...	...	71	200
Calcutta	15	18	...	...	...	33	107	...	276	299	...	...	575	1,617
Total	15	58	...	...	...	73	237	...	347	299	...	...	646	1,817
Ivory	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mats—														
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	87	...	...	87	435
Calcutta	312	77	...	4	...	393	3,144	...	...	1,410	...	...	1,410	7,050
Total	312	77	...	4	...	393	3,144	...	...	1,497	...	...	1,497	7,485

| | | |

[84] I.—TRADE.

6.—*List of Value-rates of Articles shown in the Rail and River-borne Trade Returns of Assam for the year ending the 31st March 1900, as well as the Rates of Deduction made from the gross weight to obtain net weight.*

Articles.	Rates of deduction.	Imports from Madras.	Imports from Bombay.	Imports from Bengal.	Imports from North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Imports from Punjab.	Imports from Central Provinces.	Exports from Assam.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Per cent.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.
		Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Coal and Coke	*Nil*	...	...	0 8	...	...	...	0 8
Cotton, raw	3·0	...	...	16 2	15 3	13 6	...	5 13
,, manufactured—								
1. Twist and yarn (European) ...	5·5	...	...	47 0	68 0	...	...	47 0
2. Ditto (Indian) ...	4·0	...	...	22 12	30 0	...	...	25 0
3. Piece-goods (European)—								
(*a*) In bales and bundles	3·5	...	41 2	48 0	45 0	46 12	...	65 4
(*b*) In boxes	18·0			82 8	100 0	90 3		
4. Piece-goods (Indian)—								
(*a*) In bales and bundles	3·5	...	31 14	32 8	35 0	36 0	...	40 0
(*b*) In boxes	15·0	...	34 8	87 0	80 0	76 8		
Drugs and Chemicals—								
1. Intoxicating other than opium ...	5·0	...	...	11 0	...	...	...	...
2. Non-intoxicating—								
(*a*) Cinchona bark	5·0	...	...	77 8	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Others	4·0	...	...	11 0	11 0	...	...	25 0
Dyes and Tans—								
1. Indigo	18·0	...	...	194 4	...	...	...	...
2. Myrabolams	1·2	...	...	3 4	...	...	...	3 4
3. Cutch	2·0	...	...	12 4	...	...	...	12 4
4. Turmeric	1·6	...	...	9 0	11 0	...	...	14 10
5. Alizarine dyes	25·0	...	...	31 0	...	...	...	...
6. Aniline dyes	25·0	...	...	82 2	...	...	...	...
7. *Al* (*Morinda citrifolia*)	2·0	...	...	2 6	...	...	...	...
8. Others	2·0	...	...	18 4	...	...	...	15 0
Grain and Pulse—								
1. Wheat	1·0	...	...	3 0	2 15	...	...	2 1
2. Rice in the husk				1 10	...	...	...	1 4
3. ,, not in the husk				3 2	...	...	...	2 8
4. Jowar and bajra				2 6	...	...	...	...
5. Gram and pulse				2 12	2 6	3 5	...	4 8
6. Others				1 12	...	...	...	2 8
Hides and Skins—								
1. Hides of cattle—								
(*a*) Dressed or tanned	2·5	...	...	31 0	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw	*Nil*	...	...	18 12	...	...	...	26 4
2. Skins of sheep, etc.—								
(*a*) Dressed or tanned	2·5	...	...	38 0	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Raw	*Nil*	...	...	21 8	...	...	...	17 13
Horns	1·0	...	...	8 12	...	...	...	14 0

[84] I.—TRADE.

6.—*List of Value-rates of Articles shown in the Rail and River-borne Trade Returns of Assam for the year ending the 31st March* 1900, *as well as the Rates of Deduction made from the gross weight to obtain net weight*—continued.

Articles.	Rates of deduction.	Imports from Madras.	Imports from Bombay.	Imports from Bengal.	Imports from North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Imports from Punjab.	Imports from Central Provinces.	Exports from Assam.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Per cent.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.
Jute—		Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
1. Hemp and other fibres	Nil	...	...	5 4	...	...	...	13 0
2. Raw				4 10	...	...	...	4 8
3. Gunny bags and cloths				10 8	10 0	11 0	...	10 8
Lac—								
1. Stick	2·0	...	...	22 8	...	....	...	10 0
2. Shell	19·0	...	...	31 6	...	...	...	31 6
Leather, manufactured	14·5	...	...	224 8	140 0	...	150 0	224 8
Liquors—								
1. Ale and beer	20·0	...	...	11 0	...	...	...	11 0
2. Spirits of all kinds, including country spirits.		...	...	60 12	50 0	...	...	60 12
3. Wines		...	77 7	60 0	70 0	...	...	60 0
4. All other sorts, including toddy and fermented liquors.		...	...	3 0	2 0	...	...	3 0
Metals—								
1. Copper, unwrought	1·0	...	...	44 0	...	...	...	44 0
2. Brass, ,, ...				34 0	...	...	...	16 10
3. Copper, wrought				46 8	...	...	...	46 8
4. Brass, ,, ...				46 0	36 4	...	41 4	46 0
5. Iron and steel—								
(*a*) Cast	Nil	...	...	2 8	...	...	...	2 8
(*b*) Unwrought		...	...	2 2	...	...	...	2 2
(*c*) Wrought		...	...	5 12	7 4	...	...	5 12
(*d*) Manufactures of iron and steel.		8 12	25 0	7 0	8 0	8 8	...	7 0
6. Others	1·0	...	...	11 4	25 4	...	...	50 0
Oils—								
1. Kerosine	17·0	...	...	4 4	...	...	...	4 4
2. Castor				12 4	...	...	...	12 4
3. Cocoanut				14 4	...	...	...	14 4
4. Mustard and rape				11 8	11 2	...	...	13 4
5. Others				11 8	10 0	...	...	6 0
Oil-seeds—								
1. Linseed	1·5	...	...	4 2	...	...	...	3 1
2. Rape and mustard				4 2	...	...	...	3 8
3. *Til* or *jinjili*				3 12	...	5 0	...	5 8
4. Poppy				6 0	...	...	...	...
5. Earthnuts				5 0	...	...	...	...
6. Castor				4 0	...	...	...	3 0
7. Others				2 12	...	...	...	3 0
Opium	25·5	...	...	240 0	...	...	...	...
Paper and Pasteboard	20·0	...	...	9 6	...	...	...	9 6

[84] I.—TRADE.

6.—*List of Value-rates of Articles shown in the Rail and River-borne Trade Returns of Assam for the year ending the 31st March 1900, as well as the Rates of Deduction made from the gross weight to obtain net weight*—continued.

Articles.	Rates of deduction.	Imports from Madras.	Imports from Bombay.	Imports from Bengal.	Imports from North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Imports from Punjab.	Imports from Central Provinces.	Exports from Assam.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Per cent.	Per md. Rs. a.	Per md. Rs. a.	Per md. Rs. a.	Per md. Rs. a.	Per md. Rs. a.	Per md. Rs. a.	Per md. Rs. a.
Provisions—								
1. Ghi	18·0	...	36 7	39 2	30 0	32 12	28 0	36 8
2. Dried fruits and nuts	4·0	...	...	11 8	15 0	15 14	...	11 8
3. Others	2·0	...	8 0	9 8	12 0	8 4	...	3 0
Railway Plant and Rolling-stock—								
1. Locomotive engines and tenders ...	Nil	...	...	27 0	...	...	...	...
2. Carriages and trucks				12 0	...	...	...	...
3. Materials for construction—								
(*a*) Steel rails and fish-plates ...				2 14	...	...	...	...
(*b*) Sleepers and keys of steel and cast-iron.				3 6	...	...	...	...
(*c*) Other sorts				6 14	...	...	...	6 14
Salt	1·0	...	...	3 0	...	...	...	3 0
Saltpetre, etc.—								
1. Saltpetre	1·0	...	...	8 0	...	...	...	...
2. Other saline substances ...				5 8	...	...	...	3 8
Silk, raw—								
1. Foreign	4·5	...	...	256 0	...	...	...	...
2. Indian				509 0	...	...	...	...
Silk piece-goods—								
1. Foreign	11·0	...	...	749 0	...	...	...	...
2. Indian				976 0	...	...	...	704 12
Spices—								
1. Betel-nut	1·0	...	...	7 8	...	...	...	12 2
2. Pepper	2·5	...	...	21 0	...	...	...	21 0
3. Ginger	2·0	...	...	3 12	...	...	...	4 1
4. Chillies	2·5	...	...	8 0	...	...	...	12 6
5. Cardamoms	10·0	...	...	179 4	...	...	...	...
6. Others	2·5	...	...	12 8	20 0	...	...	2 0
Stone and Lime	Nil	...	...	1 4	1 0	...	0 1	0 7
Sugar—								
1. Refined or crystallised, including sugarcandy.	1·0	...	...	9 6	12 0	11 2	...	9 6
2. Unrefined—								
(*a*) Sugar	1·5	...	...	8 0	7 8	...	...	...
(*b*) *Gur, rab*, jaggery, molasses, and other crude saccharine produce.				4 12	3 11	...	...	5 6
Tea—								
1. Foreign	23·5	...	...	40 6	...	...	...	...
2. Indian				30 6	...	...	...	42 0
Tobacco—								
1. Unmanufactured	1·0	...	...	6 6	7 8	7 4	...	9 4
2. Manufactured—								
(*a*) Cigars	55·0	52 12	...	45 4	...	...	...	45 4
(*b*) Other sorts	20 0	71 2	...	30 0	15 0	14 0	...	30 0
Wool—								
1. Raw	5·3	...	...	16 12	...	...	...	9 6

[84] I.—TRADE.

6.—*List of Value-rates of Articles shown in the Rail and River-borne Trade Returns of Assam for the year ending the 31st March 1900, as well as the Rates of Deduction made from the gross weight to obtain net weight*—concluded.

Articles.	Rates of deduction.	Imports from Madras.	Imports from Bombay.	Imports from Bengal.	Imports from North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Imports from Punjab.	Imports from Central Provinces.	Exports from Assam.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Wool—*contd.*—	Per cent.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.	Per md.
2. Manufactured—		Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
1. Carpets and rugs	3·5	...	...	124 2	100 0	232 10	...	124 2
2. Piece-goods (European)	18·0	...	...	293 12	200 0	183 5	...	293 12
3. ,, (Indian)	6·0	...	...	307 0	72 0	100 0	...	307 0
4. Other sorts of wool manufactures ...	20·0	...	...	403 0	1,000 0	125 8	...	403 0
All other articles of merchandise ...	2·0	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8
Treasure—				Per oz. Rs. a. p.				Per oz. Rs. a.
1. Gold coin and bullion	*Nil*	...	...	60 14 0	...	...	...	68 0
2. Silver coin (Government rupees) ...				2 10 8	...	...	...	2 11
3. Silver bullion, *viz.*, bars, ingots, and coin other than current coin of the Government of India.				1 14 0	...	...	...	2 1
Animals—				Per head. Rs. a.				Per head. Rs. a.
1. Horned cattle	*Nil*	...	...	27 0	...	...	...	25 0
2. Sheep and goats				3 0	...	...	...	3 0
3. Horses, ponies, and mules ...				113 0	...	...	...	400 0
4. Other kinds				4 4	...	...	...	8 0

[85] I.—TRADE.

7.—*List of Value-rates of Articles of provincial interest shown in the Rail and River-borne Trade Returns of Assam for the year ending the 31st March 1900.*

Articles.	Denomination.	Imports from Bengal.	Exports from Assam.
1	2	3	4
		Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Lime	Per 100 maunds.	75 0	44 0
Canes and rattans	Per md.	2 8	2 8
Caoutchouc	,,	62 0	75 0
Oranges	Per 100	...	2 0
Cocoanuts	,,	3 12	3 12
Potatoes	Per md.	3 4	2 13
Ivory	,,	...	400 0
Mats	,,	8 0	5 0
Fish (raw)	,,	5 8	5 8
,, (dry)	,,	4 10	4 10
Birds	Each	0 8	0 8
Tea-seed	Per md.	80 0	75 12
Cocoons	,,	...	70 0
Wax	,,	47 0	40 0
Timber	Per log	2 4	3 0
Bamboos	Per 1,000	106 0	106 0

[86] I.—TRADE.

8.—Showing the Road Traffic between Assam and Bengal registered at Sidli and Lakhipur in the Goalpara district during the year 1899-1900.

Articles.	Denomination.	Import				Export			
		Into Goalpara through Sidli.		Into Goalpara through Lakhipur.		From Goalpara through Sidli.		From Goalpara through Lakhipur.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10.
			Rs.		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.		
Silk piece-goods—									
2. Indian ...	...	...	...	...	...	2	401	...	...
Animals, living, for sale—		No.		No.					
1. Horned cattle ...	No.	968	22,700	3,248	81,200	...	...	...	...
2. Sheep and goats	„	...	...	2,322	9,288	...	...	...	...
3. Horses, ponies, and mules.	„	4	1,600	47	18,800	...	...	...	...
4. Other kinds ...	„	...	...	4	40	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	24,300	...	1,09,328	...	401	...	...

[87]

K.—COINAGE AND CURRENCY.

1.—*Coinage.*

[Blank, there being no Mint in this Province.]

[88]

2.—*Paper Currency.*

[Blank, there being no separate Currency circle of Assam.]

L.—CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

L.—CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

I.—PART I.—*Showing the Current Income of the Dispensaries in Assam during the year* 1899.

1	2	3																				
		Income.																				
		A.	B.								C.		D.	E.	F.		G.	H.	I.	J.
			From Government.								From local and other funds.				Subscriptions.					
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Cash balance on 1st January 1899.	As salaries.		As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet, including police cases.	Sale of medicines supplied by Government.	Special allowances given by Government.	Total.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Interest on investments.	Sale of securities or withdrawal of deposits.	From Europeans.	From Natives.	For diet (by paying patients, etc.).	From sale of medicines not supplied by Government.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total income.
			Medical officers.	Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants).																
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Silchar ...	4 3 9	1,791 6 10	...	19 5 2	390 0 0	...	...	...	2,200 12 0	2,700 0 0	650 0 0	43 12 3	1,868 3 0	203 0 0	202 0 0	42 11 0	...	27 0 0	7,939 10 0
2	Hailakandi ...	14 3 6	...	...	5 8 4	150 0 0	...	...	28 4 3	183 12 7	360 0 0	720 0 0	17 10 9	90 13 0	154 0 0	133 4 0	6 14 0	3 2 0	8 9 0	1,592 4 10
3	Katigora ...	6 0 0	...	...	18 2 8	100 0 0	...	...	16 1 6	134 4 2	780 0 0	...	7 8 3	375 0 3	...	127 8 6	...	...	0 8 0	1,420 12 8
4	Haflong ...	...	...	120 0 0	11 9 0	191 12 7	...	...	39 12 0	363 1 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	363 1 7
5	Lakhipur ...	14 10 0	295 11 0	...	6 13 8	...	...	...	...	302 8 8	975 0 0	...	6 8 0	777 9 0	...	56 2 0	...	2 5 0	...	2,134 10 8
6	Sylhet ...	14 1 6	945 0 0	...	24 6 3	420 0 0	...	...	...	1,389 6 3	1,260 0 0	600 0 0	158 3 3	1,883 0 0	297 0 0	862 5 6	3 6 6	11 2 0	1,033 4 6	7,511 13 0
7	Sylhet (Municipal)...	12 2 0	...	...	9 10 6	220 0 0	...	...	...	229 10 6	...	1,087 4 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 0 6	2,332 1 6
8	Balaganj ...	26 14 8	695 5 8	...	6 3 3	160 0 0	...	...	56 7 11	918 0 10	420 0 0	...	11 9 0	418 0 0	...	84 9 0	...	15 0 0	17 6 3	1,911 7 9
9	Fenchuganj ...	15 11 10	538 8 6	...	5 3 5	143 10 8	...	...	20 2 6	707 9 1	520 0 0	...	5 10 3	516 0 0	99 0 0	23 0 0	...	9 10 0	9 12 0	1,897 5 2
10	Jaintiapur ...	23 0 2	312 8 0	...	9 12 6	170 0 0	...	...	...	492 4 6	620 0 0	...	5 6 0	333 0 0	...	76 14 0	...	1 0 0	2 0 0	1,553 8 8
11	Kanairghat ...	7 13 10	...	...	6 7 0	138 14 3	...	...	84 2 7	229 7 10	650 0 0	...	12 7 9	631 7 0	...	2 0 0	...	2 7 0	6 2 0	1,541 13 5
12	Gwainghat ...	0 10 9	...	...	4 2 9	134 8 0	...	...	6 10 2	145 4 11	616 0 0	...	8 1 6	550 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	1,320 1 2
13	Digli ...	7 13 6	...	...	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	1,066 0 0	...	29 2 3	1,110 1 0	...	70 4 0	...	16 9 6	0 12 0	2,305 10 3
14	Thakurbari ...	...	187 8 0	...	28 3 0	...	...	...	...	215 11 0	866 0 0	...	...	727 3 0	...	83 14 0	...	2 0 0	1 4 0	1,894 12 0
15	Sunamganj ...	3 2 11	...	...	14 13 4	140 0 0	...	...	...	154 13 4	400 0 0	...	4 9 3	419 0 0	...	226 8 0	...	2 13 0	22 5 3	1,213 2 6
16	Chhatak ...	14 12 2	348 8 8	...	2 11 0	100 0 0	...	...	...	451 3 8	425 0 0	...	2 2 6	255 0 0	71 0 0	47 4 0	...	6 2 0	0 2 0	1,294 13 7

| | | |

L.—CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

I.—PART I.—*Showing the Current Income of the Dispensaries in Assam during the year* 1899—continued.

1	2	3																				
		Income.																				
		A.	B.								C.		D.	E.	F.		G.	H.	I.	J.
			From Government.								From local or other funds.				Subscriptions.					
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Cash balance on 1st January 1899.	As salaries.		As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet, including police cases.	Sale of medicines supplied by Government.	Special allowances given by Government.	Total.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Interest on investments.	Sale of securities or withdrawal of deposits.	From Europeans.	From Natives.	For diet (by paying patients, etc.).	From sale of medicines not supplied by Government.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total income.
			Medical officers.	Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants.)																
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
54	South Salmara ...	...	75 0 0	...	35 0 6	...	...	...	...	110 0 6	2,660 0 0	...	1 3 9	1,331 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	4,193 0 3
55	Agamani ...	...	254 1 0	...	35 0 6	...	...	...	...	289 1 6	...	...	...	161 12 9	...	480 0 0	...	...	0 4 0	931 1 6
56	Goalpara ...	30 0 0	...	...	6 9 7	250 0 0	12 1 9	...	22 0 6	290 11 10	1,260 0 0	189 0 0	29 11 6	1,210 0 5	52 0 0	428 2 0	...	5 6 0	3 8 0	3,489 7 9
57	Lakhipur ...	12 7 8	781 4 0	...	4 2 0	...	...	...	...	785 6 0	...	...	0 8 6	181 0 0	...	498 0 0	...	0 3 0	...	1,499 0 7
58	Krishnai ...	19 4 0	371 9 1	...	6 7 0	...	...	...	...	378 0 1	...	...	14 15 3	291 4 0	...	480 0 0	...	...	...	1,479 9 2
59	Darrangiri ...	1 1 0	356 4 0	...	4 1 3	...	...	...	...	360 5 3	480 0 0	...	5 14 6	134 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	1,883 7 4
60	Gauhati ...	49 9 7	1,427 12 0	...	25 10 10	280 0 0	38 14 3	...	...	1,772 5 1	1,783 0 0	1,888 0 0	...	...	586 0 0	289 0 0	268 10 6	18 11 0	290 4 0	6,945 8 2
61	Nalbari ...	40 14 7	...	...	6 3 2	...	...	...	...	6 3 2	820 0 0	...	14 13 6	626 12 6	...	16 2 3	...	0 8 0	...	1,525 6 0
62	Chhaygaon ...	107 5 0	...	...	8 0 0	...	...	...	...	8 0 0	820 0 0	...	8 6 0	638 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	1,581 11 0
63	Palasbari ...	71 11 8	...	...	2 1 0	...	...	...	...	2 1 0	820 0 0	...	8 1 3	710 0 0	...	1 14 0	...	...	5 0 0	1,628 11 11
64	Hajo ...	75 8 5	...	...	4 3 0	...	...	...	...	4 3 0	820 0 0	...	19 7 3	1,000 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	1,919 2 8
65	Rangiya ...	93 1 11	...	...	1 9 6	...	...	...	...	1 9 6	820 0 0	...	10 3 3	700 0 0	...	25 4 0	...	...	...	1,650 2 8
66	Sonapur ...	5 6 8	...	...	1 8 9	...	...	...	...	1 8 9	820 0 0	...	17 5 9	807 3 7	...	5 0 0	...	...	...	1,656 8 9
67	Barpeta ...	12 15 8	...	...	6 4 3	160 0 0	...	...	...	166 4 3	450 0 0	300 0 0	42 3 3	825 0 0	...	58 12 0	...	...	...	1,855 3 2
68	Bojali ...	147 4 9	...	...	4 10 5	...	...	...	...	4 10 5	700 0 0	...	8 0 0	670 0 0	...	26 0 0	...	...	0 8 0	1,556 7 2
69	Roha ...	5 0 0	...	...	6 8 7	...	...	...	...	6 8 7	700 0 0	...	2 4 0	515 12 0	...	3 7 0	...	...	1 3 0	1,234 2 7
70	Tezpur ...	0 1 5	1,051 0 4	...	16 7 7	440 0 0	152 10 0	...	...	1,670 1 11	1,500 0 0	200 0 0	56 6 6	1,950 0 0	515 0 0	336 14 0	290 0 0	19 5 0	5 4 3	6,543 1 1
71	Sutia ...	14 4 11	850 13 4	...	1 5 1	...	...	...	...	852 2 5	1,000 0 0	...	36 4 9	218 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	2,120 12 1
72	Mangaldai ...	19 15 10	...	...	17 7 6	220 0 0	25 4 0	...	...	262 11 6	1,400 0 0	30 0 0	9 12 0	1,012 0 0	114 0 0	269 6 0	42 12 0	...	...	3,160 9 4
73	Sipajhar ...	5 11 4	375 0 0	...	15 6 9	200 0 0	...	...	22 9 2	612 15 11	600 0 0	...	20 0 0	530 0 0	...	...	...	...	2 11 0	1,771 6 3

74	Jaljuli	...	13 13 9	375 0 0	...	8 1 7	200 0 0	...	...	...	583 1 7	600 0 0	...	21 7 0	411 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	1,629 13 3
75	Panerihat	...	...	123 10 0	...	17 6 9	200 0 0	...	...	...	341 0 9	1,004 0 0	...	...	333 5 0	...	...	...	...	...	1,678 5 9
76	Nowgong	...	43 6 2	1,937 14 0	...	4 4 9	450 0 0	...	...	...	2,391 2 9	3,990 0 0	240 0 0	33 6 9	131 2 2	389 8 6	196 7 0	30 10 0	6 0 0	15 3 3	7,467 1 4
77	Roha	...	7 7 0	375 0 0	...	9 15 6	300 0 0	...	...	...	684 15 6	430 0 0	...	22 14 9	...	...	81 10 6	...	...	...	1,216 5 1
78	Silghat	...	6 7 9	375 0 0	...	15 13 6	250 0 0	...	...	...	640 13 6	420 0 0	...	9 1 6	...	126 0 0	44 8 0	...	...	50 8 0	1,297 7 9
79	Puranigudam	...	0 6 2	389 5 1	...	25 5 11	250 0 0	...	...	...	664 11 0	500 0 0	...	10 11 0	...	...	19 8 0	...	0 0 6	121 4 8	1,316 4 8
80	Kampur	...	10 10 11	525 0 0	...	8 7 0	250 0 0	...	...	...	783 7 0	420 0 0	...	8 6 0	...	...	27 8 0	...	11 4 0	5 12 0	1,266 5 11
81	Nonoi	...	13 13 4	363 4 5	...	10 8 9	250 0 0	...	...	...	623 13 2	420 0 0	...	6 12 6	...	...	18 0 0	...	...	71 0 0	1,153 7 0
82	Telahi	...	8 6 8	375 0 0	...	12 7 0	250 0 0	...	...	...	637 7 0	420 0 0	...	7 3 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,073 0 11
83	Jaluguti	...	22 4 3	525 0 0	...	18 10 4	250 0 0	...	...	...	793 10 4	420 0 0	...	4 11 0	...	...	3 12 0	...	...	...	1,244 5 7
84	Nokhla	...	27 15 9	562 15 0	...	9 9 4	250 0 0	...	...	...	822 8 4	420 0 0	...	9 3 0	...	...	10 2 0	...	...	25 0 0	1,314 11 1
85	Pathori	...	4 12 5	395 0 0	...	1 14 4	250 0 0	...	...	...	646 14 4	420 0 0	...	12 15 6	...	...	...	...	...	43 0 1	1,127 10 4
86	Dimu	...	3 2 9	444 10 8	...	15 8 9	250 0 0	...	...	...	710 3 5	420 0 0	...	19 1 9	...	...	5 10 0	...	...	3 4 0	1,161 5 11
87	Jagi	...	22 8 3	417 6 11	...	11 0 9	250 0 0	...	...	...	678 6 11	420 0 0	...	6 9 6	...	...	...	...	...	45 0 0	1,172 8 8
88	Borjoha	...	7 6 8	355 8 5	...	...	250 0 0	...	...	...	605 8 5	420 0 0	...	6 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,039 14 1
89	Dhing	...	10 12 3	375 0 0	...	8 4 3	250 0 0	...	...	...	633 4 3	420 0 0	...	8 14 6	...	...	14 12 0	...	0 3 0	16 0 0	1,103 14 0
90	Patoni	...	22 8 8	446 4 0	...	12 11 11	250 0 0	...	...	...	708 15 11	420 0 0	...	7 10 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,159 2 10
91	Duboka	...	24 15 7	380 15 6	...	6 11 11	250 0 0	...	...	...	637 11 5	420 0 0	...	9 7 3	...	...	...	...	0 1 6	...	1,092 3 9
92	Sibsagar	...	4 5 7	887 7 9	...	11 12 6	210 0 0	8 7 0	...	16 5 3	1,134 0 6	1,320 0 0	300 0 0	18 13 6	1,639 0 0	401 0 0	197 13 0	47 8 0	15 6 0	11 0 0	5,038 14 7
93	Jhanji	...	20 9 3	433 13 9	...	6 14 0	...	...	...	...	441 11 9	360 0 0	...	8 4 3	188 13 9	...	56 0 0	...	3 9 6	5 0 0	1,083 0 6
94	Jorhat	...	3 0 8	...	...	16 14 1	150 0 0	11 10 8	...	...	178 8 9	1,609 3 0	180 0 0	11 11 2	1,714 0 0	309 0 0	518 8 0	88 0 0	29 2 3	5 4 0	4,646 5 10
95	Titabar	...	0 11 9	468 12 0	...	11 11 10	...	...	...	...	480 7 10	500 0 0	...	9 11 3	792 0 6	...	87 4 0	...	8 10 6	183 1 3	2,961 15 1
96	Golaghat	...	17 4 4	...	...	16 3 3	150 0 0	...	...	...	166 3 3	1,330 0 0	180 0 0	9 0 9	470 0 0	70 8 0	94 2 0	1 12 0	1 12 0	107 15 0	2,448 9 4
97	Dimapur	...	16 7 0	502 6 8	180 0 0	8 5 6	172 10 9	...	...	62 12 6	926 3 5	...	...	...	...	...	32 0 0	...	...	...	974 10 5
98	Dibrugarh	...	26 13 3	1,622 0 3	...	38 3 7	812 9 11	91 9 0	...	...	2,564 6 9	5,600 0 0	600 0 0	83 9 0	6,435 6 0	1,016 4 0	452 3 0	1,401 8 0	9 0 0	...	18,189 2 0
99	Tengakhat	...	25 6 6	404 9 3	...	7 10 0	...	...	...	...	412 3 3	600 0 0	...	28 3 9	1,082 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	2,147 15 6
100	North Lakhimpur	...	12 4 9	...	...	11 0 3	140 0 0	21 11 0	...	...	172 11 3	540 0 0	60 0 0	8 7 0	565 0 0	64 0 0	132 6 0	27 15 6	14 10 3	0 15 6	1,598 6 3
101	Kohima	...	48 4 10	871 8 6	504 0 0	6 3 6	...	664 3 7	...	469 1 10	2,515 1 5	...	...	24 5 0	...	90 0 0	119 6 6	...	...	...	2,797 1 3
102	Mokokchang	...	...	499 13 5	312 0 0	4 11 9	...	...	...	52 6 0	868 15 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	868 15 2
103	Wokha	...	...	454 9 4	240 0 0	4 11 0	156 11 4	...	...	90 9 6	946 9 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	946 9 2
104	Shillong	...	0 9 4	705 0 0	...	21 8 1	240 0 0	7 1 7	...	360 0 0	1,333 9 8	...	150 0 0	12 2 0	320 0 0	1,519 0 0	279 4 0	...	13 11 0	128 3 4	3,756 7 4
105	Cherra	...	...	591 5 4	96 0 0	71 8 6	635 14 9	...	...	104 4 9	1,445 1 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,445 1 4
106	Laitlyngkot	...	...	...	288 0 0	8 11 6	210 0 0	...	...	...	506 11 6	3,560 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	975 0 0	...	5,042 3 6
107	Shella	...	0 0 7	331 4 0	...	7 3 2	140 0 0	...	...	...	478 7 2	...	...	5 9 9	435 9 0	...	600 0 0	...	...	4 8 0	1,524 2 6
108	Nongpoh	...	...	618 14 10	96 0 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	61 12 6	779 11 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	779 11 4
109	Tura	...	8 14 3	1,103 6 10	480 0 4	9 15 2	585 10 11	212 1 5	...	378 15 9	2,770 2 1	...	...	8 13 0	92 0 0	174 0 0	61 7 0	...	...	239 4 9	3,354 9 1

1.—PART I.—*Showing the Current Income of the Dispensaries in Assam during the year* 1899—concluded.

1	2	3																		
		Income.																		
		A.	B.								C.		D.	E.	F.		G.	H.	I.	J.
			From Government.								From local and other funds.				Subscriptions.					
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Cash balance on 1st January 1899.	As salaries.		As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet, including police cases.	Sale of medicines supplied by Government.	Special allowance given by Government.	Total.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Interest on investments.	Sale of securities or withdrawal of deposits.	From Europeans.	From Natives.	For diet (by paying patients, etc).	From sale of medicines not supplied by Government.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total Income.
			Medical officers.	Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants).																
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
110	Dalu ...	...	368 12 0	204 0 0	11 12 7	84 1 5	...	...	173 8 0	844 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	844 2 0
111	Manipur ...	...	1,042 3 11	...	18 10 9	...	...	...	...	1,060 14 8	2,433 2 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,494 0 9
112	Aijal ...	...	736 13 0	960 0 0	13 6 10	719 0 9	1,100 12 0	...	263 6 3	3,793 6 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,793 6 10
113	Sairang ...	...	495 0 0	456 0 0	9 11 2	214 10 5	...	...	12 13 3	1,188 2 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,188 2 10
114	Lungsin ...	...	647 7 6	216 0 0	11 11 5	...	...	...	5 14 0	881 0 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	881 0 11
115	Demagiri ...	...	538 5 4	564 0 0	11 14 3	14 13 8	100 7 5	...	24 2 6	1,253 11 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,253 11 2
	Total ...	2,170 14 3	38,866 6 2	4,908 0 0	1,257 2 11	15,803 15 4	2,491 8 11	...	2,886 4 10	66,213 6 2	84,128 5 1*	7,911 4 6	1,447 15 5	54,581 14 11	6,805 4 0	13,410 7 0	2,350 12 8	1,394 15 3	2,953 11 8	2,43,371 14 1

* This includes Rs. 4,760 from the Inland Labour Transport Fund, Rs. 3,560-8-0 from the Welsh Mission Fund, and Rs. 8,433-2-1 from the Manipur State.

2.—PART II.—*Showing the Current Expenditure of the Dispensaries in Assam during the year* 1899.

1	2	3																4	5	6
		Expenditure.																		
		A.								B.	C.	D.	E.	F.	G.	H.				
		On establishment.																		
		Paid by Government.				Paid from local sources.														
		As salaries.				As salaries.														
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Medical officers.	Nursing establishment.	Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants).		Medical officers.	Nursing establishment.	Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants).		On bazar medicines.	On European medicines.	On diet.	On miscellaneous charges (including registers, etc., supplied by Government).	On buildings or repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total expenditure during the year.	Cash balance in hand on 31st December 1899.	Average cost of each diet.	Percentage of total cost paid by Government.
				Compounders, dressers, etc.	Menial servants.			Compounders, dressers, etc.	Menial servants.										
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Silchar ...	1,791 6 10	...	...	...	...	...	298 0 0	542 12 3	89 1 10	592 9 8	915 12 8	480 8 8	617 4 0	2,485 7 3	7,812 15 2	117 10 10	0 2 3	41·31
2	Hailakandi ...	...	...	...	...	120 0 0	...	168 0 0	264 0 0	67 7 6	220 2 9	131 8 4	140 8 8	242 6 0	323 7 9	1,677 9 0	14 11 10	0 2 7	13·57
3	Katigora ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	132 0 0	24 0 0	28 15 0	193 12 9	...	92 5 2	384 4 3	552 4 6	1,407 9 8	13 3 0	...	15·70
4	Haflong ...	...	...	...	120 0 0	...	...	...	...	6 15 0	191 12 7	...	44 6 0	...	...	363 1 7	...	...	100
5	Lakhipur ...	295 11 0	...	...	...	50 0 0	...	132 0 0	180 0 0	33 0 9	293 9 0	...	54 2 11	236 0 0	855 8 0	2,129 13 8	4 11 0	...	23·74
6	Sylhet ...	945 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	168 0 0	407 0 0	82 4 3	627 15 1	955 7 11	707 3 6	2,979 6 9	628 3 3	7,500 8 9	21 4 3	0 2 5	20·23
7	Sylhet (Municipal)	...	...	...	...	340 0 0	...	96 0 0	...	74 9 6	362 4 3	...	71 15 0	366 14 3	...	1,311 11 0	20 6 6	...	17·51
8	Balaganj ...	695 5 8	...	...	...	60 0 0	...	96 0 0	60 0 0	60 7 9	210 3 4	...	136 5 8	91 2 3	487 9 0	1,897 1 8	14 6 1	...	48·01
9	Fenchuganj ...	528 8 6	...	...	...	60 0 0	...	96 0 0	12 0 0	35 10 0	280 10 8	...	46 7 5	280 0 0	545 12 3	1,895 0 10	2 4 4	...	52·44
10	Jaintiapur ...	312 8 0	...	...	...	50 10 3	...	130 0 0	48 0 0	39 11 9	261 12 7	...	50 2 6	7 11 9	625 6 0	1,525 14 1	27 10 7	...	54·73
11	Kanairghat ...	...	...	...	...	296 0 0	...	118 0 0	6 0 0	27 7 3	219 9 3	...	90 8 6	77 6 9	796 7 9	1,541 7 6	0 5 13	...	27·49
12	Gwainghat ...	...	...	...	...	292 0 0	...	96 0 0	6 0 0	35 0 6	171 8 0	...	87 9 6	...	623 15 6	1,312 1 6	7 15 8	...	21·12
13	Digli ...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0	...	96 0 0	6 0 0	13 15 6	220 4 6	...	80 5 2	725 15 3	828 11 3	2,271 3 8	34 6 7	...	0·35
14	Thakurbari ...	187 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	48 0 0	30 0 0	2 4 9	568 9 0	...	186 11 6	...	866 0 0	1,889 1 3	5 10 9	...	21·08
15	Sunamganj ...	...	...	...	...	60 0 0	...	154 0 0	84 0 0	29 14 9	255 10 8	...	86 7 1	90 1 0	439 9 3	1,999 10 9	12 7 9	...	20·37
16	Chhatak ...	348 8 8	...	...	...	60 0 0	...	96 0 0	36 0 0	25 9 6	196 6 3	...	42 13 9	174 7 0	314 2 6	1,293 13 8	0 13 11	...	43·05
17	Jagannathpur ...	429 6 0	...	...	...	60 0 0	...	96 0 0	36 0 0	33 3 9	149 8 0	...	111 9 4	100 13 9	...	1,016 14 10	24 6 0	...	60·47
18	Mullapara ...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0	...	107 10 0	48 0 0	33 3 0	162 14 0	...	110 5 1	160 0 0	6 3 6	933 13 7	0 14 3	...	0·66

2.—PART II.—*Showing the Current Expenditure of the Dispensaries in Assam during the year* 1899—continued.

1	2	3															4	5	6
		Expenditure.																	
		A.							B.	C.	D.	E.	F.	G.	H.				
		On establishment.																	
		Paid by Government.				Paid from local sources.													
		As salaries.				As salaries.													
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Medical officers.	Nursing establishment.	Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants).		Medical officers.	Nursing establishment.	Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants).		On bazar medicines.	On European medicines.	On diet.	On miscellaneous charges (including registers, etc., supplied by Government).	On buildings or repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total expenditure during the year.	Cash balance in hand on 31st December 1899.	Average cost of each diet.	Percentage of total cost paid by Government.
				Compounders, dressers, etc.	Menial servants.			Compounders, dressers, etc.	Menial servants.										
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
19	Dirai ...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0	...	96 0 0	36 0 0	11 13 9	152 6 0	...	72 15 2	231 9 0	705 9 0	1,606 4 11	8 9 5	...	16·0
20	Madhyanagar ...	...	...	...	...	350 0 0	...	88 0 0	36 0 0	31 15 6	117 9 0	...	26 13 7	...	391 9 0	1,041 13 1	24 8 2	...	1·04
21	Bholaganj ...	380 4 0	...	144 0 0	48 0 0	...	...	...	...	18 5 9	255 3 2	...	81 7 3	148 13 0	...	1,076 1 2	...	...	85·07
22	Habiganj ...	...	...	...	...	106 7 3	...	144 0 0	108 0 0	33 6 9	337 13 0	...	84 4 0	65 7 9	1,572 8 0	2,451 14 9	4 11 10	...	31·27
23	Baniyachong ...	451 15 8	...	...	...	...	...	137 8 0	47 3 0	31 6 9	218 1 4	...	93 8 7	...	350 15 9	1,332 11 1	23 1 0	...	52·98
24	Muchikandi ...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0	...	102 0 0	48 0 0	21 8 3	184 15 6	...	96 0 9	50 10 0	720 8 9	1,523 11 3	51 5 8	...	2·02
25	Nabiganj ...	...	...	...	...	352 8 0	...	102 0 0	24 0 0	21 9 3	116 14 0	...	67 8 6	100 0 0	7 2 0	791 9 9	11 7 3	...	1·43
26	Jalsuka ...	...	...	...	...	250 0 0	...	83 4 0	24 0 0	36 10 3	194 15 0	...	138 0 6	56 2 9	293 12 9	1,076 13 3	7 6 6	...	1·02
27	Jagadishpur ...	...	...	...	...	325 0 0	...	112 0 0	26 0 0	25 8 0	349 8 0	...	110 0 6	3 0 0	292 15 9	1,244 0 3	13 6 9	...	1·08
28	Bahubal Bazar ...	357 10 3	...	...	...	...	...	102 0 0	24 0 0	22 4 6	153 6 0	...	78 12 3	...	268 0 0	1,006 1 0	33 3 7	...	53·19
29	Maulvi Bazar ...	...	...	...	...	110 0 0	...	135 0 0	150 0 0	44 3 6	449 10 10	...	72 7 0	252 8 3	511 11 9	2,076 13 3	13 4 2	0 1 6	19·97
30	Parchgaon ...	...	...	...	...	360 0 0	...	119 8 0	72 0 0	37 15 9	588 7 4	...	51 0 6	205 12 0	722 5 3	2,157 0 10	...	...	28·78
31	Rabir Bazar ...	284 13 0	...	...	...	60 0 0	...	135 0 0	72 0 0	30 2 3	235 11 7	...	139 4 9	133 12 0	402 14 0	1,502 9 7	9 14 2	...	45·57
32	Matiganj ...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0	...	135 0 0	72 0 0	27 12 3	244 12 2	...	49 12 0	68 9 0	803 4 6	1,707 1 11	24 7 1	...	14·2 6
33	Kamalganj ...	...	...	...	...	236 12 6	...	120 0 0	72 0 0	35 4 6	236 15 0	...	134 11 6	1,252 2 0	1,030 9 0	3,117 6 6	13 11 0	...	0·33
34	Manumukh ...	...	...	...	...	240 0 0	...	135 0 0	72 0 0	34 12 6	244 7 0	...	50 6 6	1,025 0 0	961 13 3	2,763 7 3	24 13 9	...	0·83
35	Indesvar ...	...	...	...	...	240 0 0	...	134 8 0	72 0 0	10 7 3	250 9 0	...	93 15 1	168 0 0	921 4 3	1,890 11 7	5 15 9	...	1·89
36	Munshir Bazar ...	...	...	...	...	42 1 9	...	17 1 0	12 9 6	6 3 6	44 11 0	...	127 15 3	7 4 0	...	257 14 0	383 0 0	...	Nil
37	Shamsherna[illegible] ...	...	...	...	...	220 0 0	...	65 15 5	63 10 9	18 8 10	327 12 0	...	172 13 5	56 13 0	1,450 0 0	2,375 9 5	86 14 5	...	3·08

38	Karimganj ...	...	...	...	...	120 0 0	...	144 0 0	154 0 0	11 14 0	271 0 0	98 11 3	69 13 9	1,075 10 0	457 2 6	2,402 3 6	4 0 0	0 1 9	10·59
39	Atgram ...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0	...	120 0 0	24 0 0	15 6 3	352 4 0	...	52 11 9	25 10 6	384 7 3	1,274 7 9	12 15 7	...	0·97
40	Bhanga ...	423 9 5	...	...	...	...	...	120 0 0	48 0 0	29 10 6	443 10 4	...	95 3 3	113 5 0	103 15 3	1,377 5 9	0 2 1	...	52·08
41	Biyani Bazar ...	375 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	120 0 0	71 0 0	17 8 6	535 4 6	...	131 2 9	42 2 9	361 6 9	1,653 9 3	8 10 10	...	39·46
42	Patharkandi ...	...	...	...	...	220 0 0	...	110 0 0	22 0 0	26 3 6	162 5 7	...	77 0 3	254 5 0	606 14 0	1,478 12 4	20 7 6	...	11·40
43	Latu ...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0	...	120 0 0	48 0 0	23 3 6	131 2 11	...	289 4 9	17 0 6	295 7 6	1,224 3 2	22 9 6	...	11·74
44	Nilam's Bazar ...	...	...	...	...	273 6 3	...	120 0 0	24 0 0	20 10 6	264 2 0	...	90 14 0	667 9 9	413 0 6	1,873 11 0	28 6 0	...	0·32
45	Barlika ...	...	...	...	...	308 1 0	...	120 0 4	46 0 0	27 15 6	393 6 0	...	63 13 0	74 13 6	580 0 9	1,614 1 9	88 15 3	...	0·28
46	Chargola ...	50 0 0	...	...	...	81 15 0	...	72 9 3	19 14 9	11 15 3	47 7 0	...	44 12 3	100 11 6	...	429 5 9	152 2 6	...	18·08
47	Dhubri ...	1,045 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	221 0 0	313 7 9	74 7 6	692 8 6	854 9 10	386 1 0	514 8 0	2,129 0 6	6,330 11 1	120 6 5	0 2 2	37·00
48	Gauripur ...	375 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	40 0 0	74 0 0	11 5 9	217 4 11	...	56 10 7	75 0 3	130 3 0	979 8 6	8 14 11	...	44·31
49	Rupsi ...	403 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	98 0 0	6 8 6	119 0 3	...	15 8 0	...	123 6 0	763 12 1	15 12 0	...	63·45
50	Bagribari ...	425 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	77 0 0	4 10 6	157 15 0	...	14 12 7	...	215 4 3	894 10 4	13 5 9	...	62·77
51	Mankerchar ...	375 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	84 0 0	6 7 0	200 6 0	...	65 8 6	43 2 3	490 7 0	1,264 14 9	25 13 3	...	49·51
52	Bijni ...	358 10 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	84 0 0	3 15 0	147 7 0	...	35 12 0	25 9 6	490 0 6	1,145 6 5	10 0 9	...	56·01
53	Bilasipara ...	400 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	84 0 0	20 0 9	234 11 0	...	37 10 9	105 9 0	272 6 0	1,154 5 6	5 1 6	...	45·81
54	South Salmara ...	75 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 2 6	1 7 6	184 10 0	...	260 7 2	1,881 15 1	1,681 3 9	4,094 14 0	8 2 3	...	4·56
55	Agamani ...	254 1 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	49 0 0	4 5 6	76 8 9	...	63 5 6	...	480 0 0	927 4 9	3 12 9	...	64·63
56	Goalpara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120 0 0	300 0 0	96 13 3	418 11 2	343 14 7	200 1 7	585 2 6	1,419 11 6	3,477 6 7	12 1 2	0 2 0	14·13
57	Lakhipur ...	781 4 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 0 0	4 7 0	139 0 0	...	60 15 6	35 0 0	432 4 6	1,476 15 0	0 10 2	...	75·18
58	Khrishnai ...	371 9 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	84 0 0	0 6 0	161 15 8	...	42 9 6	11 2 0	494 15 3	1,166 9 6	16 13 10	...	56·28
59	Darrangiri ...	356 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	88 0 0	0 6 0	38 12 0	...	12 2 3	...	485 14 6	981 7 3	0 1 6	...	72·71
60	Gauhati ...	1,427 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	444 0 0	752 0 0	132 0 5	799 8 9	1,489 4 6	1,288 11 9	490 10 0	...	6,823 15 3	121 8 11	0 3 2	25·97
61	Naibari ...	...	...	...	...	357 8 6	...	...	84 0 0	37 5 3	140 10 0	...	37 6 2	26 0 0	834 13 6	1,517 11 5	7 10 7	...	0·91
62	Chhaygaon ...	...	...	...	...	331 12 5	...	...	84 0 0	27 2 3	152 7 0	...	71 13 0	40 4 6	812 8 0	1,519 15 2	61 11 10	...	0·01
63	Palasbari ...	...	...	...	...	360 0 0	...	...	84 0 0	46 1 0	149 5 0	...	59 7 10	61 8 0	780 7 3	1,540 13 1	77 14 10	...	0·03
64	Hajo	...	...	...	...	360 0 0	...	...	84 0 0	46 11 3	166 2 0	...	57 1 3	305 15 0	882 15 3	1,903 12 9	15 5 11	...	0·39
65	Rangiya ...	...	...	...	...	360 0 0	...	...	84 0 0	34 4 6	95 2 0	...	62 9 6	59 0 0	830 3 3	1,525 3 3	124 15 5	...	0·23
66	Sonapur ...	...	...	...	...	420 0 0	...	...	84 0 0	41 4 1	60 10 0	...	86 9 0	90 12 0	837 5 9	1,620 8 10	35 15 11	...	0·20
67	Barpeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	180 0 0	216 0 0	78 4 6	394 6 11	72 4 9	261 7 8	3 10 6	642 3 3	1,848 5 7	6 13 7	0 2 1	13·78
68	Bojali	...	...	...	...	390 0 0	...	...	78 0 0	24 3 6	124 15 3	...	62 1 5	32 3 0	708 0 0	1,419 7 2	137 0 0	...	0·65
69	Roha	...	...	...	...	360 0 0	...	...	72 0 0	10 4 9	40 0 8	...	20 15 2	25 14 0	700 0 0	1,229 2 7	5 0 0	...	1·24
70	Tezpur ...	1,051 0 4	...	...	...	...	...	187 8 0	575 2 9	50 10 0	1,016 12 2	1,244 11 7	513 10 11	329 6 5	1,556 6 6	6,535 4 8	7 12 5	0 2 5	33·54
71	Sutia	850 13 4	...	...	...	...	...	90 6 5	77 0 0	10 2 6	115 9 0	...	8 2 7	46 2 0	916 4 9	2,114 8 7	6 3 6	...	71·12
72	Mangaldai ...	...	...	...	...	120 0 0	...	144 0 0	252 0 0	29 13 6	526 9 0	494 8 3	160 12 10	296 8 0	1,009 12 0	3,024 15 7	135 9 9	0 2 8	13·04

2.—PART II.—*Showing the Current Expenditure of the Dispensaries in Assam during the year* 1899—concluded.

1	2	3																4	5	6
		Expenditure.																		
		A.								B.	C.	D.	E.	F.	G.	H.				
		On establishment.																		
		Paid by Government.				Paid from local sources.														
		As salaries.				As salaries.														
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Medical officers.	Nursing establishment.	Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants).		Medical officers.	Nursing establishment.	Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants).		On bazar medicines.	On European medicines.	On diet.	On miscellaneous charges (including registers, etc., supplied by Government).	On buildings or repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total expenditure during the year.	Cash balance in hand on 31st December 1899.	Average cost of each diet.	Percentage of total cost paid by Government.
				Compounders, dressers, etc.	Menial servants.			Compounders, dressers, etc.	Menial servants.										
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
73	Sipajhar ...	375 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	144 0 0	96 0 0	51 8 6	345 1 0	...	42 12 3	40 0 0	720 0 0	1,714 5 9	57 0 6	...	56·02
74	Jaljuli ...	375 0 0	...	...	...	120 0 0	...	120 0 0	96 0 0	13 1 6	181 12 9	...	41 8 10	...	621 7 0	1,568 14 1	60 15 3	...	61·54
75	Panerihat ...	123 10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	40 0 0	10 8 6	525 5 0	...	219 5 3	377 5 5	381 0 0	1,677 2 2	1 3 7	...	26·31
76	Nowgong ...	1,936 14 0	...	...	...	...	353	261 6 0	358 0 0	34 10 5	688 0 5	2,585 0 1	819 1 9	382 4 6	...	7,418 5 2	48 11 11	0 3 8	32·23
77	Roha	375 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	156 10 9	90 0 0	14 13 0	265 11 8	...	46 5 3	93 8 0	174 14 1	1,216 14 9	0 0 6	...	65·73
78	Silghat ...	375 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	92 5 9	21 0 0	26 12 9	326 2 6	...	92 13 6	299 1 0	153 5 6	1,296 9 0	0 14 9	...	56·06
79	Puranigudam ...	389 5 1	...	...	...	...	...	204 9 6	89 0 0	12 6 3	229 2 6	...	108 11 5	104 15 6	166 9 6	1,304 11 9	11 8 11	...	58·40
80	Kampur ...	525 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	128 0 0	89 0 0	11 4 0	217 13 9	...	72 15 6	49 6 0	158 7 3	1,251 14 6	15 1 5	...	71·65
81	Nonoi ...	363 4 5	...	...	...	...	...	130 7 9	80 12 10	7 4 0	200 10 8	...	52 9 9	43 6 9	273 0 10	1,151 9 0	1 14 0	...	71·01
82	Telahi ...	375 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	116 0 0	87 10 0	14 3 0	149 11 2	...	59 13 6	112 7 6	149 3 1	1,054 0 3	9 0 8	...	69·68
83	Jaluguti ...	525 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	108 0 0	89 0 0	10 2 6	151 12 2	...	64 12 4	102 7 0	177 15 10	1,229 1 10	15 3 9	...	75·51
84	Nokhla ...	562 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	128 11 3	88 8 0	12 0 3	179 4 2	...	192 13 10	30 0 6	96 15 10	1,291 4 10	23 6 3	...	68·88
85	Pathori ...	395 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	126 8 3	93 0 6	23 4 9	223 3 5	...	39 14 7	58 11 6	159 8 1	1,119 3 1	8 7 3	...	67·41
86	Dimu	444 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	121 6 7	85 5 0	5 15 0	189 2 1	...	42 0 3	49 6 0	210 8 8	1,148 6 3	12 15 8	...	75·73
87	Jagi	417 6 11	...	...	...	...	...	131 3 9	88 10 6	4 14 9	185 1 0	...	41 4 9	103 5 3	193 11 6	1,165 10 5	6 14 3	...	69·80
88	Borjoha ...	355 8 5	...	...	...	...	...	124 0 0	87 0 0	6 13 0	150 10 3	...	43 6 0	64 4 0	182 12 9	1,014 6 5	25 7 8	...	72·82
89	Dhing... ...	375 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	101 9 3	87 8 3	17 7 3	204 10 1	...	65 14 6	113 3 6	101 8 5	1,056 13 3	37 0 9	...	50·66

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[91] PART IV.—STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A.—ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of persons according to Religious Denominations in the Province of Assam for the year 1899-1900.

Denominations.	Number of persons.		Number of ministers or priests.	Number of churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	Total annual income from Government.	Remarks.
	Natives.	Others.				
1	2		3	4	5	6
					Rs. a. p.	
Church of England	1,324	1,162	7	8	6,587 8 0	...
Roman Catholics	432	302	7	2	...	...
Presbyterians	7	313	...	...	...	...
Baptists	3,718	47	15	50	...	...
Wesleyans	1	2	...	...	...	...
Welsh Calvinistic Methodists ... / Other Methodists	6,799	29	11	85	...	...
Lutherans	779	11	...	...	...	...
Unitarians	12	12	...	...	...	...
Armenians	...	2	...	...	...	...
Free Church of Scotland ...	...	12	...	...	...	...
Congregationalists	3	10	...	...	...	...
Catholic Apostolic	...	2	...	...	...	...
Anabaptists	...	2	...	...	...	...
Salvation Army	...	1	...	...	...	...
Swedenborgian	...	1	...	...	...	...
Protestant, unspecified ...	1,687	173	...	...	...	...
Quaker	...	1	...	...	...	...
Hindus	2,996,833	...	...	...	...	...
Sikhs	83	...	...	...	...	...
Muhammadans	1,483,974	...	...	...	...	...
Buddhists	7,697	...	...	...	...	...
Jains	1,368	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmos	239	...	...	...	...	...
Animistic (Hill tribes) ...	969,765	...	...	...	...	...
Others	18	12	...	...	...	...

General Table I.—Abstract Return of Schools and Scholars in the Province of Assam at the end of the official year 1899-1900.

[For details, *see* General Table III.]

Area and population.*				Public institutions.						Private institutions.		Grand total.	Percentage of
Total area, in square miles.	Number of towns† and villages.	Population.	—	University education.	School education, general.		School education, special.		Total of public institutions.	Advanced.	Elementary.		
				Arts Colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.	Training schools.	All other special schools.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Square miles, 49,004.	Towns ... 18	Males ... 2,798,908	Institutions: For males ...	1	144	2,766	21	13	2,945	108	190	3,243	Institutions to number of towns and villages. 18·92
	Villages ... 17,117	Females 2,636,335	Institutions: „ females ...	...	3	229	...	...	232	...	5	237	1·38
	Total... 17,135	Total ... 5,435,243	Total	1	147	2,995	21	13	3,177	108	195	3,480	20·30
			Scholars ... Males ...	39	12,868	78,605	349	569	92,430	2,909	3,591	98,930	Male scholars to male population of school-going age.‡ 23·56
			Scholars ... Females ...	...	134	8,384	24	...	8,542	15	181	8,738	Female scholars to female poulation of school-going age.‡ 2·20
			Total	39	13,002	86,989	373	569	100,972	2,924	3,772	107,668	13·21

* NOTE.—For purposes of columns 1, 2, and 3, the statistics of the Census of 1891, when received, should be utilised.
† A town contains 5,000 inhabitants or upwards. A village contains less than 5,000 inhabitants. A municipality, whatever its population, should be entered as a town.
‡ The population of school-going age is taken at 15 per cent. of the whole population.

General Table II.—Abstract Return of Expenditure on Public Instruction in the Province of Assam for the official year 1899-1900.

[For details, *see* General Table IV.]

	Total direct expenditure on public instruction.§						Total indirect expenditure on public instruction.§								Total expenditure on public instruction.
	University.	School education, general.		School education, special.		Total.	University.	Direction.	Inspection.	Scholarships.	Buildings.	Special grants for furniture and apparatus.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	
	Arts Colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.	Training schools.	All other special schools.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Institutions ... For males	4,351	2,02,013	2,51,815	21,314	8,597	4,88,090	...	27,807	45,108	58,443	61,745	3,388	18,227	2,14,718	7,21,428
,, females	...	1,726	16,894	...	...	18,620	...								
Total	4,351	2,03,739	2,68,709	21,314	8,597	5,06,710	...	27,807	45,108	58,443	61,745	3,388	18,227	2,14,718	7,21,428
2. (*a*) Percentages* of Provincial expenditure included in columns 2—16 to total Provincial expenditure on public instruction.	...	17·09	5·99	6·12	...	29·20	...	12·29	18·01	19·17	15·91	·63	4·79	70·80	100·00
(*b*) Percentages* of Local Fund expenditure included in columns 2—16 to total Local Fund expenditure on public instruction.	...	14·15	71·33	2·31	·57	88·36	...	...	2·76	5·38	·92	·14	2·44	11·64	100·00
(*c*) Percentages* of Municipal expenditure included in columns 2—16 to total Municipal expenditure on public instruction.	...	15·58	59·43	...	10·01	85·02	...	...	...	...	8·79	1·05	5·14	14·98	100·00
(*d*) Percentages* of total expenditure in columns 2—16 to total expenditure on public instruction.	·60	28·24	37·25	2·96	1·19	70·24	...	3·85	6·25	8·10	8·56	·47	2·53	29·76	100·00

3. Average annual cost† of educating each pupil in—		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs a. p.
Government institutions.	Cost to Provincial Revenues...	...	8 10 5	8 1 2	63 9 11	...	11 1 2
	,, ,, Local and Municipal Funds	...	...	...	19 11 8	...	0 14 4
Total cost		...	22 6 10	8 1 2	83 5 7	325 9 2	24 1 7
Local Fund Schools‡—Cost to Local Funds		...	8 9 1	2 11 7	...	...	2 12 2
Total cost		...	10 11 6	3 0 1	...	...	3 0 10
Municipal Schools‡ ... Cost to Municipal Funds ...		...	...	2 11 11	...	13 4 0	3 2 9
Total cost		...	...	3 6 5	....	13 4 0	3 14 3
Institutions in Native States. ... Cost to Native States Revenues		...	...	8 3 1	...	...	8 3 1
Total cost		...	...	8 3 1	...	...	8 3 1
Aided institutions ...	Cost to Provincial Revenues...	...	1 0 5	0 3 6	8 2 1	...	0 5 4
	,, ,, Local and Municipal Funds	...	4 13 11	1 11 2	8 9 10	3 0 6	2 1 11
Total cost		...	15 2 11	3 13 1	32 13 6	8 2 2	5 5 4
Unaided institutions—Total cost		114 8 0	8 13 11	0 10 9	58 2 6	75 0 0	3 13 11
All institutions ...	Cost to Provincial Revenues ...	...	3 1 6	0 2 7	39 11 4	...	0 10 11
	,, ,, Local and Municipal Funds	...	2 9 3	1 15 0	14 8 8	3 12 4	2 1 3
Total cost		114 8 0	16 14 9	3 5 8	63 6 11	16 11 1	5 7 2

* The percentages required for 2(*a*), 2(*b*), 2 (*c*), are to be calculated from the figures given in columns 34, 35, 36, respectively, of General Table IV.

† The annual cost is calculated on the *direct* expenditure only. The average cost of educating each pupil is obtained by dividing the direct expenditure by the average number on the rolls monthly during the year.

‡ The average cost of each pupil in Local Fund and Municipal Schools is to be obtained from the figures given in General Table VII.

§ Fractions of a rupee should be omitted, except in the columns showing the average annual cost of educating each pupil.

General Table III.—Return of Schools and Scholars in the Province of Assam for the official year 1899-1900.

Class of institutions.	Public institutions.																				Grand total of public institutions.	Grand total of scholars on the 31st of March.	Number of scholars on the 31st of March learning.			Classification of scholars on the 31st of March according to race or creed.					Number of girls in boys' schools.	Number of boys in girls' schools.
	Under public management.								Under private management.																							
	Managed by Government.				Managed by Local Fund and Municipal Boards.				Maintained by Native States.				Aided by Government or by Local Fund or Municipal Boards.				Unaided.																
	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.			English.	A classical language.	A vernacular language.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
Arts College.																																
University education ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	39	38	26	1	39	39	39	...	...	...	36	3	...	...	...
Secondary Schools.																																
School education, general. — For boys— High Schools	10	2,411	2,357	1,930	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	953	897	722	5	937	916	699	20	4,301	4,282	2,141	2,519	1	35	3,619	545	101	...	...
Middle ... { English ...	3	179	191	153	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	56	4,101	3,772	2,874	23	1,633	1,354	1,024	82	5,916	3,486	156	5,505	6	209	4,473	989	239	10	...
Middle ... { Vernacular ...	14	1,105	1,049	797	4	192	179	124	...	...	...	...	24	1,364	1,217	903	...	...	...	...	42	2,661	35	8	2,661	...	2	2,045	435	179	...	...
For girls— Middle Schools ... Vernacular ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	124	108	82	...	...	...	...	3	124	...	...	124	...	1	116	4	3	...	...
Total	27	3,695	3,597	2,880	4	192	179	124	...	...	...	...	88	6,545	5,994	4,581	28	2,570	2,270	1,723	147	13,002	7,803	2,305	10,900	7	247	10,253	1,973	522	10	...
Primary Schools.																																
For boys ... { Upper Primary...	1	60	51	40	1	59	31	24	...	...	...	...	105	4,178	3,914	2,908	7	203	166	137	114	4,500	48	22	4,500	...	71	3,335	813	281	77	...
For boys ... { Lower ...	22	447	422	317	1,114	31,731	28,409	20,293	13	891	915	602	1,298	39,480	37,10	27,273	205	6,030	5,303	4,238	2,652	78,579	766	17	78,547	...	3,734	51,512	14,503	8,830	4,712	...
„ girls ... { Upper „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	201	197	135	2	105	82	71	4	307	151	...	307	6	192	96	1	12	...	9
„ girls ... { Lower „ ...	...	...	...	...	168	2,504	2,310	1,581	1	53	38	20	34	734	757	509	22	312	286	228	225	3,603	75	44	3,603	...	410	2,418	595	179	...	306
Total	23	507	473	357	1,283	34,294	30,750	21,897	14	944	953	622	1,439	44,503	42,038	30,825	236	6,651	5,837	4,674	2,995	86,989	1,040	83	86,957	6	4,407	57,361	15,913	9,302	4,789	315
Schools for Special Instruction.																																
School education, special. — Training Schools for Masters ...	18	199	194	158	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	161	123	106	1	13	19	16	21	373	27	20	349	...	168	121	6	78	24	...
Law Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	35	29	22	3	35	35	...	...	...	...	30	5	...	...	...
Industrial Schools	1	8	7	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	3	...	...	...	...	2	10	7	...	3	...	...	9	1	...	...	...
Other Schools	...	...	...	...	3	53	48	32	...	...	...	...	5	471	428	322	...	...	...	...	8	524	...	524	196	...	...	36	488	...	...	...
Total	19	207	201	164	3	53	48	32	...	...	...	...	8	634	554	431	4	48	48	38	34	942	79	544	548	...	168	196	500	78	24	...
Total of Schools of Public Instruction...	69	4,409	4,271	3,401	1,290	34,539	30,977	22,053	14	944	953	622	1,535	51,772	48,586	35,837	269	9,308	8,193	6,461	3,177	100,972	18,961	2,971	98,405	13	4,822	67,846	18,389	9,902	4,823	315
Private Institutions. ... ... — 1. Advanced teaching— (a) Arabic or Persian																					31	1,362	...	1,362	...	...	...	...	1,362	...	15	...
(b) Sanskrit																					77	1,562	...	1,562	...	...	...	1,538	...	24	...	...
2. Elementary, teaching a vernacular only or mainly ... ... { For boys ...																					5	82	...	...	82	...	...	72	9	1	1	...
2. Elementary, teaching a vernacular only or mainly ... ... { „ girls ...																					...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. „ teaching the Koran ... ... { „ boys ...																					174	3,036	...	3,036	...	...	...	...	3,036	...	99	...
3. „ teaching the Koran ... ... { „ girls ...																					3	30	...	30	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...
4. Other schools not conforming to departmental standards ... { „ boys ...																					11	573	423	94	498	...	...	483	42	48	...	...
4. Other schools not conforming to departmental standards ... { „ girls ...																					2	51	...	...	51	...	5	44	2	...	...	...
Total																					303	6,696	423	6,084	631	...	5	2,137	4,481	73	115	...
Grand total																					3,480	107,668	9,384	9,055	99,036	13	4,827	69,983	22,870	9,975	4,938	315

General Table IV.—Return of Expenditure on Public Instruction in the Province of Assam for the official year 1899-1900.

Objects of expenditure.	Public institutions.																				
	Under public management.																				
	Managed by Government.							Managed by Local Fund and Municipal Board.							Maintained by Native States.						
	Provincial revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Native State revenues.	Local Funds in Native States.	Municipal Funds raised in Native States.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.						Rs.
ARTS COLLEGE.																					
University education ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.																					
School education, general — For boys — High Schools	17,210	...	...	44,499	...	705	62,414	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For boys — Middle „ English ...	3,810	...	...	812	...	2	4,624	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For boys — Middle „ Vernacular ...	10,103	...	...	3,524	...	...	13,627	...	1,534	...	385	...	...	1,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ girls— Middle Schools ... Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	31,123	...	...	48,835	...	707	80,665	...	1,534	...	385	...	...	1,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
PRIMARY SCHOOLS.																					
For boys — Upper Primary	278	...	...	...	...	...	278	...	...	160	...	...	...	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For boys — Lower „	3,540	...	...	...	...	...	3,540	...	73,249	2,587	6,766	1,315	579	84,496	7,006	...	...	...	...	...	7,006
„ girls — Upper „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ girls — Lower „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,462	438	...	52	27	7,979	800	...	...	...	...	...	800
Total	3,818	...	...	...	...	...	3,818	...	80,711	3,185	6,766	1,367	606	92,635	7,806	...	...	...	...	...	7,806
SCHOOLS FOR SPECIAL INSTRUCTION.																					
School education, special — Training Schools for Masters	12,342	3,827	...	...	...	...	16,169	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Industrial Schools	...	...	...	...	...	2,279	2,279	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	636	...	...	...	636	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	12,342	3,827	...	...	...	2,279	18,448	...	...	636	...	...	...	636	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings	34,692	...	...	...	...	...	34,692	...	135	643	...	96	165	1,039	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only) ...	1,370	...	...	...	...	...	1,370	...	30	77	...	...	7	114	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	36,062	...	...	...	...	...	36,062	...	165	720	...	96	172	1,153	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Arts Colleges...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Professional Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Secondary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Primary „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Special Schools other than Training Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous—																					
Hostel charges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Charges for examinations	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prizes and rewards	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Payments to private schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contingencies and miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction ...	83,345	3,827	...	48,835	...	2,986	1,38,993	...	82,410	4,541	7,151	1,463	778	96,343	7,806	...	...	...	...	...	7,806

General Table IV—continued.

Objects of expenditure.	Public institutions—*contd.* Under private management. Aided by Government or by Local Fund or Municipal Boards. Provincial revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Unaided. Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Total expenditure from Provincial revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	All other sources.	Grand total.
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
ARTS COLLEGE.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
University education ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	932	...	3,419	4,351	...	...	...	932	3,419	4,351
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.																	
School education, general. — For boys ... High Schools	5,782	...	...	15,094	178	141	21,195	13,747	...	1,463	15,210	22,992	...	...	73,340	2,187	98,819
For boys ... Middle „ English ...	360	22,247	140	17,789	12,351	2,128	54,995	4,819	4,769	5,342	14,930	4,170	22,247	480	23,420	24,232	74,549
Middle „ Vernacular...	...	5,371	...	3,268	3,191	1,359	13,099	...	...	...	...	10,103	6,905	...	7,177	4,480	28,045
For girls— Middle Schools „ Vernacular ...	...	780	660	45	241	...	1,726	...	...	...	...	...	780	660	45	241	1,726
Total	6,142	28,398	780	36,196	15,571	3,628	91,015	18,566	4,769	6,805	30,140	37,265	29,932	1,140	1,03,982	31,420	2,03,739
PRIMARY SCHOOLS.																	
For boys ... Upper Primary	420	11,751	355	6,101	5,462	1,331	25,490	250	407	300	957	698	11,751	515	6,421	7,500	26,885
For boys ... Lower „	7,906	57,460	189	13,691	2,838	45,559	1,27,633	1,573	154	528	2,255	11,526	1,30,709	2,776	21,940	5,989	2,24,930
„ girls ... Upper „	111	...	...	88	...	847	1,946	...	205	240	445	111	...	...	88	1,293	1,492
„ girls ... Lower „	716	1,904	618	159	308	3,653	6,358	82	123	60	265	716	8,466	1,056	241	4,923	15,402
Total	9,233	70,215	1,162	20,019	8,608	51,290	1,60,527	1,905	890	1,128	3,923	13,051	1,50,926	4,347	28,690	71,695	2,68,709
SCHOOLS FOR SPECIAL INSTRUCTION.																	
School education, special. — Training Schools for Masters	1,000	1,060	...	...	...	1,980	4,040	...	324	781	1,105	13,342	4,887	...	...	3,085	21,314
Law Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,175	...	...	2,175	...	...	...	2,175	...	2,175
Industrial Schools	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,279	2,279
Other Schools	...	1,210	96	364	1,289	548	3,507	...	...	...	...	...	1,210	732	364	1,837	4,143
Total	1,000	2,270	96	364	1,289	2,528	7,547	2,175	324	781	3,280	13,342	6,097	732	2,539	7,201	29,911
Buildings	...	1,809	...	258	1,399	8,758	12,224	6,250	2,028	5,512	13,790	34,692	1,944	643	6,508	17,958	61,745
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only) ...	...	275	...	267	118	368	1,108	77	182	537	796	1,370	305	77	344	1,292	3,388
Total	...	2,084	...	525	1,597	9,126	13,332	6,327	2,210	6,049	14,586	36,062	2,269	720	6,852	19,250	65,133
Direction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26,781	...	...	1,026	...	27,807
Inspection	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39,260	5,848	...	...	...	45,108
Scholarships held in — Arts Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21,973	...	...	...	...	21,973
Scholarships held in — Professional Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,019	...	...	...	...	3,019
Scholarships held in — Secondary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,416	9,167	...	...	2,796	23,379
Scholarships held in — Primary „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	988	1,969	...	...	1,020	4,577
Scholarships held in — Special Schools other than Training Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,383	240	...	...	872	5,495
Miscellaneous—																	
Hostel charges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,709	...	...	236	591	2,536
Charges for examinations	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,099	2,123	...	...	150	7,372
Prizes and rewards	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	253	...	...	...	253
Payments to private schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,366	301	127	68	467	3,329
Contingencies and miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,263	2,485	249	269	477	4,743
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,18,257	22,386	3,6	1,593	6,973	1,49,585
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction...	16,375	1,02,567	2,038	57,104	27,365	56,627	2,72,421	29,905	8,193	18,182	56,280	2,17,977	2,11,590	7,315	1,44,588	1,39,958	7,21,428

General Table V.—Return of the Stages of Instruction of Pupils in Public Schools for General Education in the Province of Assam at the end of the official year 1899-1900

Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on the rolls on 31st March.	High stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the lower secondary (middle) stage, but have not passed the Matriculation Examination.			Middle stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the upper primary stage, but have not passed beyond the lower secondary (middle) stage.			Upper primary stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the lower primary stage, but have not passed beyond the upper primary stage.			Lower primary stage. Comprising all pupils who have not passed beyond the lower primary stage.						Total.		
												Reading printed books.			Not reading printed books.					
			Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.																				
For boys.. Government English	13	2,590	564	...	564	615	1	616	494	...	494	915	1	916	...	...	...	2,588	2	2,590
For boys.. Government Vernacular	14	1,105	1	...	1	222	...	222	240	...	240	564	...	564	78	...	78	1,105	...	1,105
For boys.. Local Fund... „	4	192	...	...	...	11	...	11	24	...	24	130	...	130	27	...	27	192	...	192
For boys.. Aided ... English	61	5,057	288	...	288	827	...	827	1,211	...	1,211	2,661	1	2,662	69	...	69	5,056	1	5,057
For boys.. Aided ... Vernacular	24	1,364	3	...	3	242	...	242	317	...	317	655	...	655	147	...	147	1,364	...	1,364
For boys.. Unaided ... English	28	2,570	193	...	193	432	...	432	680	...	680	1,245	7	1,252	13	...	13	2,563	7	2,570
Total	144	12,878	1,049	...	1,049	2,349	1	2,350	2,966	...	2,966	6,170	9	6,179	334	...	334	12,868	10	12,878
For girls ... Aided ... Vernacular	3	124	...	...	...	...	5	5	...	2	2	...	112	112	...	5	5	...	124	124
Total	3	124	...	...	...	...	5	5	...	2	2	...	112	112	...	5	5	...	124	124
Total Secondary Schools	147	13,002	1,049	...	1,049	2,349	6	2,355	2,966	2	2,968	6,170	121	6,291	334	5	339	12,868	134	13,002
PRIMARY SCHOOLS. *For Boys.*																				
Upper Primary. Government	1	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	45	...	45	5	...	5	60	...	60
Upper Primary. Municipal	1	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	46	...	46	10	...	10	59	...	59
Upper Primary. Aided	105	4,178	...	...	...	3	...	3	824	3	827	2,916	62	2,978	365	5	370	4,108	70	4,178
Upper Primary. Unaided	7	203	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	23	152	9	158	21	1	22	196	7	203

General Table V—continued.

Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on the rolls on 31st March.	High stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the lower secondary (middle) stage, but have not passed the Matriculation Examination.			Middle stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the upper primary stage, but have not passed beyond the lower secondary (middle) stage.			Upper primary stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the lower primary stage, but have not passed beyond the upper primary stage.			Lower primary stage. Comprising all pupils who have not passed beyond the lower primary stage.						Total.		
												Reading printed books.			Not reading printed books.					
			Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PRIMARY SCHOOLS—*contd.*																				
For Boys—contd.																				
Lower Primary—Government	22	447	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	385	12	397	40	8	48	427	20	447
Lower Primary—Local Fund	1,093	30,684	...	...	...	...	...	...	151	1	152	23,141	731	23,872	6,440	220	6,660	29,732	952	30,684
Lower Primary—Municipal	21	1,047	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	955	12	967	72	...	72	1,035	12	1,047
Lower Primary—Native States	13	891	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	889	2	891	...	...	...	889	2	891
Lower Primary—Aided	1,298	39,480	...	...	...	...	...	...	155	4	159	32,176	3,046	35,222	3,738	361	4,099	36,069	3,411	39,480
Lower Primary—Unaided	205	6,030	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,397	220	4,617	118	95	1,413	5,715	315	6,030
Total	2,766	83,079	...	...	...	3	...	3	1,176	8	1,184	65,102	4,091	69,193	12,009	690	12,699	78,290	4,789	83,079
For Girls.																				
Upper Primary—Aided	2	201	...	1	1	...	5	5	...	52	52	...	143	143	...	...	...	...	201	201
Upper Primary—Unaided	2	106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	9	9	88	97	...	...	...	9	97	106
Lower Primary—Local Fund	164	2,414	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	164	1,675	1,839	31	544	575	195	2,219	2,414
Lower Primary—Municipal	4	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	84	84	...	6	6	...	90	90
Lower Primary—Native States	1	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	53	...	...	...	...	53	53
Lower Primary—Aided	34	734	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	15	15	98	586	684	...	32	32	98	636	734
Lower Primary—Unaided	22	312	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	210	221	2	89	91	13	299	312
Total	229	3,910	...	1	1	...	8	8	...	76	76	282	2,839	3,121	33	671	—704	315	3,595	3,910
Total Primary Schools	2,995	86,989	...	1	1	3	8	11	1,176	84	1,260	65,384	6,930	72,314	12,042	1,361	—403	78,605	8,384	86,989
Grand total	3,142	99,991	1,049	1	1,050	2,352	14	2,366	4,142	86	4,228	71,554	7,051	78,605	12,376	1,366	13,742	91,473	8,518	99,991

NOTE—I. The number of girls shown in this table should correspond with the number returned under primary and secondary schools in General Forms I and II.
II. Mixed schools should be entered as boys' schools or girls' schools, according as the number of boys or of girls is greater.

General Table VI.—Return showing the Results of Prescribed Examinations in the Province of Assam during the official year 1899-1900.

Nature of examination.	Number of institutions sending examinees.				Number of examinees					Number passed.					Race or creed of passed scholars				
	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Total.	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Arts College—																			
First Examination in Arts	...	...	1	1	...	...	25	...	25	...	...	11	...	11	...	...	11	...	...
Schools for General Education—																			
Matriculation ... ... Boys'	10	5	5	20	107	50	21	7	185	81	31	11	3	126	...	1	113	12	...
Middle School Examination ... ... Boys'	19	65	8	92	79(a)	256	30	38	403	58(a)	203	14	14	289	...	5	248(a)	32	4
Upper Primary Examination ... ... Boys'	7	90	5	102	17	269	18	1	305	10	193	5	1	209	...	3	177	23	6
Upper Primary Examination ... ... Girls'	...	4	...	4	...	14	...	2	16	...	7	...	...	7	...	6	1	...	...
Lower ,, ,, ... Boys'	517	573	14	1,104	1,368	1,602	13	6	2,989	684	943	21	1	1,649*	...	108	1,249	213	79
Lower ,, ,, ... Girls'	1	13	1	15	4	44	3	...	51	1	37	1	...	39†	...	18	18	?...	3
Schools for Special Instruction—																			
1. Training School Examination for Masters ... ... Upper...	2	...	...	2	25	...	...	...	25	15	...	...	...	15	...	3	12	...	...
1. Training School Examination for Masters ... ... Lower...	12	...	...	12	80	...	...	...	80	55	...	...	...	55	...	4	49	1	1
2. Examination in Engineering and Surveying	1	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...

NOTE.—Any other special examination, such as the intermediate or other examinations of the Punjab University, may be added to this list.

(a) Includes one girl.
* Including 16 girls.
† ,, 3 boys.

General Table VII.—Return showing the Distribution of Local Fund and Municipal Expenditure on Public Instruction in the Province of Assam for the official year 1809-1900.

Objects of expenditure.	Expenditure of Local Fund Boards on public instruction.															Expenditure of Municipal Boards on public instruction.													
	In institutions managed by Local Fund Boards.											In institutions managed by			Total Local Fund expenditure on public instruction.	In institutions managed by Municipal Boards.									In institutions managed by			Total Municipal expenditure on public instruction.	Total expenditure of Local Fund and Municipal Boards on public instruction.
	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st of March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Local rates or cess.	Municipal grants.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	The department.	Municipal Boards.	Private persons or Associations.		Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st of March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Municipal rates.	Local Fund grants.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	The department.	Local Fund Boards.	Private persons or Associations.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.						Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.																														
School education, general. — For boys, Middle Schools — English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,247	22,247	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	480	4%	22,727
For boys, Middle Schools — Vernacular	...	4	192	179	124	...	1,534	...	385	...	...	1,919	...	5,371	6,905	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,905
,, girls, ,, ,, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	780	780	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	660	660	1,440
Total	...	4	192	179	124	...	1,534	...	385	...	...	1,919	...	28,398	29,932	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,140	1,140	31,072
PRIMARY SCHOOLS.																														
For boys ... — Upper Primary ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,751	11,751	1	59	31	24	...	160	...	...	...	...	160	...	...	355	15	12,266
For boys ... — Lower ,, ...	1,093	30,684	27,410	19,581	...	73,240	40	5,958	1,315	579	81,132	...	9	57,460	1,30,709	21	1,047	999	711	...	2,547	9	808	...	...	3,364	...	40	189	2,776	1,33,486
,, girls ... ,, ,, ...	164	2,414	2,224	1,532	...	7,402	84	...	34	27	7,607	...	...	1,004	8,466	4	90	86	49	...	354	...	...	18	...	372	...	...	684	1,056	9,522
Total	1,257	33,098	29,634	21,113	...	80,702	124	5,958	1,349	606	88,739	...	9	70,215	1,50,926	26	1,196	1,116	784	...	3,061	9	808	18	...	3,896	...	40	1,162	4,347	1,55,273
SCHOOLS FOR SPECIAL INSTRUCTION.																														
School education, special. — Training Schools for Masters	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,827	...	1,060	4,887	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,887
Other Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,210	1,210	3	53	48	32	...	636	...	...	...	...	636	...	...	96	732	1,942
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,827	...	2,270	6,097	3	53	48	32	...	636	...	...	...	...	636	...	...	96	732	6,829
Buildings	...	...	...	...	...	135	...	...	96	165	396	...	...	1,809	1,944	...	...	...	...	...	643	...	...	...	...	643	...	...	...	643	2,587
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only)	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	7	37	...	...	274	305	...	...	...	...	...	77	...	...	...	...	77	...	...	...	77	382
Total	...	...	...	...	...	165	...	...	96	172	433	...	...	2,083	2,249	...	...	...	...	...	720	...	...	...	...	720	...	...	...	720	2,969
Inspection	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,848	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,848
Scholarships held in — Secondary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,167	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,167
Scholarships held in — Primary ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,969	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,969
Scholarships held in — Special Schools other than Training Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	240	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	240
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,162	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	376	5,538
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,386	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	376	22,762
Grand total	1,261	33,290	29,813	21,237	...	82,401	124	6,343	1,445	778	91,091	3,827	9	1,02,976	2,11,590	29	1,249	1,164	816	...	4,417	9	808	18	...	5,252	...	40	2,398	7,315	2,18,905

I.—The sum of the expenditure in columns 12 and 27 should agree with the expenditure shown in column 15 of General Table IV.
II.—The sum of the expenditure in columns 16 and 31 should agree with the expenditure shown in columns 28 and 29, respectively, of General Table IV.
III.—The expenditure under Inspection, Scholarships, and Miscellaneous should be shown only in columns 16, 31, and 32, and not in the other columns.

General Table VIII.—Return showing the Attendance and Expenditure in Hostels or Boarding-houses for the official year 1899-1900.

Class of hostel or boarding-house.	Number of		Number of boarders who are students of				Expenditure from				
	Hostels or boarding-houses.	Boarders.	Arts Colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.	Special schools.	Provincial revenues.	Local or Municipal Funds.	Subscriptions and endowments.	Fees.	Total expenditure.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
							Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Managed by Government	13	261	...	196	14	51	4,689	...	...	...	4,689
2. Aided by Government or by Local or Municipal Boards.	1	4	...	4	...	...	...	146	...	...	146
3. Unaided	36	373	...	193	138	42	...	...	695	43	738

[99*a*] C.—LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC.

1.—*Return of Scientific and Literary Societies for* 1899-1900.

[Blank.]

[100] 2.—THE PRESS (1899-1900).

District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	Publications thereat.	
			Newspapers.	Periodicals.
1	2	3	4	5
Cachar ...	Silchar ...	Babu Ananda Kisor Gupta.	Bi-monthly paper called *Silchar*.	None.
Sylhet ...	Dina Nath Press ...	„ Dina Nath Das	1. Fortnightly *Paridarsak*, in Bengali. 2. *Chronicle*, in English (weekly).	„
	Giris Press ...	Rtan Mani Dasi ...	None	„
	Chaitanya Press ...	Babu Chaitanya Charan Das.	1. *Srihattadarpan*, a monthly magazine in Bengali on religious matter. 2. *Srihatta Bandhu*, a monthly Christian Mission paper in Bengali and English.	„
Goalpara ...	Parijat ...	„ Ram Nath Bhattacharjee.	None	„
Kamrup ...	1. Gauhati Mission Press.	American Baptist Mission Union.	...	
	2. Assam News Press	Babu Kali Ram Sarma Barua.	*Assam* (weekly) ...	„
	3. Sonaton Dharma Press.	„ Monhari Das of Barpeta.	None.	„
	4. Ramayan Jantra	„ Chandi Charan Chatterjee.	None	„
Lakhimpur ...	Radhanath Press ..	„ Radha Nath Changkakoti.	Weekly-published newspaper *Times of Assam*.	„
	Assam Railways and Trading Co., Limited.	Assam Railways and Trading Co., Limited.	None	„
	Albion ...	Babu Durga Datta Agarwalla.	Weekly-published newspaper *Eastern Herald*.	„
Khasi and Jaintia Hills.	Assam Advertizer Press.	Mrs. Agnes James ...	*Assam Advertiser* ...	„
	Ri Khasi Press ...	Babu Jeebon Ray, late Extra Assistant Commissioner.	*U Khasi Mynta*, a monthly paper (Khasi). *Ka Pateng Christian*, a monthly paper (Khasi).	„

PART V.—STATISTICS OF LIFE.

[101]

A.—DEATHS.

I.—Deaths registered from different causes in the Districts and Towns of the Province of Assam during the year 1899.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8					9	10	11							
							Injuries.							Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.							
No.	Districts and Towns.	Population according to census of 1891.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Suicide.		Wounding or accident.	Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Injuries.	All other causes.	From all causes.	
							Male.	Female.												For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
	A.—DISTRICTS.																				
	SURMA VALLEY.																				
1	Cachar	359,369	229	2	4,191	991	8	3	102	12	125	3,511	9,049	0·64	0·01	11·66	2·76	0·34	9·77	25·18	35·66
2	Sylhet	2,127,288	2,944	193	32,462	5,393	15	7	649	98	769	24,871	66,632	1·38	0·09	15·26	2·54	0·36	11·69	31·32	37·63
	Total	2,486,657	3,173	195	36,653	6,384	23	10	751	110	894	28,382	75,681	1·28	0·08	14·74	2·57	0·35	11·41	30·43	37·35
	BRAHMAPUTRA VALLEY.																				
3	Goalpara	442,039	2,247	33	13,457	114	2	...	116	57	175	1,243	17,269	5·08	0·07	30·44	0·26	0·40	2·81	39·06	43·39
4	Kamrup	614,079	1,271	177	10,550	532	7	8	137	40	192	1,359	14,081	2·07	0·29	17·18	0·87	0·31	2·21	22·93	32·19
5	Darrang	303,051	471	938	8,685	1,324	8	2	72	34	116	1,925	13,459	1·55	3·09	28·67	4·37	0·38	6·35	44·41	39·52
6	Nowgong	339,326	229	85	8,997	395	3	1	55	28	88	792	10,586	0·68	0·25	26·51	1·16	0·26	2·33	31·19	45·37
7	Sibsagar	447,655	506	14	6,020	2,482	9	1	103	18	131	2,371	11,524	1·13	0·03	13·45	5·54	0·29	5·30	25·74	31·82
8	Lakhimpur	242,933	233	...	3,495	1,834	5	4	81	6	96	2,213	7,871	0·96	...	14·39	7·55	0·39	9·11	32·40	35·69
	Total	2,389,083	4,957	1,247	51,204	6,681	34	16	565	183	798	9,903	74,790	2·08	0·52	21·43	2·80	0·33	4·15	31·31	37·35
	HILL DISTRICT.																				
9	Naga Hills (town)	See B (towns.)																			
10	Khasi and Jaintia Hills (selected areas) ...	38,947	16	101	381	106	...	...	3	1	4	501	1,109	0·41	2·59	9·78	2·72	0·10	12·87	28·47	34·97
11	Garo Hills (ditto)	26,679	47	2	772	15	...	...	3	6	9	97	942	1·76	0·08	28·94	0·56	0·33	3·64	35·31	37·00
	Total	65,626	63	103	1,153	121	...	...	6	7	13	598	2,051	0·96	1·57	17·57	1·84	0·20	9·11	31·25	35·79
	Total of Districts carried over	4,941,366	8,193	1,545	89,010	13,186	57	26	1,322	300	1,705	38,883	152,522	1·66	0·31	18·01	2·67	0·35	7·87	30·87	37·33

A.—DEATHS.

[101] *I.—Deaths registered from different causes in the Districts and Towns of the Province of Assam during the year* 1899—continued.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				9	10	11							
							Injuries.						Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.							
No.	Districts and Towns.	Population according to census of 1891.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Suicide.		Wounding or accident.	Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Injuries.	All other causes.	From all causes.	
							Male.	Female.												For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
	Brought forward	4,941,366	8,193	1,545	89,010	13,186	57	26	1,322	300	1,705	38,883	152,522	1·66	0·31	18·01	2·67	0·35	7·87	30·87	37·33
	B.—TOWNS.																				
	SURMA VALLEY.																				
1	Silchar, district Cachar	7,523	8	...	65	36	...	...	11	...	11	106	226	1·06	...	8·64	4·79	1·46	14·09	30·04	47·32
2	Hailakandi, ,, ,, ...	650	...	...	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	9	20	...	...	10·77	6·15	...	13·85	30·77	50·77
3	Sylhet, ,, Sylhet	14,027	8	...	539	78	...	...	8	1	9	111	745	0·57	...	38·43	5·56	0·64	7·91	53·11	37·50
4	Karimganj, ,, ,, ...	3,849	1	...	53	12	1	...	1	1	3	66	135	0·30	...	15·83	3·58	0·89	19·71	40·31	51·96
5	Maulvi Bazar, ,, ,, ...	2,629	1	...	23	4	...	...	...	...	...	22	50	0·38	...	8·75	1·52	...	8·37	19·02	27·01
6	Habiganj, ,, ,, ...	4,161	...	...	41	4	...	...	...	...	...	46	91	...	...	9·85	0·96	...	11·06	21·87	32·68
7	Sunamganj, ,, ,, ...	3,139	3	...	24	3	1	...	...	1	2	29	61	0·96	...	7·65	0·96	0·63	9·23	19·43	36·00
	Total	35,478	21	...	752	141	2	...	20	3	25	389	1,328	0·59	...	21·20	3·96	0·70	10·97	37·42	39·71
	BRAHMAPUTRA VALLEY.																				
8	Dhubri, district Goalpara	4,825	31	1	47	15	...	...	3	...	3	39	136	6·42	0·21	9·74	3·11	0·62	8·08	28·18	56·79
9	Goalpara, ,, ,, ...	5,440	6	...	114	21	...	...	4	...	4	37	182	1·10	...	20·96	3·86	0·74	6·80	33·46	42·10
10	Gauhati, ,, Kamrup	8,283	45	...	171	127	...	...	...	...	...	176	519	5·43	...	20·64	15·33	...	21·25	62·65	54·21
11	Barpeta, ,, ,, ...	11,887	4	...	259	31	...	...	3	...	3	61	358	0·34	...	21·79	2·61	0·25	5·13	30·12	57·88
12	Tezpur, ,, Darrang	4,011	50	5	157	37	...	...	9	1	10	49	308	12·47	1·25	39·14	9·22	2·49	12·22	76·79	79·28
13	Mangaldai, ,, ,, ...	699	3	3	19	4	...	...	...	...	...	9	38	4·29	4·29	27·18	5·72	...	12·88	54·36	58·66
14	Nowgong, ,, Nowgong	4,815	1	...	114	18	...	...	2	...	2	39	174	0·21	...	23·68	3·74	0·42	8·09	36·14	50·88
15	Sibsagar, ,, Sibsagar	5,249	...	1	50	31	...	...	...	...	...	19	101	...	0·19	9·52	5·91	...	3·62	19·24	30·48
16	Jorhat, ,, ,, ...	2,159	...	...	32	38	...	...	1	...	1	28	99	...	...	14·82	17·60	0·46	12·97	45·85	50·49
17	Golaghat, ,, ,, ...	2,211	...	...	93	33	...	...	...	...	...	11	137	...	...	42·05	14·93	...	4·97	61·96	68·75
18	Dibrugarh, ,, Lakhimpur... ...	9,876	22	1	186	89	1	...	6	...	7	105	410	2·23	0·10	18·84	9·01	0·71	10·63	41·52	47·49
19	North Lakhimpur ,, ,, ...	1,244	...	...	21	32	...	...	...	...	...	12	65	...	...	16·88	25·72	...	9·65	52·25	44·21
	Total	60,699	162	11	1,163	476	1	...	28	1	30	585	2,527	2·67	0·18	20·82	7·84	0·49	9·63	41·63	52·54
	HILL DISTRICT.																				
20	Kohima, district Naga Hills	1,781	1	...	9	10	1	...	...	...	1	35	56	0·56	...	5·05	5·62	0·56	19·65	31·44	33·69
21	Shillong, ,, Khasi and Jaintia Hills ...	6,720	3	...	26	13	...	...	1	...	1	19	62	0·45	...	3·87	1·93	0·15	2·83	9·83	19·05
22	Jowai, ,, ,, ,, ,, ...	3,500	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	35	56	...	2·58	1·71	1·71	...	10	16	24·00
23	Tura, ,, Garo Hills	1,046	...	9	30	3	...	...	...	...	...	11	44	...	...	28·68	2·85	...	10·52	42·05	32·97
	Total	13,047	4	9	71	32	1	...	1	...	2	100	218	0·31	0·69	5·44	2·45	0·16	7·67	16·71	23·91
	Total of Towns	109,224	187	20	2,086	649	4	...	49	4	57	1,074	4,073	1·71	0·19	19·10	5·94	0·52	9·83	37·29	45·01
	Total for the Province	5,050,590	8,380	1,565	91,096	13,835	61	26	1,371	304	1,762	39,957	156,595	1·66	0·31	18·04	2·74	0·35	7·91	31·01	37·50

* Includes 14,246 deaths from *kala-azar*.
† „ 2,436 „ „ anæmia and anchylostomiasis.

B.—HOSPITAL.

B.—HOSPITAL

[102] *Showing the Diseases of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated*

1	2	General diseases.														Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Primary syphilis.	Secondary syphilis.	Gonorrhœa.	Scurvy.	Worms.	Debility and anæmia.	Rheumatic affections.	Tuberculous diseases.	Leprosy.	All other general diseases.				
1	Silchar ...	...	6	323	2,859	22	80	114	...	1,713	129	290	...	8	109	234	2°4	366	18
2	Hailakandi ...	...	4	145	2,267	3	42	10	5	1,879	107	262	...	...	44	93	55	140	4
3	Katigora ...	...	9	170	1,304	10	9	36	6	681	51	232	...	2	13	106	72	114	8
4	Hafong ...	...	...	179	1,117	7	1	17	...	918	20	92	...	...	45	28	20	23	9
5	Lakhipur ...	...	3	155	1,300	1	29	54	...	563	98	34	...	...	17	11	39	51	...
6	Sylhet ...	...	2	311	2,255	26	42	5	10	5.0	90	4 6	1	4	63	124	130	172	22
7	Sylhet (Municipal) ...	...	5	297	2,190	71	46	84	3	447	137	417	2	7	143	6	57	136	19
8	Balaganj ...	...	4	151	1,356	10	8	46	11	215	70	176	3	3	2	55	65	77	5
9	Fenchuganj ...	...	...	298	1,796	17	27	41	8	572	53	261	...	3	30	4	44	116	3
10	Jaintiapur ...	...	3	91	757	5	10	14	13	111	19	23	...	1	15	55	44	116	2
11	Kanairghat ...	...	11	95	1,471	4	14	6	...	176	53	24	...	5	10	72	27	50	1
12	Gwalughat ...	1	31	124	808	3	...	2	...	55	14	212	...	...	6	15	13	9	1
13	Digli ...	...	...	98	1,451	1	8	9	2	307	61	215	1	4	4	38	29	59	5
14	Thakurbari ...	...	...	56	801	3	16	18	3	123	61	1-7	...	6	25	76	76	110	28
15	Sunamganj ...	...	8	188	1,373	22	17	37	3	553	67	289	...	1	16	101	67	135	3
16	Chhatak ...	...	2	224	1,368	3	13	102	...	284	110	433	...	...	27	202	139	134	8
17	Jagannathpur ...	...	1	136	556	18	11	23	1	823	55	256	4	4	53	88	131	238	8
18	Mullapara ...	...	470	46	1,470	6	5	106	4	149	35	65	...	1	...	24	8	122	...
19	Derai ...	...	...	74	321	2	23	48	...	683	88	218	...	...	13	40	59	61	2
20	Madhyanagar ...	1	48	140	691	1	21	25	1	120	46	85	...	...	7	7	54	44	3
21	Bholaganj ...	...	3	105	800	...	3	6	3	123	32	8	...	...	2	44	19	27	7
22	Habiganj ...	...	4	183	1,570	26	29	43	10	254	105	310	5	4	2,345	131	107	107	16
23	Baniyachong ...	...	4	140	355	3	25	12	...	735	11	205	...	1	14	61	8	86	4
24	Muchikandi ...	1	1	257	1,465	1	2	16	7	494	125	99	1	1	22	52	26	105	3
25	Nabiganj ...	...	5	133	986	...	4	12	...	954	16	28	...	...	870	10	20	20	...
26	Jalsuka ...	...	1	15	465	28	3	53	...	591	41	119	2	1	1	38	38	48	25
27	Jagadishpur ...	...	1	280	1,737	...	9	20	...	79	262	225	...	...	18	21	22	33	4
28	Bahubal Bazar ...	...	7	108	1,138	3	6	10	10	1.3	20	294	...	2	96	133	103	96	17
29	Maulvi Bazar ...	...	...	128	1,427	43	7	60	26	247	65	239	3	7	23	111	72	175	21
30	Panchgaon ...	...	1	79	1,742	1	6	17	...	68	13	73	1	2	25	40	37	80	5
31	Rabir Bazar ...	...	13	305	2,399	1	20	120	14	479	285	536	...	14	349	279	172	221	34
32	Matiganj ...	...	3	100	795	4	8	29	...	76	51	130	3	6	45	95	58	121	19
33	Kamalganj ...	...	3	125	2,203	...	11	21	5	105	130	107	2	...	579	28	18	27	35
34	Manumukh ...	...	5	161	800	8	11	19	...	443	19	373	...	...	4	51	24	43	...
35	Indesar ...	...	1	126	1,208	2	7	5	...	88	15	89	1	...	19	45	11	49	2
36	Munshir Bazar ...	...	...	43	400	...	9	8	...	43	75	122	5	...	261	1	9	28	3
37	Shamshergunj ...	...	2	30	234	1	8	9	...	52	19	61	...	3	75	167	42	58	5
38	Karimganj ...	...	4	261	940	34	42	37	9	232	69	1,8	5	5	31	68	30	27	11
39	Atgram ...	1	2	56	886	...	4	19	...	173	6	251	...	...	2	38	29	37	2
40	Ehanga ...	...	...	210	1,617	6	14	43	12	425	107	215	...	4	47	96	63	143	22
41	Biyani Bazar ...	...	...	350	2,040	...	11	33	...	255	10	101	...	1	21	43	51	77	7
42	Patharkandi ...	...	3	174	1,215	6	19	12	...	455	128	1:8	1	1	12	75	24	39	1
43	Latu ...	...	4	9	764	12	8	19	...	408	89	279	1	5	80	40	49	73	95
44	Nilam's Bazar ...	...	2	165	1,139	9	12	26	...	175	59	310	...	...	2	71	27	62	...
45	Barlika ...	...	...	138	918	5	3	13	...	121	11	110	...	1	20	54	33	64	5
46	Chargola ...	...	...	18	1,083	1	11	3	1	257	40	11	...	...	19	70	14	28	4
47	Dhubri ...	...	64	415	2,238	15	57	59	5	642	255	259	4	4	60	111	171	249	24

RETURNS.

in the Dispensaries of the Province of Assam during the year 1899.

3																								4	5
Local diseases.																									
Diseases of the circulatory system.	Diseases of the lungs.	Other diseases of the respiratory system.	Diarrhœa.	Dyspepsia.	Diseases of liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Other diseases of the lymphatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the urinary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the connective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases.	General injuries.	Local injuries.	Poisons.	Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated in each dispensary.	Operations.
4	16	225	193	263	45	895	...	111	14	27	24	57	155	307	567	1,909	1	12	332	6	11,778	492
5	22	223	73	129	9	610	...	10	2	11	30	16	60	49	293	2,065	...	5	149	6	8,912	264
...	8	102	135	105	8	516	...	30	1	3	1	21	46	44	230	1,731	...	...	143	3	5,947	135
12	6	171	72	99	2	158	...	21	140	7	3	21	...	35	287	918	1	...	80	6	4,515	64
1	...	12	121	125	...	157	...	3	54	...	...	11	204	62	233	1,325	...	...	139	...	5,216	143
3	1	397	177	118	5	646	...	26	5	14	19	56	182	262	360	2,615	33	5	413	1	9,663	503
55	19	311	111	223	5	651	...	9	2	15	4	47	3	45	518	2,657	16	54	146	10	9,112	351
1	9	122	129	164	14	268	...	12	...	5	...	10	159	82	400	2,046	...	2	108	1	5,790	246
2	70	118	127	92	5	537	...	28	...	10	1	25	67	87	215	2,259	...	8	133	...	7,129	271
4	2	99	39	69	6	235	...	9	1	2	1	7	33	74	341	1,752	5	9	111	1	4,295	145
...	4	125	47	83	8	342	...	12	...	4	4	19	8	60	365	2,334	...	...	192	3	5,850	172
...	...	256	55	76	3	83	...	6	...	...	1	...	27	3	56	1,878	...	...	53	1	3,802	59
1	103	10	54	113	67	117	...	19	...	4	...	10	50	83	157	1,158	...	1	113	...	4,355	83
7	9	120	38	80	17	306	...	21	...	3	...	18	26	60	59	769	...	...	91	1	3,155	149
2	3	148	160	193	19	373	...	24	3	3	3	36	23	135	243	2,407	7	...	255	14	6,941	217
...	3	281	110	383	5	539	...	42	1	2	3	34	19	93	266	1,894	...	...	363	6	7,120	174
1	5	126	73	89	18	366	...	10	2	9	...	37	35	104	193	2,123	1	10	231	1	5,860	313
...	...	23	124	61	1	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	48	170	192	150	...	...	...	3,722	64
1	1	144	64	156	8	212	...	1	...	5	...	7	6	50	166	956	...	4	11	3	3,327	89
1	6	28	52	47	1	91	...	58	16	23	...	14	13	31	175	1,001	...	3	9	...	2,870	102
...	3	63	59	75	...	129	...	15	1	...	...	7	47	37	100	415	...	3	150	...	2,362	93
3	1	201	207	225	12	679	...	38	...	24	1	42	57	72	213	288	...	1	412	2	7,817	399
12	12	104	48	18	15	419	...	27	1	9	...	11	5	53	72	1,607	...	18	198	7	4,390	202
...	3	205	111	318	17	279	...	16	1	5	...	21	38	210	126	1,219	70	1	38	...	5,357	351
1	2	36	85	130	1	162	...	5	5	6	5	4	9	61	19	78	1	1	23	3	3,704	171
2	...	80	52	207	3	223	...	19	18	2	2	9	19	39	190	969	...	3	104	1	3,548	140
...	...	70	200	405	...	207	...	10	...	3	...	4	12	20	97	151	...	...	18	...	4,292	156
2	9	124	62	141	27	373	...	27	...	3	...	8	4	47	196	1,257	...	2	231	19	4,730	216
5	1	320	117	196	11	850	...	54	3	12	...	44	71	73	261	1,615	...	...	388	...	6,705	287
1	3	72	37	72	25	535	...	21	...	11	5	27	95	32	96	686	2	...	161	3	4,090	223
...	16	578	214	253	4	1,244	...	77	5	9	40	85	398	140	292	2,245	7	1	499	34	11,402	428
4	16	277	57	124	27	393	...	19	2	3	11	33	43	48	129	700	...	1	151	1	3,584	145
18	3	124	42	204	8	128	...	10	...	1	...	5	4	50	140	158	...	...	5	2	4,407	117
...	1	92	74	250	13	164	...	7	4	...	4	2	...	3	164	1,438	...	6	116	...	4,300	119
...	21	68	31	94	10	264	...	24	...	1	1	6	50	31	114	690	2	...	35	...	3,113	80
1	...	114	81	46	...	55	...	3	2	...	...	6	...	4	71	67	...	...	9	...	1,396	17
4	3	59	2	22	21	338	...	7	...	15	...	17	38	17	75	810	...	...	82	1	2,262	171
3	1	107	196	115	15	341	...	11	...	11	2	44	1	65	96	1,039	...	...	247	6	4,314	243
2	3	70	32	37	1	197	...	11	...	...	...	8	10	12	129	1,367	...	9	15	1	3,410	55
3	4	243	168	214	21	47	...	21	...	15	6	35	110	95	230	1,893	42	5	183	1	6,788	314
...	6	374	416	264	11	61	...	25	7	4	5	49	13	75	174	631	...	...	169	1	5,917	183
9	18	85	108	72	20	10	...	3	1	10	...	3	51	69	94	675	1	4	96	...	3,735	92
...	1	148	95	189	4	310	...	27	1	12	6	30	51	24	191	1,105	36	4	167	9	4,301	150
...	149	...	75	66	...	320	...	4	...	4	...	14	...	38	98	1,329	...	...	110	...	4,326	110
...	4	121	89	89	2	340	...	16	...	7	...	38	173	1	7	730	...	...	13	2	3,382	176
...	8	88	19	5	7	91	...	1	...	6	...	1	3	34	74	371	...	2	32	3	2,498	35
9	46	406	362	337	34	777	...	67	123	17	7	83	73	158	268	1,720	80	14	265	9	9,483	237

[102] B.—HOSPITAL

Showing the Diseases of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in

1	2																		
		General diseases.																	
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Primary syphilis.	Secondary syphilis.	Gonorrhœa.	Scurvy.	Worms.	Debility and anæmia.	Rheumatic affections.	Tuberculous diseases.	Leprosy.	All other general diseases.	Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.
48	Gauripur ...	...	90	197	948	...	45	37	6	131	76	140	3	1	27	112	59	126	11
49	Rupsi ...	...	15	90	573	13	11	17	...	220	45	106	...	1	3	78	103	139	3
50	Bagribari ...	...	97	158	877	6	9	26	...	149	49	119	1	1	15	57	40	93	11
51	Mankerchar ...	...	14	126	839	6	34	33	...	71	17	183	...	...	4	69	63	139	4
52	Bijni ...	...	...	53	486	...	...	9	...	108	51	26	...	2	5	45	30	29	9
53	Bilasipara ...	...	98	119	713	1	15	20	...	246	47	104	1	...	11	49	58	105	55
54	South Salmara ...	...	12	28	108	...	3	9	...	25	15	42	...	...	24	11	20	26	8
55	Agamani ...	...	13	21	242	...	1	10	...	28	31	27	1	3	680	65	19	22	1
56	Goalpara ...	...	2	270	1,724	6	56	56	1	212	94	325	1	...	2	13	101	175	11
57	Lakhipur ...	...	4	61	489	...	26	28	8	73	64	94	...	...	13	19	46	63	1
58	Krishnai ...	2	1	84	1,023	12	5	10	...	168	68	183	...	1	34	11	166	27	2
59	Darrangiri ...	...	...	22	182	...	1	3	...	13	13	15	...	...	1	27	8	6	1
60	Gauhati ...	...	23	420	2,705	13	116	102	...	582	196	269	12	14	126	161	187	225	19
61	Nalbari ...	...	3	80	525	...	3	7	...	528	48	121	...	6	22	23	7	22	3
62	Chhaygaon ...	...	25	141	957	5	4	18	1	266	123	133	...	3	53	83	14	31	11
63	Palasbari ...	...	30	127	998	...	5	16	4	424	42	94	...	1	29	61	7	38	19
64	Hajo ...	...	34	89	455	3	5	44	...	531	15	78	...	2	52	14	8	15	1
65	Rangiya ...	...	3	54	568	2	1	6	...	417	28	30	1	1	18	117	3	10	1
66	Sonapur ...	...	1	97	483	2	14	10	...	75	74	50	...	...	14	6	6	17	1
67	Barpeta ...	...	5	214	1,660	11	25	51	5	596	63	374	1	3	23	65	53	129	3
68	Bajali ...	...	3	108	479	1	15	20	...	423	206	203	14	...	33	98	25	35	...
69	Roha ...	...	...	21	357	...	...	21	...	417	70	54	41	...	...	...	1	11	2
70	Tezpur ...	1	71	163	1,946	13	31	62	2	3,197	121	339	1	4	20	81	42	75	12
71	Sutia ...	...	...	128	1,731	1	4	6	21	1,825	52	169	17	6	23	38	21	24	6
72	Mangaldai ...	3	15	186	2,014	3	16	45	...	2,355	116	321	...	1	9	31	47	43	...
73	Sipajhar ...	...	44	173	3,009	...	12	3	...	4,361	100	608	...	6	23	127	27	122	24
74	Jaljuli ...	...	7	130	2,067	9	...	10	...	2,605	77	566	...	1	2	93	25	32	15
75	Panerihat ...	...	...	39	308	1	1	...	...	36	9	31	...	3	455	54	6	2	2
76	Nowgong ...	...	5	114	1,440	4	10	39	...	1,797	53	191	18	10	1,454	74	56	70	37
77	Roha ...	...	...	89	1,723	5	...	8	...	2,939	44	357	...	4	1,688	25	27	69	7
78	Silghat ...	...	6	319	2,506	10	13	45	3	1,360	120	630	1	2	1,083	60	47	59	13
79	Puranigudam ...	...	...	100	2,329	4	...	17	...	2,944	174	433	...	3	1,416	238	42	91	53
80	Kampur ...	...	4	55	1,170	1	...	5	...	2,035	12	166	...	...	1,356	60	29	34	8
81	Nonoi ...	...	...	137	1,478	1	2	10	1	1,851	46	310	...	5	1,221	195	23	84	5
82	Telahi ...	...	...	113	1,276	...	4	4	...	1,329	27	166	...	...	1,036	67	7	16	1
83	Jaluguti ...	...	...	74	1,790	9	1	11	11	1,192	46	228	2	5	3	60	28	46	81
84	Nokhla ...	...	1	159	904	...	1	4	...	276	31	416	...	1	1,416	10	7	17	9
85	Parthori ...	...	...	70	920	...	1	6	...	1,664	39	178	...	...	662	116	7	37	...
86	Dimu ...	...	...	51	...	...	3	6	...	1,598	65	1,304	1	...	4,395	63	13	13	4
87	Jagi ...	...	20	71	817	1	...	11	...	769	29	71	...	1	1,922	26	11	31	3
88	Barjoha ...	...	...	123	1,263	1	2	18	...	2,368	12	267	...	...	1,292	24	5	34	42
89	Dhing ...	...	1	198	...	...	...	...	1	2,402	85	544	3	...	1,737	140	29	41	68
90	Patoni ...	...	...	75	1,028	1	1	8	...	1,682	74	215	...	...	947	4	6	19	...
91	Doboka ...	...	...	86	694	...	1	6	...	257	52	121	1	1	612	56	25	18	4
92	Sibsagar ...	...	...	114	890	19	13	19	4	3,454	93	228	3	9	1,947	123	152	86	51
93	Jhanji ...	...	...	138	688	5	1	16	...	1,390	62	261	...	23	5	59	19	37	9
94	Jorhat ...	...	4	293	2,021	54	15	47	2	3,237	85	71	1	4	263	75	54	133	19

RETURNS.

the Dispensaries of the Province of Assam during the year 1899—continued.

3																								5
Local diseases.																								
Diseases of the circulatory system.	Diseases of the lungs.	Other diseases of the respiratory system.	Diarrhœa.	Dyspepsia.	Diseases of liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Other diseases of the lymphatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the urinary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the connective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases.	General injuries.	Local injuries.	Poisons.	Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated in each dispensary.	Operations.
...	28	155	82	11	19	441	...	42	29	8	6	21	23	57	135	4,158	...	12	83	2	4,324	443
10	8	139	90	147	7	248	...	21	19	5	...	20	36	47	89	1,150	11	16	76	4	3,555	82
...	2	174	105	80	5	206	...	19	16	17	1	9	7	58	135	527	31	...	70	2	3,172	139
...	6	232	77	13	2	424	...	51	43	2	3	9	9	46	206	1,358	11	...	51	10	4,155	88
1	2	71	44	46	1	138	...	7	7	2	...	8	81	7	137	754	...	...	25	2	2,186	26
...	10	127	137	32	6	301	...	16	13	6	9	14	11	20	95	1,229	...	...	93	3	3,764	64
4	...	63	22	9	1	43	...	7	4	3	...	1	...	3	28	497	...	2	15	...	1,033	7
...	2	32	6	32	4	70	...	13	22	3	2	7	7	13	30	16	22	2	11	2	1,460	42
...	...	221	203	245	5	321	...	8	12	...	4	20	42	68	309	1,536	2	1	108	...	6,194	109
...	5	69	30	61	3	105	...	...	4	1	...	8	3	19	37	497	...	...	30	...	1,861	38
...	3	139	49	74	...	144	...	7	...	2	...	17	...	26	181	677	1	...	53	1	3,171	44
...	2	19	12	17	1	45	...	...	...	1	...	4	1	3	18	254	...	...	8	...	677	7
5	13	545	188	164	65	892	...	76	92	39	39	77	19	252	558	5,367	...	6	397	7	13,991	359
2	25	118	73	70	12	120	...	2	10	1	...	4	2	4	222	1,663	...	...	27	...	3,750	41
1	83	94	76	29	17	152	...	8	24	4	...	3	5	13	216	1,573	...	1	25	1	4,209	17
3	5	102	99	49	9	188	...	8	109	2	...	4	38	6	168	1,730	...	3	52	...	4,470	51
1	74	25	52	80	3	37	...	13	...	10	...	5	1	74	332	952	...	20	61	1	3,087	38
1	11	90	33	86	12	66	...	3	3	5	...	8	41	40	155	1,570	...	...	31	...	3,355	21
11	26	...	22	3	11	106	...	3	2	4	11	...	...	...	89	630	14	...	8	...	1,790	11
5	10	165	19	120	8	277	...	18	...	10	5	35	1	82	238	1,898	...	11	274	9	6,645	161
5	4	131	58	141	52	32	...	...	...	10	1	6	...	...	273	1,924	17	1	34	...	3,612	35
...	...	89	32	52	14	...	...	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	294	1,531	...	...	30	...	3,072	23
...	6	252	204	104	18	385	...	...	78	7	...	19	3	15	264	2,042	7	...	185	13	10,093	90
...	174	17	203	122	11	245	...	12	42	9	...	24	33	14	78	1,806	3	3	131	8	7,013	110
8	12	257	108	169	10	267	...	12	124	5	...	34	5	43	245	1,864	...	4	348	...	8,720	63
...	9	419	348	357	33	227	...	24	24	34	...	52	48	18	609	3,313	...	...	98	...	14,272	101
...	2	461	86	291	1	171	...	26	31	1	...	28	1	2	277	2,327	...	...	170	...	9,514	82
...	...	45	8	2	...	34	...	2	5	1	...	1	42	1	21	14	...	...	18	...	1,138	1
...	9	286	125	161	33	351	...	22	418	16	...	44	153	62	124	200	13	3	270	8	7,665	122
1	2	224	92	111	11	358	...	6	104	10	...	15	35	71	233	87	7	1	97	4	8,455	117
3	11	396	254	294	86	373	...	9	189	22	3	37	7	57	170	78	...	...	236	...	8,502	110
3	6	422	99	256	8	415	...	7	529	9	...	13	61	95	441	379	...	10	290	1	10,888	150
...	1	112	82	116	...	218	...	...	31	...	...	2	3	55	372	89	...	14	272	...	6,302	86
2	77	175	80	78	5	289	...	15	56	9	...	21	6	97	284	197	6	...	368	2	7,129	97
1	3	154	40	134	1	95	...	5	89	...	2	4	5	9	185	45	1	3	25	...	4,84	33
6	174	38	21	94	6	250	...	8	85	3	1	11	2	3	113	1,121	100	...	80	9	5,712	28
1	1	191	186	218	4	66	...	16	49	1	1	4	1	14	164	12	1	...	11	...	4,304	53
1	2	206	36	169	...	163	...	...	118	10	...	12	10	93	88	255	2	13	268	...	5,145	66
...	4	229	25	121	25	94	...	...	51	3	...	6	4	55	180	36	...	...	52	...	11,041	58
...	...	205	37	81	5	134	...	13	48	...	1	12	35	37	278	173	5	2	110	1	4,010	83
1	...	229	30	201	...	261	...	1	102	1	...	1	185	31	37	195	...	...	149	...	7,216	151
4	3	530	240	302	40	409	...	27	415	21	...	77	10	37	27	306	2	4	414	18	10,711	119
...	...	164	26	70	6	142	...	...	195	2	...	5	18	51	502	75	...	...	44	...	5,361	85
...	3	122	25	51	6	107	...	2	2	1	1	4	143	17	17	35	...	...	50	...	2,701	33
9	41	350	154	159	18	635	...	40	551	29	2	47	110	115	168	1,521	57	6	286	(	11,515	310
1	2	328	54	56	5	239	...	8	92	8	...	15	10	23	158	2,505	14	...	92	...	6,327	64
10	44	199	137	191	31	585	...	37	131	44	1	57	161	152	156	3,415	6	1	355	3	12,295	336

[102] B.—HOSPITAL

Showing the Diseases of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in

1	2	3																		
		General diseases.																		
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Primary syphilis.	Secondary syphilis.	Gonorrhœa.	Scurvy.	Worms.	Debility and anæmia.	Rheumatic affections.	Tuberculous diseases.	Leprosy.	All other general diseases.	Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.
95	Titabar ...	...	...	97	679	2	5	9	...	1,620	60	31	...	2	65	38	31	37	5
96	Golaghat ...	...	...	165	1,199	10	6	32	...	2,271	60	134	...	2	41	23	23	20	8
97	Dimpaur ...	...	1	88	630	...	2	8	...	61	18	49	...	1	7	9	14	11	2
98	Dibrugarh ...	...	22	779	3,867	42	139	97	14	2,754	284	610	67	20	347	248	242	318	28
99	Tengakhat ...	...	4	287	1,017	3	5	5	...	929	16	43	...	...	2	44	6	16	2
100	North Lakhimpur ...	...	...	201	1,105	19	5	12	...	2,357	18	180	...	2	18	18	38	54	1
101	Kohima ...	..	...	190	1,533	28	51	42	35	278	23	151	...	...	3	11	88	2	...
102	Mokokchang ...	...	...	63	556	293	346	121	30	239	15	186	...	...	3	9	117	1	...
103	Wokha ...	...	...	49	720	6	50	16	17	283	29	260	1	...	26	4	89	9	...
104	Shillong ...	...	1	296	1,928	18	54	106	1	455	105	185	2	...	554	47	92	74	8
105	Cherra ...	...	...	114	2,496	3	4	6	...	1,302	83	86	1	1	6	100	14	24	1
106	Laitlyngkot ...	...	3	109	804	1	...	5	5	602	89	30	13	3	136	55	109	14	...
107	Shella ...	...	1	264	2,630	1	1	23	...	1,351	101	350	2	...	7	116	23	32	2
108	Nongpoh ...	...	...	67	460	...	2	7	...	193	14	67	...	1	3	13	9	13	2
109	Tura ...	...	...	79	1,005	...	3	12	3	16	26	176	2	4	60	25	82	24	3
110	Dalu ...	1	...	72	750	3	4	30	...	16	46	131	1	...	...	42	310	6	...
111	Manipur ...	...	...	307	1,546	81	18	312	2	1,237	3	84	7	...	14	6	90	7	2
112	Aijal ...	...	1	170	1,873	4	13	13	86	747	112	311	...	...	19	27	40	12	32
113	Sairang ...	...	...	38	557	2	...	7	5	60	21	40	...	...	...	31	7	12	...
114	Lungsin ...	...	...	23	267	...	...	5	...	11	3	83	...	...	1	1	2	...	...
115	Demagiri ...	...	1	26	594	4	8	15	4	48	40	30	...	...	5	25	11	5	...
	Total ...	11	1,449	17,387	142,736*	1,178	2,013	3,551	414	90,800	7,741	23,892	263	275	32,452†	7,451	6,367	7,973	1,176

* This includes 3,736
† ,, ,, 699

RETURNS.

the Dispensaries of the Province of Assam during the year 1899—concluded.

| | | |

C.—VACCINE RETURNS.

Statement No. I.—Showing particulars of Vaccination in the Province of Assam during the year 1899-1900.

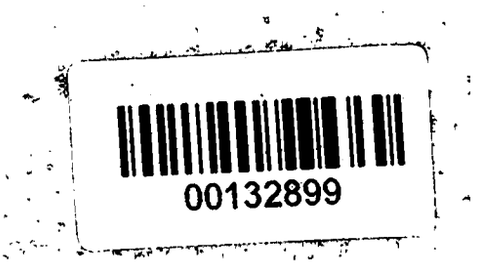
No.	District.	Population of district according to the census of 1891.	Average population per square mile.	Average number of vaccinators employed throughout the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.			Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average annual number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average annual number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years.	
									Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.		Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	Number.	Ratio per 1,000.
										Under one year.	Over one and under six years.	Total of all ages.									
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					Male.	Female.	Total.														
1	Cachar	386,483	92	16(a)	5,685	4,573	10,258	641·12	10,190	1,093	6,558	10,081	68	61	98·03	89·71	26·24	8,204	21·23	69	0·18
2	Sylhet ... { By paid vaccinators ...	2,154,593	400	58(a)	46,756	21,317	68,073	1,173·67	68,000	14,365	35,131	67,415	73	60	99·14	82·19	32·92	65,654	30·47	844	0·38
	„ apprentice vaccinators			10	1,997	1,495	3,492	349·2	3,492	387	1,841	3,471	...	...	99·40	...					
3	Goalpara... { „ paid vaccinators ...	452,304	153	2(a)	408	417	825	412·5	825	246	577	825	...	...	100	...	42·35	17,055	37·71	246	0·54
	„ licensed vaccinators...			20	9,439	8,951	18,390	919·6	18,350	7,180	9,965	18,226	62	62	99·43	100					
4	Kamrup	634,249	179	34(a)	13,879	11,014	24,893	732·15	23,865	5,708	16,818	23,808	1,028	984	99·76	95·72	39·08	26,320	41·50	903	1·42
5	Darrang ... { By paid vaccinators ...	307,761	94	17(a)	6,069	6,076	12,145	714·41	8,110	2,705	3,807	7,999	4,035	3,104	98·63	76·92	36·89	11,999	38·99	416	1·35
	„ apprentice „ ...			1	146	127	273	273	80	12	46	77	193	174	96·25	90·16					
6	Nowgong... { „ paid „ ...	344,141	106	12(a)	4,400	3,709	8,109	675·75	8,063	1,414	3,415	7,697	46	11	95·46	23·91	22·96	11,261	32·72	641	1·86
	„ licensed „ ...			1	126	76	202	202	202	...	41	196	...	...	97·03	...					
7	Sibsagar ... { „ paid „ ...	457,274	162	24(a)	12,838	10,411	23,249	968·71	21,501	5,906	11,999	20,899	1,688	1,281	96·93	75·90	50·11	28,643	62 64	769	1·68
	„ licensed „ ...			2	390	383	773	386·5	769	156	552	777	4	...	95·84	...					
8	Lakhimpur	254,053	68	14(a)	7,600	6,163	13,763	983·07	13,848	2,642	7,745	*12,747	915	911	99·21	99·56	58·76	13,670	53·81	374	1·47
9	Naga Hills	122,867	21	5(a)	2,434	1,710	4,144	828·8	3,972	755	1,859	3,885	173	172	97·81	100	33·01	9,019	73·40	...	...
10	Khasi and Jaintia Hills	197,904	33	6(a)	2,293	2,398	4,691	781·83	4,513	715	1,900	4,540	98	73	98·85	74·49	23·30	4,817	24·34	33*	0·67*
11	Garo Hills	121,570	37	7(a)	13,654	11,537	25,191	3,595·71	18,130	3,554	2,990	17,901	7,061	6,791	98·73	96·18	203·10	7,960	65·48	...	...
12	Lushai Hills	63,634	...	3	619	135	754	251·33	754	18	165	703	...	...	93·24	...	11·04	420	6·60	...	...
13	Manipur	220,000	27	7(a)	8,562	8,242	16,804	2,400·57	16,753	11,042	4,428	16,702	51	37	99·70	72·55	76·08	17,203	78·20	...	...
	Total of all districts	5,716,833	1,372	239	137,295	98,736	236,031	987·58	220,537	58,078	109,837	217,909	15,494	13,721	98·81	88·56	40·52	222,225	38·87	4,295†	0·85†
	Tea gardens by garden agency ...	...	...	...	...	...	11,519	...	11,519	...	...	10,963	...	...	95·22	...	...	11,867	...	...	...
	Total by dispensary establishment ...	...	...	...	...	...	24,715	...	23,075	3,715	11,578	22,420	1,640	1,512	97·16	92·19	...	11,510	...	...	...
	Total for the province	5,716,833	1,372	239	137,295‡	98,736‡	272,265	987·58	255,131	61,793	121,415	251,292	17,134	15,233	98·50	88·90	46·62	245,602	42·96	4,295	0·85

(a) Includes 1 Native Inspector in Cachar.
„ 7 „ Inspectors in Sylhet.
„ 1 „ Inspector in Goalpara.
„ 1 „ „ in Kamrup.
„ 2 „ Inspectors in Darrang.

(a) Includes 1 Native Inspector in Nowgong.
„ 1 „ „ „ Sibsagar.
„ 1 „ „ „ Lakhimpur.
„ 1 „ „ „ Naga Hills.
„ 1 „ „ „ Khasi and Jaintia Hills.
„ 1 „ „ „ Garo Hills.
„ 1 „ „ „ Manipur.

* Deaths and death-rates of selected areas only.
† Exclusive of Naga Hills, Garo Hills, Lushai Hills, and Manipur.
‡ „ of tea gardens and dispensary establishment.

SHILLONG: Printed and published by CONYNGHAM FRANCIS, Press Superintendent, Assam, at the Secretariat Printing Office:
(Genl.) No. 207—260—25-2-1901.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REPORT

ON THE

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FOR THE YEAR

1899-1900.

SHILLONG:
PRINTED AT THE ASSAM SECRETARIAT PRINTING OFFICE.
1901.

Price 3s. 9d.] [*Price Two Rupees Eight Annas.*